"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Fair; warmer; fresh north winds.

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PRESIDENT HEARS THE CASE OF THE JEWS

Leaders of the Race in America Received at White House.

Massacre of Kishineff Fully Discussed and Callers Leave Their Cause in the Hands of the Executive and Secretary Hay.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Through their representative association, B'nai B'rith, the Jews of America to-day laid their case before President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay, and they are content to abide by whatever the Executive decides is best for them.

By appointment, at 10:30 this morning the Executive Council of this association called at the State Department. They were Leo N. Levi, President, of New York; Jacob Furth, Vice President and Treasurer, of Cleveland; Solomon Sulzberger, Honorary Secretary, New York; Joseph D. Coons, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; Adolph Moses, Chicago, and Simon Wolf of Washington.

Secretary Hay received the Council in the diplomatic room and spent three-quarters of an hour listening to their representations and commenting upon them. Then the Secretary escorted his callers to the White House, where they were received by President Roosevelt and again set out their views and listened to what he had to say in reply.

The interviews with both the President and Secretary were extremely satisfactory to the Council, although it soon became apparent that positive action could not immediately be had upon the subjects nearest to them—namely, the betterment of the conditions of the Jews in Russia.

A statement of the proceedings given out at the White House concerning the conference consisted of a memorandum submitted by the B'nai B'rith on the recent Kishineff massacre, a tentative draft of a petition to the Czar which it was desired this Government should unofficially or semi-officially assist in delivering to the Czar, and procuring a reply thereto, and copies of the replies of Secretary Hay and President Roosevelt to their callers.

The memorandum says the facts concerning the Kishineff massacre as officially reported by the Russian Government have appalled and horrified not only the Jews in Russia and elsewhere, but the whole American people, who want something done, and whose hostility to Russia if nothing is done will become intensified and fixed.

The Jews, it says, likewise are fearful of the future. It is recognized that the situation plainly is different from that in Roumania, inasmuch as in Russia the Jews are fleeing from mobs operating in contravention of Russian law, while in Roumania it is the laws that make it unable for them to live there. Denunciation of the Jews by Russian diplomats, it says, cannot placate the public, as half a million Russian Jews have come here during the past twenty-five years and have shown they are thrifty, energetic, intelligent, and ambitious, and daily are growing more influential and popular. They are constant propagandists against Russia, and the memorandum says the result is to undermine the traditional amity between Russia and the United States.

PETITION TO THE CZAR.

It is declared to be desirable to end this state of things without breach of diplomatic etiquette or embarrassment to our Government, and one or both of the subjoined methods therefore were submitted for consideration:

"A. A petition to the Czar, to which the B'nai B'rith will get the signatures of the leading men in the various States. Our Government to assist unofficially or semi-officially in securing the delivery of this petition to the Czar and in procuring a favorable reply thereto, either by a direct communication or some other form of public expression. The manner in which the Government can render such assistance is not suggested for obvious reasons, but the Government's interest in the plan should be made known.

"B. Using the Kishineff and other recent incidents of more or less similar nature as grounds, an official invitation by the United States addressed to all the powers, to an international conference, to consider persecutions and oppressions growing out of racial and religious prejudices and hatred, and to protect civilization and international concord from the evil effects of such persecutions and oppressions.

The tentative draft of the petition to the Czar, which accompanied the memorandum, called attention to the cruel outrages perpetrated on the Jews at Kishineff until his Majesty's "special and personal directions" made the local authorities suppress the rioting. It declared that the victims were Jews assaulted because of race and religious prejudices and in violation of Russian laws. It declared local officials derelict in the performance of their duty, and that millions of Jews in Russia lived in constant dread of fresh outbreaks. It therefore petitioned "That by a gracious and convincing expression your Majesty will proclaim not only for the government of your own subjects, but also for the guidance of all civilized men, that none shall suffer in person, property, liberty, honor, or life because of his religious belief; that the humblest subject or citizen may worship according to the dictates of his own conscience, and that government, whatever its form or agencies, must safeguard these rights and immunities by the exercise of all its powers.

"Far removed from your Majesty's dominions, living under different conditions, and owing allegiance to another Government, your petitioners yet venture, in the name of civilization, to plead for religious liberty and tolerance; to plead that he who led his own people and all others to the shrine of peace will add new lustre to his reign and fame by leading a new movement that shall commit the world in opposition to religious persecutions."

SECRETARY HAY'S REPLY.

In reply to Mr. Levi, who submitted the memorandum, Secretary Hay said:

"No person of ordinary humanity can have heard without deep emotion the story of the cruel outrages inflicted upon the Jews of Kishineff. These lamentable events have caused the profoundest impression throughout the world, but most especially in this country, where there are so many of your coreligionists who form such a desirable element of our population in industry, thrift, public spirit, and commercial morality.

"Nobody can ever make the American think ill of the Jews as a class or as a race—we know them too well. In the painful crisis through which we are now passing, the Jews of the United States have given evidence of the highest qualities—generosity, love of justice, and power of self-restraining.

"The Government of the United States must exhibit the same qualities. I know you do not doubt the sentiments of the President. No one hates more energetically than he does such acts of cruelty and injustice as those we deplore. But he must carefully consider all the circumstances and then decide whether any official action can be taken in addition to the impressive and most effective expressions of public opinion in this country during the last month. You will have observed that no civilized Government in the world has yet taken official action—this consideration alone would bid us to proceed with care.

"The Emperor of Russia is entitled to our respect, not merely as the ruler of a great and friendly nation, but as a man whose personal character is even more elevated than his exalted station. We should not be justified in assuming that this enlightened sovereign, who has given so many proofs of his devotion to peace and religious tolerance, has not done and is not doing all that lies in his power to put a stop to these atrocities, to punish the guilty, whether they belong to the ignorant populace, or to high official circles, and to prevent the recurrence of the outrages which have so shocked humanity. In fact, all we know of the state of things in Russia tends to justify the hope that even out of the present terrible situation some good results may come; that He who watches over Israel does not slumber, and that the wrath of man, now as so often in the past, shall be made to praise Him."

The call on the President at the White House followed, and there President Roosevelt, after the memorandum was laid before him, said:

THE PRESIDENT SPEAKS.

"Mr. Chairman: I need not dwell upon a fact so patent as the widespread indignation with which the American people heard of the dreadful outrages upon the Jews in Kishineff. I have never in my experience in this country known of a more immediate or a deeper expression of sympathy for the victims and of horror over the appalling calamity that had occurred.

"It is natural that while the whole civilized world should express such a feeling, it should yet be most intense and widespread in the United States; for of all the great powers I think I may say that the United States is that country in which from the beginning of its national career, most has been done in the way of acknowledging the debt due to the Jewish race, and of endeavoring to do justice to those American citizens who are of Jewish ancestry and faith.

"One of the most touching poems of our own great poet Longfellow is that on the Jewish cemetery in Newport, and any one who goes through any of the old cemeteries of the cities which preserve the records of colonial times will see the name of many an American of Jewish race who, in war or in peace, did his full share in the founding of this nation. From that day to this, from the day when the Jews of Charleston, of Philadelphia, of New York supported the patriot cause and helped in every way, not only by money, but by arms, Washington and his colleagues who were founding this Republic—from that day to the present we have had no struggle, military or civil, in which there have not been citizens of Jewish faith who played an eminent part for the honor and credit of the nation.

"I remember once Gen. Howard mentioning to me the fact that two of his brigade commanders upon whom he had placed special reliance were Jews. Among the meetings of the Grand Army which I have attended one stands out with peculiar vividness—a meeting held under the auspices of the men of the Grand Army of Jewish creed in the temple in Forty-fourth Street—Temple Emanu-El—to welcome the returned veterans of the Spanish-American war of Jewish faith.

"When in Santiago, when I was myself in the army, one of the best colonels among the regular regiments who did so well on that day and who fought beside me was a Jew. One of the commanders of the ships which in the blockade of the Cuban coast did so well was a Jew.

"In my own regiment I promoted five men from the ranks for valor and good conduct in battle. It happened by pure accident, for I knew nothing of the faith of any one of them, that these included two Protestants, two Catholics, and one Jew; and while that was a pure accident, it was not without its value as an illustration of the ethnic and religious make-up of our Nation and of the fact that if a man is a good American that is all we ask, without thinking of his creed or his birthplace.

"In the same way, when I was Police Commissioner in New York I had experience after experience of the excellent service done—an excellent work needing nerve and hardihood, excellent work of what I might call the Maccabee type, in the Police Department under me by police officers of Jewish extraction."

EXPERIENCES IN NEW YORK.

"Let me give you one little incident with a direct bearing upon this question of persecution for race or religious reasons. You may possibly recall, I am sure certain of my New York friends will recall, that during the time I was Police Commissioner a man came from abroad—I am sorry to say, a clergyman—to start an anti-Jewish agitation in New York, and announced his intention of holding meetings to assail the Jews. The matter was brought to my attention.

"Of course, I had no power to prevent those meetings. After a good deal of thought I detailed a Jewish Sergeant and forty Jew policemen to protect the agitator while he held his meetings; so he made his speeches denouncing the Jews protected exclusively by Jews, which I always thought was probably the most effective answer that could possibly be made to him, and probably the best object lesson we could give of the spirit in which we Americans manage such matters.

"Now let me give you another little example dealing with a Russian Jew, an experience I had while handling the police department, and that could have occurred I think no where else than in the United States.

"There was a certain man I appointed under the following conditions: I was attracted to him by being told on a visit to the Bowery branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, that they had a young fellow there, a Jew, who had performed a feat of great note in saving people from a burning building, and that they thought he was just the type for a policeman. I had him called up and told him to take the examination and see if he could get through. He did, and he passed

"He has not only been an excellent policeman, but he at once, out of his salary, proceeded to educate his younger brothers and sisters, and he got either two or three of his old kinsfolk over from Russia, through the money he had saved, and provided homes for them.

"I have given you examples of men who have served under me in my administration of the Police Department in New York and my regiment. In addition thereto, some of my nearest social friends, some of those with whom I have been closest in political life, have been men of Jewish faith and extraction. Therefore, inevitably I have felt a degree of personal sympathy and personal horror over this dreadful tragedy, as great as can exist in the minds of any of you gentlemen yourselves.

"Exactly as I should claim the same sympathy from any one of you for any tragedy happening to any Christian people, so I should hold myself unworthy of my present position if I failed to feel just as deep sympathy and just as deep sorrow and just as deep horror over an outrage like this done to the Jewish people in any part of the earth.

"I am confident that much good has already been done by the manifestations throughout this country, without any regard to creed whatsoever, of horror and sympathy over what has occurred. It is gratifying to know, what we would of course assume, that the Government of Russia shows the feelings of horror and indignation with which the American people look upon the outrages at Kishineff, and is moving vigorously not only to prevent their continuance, but to punish the perpetrators.

"That Government takes the same view of those outrages that our own Government takes of the riots and lynchings which some times occur in our country, but do not characterize either our Government or our people.

ASSURANCES FROM RUSSIA.

"I have been visited by the Russian Ambassador on his own initiative, and in addition to what has been said to Secretary

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The night train to the White Mountains having Pullman Sleepers, also for St. Albans and Quebec, will this season leave Grand Central Station, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., at 9:00 P. M. daily, except Sundays, commencing June 22d.

The day White Mountains Express, with vestibuled through Parlor Cars for Fabyans, Jefferson, and St. Albans, will go into service on same date, leaving New York at 9:02 A. M.—Adv.

"GET THE HABIT" —Adv.

MINERS TALK STRIKE IN SPECIAL CONVENTION

Delegates Favor a Fight on the Conciliation Question.

After a Discussion They Follow President Mitchell's Advice and Refer the Question to a Committee.

SCRANTON, Penn., June 15.—The special convention of the United Mine Workers of the three anthracite districts, called for the purpose of dealing with the refusal of the operators to recognise the conciliators appointed by the joint executive board, opened here to-day with National President John Mitchell presiding and 640 delegates in attendance. The conciliation matter and all other grievances the different districts want to have considered were referred to a Committee on Resolutions composed of seven delegates from each district and the three District Presidents.

This committee met to-night and will present a report for revision or adoption at to-morrow's session of the convention. The sentiment almost unanimously expressed in the motions and speeches was in favor of the convention contenting itself with indorsing the action of the Executive Board and leaving it to the operators to accept the three District Presidents as conciliators or take the consequences of their refusal. Not a few of the delegates declared openly for a strike to enforce acceptance of the District Presidents' credentials as they now stand.

In opening the convention this afternoon, President Mitchell made a brief speech, reviewing events since the close of the strike, and making suggestions as to what plan of procedure the convention should follow. He said in part:

"You have been summoned here to determine what action you shall take in relation to the operators' refusing to recognize those whom you have selected to represent you on the Joint Conciliation Board.

"It is needless to say that the refusal of the coal operators to accept the award of the Strike Commission in a broad, liberal, fair spirit, is a deep disappointment to me. I had hoped that, after the award was made, each side would accept it and carry out its provisions to the last letter. I desire to say that if the mine workers had refused to carry out even so much as the slightest provision of that award, I would be the first man to condemn them for such conduct. We expect to keep its provisions inviolate. When we are ready to live up to the award, it is not unreasonable for us to ask the operators to do the same.

"If either side is to be continually raising technicalities and seeking some point of disagreement, it is safe to say it may as well have been that the commission never met. Our common interests demand that we work harmoniously together in carrying out the provisions of that award.

"The award of the Commission was far from all we asked and were entitled to. From a monetary standpoint, it was not a great victory for us. It was, however, a great moral victory. True, we are granted an advance in wages and a [illegible] hours of labor, but altogether we did not receive one-half of what we were entitled to. But whatever disappointment came of the award, we can well afford to bear it. We will accept our failure and carry out the award as faithfully as though we secured everything we sought."

Several delegates spoke in favor of having the District Presidents report what had been done at the Conciliation Board meeting, but this was voted down, as unnecessary, the convention call having outlined all that the Presidents would have to report.

President Mitchell said:

"What the District Presidents have to report can be told in a nutshell. The operators refused to recognize your representatives on the Conciliation Board, on the pretext that the Commission didn't mean what it said. The Commission said that if there was a majority organization existing in all three districts such organization should appoint. The word 'appoint' is used twice. No mention is made of the word 'elect.' The operators say that meant something else. As I understand it, the three representatives of the operators are not agreed as to just what the Commission did mean.

"We don't propose to allow the operators to be the sole interpreters of the commission's award. It was written in plain English, and we understand the English language quite as well as they. Besides, we have an authenticated interview from Judge Gray, in which he says that the appointment might be made by the regularly constituted officers of the majority organization, and that certainly means the three Executive Boards."

Secretary George Hartlein followed with a spirited speech, in which he provoked cheers by declaring: "I can see a six months' strike in every one of your faces to get what we are entitled to." He declared the convention had nothing to do about selecting conciliators, as that had been done already, and the only business before it was to formulate this and the other grievances and proceed to have them redressed. "Let us get our grievances properly before us, so that if we have to fight we will know what we are fighting for," he concluded.

A colored delegate—William Tarr of Shamokin—arose to protest against Secretary Hartlein talking strike. "We've had enough of strike. We've had our belly full of it," he declared. "What we're here for is to avoid strike. We're not looking for bother."

Tarr was interrupted frequently with cries of "Put him out!" and the like, and when he had been induced to subside a delegate arose and formally made a motion to eject him from the hall. President Mitchell smiled and went on with the business.

A Schuylkill delegate favored a fight on the conciliation question as it stood. If the operators have their own way in this, he said, they will want their own way in everything, and at the end of the three years the miners will be enjoying none of the things they were awarded by the commission.

Time and again motions were made which, though differing in form, were all substantially in favor of having the convention indorse the action of the joint Executive Committee in selecting the conciliators, but President Mitchell each time staved off a vote by one ruling or another. Finally he advised that no motion be made contemplating final disposition of the matter. Instead, he advised that the convention should express its sentiments, but leave it to the Committee on Resolutions to frame the sentiments in proper order and then take action. This advice was heeded.

The convention adjourned at 3:30 o'clock to meet again to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

HONDURAS ROAD SEIZED.

Short Line from Puerto Cortez, Leased by Americans, Confiscated by Latest Government.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—For alleged violation of contract the Government of Honduras has confiscated the Honduras Railroad, extending from Puerto Cortez to a point beyond San Pedro, a distance of fifty-eight miles.

The lessees are the Honduras syndicate, of which Senator Chauncey M. Depew is President and Henry L. Sprague is Vice President. A number of other well-known New York financiers are largely interested.

The small but troublesome road passed from the control of the Americans May 27, and is now being operated on an independent scale by the Honduras Government at the instigation of President Manuel Bonilla, who was recently made President of the country after his successful revolutionary movement of last April.

G. A. R. Remember all rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany good for passage on Day Line Strs.—Adv.

Niagara Falls and Return, $8, via Lackawanna Railroad. Tickets sold June 16 and 17; return limit June 22. 429, 1,183 B'way.—Adv.

OMAHA STRIKES COLLAPSE.

Building Operations in Progress for the First Time in Three Months—Settlement a Compromise.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., June 15.—For the first time in three months building operations were in progress in Omaha in consequence of the collapse of the strike which has been waged by the Building Trades' Union.

The break occurred when the bricklayers settled with the contractors and returned to work at noon. The terms secured by the bricklayers were a compromise; the men secured the union scale, but agreed to work with non-union workmen. Several hundred hod carriers returned to work during the day, the strike having resulted in a loss of 2½ cents per hour to them.

The carpenters, as a craft, are still on strike, but many of them individually returned to work to-day at the old scale. The plumbers are still locked out. All brick factories in the city began operations this morning with their old workmen at the union scale, but without recognising the union.

Work has begun on many large buildings which were partially completed when the strike was called, but the labor trouble has practically prevented building in Omaha for this season.

STRIKE ARBITRATORS BLAMED.

Three Ministers Who Settled Chicago Stock Yard Trouble Censured by Church.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Censure for the three ministers who arbitrated the Stock Yards engineers' strike and one who sent a bill for $1,000 to the union for the work was voted by the Methodist ministers to-day.

A report was received from the committee appointed a week ago to investigate the case, and after a lively debate the ministers declared by vote that the arbitrators took a wrong course.

The arbitrators were the Rev. E. A. Kelly, W. M. Lawrence, and M. W. Haynes; the last named sent the bill for $1,000, and the others disclaimed knowledge of it.

Several of the ministers pleaded with the meeting not to adopt the report, but in vain.

The committeemen explained that they had made an attempt to interview all of the arbitrators, but that they had been unable to see the ministers. They said they did not consider it necessary to see the ministers themselves to get the facts.

CAUGHT BY DECOY LETTER.

George E. Eaton of Corning, Who Had Post Office Site to Sell, Arrested on Bribery Charge.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The Treasury Secret Service was informed to-day of the arrest of George E. Eaton, cashier of the private banking house of Vandenning & Co., of Corning, N. Y., on a charge of attempted bribery. He was taken before a United States Commissioner, where he gave bond for his appearance in court. When searched a decoy letter sent from the Treasury Department and a registry receipt for a letter sent Assistant Secretary Taylor were found on Eaton.

Chief Wilkie, who caused the arrest, said that in May, Mr. Taylor received a letter from Eaton saying he had a piece of property in Corning which would prove an admirable site for the proposed Post Office building; that he was not familiar with the method of placing his proposition before the Government, but was willing to make "it right."

Mr. Taylor referred the letter to the solicitor, the supervising architect, and Chief Wilkie of the Secret Service. A decoy letter was sent Eaton stating that the portion of his letter referring to making it "right" was interesting. Within a few days Mr. Taylor received a second letter from Eaton, in which he said the property cost him $13,000, and he was willing to sell it to the Government for $15,000, and further, that he was willing to accept $1,000 as his share of the profit and give the Assistant Secretary the remainder. This letter led to the arrest.

Eaton insisted that he was innocent in the matter and did not intend to violate the law.

RATE WAR IN THE WEST.

Wrangle Over Passenger Business Brings Demoralization—Eastern Lines Resist.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Not for years has there been such a wrangle for passenger business among Western roads as is now going on. Demoralization in rates has spread to Omaha, Kansas City, and all trans-Missouri territory, excepting Colorado.

The row at Kansas City was started by the Missouri Pacific and St. Louis and San Francisco announcing a rate of one fare plus $2 for the round trip from Kansas City to St. Louis and Chicago on account of the Summer school season.

All the other roads then announced correspondingly low rates from both Kansas City and Omaha. The fact that these tickets will be on sale when the low rates to the convention of Modern Woodmen at Indianapolis are in effect affects all points in Kansas, Texas, Oklahoma, and Indian Territory, and greatly reduces the rates from all those points as far east as Buffalo.

Strenuous efforts are being made by the Eastern roads to keep the rate demoralization out of their territory. The low rates recently announced by the "Soo" Line to Buffalo, Detroit, Boston, and Albany from the Twin Cities were promptly met by the Grand Trunk.

The Chicago-St. Paul lines then met and decided to make the same rates, but the Central Passenger Association lines decreed that they would not join. It transpires, however, that some of the so-called weak lines east from Chicago secretly agreed with certain of their Western connections to honor reduced tickets.

The trunk lines have interfered in the dispute between the Chicago-St. Paul railroads over the selling of cheap tickets to Eastern points in competition with the "Soo" Line, which had been making cut rates to New England and other Eastern points because one of the other Chicago-St. Paul lines had taken away from it a party bound for Europe.

The other lines at once followed suit without first asking consent of their Eastern connections. As soon as these lines heard of the matter they called a meeting of the Central Passenger Association, which served notice on the offending lines that they must behave. In this notice the Central Passenger Association was backed up by the Trunk Line Passenger Committee.

GEN. GORDON'S SON LOST.

Chief of Confederate Veterans Sends Out Alarm for Missing Man, Who Was Overworked.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 15.—Gen. John B. Gordon, Commander of the United Confederate Veterans, has sent out a notice requesting the police to locate his son, Capt. Frank Gordon, and return him to his home.

The notice was posted at Atlanta Police Headquarters this afternoon and the police of other cities were also notified.

Capt. Gordon left home last week with his nerves greatly overwrought and since then nothing has been heard of him. Gen. Gordon thinks that his son is aimlessly wandering about the country.

Capt. Gordon's career has been somewhat erratic. He held a commission during the Spanish-American War in Ray's regiment.

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla is the leader all the world over. Use no other. —Adv.

$5.00 to Niagara Falls and Return. Lehigh Valley R. R., June 16, 17. Return to June 22, any train. Superior Pullman equipment.—Adv.

PLATT SAYS PRESIDENT WANTS SHELDON NAMED

County Committee's Treasurer May Succeed Morris.

The Senator Also Declares That Mayor Low Must Be Renominated by the Fusionists.

According to Senator Thomas C. Platt, the choice of President Roosevelt for President of the Republican County Committee is George R. Sheldon. This information was vouchsafed by the Senator yesterday upon his return from Washington, where he had gone to consult with President Roosevelt on the subject.

This announcement, coupled with other facts that developed last night, shows that there is a strong possibility that the matter will be settled by Thursday night, when the committee will hold its regular meeting.

The situation last night contained many elements of mystery. In the first place Capt. F. Norton Goddard, who has been held up to view for some time as the choice of Gov. Odell for the post, will be in Washington to-night and will dine with President Roosevelt. To-morrow night Mr. Sheldon will dine with the President in response to a telegram which he received yesterday asking him to be there for that purpose. Mr. Sheldon will go to Washington to-night.

"I talked with President Roosevelt about the situation in the committee," said Senator Platt, "and he favors Sheldon. I told President Roosevelt that Mr. Sheldon had declined to accept the post, but the President did not seem discouraged by that. He said he would send for Mr. Sheldon and have a talk with him on the subject, and thought he could induce him to change his mind. Mr. Sheldon will go to Washington shortly, and I sincerely hope that the President will cause him to change his mind."

"How about F. Norton Goddard, Senator?" was the next question propounded.

"I don't know anything about him in connection with the head of the County Committee," was the reply. "I don't think the President is seriously considering him in that connection, and it would not make any difference anyhow, as Capt. Goddard could not be elected. He is entirely out of the question."

Mr. Sheldon is the present Treasurer of the committee, and several weeks ago refused to be considered in connection with the head of the committee.

It appears that the Senator's Washington trip made him more than ever of the opinion that Mayor Low is the man to renominate on the Fusion ticket. Not long ago the Senator denied with some heat that he ever had recommended or indorsed the Mayor for renomination.

"Every sign seems to point to the renomination of Mayor Low," is how the Senator sized up the situation yesterday. "I do not see how the Fusion forces can do otherwise than to name him. Should another man be named it would put Fusion in a bad light, as though it were repudiating the present administration. This talk about Justice Gaynor and others is, in my mind, all nonsense. I don't take any stock in it at all. It must be Low, and then, if he is elected, all right; if not, it will have to be all right, too."

BALTIMORE AND OHIO DENIAL.

Road Files Answer to Suit of Gould Line to Restrain Alleged Diversion of Traffic.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 15.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to-day filed its answer to the suit of Gould's Western Maryland Railroad asking for an injunction restraining further diversion of traffic from the latter's line between Cherry Run, West Va., and Shippensburg, Penn.

In its reply the Baltimore and Ohio denies that it violated the provisions of its agreements in any way. It further denies that the Pennsylvania Railroad has influenced it to break agreements.

It admits that it owns the majority of the stock of the Consolidation Coal Company, and that this company in turn owns the majority of the stock of Fairmount Coal Company, but denies that the Baltimore and Ohio has used its stock to control the policy of these companies in shipments of coal.

The reply draws attention to the sale of the Western Maryland and the West Virginia Central to the Wabash Company and its effect upon the coal operators along the Baltimore and Ohio. This sale, it is asserted, altered the policy of the West Virginia Central, and the operators along the Baltimore and Ohio have since regarded it as a competitor to them, and they have on this account withdrawn their patronage of that company's railroad. This was done without the power of the Baltimore and Ohio to interfere, and was carried to such an extent as to cause a blockade of the route via Martinsburg.

DECISION IN ASPHALT SUIT.

Judge Refuses to Order Assessment of the Asphalt Company of America's Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 15.—Judge Kirkpatrick of the United States Circuit Court to-day refused to approve that portion of the decree of distribution asked by Receiver Tatnall of the Asphalt Company of America and the National Asphalt Company which ordered the assessment in full of the capital stock of the Asphalt Company of America as required to satisfy its debts.

The portion of the decree signed approves the report of Receiver Tatnall, made June 4, 1903, which sanctions the claim of the Land Title and Trust Company of Philadelphia to the amount unsettled upon the collateral gold certificates with interest to June 3 in the sum of $29,840,830.27. Also approved is the claim of the Barber Asphalt Company to notes aggregating $613,161.75.

It is ordered that Everdell, the purchaser of the assets of the Asphalt Company of America, sold May 15 this year, pay to Receiver Tatnall $17,797.06 in cash in addition to $50,000 on account of the purchase price of the unpledged assets of the company.

STOCK BROKER SENTENCED.

Joseph D. Hamburger of St. Louis Pleads Guilty at Albany to Charge of Grand Larceny.

ALBANY, June 15.—Joseph D. Hamburger, a stock broker, who resides in St. Louis, to-day pleaded guilty to a charge in the County Court of grand larceny and was sentenced to pay a fine of $500.

Hamburger was indicted for making a false report to the National Bank of Springfield, Mass., regarding the assets of the firm of Hamburger & Co., then in business in this city.

COLBY STUDENTS REBEL.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERVILLE, Me., June 15.—Owing to the disorder at the freshman reading last Friday night, the Faculty of Colby College to-day suspended all but four members of the sophomore class.

This announcement was made this morning. At once the student body drew up an ultimatum which all but half a dozen signed. The ultimatum distinctly demands that the Faculty recede from the suspension of the sophomore class or the student body will leave college to-night.

The women of the college are as firm in this as the men.

Increased dining car service on Shore Line trains to Boston. Dining cars now on 10:00 A. M., 1:00, 3:00 and 5:00 P. M. trains.—Adv.

FOREST FIRES EXAGGERATED.

State Commission Says Burned Area Is Much Less Than Was Reported—Big Camps Escaped.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 15.—Now that the State Fire Wardens are sending in their reports to the State Forest Commission as to the recent forest fires in the Adirondacks, it is found, according to William F. Fox, State Superintendent of Forests, that the burned areas are much less in extent than was reported, and that the loss in valuable virgin forest has been greatly exaggerated, much of the forests which burned having previously been lumbered.

The Forestry Department is interested in the maintenance of Summer business in the Adirondacks, and insists that nothing has occurred that should in the least deter any one from going to the mountains as in previous years.

Col. Fox says the Summer visitor will see no changes in the woods as he looks out upon them from the hotels, cottages, and camps. The only indication there will be to the visitors of the fires that have occurred will be seen along the line of the railroads, where there will be found a blackened strip of charred timber.

In the private camps of the big millionaires no loss has occurred, except on the lands of William Rockefeller and Dr. W. Seward Webb, and there were no fires within several miles of the camps belonging to Alfred G. Vanderbilt, J. Pierpont Morgan, and ex-Lieut. Gov. Woodruff. The Santono preserves of Robert C. Pryn had a somewhat narrow escape.

Col. Fox thinks it will be a month yet before reliable statistics can be made up from the Fire Wardens' report as to the extent of the damage which resulted from the recent fires.

JACKSON, KY., TERRORIZED.

Burning of Witness's Hotel Causes Fears of Further Outrages by Feudists—Two Held for Arson.

JACKSON, Ky., June 15.—Interest in the trial of Curtis Jett and Thomas White for the alleged murder of J. B. Marcum was secondary to-day to the preliminary hearing of the teamsters of Hargis Brothers, arrested by soldiers on the charge of burning the hotel yesterday morning of B. L. Ewen, the principal witness of the Commonwealth against Jett and White.

Although this place has become accustomed to assassinations and incendiary fires during the feud of the past three years, it never had such a night of terror as that of last night. Many spent a sleepless night, not as members of any vigilance committee patrolling the streets, but within their own doors, as many are expecting the torch to be applied to their houses next. Fourteen residences and stores owned by those known as Cockrill sympathizers have been burned in Jackson since 1900, and the number of lives lost greatly exceeds that number.

Joseph Crawford and Edward Thorp, who are accused of having set fire to Mr. Ewen's building, were brought before Judge Redwine this morning and testimony was heard on the writ of habeas corpus sued out for their release by the Hargis people yesterday. Gray Haddicks and Jeremiah Lunsford identified Crawford as one of the men seen coming from the Ewen Hotel just before the fire was discovered, and A. H. Short said he saw Crawford and Thorp crossing the bridge going in the direction of the Ewen Hotel an hour before the fire. The prisoners told conflicting stories of their whereabouts.

Judge Redwine decided to hold them to the Grand Jury, which was reconvened this morning. Judge Redwine was very forceful in his charge to the Grand Jury, saying that arson was next to assassination and that he wanted the Grand Jury to resort to every fair means to indict the men who were guilty of setting fire to the home of Ewen. He said it was doubtful if life and property was ever so insecure in a civilized community as it is in Breathitt County to-day.

The murder case was then resumed. Attorney Golden made the opening statement for the defense. He outlined an alibi which the defense will depend on to save White and Jett.

Curtis Jett was then called to the stand in his own behalf. He was cool. Jett was asked what he had said to Mrs. Johnson on meeting her after Marcum was killed. He replied:

"I said that she should not lay this on me; that every time a man was killed they said I did it." Mrs. Johnson testified that Jett said: "Hargis's money killed him; I fired the shots." He said at the time of the shooting his right hand was so badly swollen that he could not have pulled a trigger. He said he had had a finger amputated two weeks before.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 15.—A subscription list for the benefit of Capt. B. L. Ewen, whose hotel at Jackson was burned by incendiaries yesterday, has been started by local newspapers and has met with a liberal response already.

WORLDLINESS IN CHURCHES.

Boston Baptist Ministers Deplore Growing Love of Luxury—"Too Much Emerson."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 15.—A discussion on "the religious condition of the churches" by Baptist ministers at their meeting this morning called forth some harsh criticism of President Eliot of Harvard University, the Rev. E. E. Hale, D. D., and others. The Rev. Dr. F. W. Bateman, D. D., of Chelsea was one of the speakers, and he said in part:

"The Church's condition to-day is a growing worldliness embodied in love of luxury and pleasure. 'What fun can we have?' is the cry of our young people.

"The great question is how to keep worldliness out of the Church. Theatre-going, card playing, and dancing are running like wild fire through the Church. This is upheld by some ministers, who go to the theatre themselves. We are hobnobbing with Unitarians and Universalists and are making them our brethren and changing pulpits with them. We are taking things from Dr. Hale because he is a large-minded old man. The Westminster catechism that he calls rags is a grand old document."

Dr. Bateman quoted from President Eliot at the Emerson festival, who he said had declared that modern scholarship is delivering the world from the tyranny of the Bible. Dr. Bateman said it would do any amount of mischief as read by young people in the papers.

"Many men profess Christ," said the speaker, "but there is only a corporal's guard that is really Christian."

Dr. A. C. Dixon said the spirit of adaptation was too prevalent in the churches. "We have had too much Emerson and too little Paul. We need to get narrow. We don't want the broad marsh of theology with its buzzing mosquitos, but the narrow stream of religion that can save sinners from hell.'

"We need to let each other be seen in a concerted movement. One man like Dr. Eliot jumps overboard and he attracts more attention than the thousand of faithful ministers who stick to their pulpits."

The Rev. C. C. Tarle of Lawrence said: "Prosperity tends to avarice and worldliness. The automobile is the product of an age that has no moral purpose. It means to go. Not to get any where in particular, but just to go. We have not time to be religious."

SHIPPING CURRENCY HERE.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, June 15.—Through the regular banking channels New York is calling upon Cincinnati for a great deal of currency. During the past three or four business days more than $700,000 has been shipped eastward. One of the Fourth Street banks alone has shipped $200,000 to New York.

The rate for New York exchange continued very firm to-day, at 35 cents per $1,000. The indications are that there will be further heavy shipments this week.

St. Louis and Beyond via Pennsylvania R. R.

All passenger trains via Pennsylvania and Vandalia Lines are now running into St. Louis.—Adv.

500 LIVES LOST IN A CLOUDBURST

Wall of Water 20 Feet High Overwhelms Heppner, Ore.

300 BODIES RECOVERED

Flood Came With Such Suddenness That Escape Was Impossible—Great Loss of Live Stock—Town Almost Entirely Destroyed.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Oregon, June 15.—Heppner, county seat of Morrow County and a town of about 1,500 inhabitants, and Lexington, a village of 300 population eighteen miles northwest of Heppner, were destroyed late yesterday afternoon by a flood which resulted from a cloudburst.

It is reported that 500 lives were lost at Heppner alone. While the number of fatalities at Lexington is not known, it is believed that the majority of the inhabitants escaped with their lives.

The situation at Heppner is terrible. The people who escaped with their lives are homeless, and great suffering will follow unless relief comes quickly. The weather has turned intensely warm, and the bodies, stacked in winnows, will need immediate attention, or there will be a terrible pestilence among the survivors.

The people were caught in their houses with no chance of escape. A heavy rain had been falling all afternoon, and the residents were in their houses. Without warning a wall of water twenty feet high came tearing down Willow Creek, on whose banks the town is located, and the next moment the houses were wrecked and carried away, a mass of ruins, on the crest of the immense wave.

Many persons were killed outright. Others were drowned after heroic efforts to save themselves. Bridges were swept away like so many matches, and all means of communication by wire was destroyed.

Messengers arriving at this place and at Ione report the scene as most awful. The fact that the disaster occurred just before nightfall made it the more distressing, as little relief could be carried on in the darkness.

Almost the entire residence portion of the town was destroyed, but some of the business part, which is on higher ground, escaped.

Huge boulders weighing a ton were carried down by the current, and many people were killed by being crushed against a rocky bluff.

The buildings which were not carried away were moved from their foundations or toppled over. Hundreds of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs that had gone into the creek bottoms for water perished.

SURVIVORS TO THE RESCUE.

As soon as the first excitement had subsided the survivors went to work. Messengers were sent out to the neighboring towns and relief parties are being organized as rapidly as possible. The lower portion of the town is still covered by water, and until the water recedes the work of recovering the bodies will be slow.

News of the calamity did not reach the outside world until to-day, all the means of communication having been cut off. News was sent by courier to the near-by towns. The Oregon Railway and Navigation Company started a relief train with physicians and supplies from The Dalles shortly after noon. At 1:30 this afternoon another relief train started for the scene from this city. The citizens of Portland started a relief fund as soon as the news of the disaster spread over the city, and within a few hours $5,000 was raised.

Supplies will be rushed to Heppner as soon as they can be assembled.

Heppner is the centre of a large farming and stock-growing country. The town is built on the banks of Willow Creek, in the neighborhood of the converging point of four other mountain streams that drain a large area of rolling and hilly country that reaches from three to twenty miles to the foothills, and along the course of Willow Creek itself for a distance of twenty-five miles to the base of Blue Mountain.

To the east and west of the town, running southwest and southeast respectively until they empty into Willow Creek, are the deep gulches which run back some three miles along the foothills as they narrow to form the valley in which the town is located.

Flowing almost directly south to the Willow Creek and joining a half mile or so above the town is Balm Creek, which drains, in its course to the foothills for a distance of fifteen miles, a wide region of hilly country. Next comes the main water course, Willow Creek, with an immense area of drainage that extends northeast for a distance of twenty-five miles to the Blue Mountains.

Furthest east, four miles, is Hinton Creek, which runs practically parallel with Willow

Creek for a distance of twenty miles, having its rise in the foothills and entering into the most easterly gulch a few miles south of Heppner.

The greater part of the business and residence section of the town, lying to the west of the creek, is a low bottom covering an area of about 1,500 by 1,200 feet.

THE IDENTIFIED DEAD.

Following is a list of the identified bodies:

—— Krug and family.
Thomas Howard and family.
James Jones and family.
Dr. McSwards.
Family of C. A. Rhea.
Mrs. Carr's family.
Mrs. Charles Andrews and children.
Mrs. Robert Baird and children.
—— Wells, Sr., and family.
James Matlock.
Thomas Matlock's family.
Dr. Higg's children.
Miss Elliott.
Miss Elber.
William Cohen and family.
Mr. Geiger.
W. M. Walton and family.
Herbert Bartholomew's family.
John Meyers.
George Noble and family.
Robert Hinds and family.
Mr. and Mrs. Dawson.
Occupants of Heppner Hotel.
Several Chinamen.
Mrs. Charles Curtis.
George Tinsley, wife, and child.
H. A. Boyd's family.
Mrs. W. H. Berg.
Chris M. Ashbaugh.
Carl Jones and family.
George Swardard.
John M. Kernan and wife.
Agent O. R. and N. Railway.
C. E. Maitfield and family.
Albert Cabots and family.
Benjamin Patterson and family.
H. C. Gorser and family.

Heppner is not on the main line of the Oregon Railroad and Navigation Company, but is the terminus of a fifty-five-mile branch which runs from Heppner Junction in a southeasterly direction. Heppner is nearly due south of Umatilla. The settlement of Heppner dates back as far as 1881, but it was not till the Oregon Railroad and Navigation Company's branch was put in that the town came to assume an important position.

City incorporation was effected in 1887, and since then the town has grown, having a fine hotel, a good substantial bank, good public schools, and two immense wool houses. Morrow County is a great grazing country and Heppner furnishes the principal outlet, so that the wool-growing industry is the mainstay of the place, and during the season large sums of money are handled.

Heppner also claims a source of wealth in mines of gold, opals, and coal.

Two weekly newspapers are published in the town—The Gazette and The Times.

The Weather Bureau reports the most unusual storm of its kind ever recorded in that section. Two distinct storms, one passing to the northwest and one to the southwest, have cut off all electric communication toward Heppner. Storms have been almost continuous along Willow Creek since last Thursday.

CLOUDBURSTS IN MONTANA.

BUTTE, Mon., June 15.—Traffic throughout Eastern Montana on the Northern Pacific is almost at a standstill as a result of severe cloudbursts yesterday. Near Park City a cloudburst sent a wall of water about twenty feet in height and about the same number of feet in width crashing down the valley. The Northern Pacific Road spans the Valley Creek with a long wooden bridge more than 100 feet high, and one section with thirty feet of trackage was carried away.

Another cloudburst near Reed Point has flooded several miles of country along the Northern Pacific. Trains are tied up.

FLOODS IN NEW MEXICO.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., June 15.—This region has just been visited by the heaviest rain of the year, accompanied by what almost amounts to a cloudburst in the Jemez Mountains, north of here. A sudden rise came in the Rio Grande and Albuquerque is again in imminent danger of being submerged. Los Cerrillos, eight miles up the river, is completely under water and the people have fled to the hills, taking such of their household goods as they could load into wagons. Alameda is also under water, and the people have fled, leaving their homes to the mercy of the floods.

A break forty feet wide is reported in the levee near the tracks of the Santa Fé Railroad and directly above the city, and a large force of men have been hurried there.

It is reported here that the bridge at Galisteo, on the main line of the Santa Fé, has been washed away. This will tie up the Santa Fé for several days.

ARMOURDALE'S FLOOD LOSS.

KANSAS CITY, June 15.—Edward T. Devine, General Secretary of the Charity Organization Society of New York, left to-day for Denver, after having made a critical inspection of the flooded district around Kansas City. He describes the conditions at Armourdale, the Kansas City (Kan.) suburb which received the brunt of the flood here, as worse than those following the floods at Johnstown and Galveston. He said:

"Armourdale is the worst wrecked city I have ever seen. The newspapers could not exaggerate the condition there. In fact, it cannot be described so a person who has not seen the ruin can realize the awful devastation by the waters. I had read about the flood and thought of course that the condition of Armourdale was bad, but I was not prepared for what I saw.

"I was at the Johnstown flood, and I also made a study of the terrible disaster that visited the City of Galveston, but the condition at Armourdale is much more serious than at either of those cities. East St. Louis is suffering, and 10,000 people are homeless, but the loss there will not begin to compare with that in Armourdale."

Mr. Devine has wired Mayor Low at New York that immediate aid in the largest quantities possible will be required to alleviate the distress of the sufferers now quartered in Kansas City, Kan.

Women's Relief Corps to Aid Sufferers.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, June 15.—Mrs. Sarah E. Phillips, National Treasurer of the Woman's Relief Corps, announced to-day that she would call on all the corps of the United States to assist in the relief of Grand Army of the Republic sufferers in the Kansas flood. Mrs. Phillips to-day sent $200 from the national treasury.

Funds Sent to the Flooded Cities.

Relief funds to the amount of $9,000 were dispatched yesterday by the Mayor's committee to the sufferers of Kansas City, and Topeka, Kan., and to Gainesville, Ga. Of this sum $4,000 went to Topeka, a like amount to Kansas City, and $1,000 to Gainesville. As yet no steps have been taken to do anything toward the aid of East St. Louis. The committee yesterday received $1,077.50, and, deducting what already has been forwarded, a balance of about $9,000 remains on hand.

PLANS FOR RAPID TRANSIT

Officials Would Relieve Thirty-fourth Street Crossing.

Propose to Put Broadway Tracks Underground—Central Yard Plans Submitted—Relief on the Bridge.

Several developments in the problem of furnishing passenger transportation in the city were recorded yesterday.

Announcement was made that under the supervision of Mayor Low and Borough President Cantor plans have been prepared by men in the office of Mr. Cantor to relieve the traffic congestion at Broadway, Sixth Avenue, and Thirty-fourth Street, by dropping the tracks of the Broadway street car line below the surface.

Engineer Martin of the Bureau of Highways, who has the matter in charge, said yesterday:

"We propose to have the cars leave Broadway at Thirty-second Street, deflecting into the small park at that point. They would then enter a subway on an incline, and will go through the tunnel and again reach the surface about Thirty-fifth Street on another incline. They would then deflect back to the regular route on Broadway. This would leave only the Sixth Avenue and the Thirty-fourth Street tracks on the surface at the crossing. The city, of course, would do all the work, the cost being about $150,000.

"At Thirty-fourth Street, where the Broadway tracks would be underground, it is planned to have a station, with four entrances, allowing the system of transfers now in use.

"The letter which President Cantor sent to Mayor Low to-day is sent to him as a member of the Rapid Transit Commission. He will present it to the Rapid Transit Commission and ask them to approve the plans. The plan to extend the present subway from Forty-second Street to Union Square, down Broadway, may interfere somewhat.

"We intend pushing the matter as fast as possible. I am confident that the residents in the neighborhood are in favor of the plan, and I can say, unofficially, that the Metropolitan people are also in favor."

At a final conference held in the office of the Mayor yesterday afternoon the plans submitted for changes of the New York Central yards to provide adequate transit facilities were approved by the sub-committee of the Board of Estimate. This committee consists of the Mayor, Controller Grout, Borough President Cantor, and President Fornes of the Board of Aldermen. The latter was absent, because of his vacation trip. President Haffen of the Bronx and Chief Engineer Wilgus and Ira A. Place of the New York Central Road were present, as well as several property owners, headed by Richard J. Donavan as counsel.

The plans will be reported to the Board of Estimate on Friday morning. Then, at 2:30 o'clock on the same afternoon, there will be a public hearing, in the event of any one desiring to declare objections. At the afternoon session of the full board the plans will be acted upon.

The proposed changes in the station itself were not discussed yesterday, as the railroad only has to pass upon them. The changes in the yards include the opening of cross streets from Forty-fifth to Fifty-first Street and the lowering of the tracks. It is proposed to make the tracks in three tiers, through traffic being on the street level, local traffic on the tier below, and the lowest tier being for the storage of "empties."

Mr. Donavan, for the Citizens' East Side Improvement Association, suggested changes in the plans. One is to increase the width of Forty-fifth Street from forty feet, as proposed, to at least seventy feet; the second to reduce the proposed 4 per cent. grade of Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Streets to a 2½ per cent. grade from Lexington Avenue to the centre of Park Avenue; the third to retain the present width of Park Avenue at fifty feet on each side of the opening, and the fourth that the Municipal Art Commission be consulted as to the improvement of the architectural beauty of the bridges and the surface on Park Avenue above the tracks.

Bridge Commissioner Lindenthal, in a statement issued yesterday, specifically disclaims all responsibility for the crush on the Brooklyn Bridge. He says that the track capacity of the bridge is sufficient for the present needs and that the trouble lies in the lack of terminal facilities for the surface cars.

"The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company is operating the surface cars over the bridge under contracts with the city," says the Commissioner. "The rights of the city to interfere in the operation of the traffic or for the correction of abuses, one of which is the crowding of so many different trolley lines into a small terminal, were not satisfactorily safeguarded in these contracts with the city.

"Permanent relief must come from the Rapid Transit Commission. It can best be given by large and well-ordered through stations and a system of bridge approaches with way stations for spreading the crowds."

MAY REVOLUTIONIZE REFINING OF COPPER.

Two Cornell Students Discover Process Which Professors Say Will Reduce Cost One-half.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 15.—Isaac Baum of Uniontown, Penn., and Florence Joseph Schwab of New Orleans, students in the engineering department at Cornell University, have just made discoveries which may revolutionize the copper refining industry. They explain their discovery in a thesis on which they collaborated.

Baum and Schwab have received a mark of 98 per cent. on their treatise, the highest in the history of Cornell. For some time past these young men have been experimenting day and night to discover the most economic conditions under which to refine copper. In their thesis, which they have submitted to Sibley College, Cornell University, they describe a process for refining copper which professors here say will stand any test, and may save copper refineries millions of dollars annually.

In their exhaustive treatise the students demonstrate that the temperature at which copper is now refined and the current which is passed through the refining vats are not high enough. By using the temperature and the current density which these young inventors have calculated, the original cost of a refinery will be reduced more than one-half for the same output.

When seen to-day Baum and Schwab were very reticent on their discovery, acting on the advice of the professors here. "All that I will say at present," declared Baum, "is that I believe all the refineries in this country will soon use our method."

Prof. Wilder D. Bancroft, under whose supervision Baum and Schwab have been working, will translate the thesis into German, and it will be read before the Electro-Chemical Society of Berlin. At this meeting the details of the discovery will be explained in full.

SAY HE SWINDLES WOMEN.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., June 15.—Edward Goldfield, alias Sydney Howard, thirty-one years old, of 301 West One Hundred and Fourteenth Street, New York, was arrested by Detective Sergeants Tyler and Murphy to-day, charged with using the United States mails for fraudulent purposes.

Goldfield has for several weeks been operating under the name of the Newark Manufacturing Company, and occupied an office on the second floor of the building at 128 Market Street. He was engaged in opening letters when taken into custody. They all contained money and were written by women in various parts of the country in answer to circular letters that were sent broadcast offering them work at home stitching safety belts, at which, it was stated, they could easily earn $2 a day. The sum of 25 cents in stamps or money order was required from each person as security for the safe return of an outfit.

Goldfield's identity was learned through a card issued from St. Luke's Hospital, New York, and through several pawn tickets. He later acknowledged that he was Goldfield. The police assert that the prisoner has been operating under the title of the New York Cotton Belt Company, with offices at 2,270 Broadway, New York; the National Manufacturing Company of 236 West One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, New York, and the Anchor Manufacturing Company of 1,716 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Penn.

MEXICAN CENTRAL PROSPERS.

Road Said to be in Better Condition Than Ever Before in its History.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 15.—In view of the proposed financial readjustment of the Mexican Central Railway Corporation, the following statement made to-night by a high official of the road regarding the traffic conditions of the property, the progress making on the new extensions of the system and the plans of the management for the future, will be of interest to security holders generally:

"The Mexican Central Road never in its history has," he says, "been in so good a physical condition as it is to-day. The newly acquired Monterey and Gulf line was a very fortunate purchase, and, although in a terrible state when we acquired it, it can now truly be called a first-class road.

"Our Cuernavaca acquisition has not been in our hands long enough to have been brought into good condition, but we have improved it and are improving it constantly, and I believe that it has a great future, especially after we carry out the proposed construction of about 100 miles down the Balsas River, which will bring us to the agricultural regions and also very much nearer to the great copper district which is now being opened up.

"Business along our lines has been increasing faster than we can handle it. Our operating department is mobbed daily by people who want cars and want them bad, and want them right off, and it looks as if this pressure would increase."

MEXICAN RAILROAD NEWS.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, June 15.—It is stated that as a result of the purchase of an interest in the National Railroad of Mexico by the Mexican Government the gauge of the Interoceanic Railroad is to be immediately converted from narrow to standard width. The Mexican Government also owns an interest in the Interoceanic, and it is intended to operate that road in connection with the National, both roads having their termini in the City of Mexico.

It is reported that the Mexican International, which belonged to the same interests as the National, is also to pass into the hands of the Mexican Government.

The published report that the Government has planned to become the owner of all the railroads in Mexico is discredited in Mexican financial and business circles.

TEXAS NOT TO SUE RAILWAY.

Railroad Commission Dismisses Complaint Against the Gulf, Western Texas and Pacific.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, June 15.—The Railroad Commission to-day dismissed the complaint against the Gulf, Western Texas and Pacific Railway Company. The complaint asked that the charter of the railroad be forfeited on the grounds that it had failed to comply with the terms of the charter in not building its line to Austin and other points, that the stock of the company was held by an outside corporation, and that it was a parallel and competing line with other roads belonging to the Southern Pacific in Texas.

The Railroad Commission referred the complaint to Attorney General Bell, and the latter advised that the proposed suit be not instituted, as the charges against the company were not warranted by the existing facts.

The Gulf, Western Texas and Pacific is the Southern Pacific's property.

NASHVILLE RAILWAY SALE.

Properties of Hamilton Syndicate Bought In by Majority Stockholders for $500,000.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 15.—The properties of the Nashville Railway were foreclosed to-day and bought in at the upset price of $500,000 by A. M. Shoont, representing Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. of New York; Isadore Newman & Son of New Orleans, J. N. Williams & Son of Richmond, and Percy Warner and others of this city.

The property was purchased by the Hamilton Syndicate of Baltimore several years ago, and was bonded and stocked at $13,000,000, but defaulted on interest charges. The purchasers at the sale to-day are majority stockholders, having acquired all the interests of the Hamilton Syndicate.

LAND FOR JERSEY CENTRAL.

Recent purchases of real estate on Liberty Street, near West Street, which, it is believed, have been made by representatives of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, indicate that that company is preparing rapidly to carry out its plan for a ferry terminal with a bridge across West Street similar to that now maintained by the Pennsylvania Railroad at Cortlandt Street.

The property 142 Liberty Street was transferred yesterday by Mrs. James Speyer, wife of the banker, to Alfred L. White, and about ten days ago the adjoining parcel, 144 Liberty Street, next the West Street corner, was conveyed to Charles W. Gould. Around the corner, at 102 West Street, foreclosure proceedings have been begun, which, it is understood, are only a means of clearing the title to that property preparatory to its being acquired by the railroad. These three properties surround the building at the southeast corner of Liberty and West Streets, for which the railroad representatives are said to be negotiating.

These undertakings have probably been hastened by the decision of the Dock Board to widen West Street from Cortlandt Street to Battery Place, for, in accordance with the proposed plans for the widening, it will be necessary for the railroad to build a new ferry house in any event, since the site of the present structure will be needed for the widened street.

TWO BURNED IN TENEMENT FIRE

In a fire yesterday morning in the six-story double tenement at 458 and 460 Grand Street two persons were burned, one so badly that he had to be taken to Gouverneur Hospital. The injured are Moses Wolfs and his ten-year-old son Herbert.

Wolfs occupies the third floor with his wife and eight children. They are Jacob, seventeen years; Nathan, fifteen years; Harry, thirteen years; Herbert, ten years; Jeannette, eight years; Joseph, seven years; Frankie, four years, and Ida, sixteen months.

One of the rooms is occupied by the three boys, Harry, Herbert, and Joseph. Two sleep in one bed, while Harry sleeps alone. It was in this room that the fire started, presumably from firecrackers. All of the boys, however, declare they do not know the origin of the blaze, although the police say they found several packs of firecrackers under the bed.

The janitor, Morris K. Swiss, ran through the house arousing the tenants, while his son, Lucian, eighteen years old, made several trips with the elevator and took many persons out of the building in that way. Other rescues were made by M. Attias, who lives on the fifth floor, among those whom he carried out being Frankie Wolfs. The other children were carried out by other tenants, while Mrs. Wolfs was assisted out by her husband.

When the firemen arrived they made short work of the flames, keeping them confined to the Wolfs's apartments. The damage is estimated at $100.

An ambulance from Gouverneur Hospital was summoned. It was in charge of Dr. Milliken and Driver Thomas Hoyt. In turning the vehicle Hoyt made too short a turn, upsetting the ambulance, smashing in its side and throwing himself and Dr. Milliken to the pavement. The physician sustained injuries to his hands, while Hoyt's right thigh was badly bruised.

Another ambulance was summoned, and the surgeon in charge took care of Wolfs and his son. Dr. Milliken and Hoyt took their ambulance back to the hospital.

JUBILEE OF PROF. COMPTON.

A "jubilee commers," after the manner of the German universities, was given in commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the services of Prof. George Compton in the College of the City of New York by the alumni of the college last evening in the rooms of the Arion Club, at Park Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street.

A photograph of the professor was presented to each of those present, while a testimonial address signed by the alumni and friends of the institution was presented to Prof. Compton. Gen. Alexander P. Ketchum, class of '58, presided, and addresses were made by Justice Francis M. Scott, James S. Steers, J. Hamilton Dougherty, Dr. S. Pollitzer, Edward Lauterbach, Theodore M. Banta, and others. Prof. Compton made a feeling response to the various compliments.

WAITING ON THE UNIONS

Building Employers Put Arbitration Plans Specifically.

Secretary of Labor Men Does Not Think That the Offer Will Be Favorably Received.

After a protracted session yesterday the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers' Association passed the following resolution regarding the acceptance of its plan of arbitration by the unions in the building trades:

Be it Resolved, That when any union has caused to be submitted to this body a properly signed and sealed document accepting the plan of arbitration submitted to them, then the Board of Governors shall at once arrange to start work in that trade, and after the arbitration plan has been accepted by 75 per cent. of the unions in the building trade the Board of Governors will consider and pass on any changes that may be recommended by unions representing three or more trades.

In explanation of the course of the board, as indicated by this resolution, a member of the Press Committee said:

"We feel that it would not be fair to keep work shut down until all the unions had adopted the plan. The association is a deliberative body, and not a body of dictators. Several of the unions have already taken favorable action on the plan, and I believe now all of the unions will accept it. When the majority has adopted it the rest are bound to follow. We are not fighting the labor unions. We are waiting until the conditions warrant the resumption of work."

The unions in the skilled trades now known as the Board of Building Mechanics, which seceded from the old Board of Building Trades, met yesterday afternoon at Eighty-sixth Street and Third Avenue. Though the meeting was a long one, according to Secretary Kelly, little business was done. He said that the Committee of Five appointed some time ago to see if a charge of conspiracy could be brought against the employers had been enlarged to a committee of ten.

Secretary Kelly said that a plan of arbitration that had been submitted by the individual employers in the Building Trades Employers' Association to their employes, who were told that when the unions accepted it they might go back to work.

"If the unions had been consulted," he continued, "the plan might have been accepted. As it is now it is a one-sided agreement. We will have nothing to do with unskilled labor, and will keep our agreement with the Lumber and Building Material Drivers' Associations. Some unions have agreements already in force with members of the Building Trades Employers' Association. It is possible that the shut-down may be construed by them as violations of the agreements, and they may make new demands before work is resumed. If we did the same thing as the employers, and stopped work until a plan of arbitration proposed by us was accepted, it would be looked upon as violations of any existing agreements."

As to the unions accepting the agreement, he said, seven-tenths had either tabled it or thrown it in the waste basket.

The remnant of the old Board of Building Trades met at Brevoort Hall. The meeting was very short, and no business appeared to have been done. Samuel J. Parks, with Timothy McCarthy, Assemblyman Butler, and other adherents of his, attended the meeting.

The housesmiths who were ordered on strike by Parks on the new hotel at Fifty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue, in support of the Building Material Drivers' Union, were ordered back to work by Parks yesterday.

Secretary Cheney of the Iron League said yesterday that Parks was to blame chiefly for causing the present disturbance in the building trades. He expressed the hope that Parks would be defeated at the coming election of officers for the Housesmiths and Bridgemen's Union.

The statement made at Sunday's meeting of the Central Federated Union to the effect that the Slate and Metal Roofers' Union had signed an agreement with the employing association was denied on behalf of the latter yesterday.

District Assembly No. 49 announced yesterday that it has passed resolutions against the giving of power to walking delegates to order strikes and commending Mr. Jerome for the proceedings he has instituted against corrupt walking delegates.

More Charges Against Union Men.

A fresh batch of affidavits by employers in the building trades was taken to the District Attorneys' office yesterday by Charles L. Erdlitz of the committee appointed by the Building Trades Employers' Association to look after cases of bribery against walking delegates.

BROKER DIES MYSTERIOUSLY.

Coroner Says That Hiram L. Doolittle May Have Committed Suicide.

Hiram L. Doolittle, a broker, with offices in the Produce Exchange, a graduate of Williams College, Class of 1869, and a member of the University Club, died at the New York Hospital last night. Coroner Sholer and the hospital authorities believe morphine poisoning caused death, and Coroner Sholer said that there was reason to believe it was a case of suicide.

For two weeks Mr. Doolittle had occupied apartments at 52 East Thirtieth Street, which he rented from Miss Josephine Carrier, who up to May 1 conducted a private school there. Prior to that time he had lived a few doors below. Mr. Doolittle was a reticent man, and few of his acquaintances knew anything about his past and present life.

Sunday afternoon and evening Mr. Doolittle was at the University Club and appeared to be in excellent health. He spent the afternoon reading and writing. He left the club a little before 9 o'clock and went home, retiring soon after. Yesterday morning he said that he had not been feeling well all night, and asked that Dr. Asa Iglehart of 77 West Fiftieth Street be sent for. Dr. Iglehart, after examining him, advised him to go to the New York Hospital. He consented to do so, and was taken to the institution. On his arrival, according to Coroner Sholer, he appeared to be in a stupor. He grew worse, and died at 7 o'clock. An autopsy will be performed on the body to-day.

Mrs. Royce, a friend of Mr. Doolittle, lives at 50 East Thirtieth Street. She said last night that Mr. Doolittle had dined at times with her and her son. He had no relatives in New York City. He came from Champlain, N. Y., some time ago, and had been for some years a broker on the Produce Exchange. She knew little about him except that he was addicted to the use of narcotics because of insomnia.

CREWS AT POUGHKEEPSIE.

Wisconsin and Columbia Oarsmen Join Penn's Contingent on the Hudson.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 15.—The rough water and disagreeable weather conditions continued throughout the day, and the practice of the Pennsylvania oarsmen in the evening was again attended with these disadvantages. Nevertheless, Coach Ward insisted upon all his men getting into their shells and going over the strip of comparatively smooth water that extended along the west bank of the river. The freshman crew was strengthened by the arrival of Hendry, who rows No. 5, and the coach saw some improvement in their work. The launch had been repaired since Saturday, and Ward experienced no difficulty on that account.

The chief interest in rowing circles to-day centred in the arrival of the crews from Columbia and Wisconsin Universities. Both reached Highland this afternoon. The Wisconsin men were in charge of Coach Andrew Odea, who said that they were well after their long journey, though somewhat train tired.

Coach Odea was very much dissatisfied with the Miller boathouse, to which his crews were assigned, and he had a stormy interview with the local committee, who promised to do everything he desired, even to building a new boathouse if he wished it, and a special meeting will be held to-morrow morning to arrange the matter.

It was after 7 o'clock this evening when a West Shore tug bearing the shells of the Columbia crews, in charge of Coach "Ned" Hanlan, reached the boathouse at Fox's Point. The members of the crew having arrived several hours earlier by rail, were there to unload the three fours and two pair-oared boats. Coach Hanlan reported his men all in good condition, and he says that he has two first-class crews, which will do credit to the university.

PRESIDENT HEARS THE CASE OF THE JEWS

Continued from Page 1.

Hay, the Russian Ambassador has notified me personally without any inquiry upon my part, that the Governor of Kishineff has been removed; that between three and four hundred of the participants in the outrages have been arrested, and he voluntarily stated that those men would be punished to the utmost that the law would permit.

"I will consider most carefully the suggestions that you have submitted to me and whether the now-existing conditions are such that any further official expression would be of advantage to the unfortunate survivors with whom we sympathize so deeply. Nothing that has occurred recently has had my more constant thought, and nothing will have my more constant thought, than this subject. In any proper way by which beneficial action may be taken it will be taken, to show the sincerity of the historic American position of treating each man on his merits as a man, without the least reference to his creed, his race, or his birthplace."

FURTHER AUDIENCE ARRANGED.

Another Jewish Delegation to Discuss Kishineff Matter with the President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Representative Goldfogle of New York conversed with the President this afternoon and explained that he had been requested by the Free Sons of Israel and Order of B'rith Abraham and other Jewish fraternities to ask the President to give audience to a delegation representing those societies on the Kishineff massacre.

Mr. Goldfogle says the idea that there is no precedent for this Government making representations to Russia in regard to the persecution and massacre of the Jews in that country is erroneous. In the last Congress a resolution introduced in the House by Mr. Goldfogle was adopted, requesting the Secretary of State to inform the House whether any citizens of Jewish faith, holding passports issued by this Government, were barred from Russia, and in the course of the debate Mr. Goldfogle cited instances where this Government had addressed the Russian Government on the persecutions of the Jews. He referred to the annual message sent to Congress, Dec. 4, 1882, by President Arthur, in which he said:

> Our long-established friendliness with Russia has remained unshaken. It has prompted me to proffer the earnest counsels of this Government that measures be adopted for suppressing the proscription which the Hebrew race in that country has lately suffered. It has not transpired that any American citizen has been subjected to arrest or injury, but our country's remonstrance has nevertheless been courteously received. There is reason to believe that the time is not far distant when Russia will be able to secure toleration to all faiths within her borders.

In this case the President proffered "the earnest counsels of this Government that measures be adopted for suppressing the proscription."

The matter to which allusion was made in the message of President Arthur occurred at Warsaw April, 1881, and was described in a report made to the United States Minister at St. Petersburg, Wickham Hoffman, by Joseph Rawicz, the United States Consul at Warsaw. No lives were lost, but the property of the Jews to the value of upward of 1,000,000 rubles was damaged or destroyed.

Secretary Frelinghuysen, in his note to Minister Hoffman, dated April 15, 1882, said:

> The prejudice of race and creed having in our day given way to the claims of our common humanity, the people of the United States have heard with great regret the stories of the sufferings of the Jews in Russia. It may be that the accounts in the newspapers are exaggerated, and the same may be true of some private reports. Making, however, due allowance for misrepresentations, it can scarcely be doubted that much has been done which a humane and just person must condemn. * * *
>
> Should you be of the opinion that more vigorous efforts might be put forth for the prevention of this great wrong you will, if a favorable opportunity offers, state, with all proper deference, that the feeling of friendship which the United States entertains for Russia prompts this Government to express the hope that the Imperial Government will find means to cause the persecution of these unfortunate fellow beings to cease.

On Aug. 29, 1890, the House of Representatives adopted a resolution requesting the President to communicate to that body any information in his possession concerning the enforcement of proscriptive edicts against the Jews in Russia. To this resolution President Harrison responded on Oct. 1. These facts were communicated to the United States Minister at St. Petersburg, Charles Emory Smith, by Secretary Blaine, under date of Feb. 18, 1891. In concluding his communication Secretary Blaine said:

"The Government of the United States does not assume to dictate the internal policy of other nations, or to make suggestions as to what their municipal laws should be or as to the manner in which they should be administered. Nevertheless, the mutual duties of nations require that each should use its power with a due regard for the results which its exercise produces on the rest of the world."

But there is another and later instance of remonstrance by this Government. President Harrison on Dec. 9, 1891, in his annual message uses this language:

> This Government has found occasion to express in a friendly spirit, but with much earnestness, to the Government of the Czar its serious concern because of the harsh measures now being enforced against the Hebrews in Russia. By the revival of anti-Semitic laws, long in abeyance, great numbers of those unfortunate people have been constrained to abandon their homes and leave the empire by reason of the impossibility of finding subsistence within the pale to which it is sought to confine them. The immigration of these people to the United States—many other countries being closed to them—is largely increasing and is likely to assume proportions which may make it difficult to find homes and employment for them here, and to seriously affect the labor market. It is estimated that over 1,000,000 will be forced from Russia within a few years. The Hebrew is never a beggar; he has always kept the law—life by toil—often under severe and oppressive civil restrictions. It is also true that no race, sect, or class has more fully cared for its own than the Hebrew race. But the sudden transfer of such a multitude under conditions that tend to strip them of their small accumulations and to depress their energies and courage is neither good for them nor for us.
>
> The banishment, whether by direct decree or by not less certain indirect methods, of so large a number of men and women is not a local question. A decree to leave one country is in the nature of things an order to enter another—some other. This consideration, as well as the suggestion of humanity, furnishes ample ground for the remonstrances which we have presented to Russia, while our historic friendship for that Government cannot fail to give the assurance that our representations are those of a sincere well-wisher.

The President to-day assured Mr. Goldfogle that he would be pleased to receive the delegation at such time next week as may be decided upon.

COTTON DUCK REORGANIZATION.

Plan Which Will Be Submitted to Stockholders June 26.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 15.—At the special meeting of the United States Cotton Duck Corporation June 26 the stockholders will be asked to make the authorized capital as follows:

First preferred stock, $7,500,000.
Second preferred stock, $8,000,000.
Common stock, $10,000,000.

In an earlier plan the second preferred stock was fixed at $12,500,000, and this proposition reduces the amount $4,500,000. There will also be an issue of consolidated 5 per cent. bonds by the United States Cotton Duck Corporation, but the amount of this issue has not been passed upon as yet by the Directors. This issue would have to include a reserve of $6,000,000, to take care of the present first mortgage bonds of the Mount Vernon Woodberry Cotton Duck Company.

The present obligations of the United States Cotton Duck Corporation are mortgage debt, $175,000; preferred stock, $2,750,000, and common stock, $10,000,000. The impression in financial circles is that the income bondholders of the Mount Vernon Woodberry Company will be called upon to help furnish cash required under the readjustment plan, and from $2,000,000 to $2,500,000 may be needed. For the cash supplied the bondholders will receive new consolidated bonds, and probably a bonus in preferred stock. The plan also contemplates the retirement of the income bonds by exchanging them for securities of the United States Company.

New Head for Fire Department.

Fire Commissioner Sturgis has written to the Civil Service Commission asking it to hold an examination for the position of Chief of the department. The commission will soon set a date for the examination. The position of Chief of the department has been vacant ever since Chief Croker was removed on Dec. 1, 1902.

James McCreery & Co.

Sale of
Muslin Underwear.
2d Floor.

Night Robes and Chemises .... 75c to 1.50
Drawers and Corset Covers .... 50c to 1.25
"Walking" Petticoats .... 95c to 1.50
Dressing Sacques .... 75c to 1.50

Made of Nainsook or Cambric,—well cut and finished, and attractively trimmed with embroidery and lace.

A number of odd garments will be included in the sale,—at greatly reduced prices.

Twenty-third Street.

YACHT ESTELLE CAPSIZED

Heavy Puff Turns Her on Her Side in Glen Cove.

L. J. Callanan, His Guests, and the Crew Saved by a Steam Yacht—Mr. Callanan Explains.

During the New York Yacht Club races off Glen Cove, on Long Island Sound, yesterday afternoon, L. J. Callanan's schooner yacht Estelle, while following the racers, was capsized at 2:30 about two miles off the Larchmont Yacht Clubhouse, by a heavy northeasterly puff. The owner, a party of friends, and a crew of eight men were aboard at the time, but they were picked up by Harrison B. Moore's steam yacht Zara before they had suffered anything more serious than wetted clothing.

The big tugboat J. B. King, which was near by at the time with two barges in tow, got a line to the schooner, and towed it across the Sound to Cold Spring Harbor, where it now lies, nearly all under water, near Abram's shipyard. The top of the after cabin was picked up by the tug Unique, which was laying the course for the racing yachts, and left at the Jacob yard, City Island.

The Estelle was not entered in the races, and at the time of the accident she was about a mile on the second leg headed southeast for Lloyd's Point, where the yachts were to make the second turn of the triangular course. In order to catch up with the yachts a No. 2 jibtopsail was set. The wind was blowing about twelve knots and the Estelle was carrying fore and main gaff topsails over her lower canvas and jib, staysail, and jibtopsail. A heavy puff struck her and her Captain tried to put her up into the wind, but her sail was too much for her, and in an instant she went over to starboard and lay on her beam ends. A number of yachts were in the vicinity, among them the Zara and Adrian Iselin, Jr.'s, Surf, and they stood by to give assistance. Mr. Callanan, his guests, and the crew scrambled up on the gunwale and were soon taken off.

The Estelle's centreboard jammed during the Atlantic Yacht Club race last week, and it is thought that a similar occurrence yesterday may have been responsible for the accident. She is 91.2 feet long over all, 75.5 feet on the water line, and 22.10 feet beam, having been built by J. Richards of Norwalk twenty-nine years ago. In 1882, when Charles H. Smith was Commodore of the New York Yacht Club, the Estelle was the flagship of the fleet. Mr. Callanan, who also owns the schooner Eclipse, bought her recently from the Rev. James J. Dougherty.

Mr. Callanan, who reached home from Oyster Bay at 10:15 o'clock last night, said that the Estelle was not seriously injured by her upset. He explained that he, his nephew, James C. Madigan, and another friend and a crew of eight were on a short cruise in the Sound, and, merely to compare the Estelle with the Ariel and the Katrina, were following them over the course. The yacht was headed southeast on the second leg of the triangle, with sheets to starboard, when the accident occurred. They had just spread a No. 2 jib topsail, and the increased amount of canvas was too much for the boat.

Mr. Callanan went aboard the J. B. King after his rescue by the Zara, and accompanied his yacht to Oyster Bay, which was reached at 5:30 P. M. There he made arrangements for the care of the Estelle, and to-day a wrecking tug of the Merritt & Chapman Co. will right her and pump her out.

State Auditor of Connecticut Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 15.—State Auditor William A. Riley died at the Hartford Hospital this morning of a general breaking down of the system. He was born in East Hartford sixty-eight years ago and was entering upon his second term as Auditor. In early life he was a merchant and became one of the most expert accountants of the State.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., June 15.—The Mountain View House, about six miles from Lake Placid, N. Y., in the Adirondacks, owned by Robert Ames, has been totally destroyed by fire originating in a defective chimney. Part of the contents was saved. The loss is about $12,000.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

From 12 o'clock Sunday night to 12 o'clock Monday night.)

1:15 A. M.—60 Ann Street; Charles Abbott; damage, $1,500.
6:15 A. M.—204 Madison Street; St. Mary's School; damage trifling.
8:54 A. M.—460 Grand Street; Moses Wolf; damage, $100.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Sleeplessness?

Due to Nerve Fag, Caused by Impure Blood From Disordered Digestion—A Safe, Simple Remedy to Be Had at Any Drug Store.

If you cannot sleep well; if your nerves are worn to a wire edge, and each day's duties look like an insurmountable obstacle to you, it is because your stomach and bowels and liver and kidneys are not working in harmony.

Iron-Ox Tablets cure you, so that you know you are cured, by toning up the entire digestive system; by their nerve building and blood cleansing action; by revitalizing your entire physical being.

They thoroughly regulate the bowels by their combined tonic and gently laxative action. Their tonic qualities stimulate the flow of digestive fluids, and with their mild laxative effect relieve all trouble.

Remember, Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic-laxative; they cure by building up the entire system. Purgatives and cathartics give only temporary relief by violent and injurious action—they do far more harm than good.

Anything which shocks the system into activity is dangerous. Do not expect immediate perceptible effects from Iron-Ox Tablets. They produce a natural, regular building up of all the functions. This takes a little time, but a successful result is absolutely certain.

Do not confound Iron-Ox Tablets with liquid preparations which depend upon drug-disguised alcohol for immediate effect, and which create a habit which is nothing more nor less than alcoholism. Iron-Ox Tablets build up the system naturally—they cannot create a "habit."

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case, 25 cents at druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

"Get the Habit"

A Bold Cut

has been made in the prices of our most excellent suits—the villainous black ones. These

Black Suits

are cut with the latest touches of manly fashion showing everywhere about them.

Materials are black cheviot, soft black thibet and unfinished worsted.

These suits are hand-tailored and were good values at their former prices, $18, $20, $22. They're cut to

$10

Only 900 of them and they're all in our store at

279-281-283 Broadway

Extraordinary good goods at regular rock bottom Brill prices in all our stores.

Why don't *you*

Get the Habit—Go to

Brill Brothers

FOUR CONVENIENT STORES.
279 Broadway. 211 & 213 Sixth Ave.
47 Cortlandt St. 125th St., cor. 3d Ave.

James McCreery & Co.

Ladies' Suit Dept.

Cheviot Tailor-made Suits,—various models and colors.
10.00, 15.00, 18.50 and 25.00

"Walking" Skirts made of blue or black cheviot or grey and brown mixed tweed.
5.50

Tan Batiste Shirt-waist Dresses.
9.00

Dotted or plain lawn Shirt-waist Dresses.
9.00 and 12.50

Twenty-third Street.

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

IF YOU KNEW HOW GOOD
Le Bihan $2.00 Umbrellas
are you would carry none but a Le BIHAN. Made with imported silk. Guaranteed One Year.
1 BARCLAY ST., near B'WAY.

SAVE YOUR OLD CARPETS.
We can make handsome rugs from them. The New Jersey Rug Co.

ELECTED SERVIA'S KING

National Assembly Unanimously Chooses Prince Peter.

NEW CONSTITUTION LIBERAL

A Revival of That of 1888—Prince Peter Accepts the Crown and Sends a Message Praising the Servian Ministry.

BELGRADE, June 15.—With scarcely the excitement which marks an ordinary fête day in the capital, Servia to-day instituted a new dynasty. Within less than two hours from the time of meeting in the wing of the royal palace in which King Alexander and his Queen were shot down, the Senate and Skupshtina in joint session had legally and with due formality elected Prince Peter Karageorgevitch King of Servia and had telegraphically notified him of the fact.

The Senate and Skupshtina, on assembling to-day, listened to a proclamation read by President Velimirovitch, who took the chair, and which ran thus:

"Every one knows of the events which took place last Wednesday night, when the late King Alexander lost his life. Servia remains without a King or heir to the throne. The friends of the Fatherland, having heard of the event, met to discuss what should be done for the country. The result of their consultation has been the constitution of a Government, as has been already announced in last Thursday's Official Gazette.

"The Government, having undertaken the task of administering the country, considered its first duty was to maintain peace, law and order, and to convoke Parliament to elect a King. In order that the election should take place in accordance with the Constitution, the Government has put in force the Constitution of April 6, 1901, with the addition of the laws existing before the coup d'état of March 24 last. It has convoked the Parliament actually existing, which was elected by constitutional means.

"The Government declares with gladness that, helped by the wise conduct of the people and the patriotism of the brave Servian army, it has maintained peace and order throughout the country. The Government is convinced that in this way it has fulfilled its chief duty to the Fatherland. In the present difficult circumstances the Government leaves it to Parliament to deliberate on the events of Wednesday and on the Government's conduct since that day.

"In opening Parliament the Government recalls to the people's representatives their first duty to the Fatherland, namely, to elect a King and pronounce regarding a Constitution.

"The Government salutes the nation's representatives, and hopes that they will achieve the happiness and prosperity of the country.

"Long live the Servian people!"

LEGISLATORS GO TO CHURCH.

The members then proceeded to church, returning a little later to the palace.

The ceremony of electing the King was conducted in the Salle des Fêtes, which had been specially arranged for the occasion. The Metropolitan of Belgrade and the Bishop of Nish, in their full robes of office, lent the sanction of their presence. The members of the provisional Government and the Presidents of the Chamber and Senate sat at the head of the white and gold decorated hall, among them Col. Alexander Maschin, Queen Draga's cousin, and now Minister of Public Works, in full military uniform, while below them were grouped the members of the Senate and the Skupshtina, for whose accommodation the beautiful gilded chairs used at the State balls given by the late King had been requisitioned. A few privileged spectators occupied the remainder of the hall, among them the Secretaries of the various legations, though none of the Ministers lately accredited to King Alexander's Court were present. The audience included a number of women, the wives and relatives of State officials.

Soon after 8 o'clock this morning a crowd, which remained curiously impassive, gathered before the Konak, which bore no traces of the recent tragedy. Nobody was allowed on the sidewalk in front of the Palace, which was guarded by troops. The crowd, mainly composed of students and peasants, diverted themselves with a sheet sold by hawkers which bore a portrait of Prince Peter Karageorgevitch and his family, headed "Our New King." There was an air of quiet certainty about the spectators which betokened confidence that the ceremony within was purely formal. Presently the band of the Seventh Regiment, to which many of the conspirators belonged, marched past playing patriotic airs.

RESOLUTION OF AMNESTY.

During the absence of the Senators and Deputies at church the journalists and guests waited in the Salle des Fêtes. Upon the reassembling of the National Assembly a resolution of general amnesty was adopted. President Velimirovitch, dressed in evening costume and wearing the broad red sash of the Servian Order, then rose, and, addressing the Assembly, said they had now to elect a King of the fatherland.

The formal motion that Prince Peter Karageorgevitch be elected King of Servia was moved by a Radical Deputy named Nesshitch, who was attired in the national costume. Immediately a shout arose from the Assembly of "Long live Karageorgevitch!" Each member was then called by name and rose quietly from his seat and gave his vote for "Peter Karageorgevitch."

There was absolute unanimity, no other name but that of Prince Peter being pronounced. The result was greeted with loud cheers, and then the Minister of Justice, M. Schiokovitch, hastened to the balcony overlooking the street and announced to the people:

"Peter I. of the dynasty of the Karageorgevitchs is your King. You are congratulated upon the unanimous vote of your representatives."

The crowd responded with cheers upon cheers, which, however, had the effect of being somewhat mechanical, as though proceeding from well disposed groups. At the same time a royal salute of 101 guns was fired.

The proceedings closed with brief speeches by President Velimirovitch and Premier Avakumovitch, who congratulated the National Assembly upon its unanimous choice, which, they expressed the hope, was of good augury for the future of Servia. The Deputies then streamed forth from the palace, the soldiers on guard marched away, and in five minutes the space in front of the Konak had resumed its normal aspect.

The day's proceedings, on the whole, were characterized by singular impassiveness. Only in the unreserved admiration shown for Col. Maschin and the other conspirators could it be seen that the event was eminently popular. It was evident at the ceremony, during which Col. Maschin was a conspicuous figure, how proud he is of his work.

When, later in the day, the late Queen Draga's regiment, with the other troops of the garrison, took the oath of allegiance, it was obvious that the men were in complete ignorance of what they were doing. They swore allegiance to a Constitution which has not yet been formulated. The utter vacancy in their faces showed that they would as readily have taken an oath of allegiance to the Czar or the Emperor of Austria. Servia, having no nobility, is governed by the military and official classes, whom the masses blindly obey.

TELEGRAM FROM NEW KING.

At 10 o'clock this evening a telegram to the Government arrived from the new King. It ran:

"The splendid proofs of devotion from my beloved people, my faithful army, and patriotic Government have deeply touched me. From the bottom of a true Servian heart I thank Providence, which has vouchsafed me, by God's mercy and through His will, to ascend the throne of my famous ancestors. I beg you, the Premier and your colleagues in the Government, to accept my royal acknowledgment, with the assurance of my particular good-will."

The resolutions adopted by the National Assembly at to-day's session have practically granted immunity to all concerned in the coup d'état; the attitude of the army has been recognised and approved, gratitude has been extended to the Government for the patriotism displayed in such a fateful crisis, all the Government's measures have been indorsed, and it has been empowered to conduct affairs until King Peter's arrival.

This apparent unanimity, however, was not reached without a contest. An informal meeting of the Skupshtina was held yesterday and lasted from 4 in the afternoon until past midnight. The public were excluded, but, according to the accounts given by various members, the proceedings were lively.

It was understood that the army was determined to maintain a monarchy at all costs; therefore all discussion of a republic was speedily suppressed, and the adherents of a republican form of government were compelled to fall back on other proposals, such as supporting Prince Mirko of Montenegro and King Peter's son George. A wordy battle raged long, and means more effective than eloquent are said to have been employed to persuade the opposing elements into acquiescence.

Meanwhile, the officers of the army had also held a meeting and adopted resolutions, which included one to the effect that the names of the conspirators must not be revealed, nor the nature of the rôle they played in the revolution.

The Provisional Government has refused the necessary permission to several Belgrade families who wanted to emigrate, making it known that until normal conditions are restored such permits will not be granted.

The new King is said to have accepted the Constitution of 1888, but the whole matter is very vague, and the fact that this question was not settled before King Peter was elected is the occasion for much dissatisfaction in the Skupshtina.

VIENNA, June 15.—King Alexander's private secretary, M. Petronivitch, who was regarded as being one of the most faithful of the late King's adherents, has caused a sensation by telegraphing to King Peter, in the name of the entire Petronivitch family, their desire to render homage to King Peter, assuring him that they will serve him as faithfully as they served King Alexander.

LONDON, June 16.—The Servian Minister in London received official notification of the election of King Peter yesterday afternoon. The telegram was signed by M. Kalievitch, Foreign Minister in the Provisional Cabinet, and said:

"The Skupshtina and Senate, meeting together in joint congress, unanimously proclaimed Peter Karageorgevitch King of Servia."

The telegram instructed the Minister to announce the news to the British Foreign Office.

The Minister, in an interview, drew attention to what he considered to be an important fact, namely, that the national representatives had not decided to offer the Crown to Prince Peter, but had actually proclaimed him King, thus leaving him no choice of a refusal in case any power had advised him not to accept the throne. It was of course possible, said the Minister, that the suggestion might have been made that the King should pass on the crown to his son.

The Minister considered the action of the Servian Parliament to have been wise, since it shut the door to all intrigues. He added that the immediate effect of the proclamation of Prince Peter as King would be to insure tranquillity throughout the country. He anticipated that a deputation had already been appointed to proceed to Geneva and accompany King Peter to Belgrade. Probably, he added, the King's first act would be to request the Provisional Government to remain in power until his arrival.

KING PETER'S HARD TASK.

Difficulties Which Confront Him—He Will Have to Deal Vigorously with the Army.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 16.—The first task of the new King of Servia, says the Vienna correspondent of The Times, will be to deal with the murderers of his predecessor. He has strongly condemned their violence, and doubtless understands that unless he rules them with an iron sceptre they will rule him at the sword's point. His task is hard and dangerous enough to try the mettle of the stoutest monarch.

Next to the army comes the Church. The worthy Metropolitan has evinced an elasticity of temperament fit to excite the jealousy of the Vicar of Bray. He baptized, anointed, and married the hapless King Alexander, but has declined to sanction the celebration of a requiem service for him and has assisted to deck his house with bunting.

The Times's correspondent at Belgrade says the officers of the garrison have held a meeting and have arrived at the following decisions:

First—That no recompense be given to those officers who prepared and executed the conspiracy against King Alexander and Queen Draga.

Second—That the officers suspended by the late Government for press offenses, who have resumed their uniforms in the last few days, must await reinstatement by the properly constituted tribunal.

Third—The army will only accept a constitutional monarchy.

Fourth—The army declares its readiness to accept the choice of a new sovereign made by the National Assembly.

It seems, adds the correspondent, that King Peter will be obliged to subscribe to certain conditions before taking the coronation oath. The principal of these, it is stated, is the restoration of the liberal Constitution of 1888 and the abolition of that of 1901. The former was bestowed by King Milan, who left the country the following year. The abolition of the Constitution of 1901 means the disappearance of the Senate.

Popular rejoicing, says the correspondent, is not very demonstrative. All the bunting available has already been placed in evidence by the police and no fresh supplies have arrived. The general feeling may be summed up as "Le Roi est mort. Vive le Roi!"

NEW KING'S CONDITIONS.

Exile of the Assassins Said to be One of Them—Proclamation to the Servians.

GENEVA, June 15.—Prince Peter Karageorgevitch has telegraphed his acceptance of the Servian throne. He has also telegraphed to the Emperors of Russia and Austria and to the King of Italy announcing his election and adding that he hopes to work for the good of Servia.

The King received calmly, but with evident satisfaction, the telegraphic notification of his election. Subsequently, as he received congratulations, he became more excited, laughed hysterically, marched vigorously up and down the room, and finally flung himself into a chair, trembling with excitement.

The King's acceptance of the throne is stated to be subject to the following conditions:

First—That the action of the Skupshtina is constitutional and entirely free from bribery or force.

Second—That those directly implicated in the assassinations and revolution shall be exiled.

Third—That the civil list be increased.

Fourth—That an official delegation come here to confer with him.

King Peter in an interview announced that he had accepted the Crown of Servia and would assume the title of Peter the First.

"I am profoundly touched," he said, "at the confidence shown in me."

The King has addressed a proclamation to the people of Servia which will be placarded and read throughout the country. In it he thanks the Servians, who have shown a desire to return to the traditions of their ancestors. He promises to be faithful to those traditions, drawing special inspiration from the memory of his regretted father. The King promises to ignore all that has happened during the past forty years, and not to bear ill-will to those who opposed him. He concludes by promising to respect the rights of all employes of the State, whom he invites to remain in the positions to which they are legally entitled, and to resume the normal conduct of their duties.

King Peter will probably start for Belgrade on Thursday evening, accompanied by his Swiss attendants. His residence is watched by private detectives. The many callers are rapidly filling up the new King's visiting book with their congratulations.

VIENNA, June 15.—According to present arrangements a deputation from the Skupshtina will arrive here to-morrow evening and reach Geneva on Thursday morning. After conferring with the deputation King Peter will take a special train for Belgrade. He will not interrupt his journey at Vienna, and will not be received here either officially or semi-officially.

Aggi Toma, one of the King's advisers, who is now here, denies a report that King Peter will not receive Lieut. Col. Machin. Toma points out that it would be foolish for the King at the outset to offend the entire Servian Army.

ATTITUDE OF THE POWERS.

King Peter Will Probably Be Recognized, but a Cabinet of Assassins May Be Objected To.

PARIS, June 15.—It is said in official quarters that the negotiations between the powers regarding their attitude toward Servia have now resulted in an agreement that the Ministers of the various powers shall remain at Belgrade, in order to look after the current interests of their Governments, each Minister receiving practically identical instructions.

The agreement to retain the Ministers at Belgrade appears to have met with strong objection on the part of some of the powers. The British Government first made known its desire to withdraw its Minister from Belgrade, but later concurred with the other powers.

The French Foreign Office considers that the agreement of the powers to accept the decision of the Skupshtina appears to assure the powers' recognition of King Peter. The officials say the agreement did not include any conditions relative to the punishment of the parties responsible for the assassinations.

The Temps, in a dispatch from Belgrade, prints an interview with the new Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. Kalievitch, in which he is quoted as saying:

"The powers at first hesitated concerning their attitude, but on receiving fuller official information as to the causes leading up to the tragedy they have manifested no intention of interfering in Servia's affairs. Vienna and St. Petersburg give satisfactory assurances. Berlin is more reserved, because Germany is less directly concerned, but I am sure she will not oppose us. Servia is tranquil, and now resumes her normal conditions."

The Minister also gave a detailed version of the tragedy, declaring that King Alexander's course was responsible for it, and adding:

"The post-mortem examination of the King's body revealed the secret of his incompetency. I mention only one detail—the doctors found that the bones of his skull were three times the thickness of those of an ordinary man."

The Minister further asserted that history would record that the sufferings of Servia under recent reigns were chiefly due to the intrigues of women.

BERLIN, June 15.—The election of Prince Peter Karageorgevitch to the throne of Servia will not result in any difficulty being raised by Germany.

The Foreign Office officials believe that the recognition of King Peter will not create any difficulty anywhere, and that it will follow in due course after the necessary formalities.

VIENNA, June 15.—An official of the Austrian Foreign Office said to-day that the fact that Prince Peter Karageorgevitch's election as King of Servia was quick and unanimous, however sad might be the conditions surrounding it, might be regarded as a fair augury for the speedy return of normal conditions in Servia. It was greatly to be hoped that the new Government would enable the powers and every one else to forget as soon as possible the cruel events which had recently convulsed that country.

Seldom, the official added, had policy and sentiment been confronted with such almost irreconcilable contradiction, but he believed that the best had been done under the circumstances.

LONDON, June 16.—In the House of Commons yesterday Thomas Gibson Bowles (Conservative) inquired if the Government proposed to continue diplomatic relations with the persons concerned in the assassination of the King and Queen of Servia, who had now assumed the Government of Servia; what attitude the Government intended to assume in consequence of recent events, and whether any communications were passing between the powers with a view to concerted action.

Premier Balfour replied that he could only say at present that the matter was under consideration. So far as diplomatic relations were concerned, these came to an end with the death of King Alexander, because the British representative was only accredited to the late King.

The Premier added that his answer would probably be considered inadequate, and intimated that if Mr. Bowles placed the question on paper, in the regular way, he might be able to give additional information to-day.

The Foreign Office officials, after they received the news of the election of King Peter, said that before taking definite action they would await the King's assumption of the throne and the constitution of the new Cabinet.

It was frankly added that if the new King's Cabinet included those who were concerned in the assassinations it would be impossible for Great Britain to engage in diplomatic relations with it. The question of King Peter's enforcement of the punishment of the murderers was left in abeyance.

KING ALEXANDER'S CHARACTER.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 16.—The Times publishes a letter from Prince Jayme de Bourbon, son of Don Carlos, protesting, as a personal friend of the murdered King Alexander, against the "callous cynicism" of the French and Austrian press comments. He bears witness to the late King's warm heart and enthusiasm for Servia.

A special correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger, says the Berlin correspondent of The Times, has interviewed the Servian Foreign Minister. The Minister declared that King Alexander was entirely under Queen Draga's influence. On one occasion, while the King was conferring with the Ministers, the Queen appeared and cried out: "You must show the people you are first."

STREET FIGHT IN BELGRADE.

GENEVA, June 15.—King Peter received at 2 o'clock this afternoon a telegram from Belgrade announcing that a sharp fight had taken place in the streets between the partisans of the new King and those of Milan, the legitimatized son of King Milan.

Young Milan has recently been living in Constantinople. His partisans posted a proclamation on the walls of Belgrade, and it was torn down by King Peter's supporters after a free fight.

THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

A commission for the revision of the Servian Constitution, consisting of eighty-five members, met in Belgrade, under the Presidency of King Milan, in November, 1888. The Great Assembly was practically forced to accept the Constitution as drafted by the commission. This Constitution is now to be revised.

The direct active franchise under the Constitution is given to all citizens paying 15 dinars in direct taxes, and the passive franchise to persons whose taxes amount to 30 dinars. Every elector is eligible to election to the Skupshtina.

In the place of deputies appointed by the King a class of official deputies is created, consisting of the members of the Council of State, the Bishops, Generals on the retired-list, and the Presidents of the Courts of Cassation and Appeal.

The Skupshtina has the initiative in legislation. The Great Skupshtina consists of double the number of deputies in the ordinary Assembly, and its functions comprise the consideration of questions affecting the throne, the election of a Regent in case of its vacancy, and constitutional revision.

The Council of State consists of eight members nominated by the King and an equal number chosen by the Skupshtina for life, whose duties are to draw up bills and administrative decrees and to nominate candidates for Judges of the Supreme Court and the Courts of Cassation and Appeal.

The courts are absolutely independent, and the Judges irremovable.

The Servian Church is independent and autocephalous, and its head bears the title of Patriarch. All religions are free.

The liberty of the press is guaranteed, and newspapers may be founded without the deposit of caution money.

No citizen is to be arrested or have his house searched without a warrant.

Foreigners may possess any kind of property in Servia and may be employed in the State service.

Public instruction is gratuitous and compulsory.

No titles of nobility are to be borne by Servian citizens.

No pensions are to be granted without a special act of the Skupshtina.

The King retains the right of making war or peace, but cannot conclude negotiations involving the payment or exaction of a war indemnity or the cession or acquisition of territory without summoning the Skupshtina.

SOZODONT FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH

In this package you get both liquid and powder. This is the Large Size.

HOPE FOR SERVIAN EXILE.

Friends Working for John Gollmar, an Editor Who Was Punished for Exposing Queen Draga.

Special to The New York Times.

JANESVILLE, Wis., June 15.—Two words received to-day by John Gollmar, an exiled Servian editor, have assured him that his friends are working for him at Belgrade, and that his sentence of exile will be revoked. Gollmar was driven out of Belgrade in November, 1901, because he dared to print the truth about Queen Draga's attempt to palm off an heir upon the King. He left Belgrade in the night, and his property, amounting to 40,000f., was confiscated by the Government.

Since coming here he has been employed as foreign correspondent by a shipping firm. The two words he received to-day by cable translated mean: "You may hope; we will work."

Gollmar gives Prince Peter two years to rule before he is deposed. He knows him personally.

DEBATE IN HOUSE OF LORDS ON MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S PLAN.

LONDON, June 16.—The discussion of preferential tariffs was revived in the House of Lords yesterday afternoon by Lord Goschen, (Conservative,) who called attention to the recent declarations of Cabinet Ministers on the subject. Lord Goschen asked the Duke of Devonshire (Lord President of the Council) to speak as frankly on this subject as some of his colleagues, and pointed out that the whole question rested upon the taxation of food. He considered that the colonies were asking infinitely more than they themselves were prepared to give, and dwelt on the difficulties which the taxation of food would create and the danger of tying Great Britain's hands by an agreement with the colonies involving such a tax. He challenged the statement that higher wages would result therefrom, and said the whole scheme was a gamble with the food of the people. He hoped the Duke of Devonshire would tell the House that he had refused to take a hand in it.

The Foreign Minister, Lord Lansdowne, said he did not wish to disagree with the practical point Lord Goschen had raised. It was necessary to act with extreme caution before committing themselves to a radical departure from free trade principles. He wished it to be clearly understood that the Government had not proposed any measure to the country. The plan put forward was not one to which any member of the Government was committed. It had been broached simply because the signs of the times showed that such a discussion would soon be inevitable. It was impossible, after the resolutions passed by the colonial conference, to brush those suggestions lightly aside. But the Government was going into the investigation with a perfectly open mind. If it collected statistics it would not be with the object of supporting any particular thesis or theory.

Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Secretary for Scotland, said he considered that the matter was worthy of the attention of the most ardent free trader, though personally he had no expectation that the inquiry would show that the preferential plan was either practicable or desirable.

The Duke of Devonshire said he failed to understand why any one should object to an inquiry, and he believed that the Opposition, whether they liked it or not, would be compelled to take a share in the great inquest. Great caution, however, was necessary before they altered Britain's fiscal system. If he knew that every workingman would vote in favor of trying the experiment, and that the colonies were willing, he still would not be a party to a trial of the experiment unless he was convinced in his heart and conscience that it was justified on sound economic grounds, and would benefit the great masses of the people.

Lord Goschen then withdrew his motion, and the subject was dropped.

The debate showed that there was little sympathy among the members of the upper Chamber with Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's plan, but several Peers declared themselves in favor of a discussion of and an inquiry into the subject.

A number of questions bearing on Mr. Chamberlain's proposals were asked in the House of Commons yesterday. Premier Balfour, replying to Mr. Labouchere, (Advanced Liberal,) said the inquiry into the suggested changes in the fiscal system would be conducted by the Government, which would be responsible therefor.

Asked if it was proposed to protect Canada by retaliating on Germany, Mr. Chamberlain said the situation created by the differences between Canada and Germany was precisely that upon which he had invited a discussion, with a view to ascertaining the opinion of the country.

When asked to name the countries which denied to British imports complete most-favored-nation treatment the Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Trade, Mr. Law, said the United States and Portugal were the only countries with the exception of the Central and South American Republics.

THE HUNGARIAN CRISIS.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 16.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times says the Hungarian crisis is rapidly developing. The Parliamentary Opposition has begun to abuse the forms of the House in order to prevent the passage of the Army bills. Count Apponyi is anxious to resign the Speakership, and all the parties are of the opinion that some way out of the dead-lock is promptly necessary.

The Chinese Treaty Negotiations.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 16.—The Shanghai correspondent of The Times says the United States Treaty Commissioners have protested against the transfer of the negotiations to Peking. The Chinese Commissioners do not appear to be anxious to comply with the edict. Sheng, whose health is bad, has applied for sick leave.

Aids Digestion

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Half a teaspoon in half a glass of water after meals removes the distress, oppression and "all gone" feeling. Gives good appetite, perfect digestion and restful sleep.

A Tonic and Nerve Food.

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREETS

MUSICALE Comprising the following well-known artists:—Miss Harriet Blake-Jones, Soprano; Miss Lucille Clover, Contralto-Pianist; Mr. M. W. Marr, Tenor; Mr. Charles N. Granville, Baritone; will give a series of concerts every afternoon at 2 o'clock during the week in Recital Hall, on the sixth floor.

Half of June Is Gone, Yet Our Sale of Undermuslins Is as Interesting as Ever.

Stocks are almost as complete as on the inaugural day, which is contrary to the condition that usually prevails at most undermuslin sales.

This, of course, speaks eloquently of the manner in which we prepare for these Semi-Annual Undermuslin Events.

Thousands of women have already shared—and still each day finds the special counters and the department thronged.

Because the quality and character of the Simpson Crawford Co. Undermuslins are such as win the approval of the most discriminating and critical, while the prices are abnormally low for such meritorious goods, naturally appealing to the most economically inclined.

CORSET COVERS AND SKIRT CHEMISE.

29c.—Corset Covers, light Nainsook, French shape, trimmed with hemstitched lawn ruffle on neck and armholes. Value 40c.

39c.—Corset Covers of Cambric, with torchon lace and ribbon run beading, drawing string. The 50c. kind.

50c.—Corset Covers; many styles, Nainsook and Cambric; lace and embroidery trimmed. Values 75c. and 95c.

69c.—Nainsook and Cambric Corset Covers, low round neck shape, embroidery and insertion trimmed. Value 95c.

$1.98 and $2.50—Skirt trimmed Chemise, with fitted French backs; made of fine Nainsook, lace and ribbon trimmed.

WOMEN'S PETTICOATS.

98c.—White Cambric Petticoats, several styles, deep ruffle, tucked and hemstitched; others with lace and embroidery trimmed ruffle. $1.25 kind.

$1.50—White Cambric Petticoats, made with deep umbrella shape flounce, trimmed with lace and insertions. The $2.00 kind.

DRAWERS.

29c.—Cambric Drawers, with deep lawn tucked ruffle and hemstitched hem; made special for us.

50c.—Cambric and Muslin Drawers, of extra good quality, made with deep ruffle, lace and insertion trimmed; several excellent styles.

39c.—Drawers made of good Cambric, having a deep umbrella shape lawn ruffle finished with cluster of tucks. Full value 45c.

69c.—Cambric Drawers with deep lawn ruffle and trimmed with good laces; tucked and hemstitched; special value.

85c.—Nainsook and Cambric Drawers, very fine quality, ruffle trimmed with lace and embroidery insertion, finished with ribbon bows.

Children's Petticoats.

50c.—Children's and Misses' Petticoats, made with umbrella shape lawn ruffle, trimmed with cluster of narrow tucks.

98c.—Children's and Misses' Sample Petticoats, with deep ruffle of embroidery and insertion. Half regular prices.

NIGHT GOWNS.

50c.—Nainsook and Muslin Night Gowns, in round chemise and surplice neck; perfect sizes and good quality.

98c.—Night Gowns, fine Nainsook and Cambric, chemise styles, trimmed with neat laces and embroideries; some finished with ribbon run beading. Value $1.25.

$1.25—Night Gowns of fine Nainsook, chemise styles, elbow sleeves and trimmed with embroidery and ribbon. The $1.50 kind.

$1.98—Night Gowns of sheer Nainsook, latest styles, trimmed with exquisite laces and embroideries. Values to $2.50.

95c.—Sample lines of Women's Pajamas, in mannish styles, light colors, cool material. Values are considerably more.

CHILDREN'S PETTICOATS AND DRESSES.

$1.50—Children's and Misses' Cambric Petticoats, with deep umbrella shape ruffles, trimmed with neat embroideries, at half regular price.

95c.—Infants' Nainsook Dresses, sizes 6 months to 2 years, with very full skirt and deep hem, embroidery and tucked, trimmed yokes. Value $1.50.

Underprice Offering of Idealia Toilet Preparations.

First Floor.

IDEALIA! Who and what is IDEALIA?

This will occur to you at once when you read the above headline. No, you have never heard the name, but if you are a prudent buyer you will know a great deal about IDEALIA before this sale is over.

IDEALIA are the expert productions of makers of international fame, for which we have secured exclusive selling agency. This is the most notable transaction in Toilet Articles ever accomplished by any one retail establishment.

We secure IDEALIA at cost to manufacture. Can you realize what a great saving this means for you? Our regular prices will be 20 to 50 per cent. less than what you have been paying for equal grades. These introductory sale prices are the lowest that first class articles have ever sold for. And remember, the Simpson Crawford Co. stand guarantors, stating without reserve that

BETTER PREPARATIONS CANNOT BE PURCHASED AT ANY PRICE.

IDEALIA ARTICLES.	Comparative Value.	Regular Prices.	Sale Prices.
Idealia Violetta Talc Powder, extra size	25c.	19c.	14c.
Idealia Violetta Soap, 3 cakes, in box	30c.	25c.	19c.
Idealia Violette, Idealia Carnation and Idealia Rose Eau de Toilette, 4 oz. size	50c.	38c.	29c.
Idealia Violette, Idealia Carnation and Idealia Rose Eau de Toilette, 8 oz. size	85c.	60c.	45c.
Idealia Violette, Idealia Carnation and Idealia Rose Eau de Toilette, 16 oz. size	$1.50	$1.00	79c.
Idealia Violetta, Idealia Carnation and Idealia Rose Parfum, highly concentrated, small size	40c.	30c.	22c.
Idealia Violetta, Idealia Carnation and Idealia Rose Parfum, highly concentrated, larger size	65c.	50c.	37c.
Idealia Violetta, Idealia Carnation and Idealia Rose Sachet Powder, small envelopes	15c.	10c.	8c.
Idealia Violetta, Idealia Carnation and Idealia Rose Sachet Powder, large envelopes	35c.	25c.	19c.
Idealia Violetta, Idealia Carnation and Idealia Rose Sachet Powder, 1 oz. box	35c.	25c.	19c.
Idealia Orris Root, 4 oz. package	35c.	25c.	19c.
Idealia Violetta Almond Meal, 4 oz. size	19c.	15c.	12½c.
Idealia Violetta Almond Meal, 8 oz. size	35c.	25c.	19c.
Idealia Violetta Almond Meal, 16 oz. size	65c.	45c.	35c.
Idealia Violetta Complexion Powder	50c.	35c.	28c.
Idealia Violetta Smelling Salts	37c.	33c.	25c.
Idealia Florida Water, 8 oz. size	42c.	35c.	28c.
Idealia Florida Water, 16 oz. size	75c.	50c.	42c.
Idealia Cold Cream Skin Food, small size	40c.	33c.	25c.
Idealia Cold Cream Skin Food, large size	75c.	48c.	39c.
Idealia Eau de Quinine, 4 oz. size	39c.	32c.	25c.
Idealia Eau de Quinine, 8 oz. size	75c.	50c.	39c.
Idealia West India Bay Rum, half pints	42c.	30c.	25c.
Idealia West India Bay Rum, pints	64c.	50c.	37c.
Idealia Honey and Almond Cream	36c.	33c.	25c.
Idealia Violetta Toilet Ammonia, pints	18c.	15c.	12½c.
Idealia Violetta Toilet Ammonia, quarts	30c.	25c.	19c.
Idealia Mediterranean Sea Salt, 6 lb. case	25c.	15c.	12½c.
Idealia Witch Hazel, pints	25c.	18c.	15c.
Idealia Witch Hazel, quarts	45c.	33c.	25c.
Idealia Pure Olive Oil Castile Soap, 6 cakes in box	30c.	25c.	21c.
Idealia Nail Bleach	29c.	21c.	18c.
Idealia Rose Tint Nail Paste	19c.	15c.	12½c.
Idealia Nail Powder	19c.	15c.	12½c.
Idealia Distilled Sage Hair Tonic, 4 oz. size	—	39c.	33c.
Idealia Distilled Sage Hair Tonic, 8 oz. size	—	85c.	59c.
Idealia Tooth Powder, extra size	25c.	17c.	12½c.

Fine Laces and Embroideries.

A Tremendous Cut in Prices.

First Floor.

29c. Yd. for fine embroidered Swiss Flouncings, full 21 inch width, embroidered on fine cloth, much in demand for corset covers, for skirt flounces, for dress purposes, for children's wear; not a yard worth less than 50c. and some worth higher.

Three lots of high grade white mull and Swiss Flouncings and Skirtings, in 27 and 45 inch widths, with combinations of lace and embroidery, beautiful specimens, at less than regular prices, for this week:—

95c. yard for 27 and 45 inch.
$1.45 yard for 27 and 45 inch.
$1.95 yard for 45 inch.

10,000 dozen French Val. Laces. All the finer and better kinds; insertions and edgings to match.

25c. doz. yards, worth to 50c.
45c. doz. yards, worth to 75c.
65c. doz. yards, worth to $1.00.
95c. doz. yards, worth to $1.50.

15c. and 25c. for high grade Wash Laces in white, ecru and linen shades; bands, galloons and laces; many kinds, including fine Mechlin, Duchesse, Paraguay, Teneriffe, Cluny and Antique Laces; matchless offering; many worth $1.00 yd.; none less than 25c. a yard.

Embroidered Pongee Silk at 75c. Yd.

Rotunda.

$1.25 yard is the regular price, but to effect a quick clearance a half dollar in price comes off every yard.

Embroidered Pongee Silks of good quality and design—all new this season, and in splendid variety.

For waists and dresses they are one of the most desirable of fabrics, and this sale presents an unusual opportunity to buy at a low price.

Hosiery and Underwear.

Monday's exceptional offerings are repeated to-day.

Women's 75c. Vests, 55c.

Second Floor.

Very sheer quality imported Swiss Ribbed Lisle Thread Vests, very elastic, all new goods, this season's importation; mostly in white, with a few pinks and blues, lace trimmed at neck, yoke and shoulders; low neck, sleeveless; sold during this season at 75c. each, special at 55

Men's and Women's 35c. Hose at 25c.

First Floor.

Summer Hosiery in fine imported grades, fast black, perfect qualities; women's are embroidered black cottons and plain gauze weight black lisle; men's are in allover open laces, drop stitches and plain black gauze weight lisles; all worth 35c. pair, at 25

Men's 50c. Underwear, 39c.

First Floor.

Very sheer quality Linenette open mesh Underwear in white, a beautiful even yarn, will wear and wash well; the shirts come in long or short sleeves; the drawers are reinforced, pearl buttons, satin bands, first quality; a big quantity on sale at a reduced price; usually 50c. each, for 39

Men's and Women's 50c. Hose at 35c.; 3 Pairs $1.00.

First Floor.

About six hundred dozen high grade Imported Lisle Thread and Cotton Hose for Men and Women, a very special lot; lace and open lisle thread, also plain effects with embroidered insteps; about forty numbers in both lots, all fast blacks, all of which are worth 50c. pair, at 35c.; 3 for 1.00

PLAUEN LACE COLLARS.

First Floor.

Light and heavy effects, in berthas, shawl and round shapes; usually $2.95 to $4.50. For this occasion 75c., 95c. and 1.25

Exceptional Offerings in Women's Summer Neckwear.

First Floor.

Washable Neckwear is the need of the moment. After elaborate preparation in matters of quality, mode and fit, we now offer, and at precisely the right time, a superb assortment of everything comfortable and sensible for Summer wear at very attractive prices.

There are Bishop Stocks, Ascots, Tailor Made Stocks, Autos, Four-in-Hands, Shirt Waist Sets, Top Collars—in fact, everything needed for the city, country or seashore.

Washable Cotton Stocks; dozens of styles and shapes, all guaranteed perfect fitting, in fine pique, butcher linen, Persian lawn, plain or figured designs. Usual values 48c. to 68c.; our particular price for this sale 29

White or Colored Ascot Ties, in madras, plain pique and fancy pique 25 and 39

And Up to 98c.

Lawn Ties, twice around; some perfectly plain, others with tucked stocks that have white or embroidered top collars 29 and 48

And Up to 95c.

Shirt Waist Sets.

Our Unusually Special Values Are:

Persian Lawns (widow sets) plain hemstitched 25
White Butcher Linens, hemstitched band, with French knots 59
Persian Lawns, hand needlework, exquisite execution $1.65

Other Sets in White or Colors at Little Prices

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Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. and Closes at 5:30 P. M.

The Wanamaker Store

---The--- Betterness of Bigness

Who does not appreciate big apples, big strawberries, big, broad-minded men, big, masterful institutions that can do things? The big apple or strawberry has come to its fullness and goodness because conditions were right for its growth. The big, broad-minded man has lived in a wholesome atmosphere. The great store has thrived because it sank its foundations to the sources of vigorous life, and has builded upon policies logical and secure.

The fruit tells the nature of the tree, and the care and skill of those who guided its growth.

The thousands of New Yorkers who come daily to this old store at Broadway and Tenth bear witness to the popularity of WANAMAKER merchandising.

The scores of unprecedented trade propositions that come to us from manufacturers and operators show the position held by the WANAMAKER STORES as vast distributors in two great cities.

This position, by its very bigness, brings unmeasured benefits to our public, by reason of the extraordinary economies presented at this season.

Our store news is remarkable because of remarkable trade operations, as evidenced by

The June Sale of White, the recent Sale of Wash Fabrics, the June Shoe Movement, the Great Sales of Men's Shirts.

The great economic principle of large, direct distributing operations finds its most perfect illustration in WANAMAKER retailing.

Are you profiting by it?

Women's Raincoats

Six weeks of drought—six weeks of rain? Probably there'll be enough to render raincoats and umbrellas more useful, and less of permanent hat-rack ornaments.

For the woman who doesn't want to stay housed on these rainy days, there are more ways than a few of keeping dry stylishly—and they are all represented in this stock of rain garments. For city street, motor car, sail-boat or run-about, the most approved kinds are here. Such as:

Cache-pluies, or gossamer silk coats, rubber-lined, light weight, and in various styles and colors. $22.50 to $37.50.

Cravenette Raincoats, in a fine assortment of the latest styles—good the whole year round. $14 to $28.

And some bargains:

At $22.50, from $45

Three-quarter length coats of silk, black, tan, blue, green or red; rainproof, with shoulder capes; double-breasted, full sleeves, and thin lining of rubber.

At $16.50, from $27.50

Same styles, in Oxford or tan covert materials.

Second floor, Broadway.

Carpet Chances

The opportunity to buy carpets, in piping times like these, at a quarter to a third less than regular, is worth seizing. For retail prices are certain to go up; and purchasing now means, if you are going to need a carpet in the Fall, a sure way to make money. We will hold any of these carpets selected now until September first.

[illegible] Tapestry Carpets, 25 patterns:
At 60c a yard, from 80c.
At 45c a yard, from 75c.
At 40c a yard, from 60c.

Axminster Carpets; a few patterns, at [illegible] a yard, from $1.25.

Brussels Carpets; an attractive group, at $1 a yard, from $1.40.

[illegible] floor.

Making Shirts for Men

Our organization for making men's shirts to order is particularly adapted to producing the highest type of work in this line. In the first place, the organization is in charge of an expert of the highest class. The work throughout is done individually for each order.

There are many custom shirt-makers who apply the system of team-work to the making of custom shirts. This is using the ready-made process to make expensive shirts. Team workers are trained to make parts of shirts, not shirts. Our shirt-makers know shirts from beginning to end, from cutting to the laundering work. We employ the highest skill known to the craft, and perhaps this is the reason why our Custom Shirt Organization has met such large success in New York City.

We select our materials abroad, new every season. One year never carries over the goods unsold the year before, and yet our collection includes more kinds of materials and more patterns than can be found in any other place in America. Included are the choicest things to be found in Glasgow, London and Paris, and the designs are largely exclusive with us.

If your summer shirts are not yet ordered, or you wish to add to your supply, we will be able to satisfy you thoroughly in every respect, and do the work promptly. $3 to $12 each.

If not convenient to come to the store, we will send a competent man to show samples, and take measurements, at any time that suits your convenience.

Broadway, Ninth street.

Cravenette Coats for Men

Overcoat *plus* Mackintosh equals Cravenette. That is, you get two coats in one, when you buy a cravenette raincoat. And, when the floodgates are opened, like they have been the past week, such a raincoat proves its value.

Handsome, dressy, stylish—just the coats for evening wear, whether it rains or not.

Here's a splendid collection, in the newest shades—$15 to $30.

And an extremely smart Surtout of sage-green cravenette, with silk shoulders and sleeve-linings, at $32.50.

Cravenetted Trousers, too—to complete your rainy day protection. Fine striped Worsted, $5 and $6.

Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Boys' Suits
A Clean-Up

Straightening out stock after a week's busy selling of Boys' Suits. This is the result—odd suits, broken sizes; grouped at a low price:

At $3.75, worth $5 to $7.50

Double and Single-breasted Suits, Three-piece Suits and Norfolk Jacket Suits, in stylish cheviots and homespuns. Broken lines that include sizes from 9 to 16 years.

At 50c, worth 85c

Boys' Knee Trousers of corduroy and fancy cheviot; sizes 3 to 16 years.

Shirt-Waists at 50c

Boys' Shirt-waists and Blouses of madras and Bedford cord; sizes 6 to 13 years; specially priced.

Second floor, Ninth Street.

Straw Mattings
Versus Space

Straw mattings are bulky—take up a lot of room. We import mattings largely—and just now we need some of the room they take. That's the why of this:

Heavy China Mattings, weighing 100 to 110 lbs. to the roll of 40 yards, at $15 roll, from $18.

Japanese Mattings, firm and handsome, in twelve patterns, at $17.50 roll, from $10. Third floor.

Wiss Shears, 35c

These are the genuine Wiss Shears, famous for their keen cutting qualities. But they are imperfect in finish, though all right for service.

Sizes 6 to 8½ inches, with nickeled and japanned handles. 35c.

Broadway.

The Life of the Summer Home—
The Angelus

The city home has its scores of diversions; but the country home is dull indeed on sombre days, unless music brightens it.

Probably you have a piano, but seldom hear it played. *The Angelus* enables the person who wants the music to play for himself or herself—enables any one who is good-natured to be the entertainer, even without an iota of knowledge of notes or keys.

Among aids for playing the piano

The Angelus Stands Supreme

First, by seniority—the *Angelus* was on market a year before the next device appeared.

Second, because of progress—for the new inventions have set the *Angelus* in a class of its own; because it gives complete *human* control instead of mechanical.

These TWO points of infinite superiority:

1. The Phrasing Lever—which rests under the fingers of the right hand, *as shown in picture*, enabling the player to retard or accelerate the music exactly as desired; thus giving the *human touch* and individual expression to the music—*a feature possessed by no other piano player that exists!*

2. The Pistons for softening Bass or Treble independently of each other—enabling the player to bring out the notes of the melody, while subduing the accompaniment, thus giving finger effects impossible to any other piano player.

So important are these two distinguishing features of the *Angelus*, that when they are once known, no other aid to playing the piano would be admitted to the home, even at half the price of the *Angelus*.

Investigate the matter for yourself—it is most interesting—and the possession of an *Angelus* is one of the most delightful features of a pleasant home.

Price $250.

Piano Store, Fifth floor.

Bric-a-Brac and Cut Glass
June Wedding Gifts Under-Price

This June Sale has the characteristic WANAMAKER timeliness. One who has many friends has many obligations in June. Nothing so well satisfies those obligations as beautiful pieces of bric-a-brac or cut glass.

This sale offers immense satisfaction, and large savings, whether for gifts to brides, anniversary presents, or your own home's betterment:

Bric-a-Brac

A large assortment of fine pieces at half prices and less:
At 15c, regularly 35c
At 50c, regularly $1 and $1.50
At $1, regularly $2
At $3, regularly $6
At $5, regularly $10
At $7.50, regularly $15

Marble Busts and Figures—Our own direct importation marked 25 per cent. below regular prices and less:
Busts at $8, regularly $12
$27.50, regularly $32.50
$32.50, regularly $45
$40, regularly $70
$60, regularly $80
Figures at $30, regularly $42.50
$50, regularly $75
$60, from $90

Marble and Onyx Pedestals—
$16, regularly $22.50
$20, regularly $30
$32.50, regularly $45
up to $82.50, regularly $100

French Bronzes, in Figures and Groups:
$7, worth $10
$10, worth $15
$14, worth $20
$22.50, worth $35
$32.50, worth $45
$45, worth $65
$57.50, worth $75
up to $150, worth $175

A few fine *Marbles* which have become slightly imperfect through handling:
$15, from $40 — $17.50 from $40
$16.50, from $32.50 — $50, from $100

Art Room, Basement.

Cut Glass

The richest cuttings on the purest blanks:

Bowls, $5, worth $6.75; $8, worth $10.50; $10, worth $15; $12, worth $17.50; $15, worth $20.

Flower Vases, $3, worth $4; $5, worth $7; $7.50, worth $10; $10, worth $15; $15, worth $20; $18, worth $25.

Flower Centers, $1.50, worth $2.50; $3, worth $5; $8, worth $12; $10.50, worth $15; $12, worth $18; $22.50, worth $32.50. Basement.

Cut Glass

Water Caraffes, $2.50, worth $3.50; $3, worth $5; $5.50, worth $10; $6.50, worth $12; $7.50, worth $13.50.

Bonbon Dishes, $1.50, worth $2.50; $2, worth $3; $2.50, worth $3.50; $3, worth $4; $3.50, worth $5; $4.50, worth $7.

Claret Jugs, $10, worth $15; $15, worth $20; $20, worth $27.50; $25, worth $32.50.

Water Jugs, $6, worth $9; $9, worth $14; $12, worth $18; $15, worth $20; $18, worth $25; $25, worth $35.

Richly Decorated Plates

In the finest china and the choicest decorations; $4.80 to $40 a dozen. Dinner, breakfast, tea and bread-and-butter sizes.

Decorated Fancy China

Ice Cream Sets, $2.75, up to $25.
Chop Dishes, $1.50, up to $7.
Chocolate Pots, $2.50, up to $4.75.
Salad Bowls, 50c, up to $6.

Dinner Sets

At $6.50, worth $8.50
American porcelain, with under-glaze decoration; complete for 12 persons.

At $10, worth $16
American porcelain, 100 pieces, fine flower decorations and all pieces gilt, soup tureen and three large platters.

At $16, worth $20
Fine Austrian china sets of 100 pieces, with flower decorations and all handles gilt; soup tureen and three platters.

At $17, worth $22.50
Fine English porcelain Sets of 112 pieces, in two new border decorations, and all pieces gilt.

At $25, worth $35
French china Dinner Sets of 100 and 101 pieces, in five patterns; all handles gilt.

At $30, worth $50
Theodore Haviland Dinner Sets of 118 pieces; several pretty decorations, and all handles gilt.

At $65, worth $100
Chas. Field Haviland Dinner Sets of 116 pieces; fine border decoration, and all pieces heavily gilt. Basement.

A Sale of Soap

Armour's "Regatta Bouquet"—a grade that sells regularly at 25c a box; today **at 15c a box.** A finely milled Toilet Soap, very pleasantly scented. An excellent soap for home use, and a most gratifying soap for boarding houses and hotels to supply to their guests—selling now at the price of very common soaps. **15c for box of 3 cakes.**

We also have a quantity of 2-pound bars of *Green Olive Oil Soap*, made especially for us, and priced **at 14c a bar.**

Under-Price Store, Basement.

White Shirt-Waists
More New Styles

Shipment after shipment has come in—each differing from the last—and has as quickly disappeared. For the demand for White Shirt-Waists has been tremendous—it has put us to our trumps to keep a supply on hand to sell—let alone enough to tell about in our advertising.

But some charming new styles, fresh from the makers, are here today—you won't recognize a single familiar waist in the lot. Materials are lawn, fine linen, thin madras and the like, and designs are summery and fascinating.

At $1.75—Of lawn, full front, of cluster plaits and lace insertion, forming yoke effect; plaited back; bishop sleeves, lace collar and cuffs.

At $2—Of mercerized madras, in white, with neat black stripes; full plaited front; plaited back; bishop sleeves; fancy tab collar.

At $2.75—Of linen; full plaited front; strap shoulder; plaited back; large bishop sleeves.

At $3.50—Of linen; full front, with stitched plaits; plaited back and sleeves; tab stock.

At $4.50—Of butchers' linen; full plaited and embroidered front; strap shoulders; plaited back and sleeves.

At $5.50—Of white lawn; full plaited front, trimmed with lace insertion; plaited back and sleeves; waist buttoned at side.

At $6.50—Of lawn; full front; yoke of plaits and lace insertion; cluster-plaited back and sleeves; waist buttoned at side.

Second floor, Tenth street.

50c Linen Suitings at 28c

The popularity of linen suiting this season has been best proven by women who have found it hard to locate the particular color desired on various shopping trips. Supplies have been depleted and often exhausted throughout the season because of the unusual demand.

Fortunately we found an importer who had received late shipments from abroad, that could have been sold over and over again at full prices, if he had received them earlier. Coming late, they demanded prompt distribution, and he was compelled to cut his price almost in half. You secure the full benefit of the bargain.

Self-colored pure Linen Suitings, in light grays, natural linen color, tan, light reseda, dark reseda, cardinal, pink and black.

Half-linen Fancy Check Suitings, in about a dozen different sizes of checks, in black-and-white and blue-and-white, of which we could not previously obtain sufficient to supply the demand at full prices.

Now 28c a Yard, instead of 50c.

Rotunda.

Oxford Shoes
For Women

About a hundred distinct styles here—enough to come reasonably near satisfying the tastes of every woman, as well as sparing her pocket-book. From the hundred let these three be noted in particular:

At $3

Patent Leather Oxford Shoes. Of patent coltskin, made with thin welted oak-tanned soles; high sloping Cuban heels, last with arched instep and rather narrow toes.

At $2

Kidskin Oxford Shoes. Made from an extra fine grade of chrome-tanned black kidskin, with tips of the same, on a slim round toe-last, with military heels. Soles are welted and stitched, of oak-tanned leather; and the material and workmanship match anything we have seen at $3. Splendid walking shoes.

At $1.90

Enameled Calf Oxford Shoes. Another lot of these $3 advertised shoes with the trade-mark obliterated. This brand is on sale in two thousand stores at full price—and only an error of the maker in judging quantity brought them here at a third under-price. Sizes 2½ to 8, widths AA to C.

Main floor Shoe Store.

Women's Kid Gloves

These are lightweight Kid Gloves that are especially intended for summer wear. But their lightness doesn't impair their strength and durability; and the prices are attractively low:

At $1—Princess May kid and suede Gloves; in black, white and all the summer shades.

At $1—Princess Louise two-clasp glace Gloves; Paris point embroidered; in tan, mode, grey, beaver, white and black.

At $1.50—Princeton Gloves; P. X. M. seam; one large pearl button; for walking or driving.

Tenth street.

Several Hundred More
White Lawn Dresses at $3

There were seven hundred and fifty dresses in yesterday's offering, but so few were left that we couldn't have said a word about them, if the manufacturer hadn't shipped us several hundred more that were not ready when the first lot came.

So the good fortune lasts one day longer.

The Dresses are made of sheer white lawn, in various handsome styles. Waists are prettily embroidered; some are open down the front, others in the back; and each has a stock tie. Skirts are made with seven gores and flounce, and each gore has an effective hemstitch instead of a seam; the flounce is also hemstitched to the skirt.

They are suits that we counted excellent value at $6. Today they are *just half price*—

Three Dollars a Suit!

All sizes, from 32 to 40.

Second floor, Broadway.

White Petticoats
One of the June Sale's Most Pleasing Features.

This June Sale of Muslin Underwear has pleased our public immensely in all its various lines, as their enthusiastic purchases have proven. But summer-time with its enormous demands for fluffy White Petticoats has given additional incentive to the sale of these beautiful garments, which are presented in more than a hundred varieties at the Sale's special prices.

Here are hints of some particularly fine styles:

At 75c—Of muslin, two styles; umbrella ruffle of lawn; trimmed with torchon lace and plaits, or deep lawn hemstitched ruffle.

At $1—Of cambric or muslin, five styles; trimmed with point de Paris lace, embroidery or plaited ruffle.

At $1.25—Of cambric, two styles; trimmed with embroidery, or deep umbrella ruffle of hemstitched plaits.

At $1.50—Of cambric, four styles; trimmed with open or blind embroidery, or hemstitched lawn ruffle.

At $1.75—Of cambric, eight styles; trimmed with embroidery, point de Paris or torchon lace.

At $2—Of cambric, one style; deep lawn ruffle, trimmed with Cluny lace and deep hem.

At $2.25—Of cambric, two styles; trimmed with blind embroidery.

At $2.50—Of cambric, three styles; trimmed with Valenciennes and insertion, or embroidery and plaits.

At $2.75—Of cambric, three styles; trimmed with handsome embroidery insertion and plaits.

At $3.25—Of cambric, one style; trimmed with two ruffles of blind embroidery with plaits above.

At $3.75—Of cambric, three styles; trimmed with point de Paris lace, insertion and plaits, or open or blind embroidery.

At $4.25—Of cambric or nainsook, two styles; trimmed with point de Paris lace, insertion and hemstitched plaits, or deep graduated ruffle finished with three small ruffles edged with Valenciennes lace.

At $5—Of cambric, three styles; trimmed with point de Paris lace, insertion and cluster plaits, or embroidery and plaits.

At $6—Of lawn, one style; trimmed with embroidery insertion and cluster plaits.

At $6.50—Of cambric or lawn, three styles; trimmed with Valenciennes lace and insertion, or point de Paris lace, insertion and plaits, or embroidery insertion and plaits.

Many other styles, 35c to $30.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Wanamaker Gas Ranges
Save Half the Kitchen Worries

In the first place, a gas range is quick, easy, clean, direct; while the coal range is usually slow, tedious, dirty—requiring a big fire even for a little meal. Then it's a long time hot, and a longer time cooling off—really a barbarism of the past, in hot weather.

In the next place, WANAMAKER Gas Ranges are better than most you find. More convenient, better made, lower in price than others of equal construction.

If you order yours promptly, you may still escape the worry of the first hot weather with your coal range.

The Gas Company will make all reasonable connections without charge.

Cottage Gas Ranges, with four sawed burners and a simmering burner; 16-inch bake oven, also large broiling oven. Price, $12.50.

Same range as above, with 18-inch oven, $14.75.

WANAMAKER Gas Ranges, one simmering burner and three 4½-inch and one 6-inch boiling burner; nickel plated front; 16-inch oven, $13.75; 18-inch oven, $15.75.

Superb Gas Ranges; spring drop doors; one large 6-inch and three 4½-inch burners; also one simmering burner; large cooking top, and two extension shelves; 16-inch oven; $16.

WANAMAKER Cookers; 16-inch ovens; three top burners. They are perfect in doing every class of cooking, baking, broiling, separately and all at once; with six feet of gas tubing. $7.50 each.

Basement.

Toys, for Indoors and Out

Is it a rainy day, like yesterday? Hard to keep the children amused indoors? Try some of these ways—easy, inexpensive:

Soap Bubble Outfits, 25c and 50c.
Paper Dolls, to cut out, 8c sheet.
Paper Dolls in sets, 5c to 35c set.
Puzzle Books, 25c.
Magic Painting Books, 8c to $2.50.
The Toy Loom, $1.

Then, for seashore or country—any place out-of-doors where there's plenty of room:

Box Kites, 25c to $1.
Ship Kites, $1.50.
The Zimmerman Kites, 5c to 50c.
Twentieth Century Air-ships, 25c.
Toy Horse Reins, 10c to 50c.
Toy Whips, 5c to 90c.
The King Air Rifles, 75c.
The St. Louis Air Rifles, $1.
Vest-pocket Striking Bags, 25c.

Toy Store, Annex.

Umbrellas

Mere notice of the under-prices at which these Umbrellas are to be sold today will suffice to send them out with a rush. Two most alluring groups, just at a time when there's plenty of rain in sight:

At $1.25, worth $1.75

Men's and Women's Umbrellas of good quality piece-dyed taffeta; natural wood silver-trimmed handles for men, and fancy horn, pearl and natural wood silver-trimmed handles for women.

Under-Price Store, Basement.

At $2.60, worth $3.75

Men's and Women's Umbrellas of extra quality all-silk, with a splendid variety of fancy handles.

Broadway.

Airy "Lillians"

These are the dainty, graceful Lillian Corsets, made for us abroad, that you know and like so well. Now with an additional charm, in their coolness and lightness—they're made of netting or batiste for summer wear:

At $1.75—Short and medium length; made of strong netting; dip hips, low bust, flat abdomen.

At $2.75—Of batiste; bias cut, low bust, medium hips; lace trimmed. Same in double netting, at $3.75.

At $3.75—Short or medium length; made of double netting; low bust, short and dip hips; lace-trimmed, garters attached.

At $8—Of batiste; low bust, habit hips with front and side garters attached; flat abdomen, lace and ribbon-trimmed.

At $9.50—Of batiste; bias cut; gored bust and hips, front and side garters attached; lace-trimmed.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Novels at Half

Copyright novels of reputation, regular $1.50 kinds usually sold by us, at $1.08. Original editions, in paper, print and binding, now at half our former prices:

Helmet of Navarre. Bertha Runkle.
Dorothy Vernon. Charles Major.
Quiberon Touch. Cyrus Townsend Brady.
Tempting of Father Anthony. George Horton.
Clementina. A. E. W. Mason.
John Vytal. Wm. Farquhar Payson.
The Backwoodsman. H. A. Stanley.
The Washingtonians. Pauline Bradford Mackie.
Understudies. Mary E. Wilkins.
Mazel. Richard Fisguill.
Anne Scarlett. M. Imlay Taylor.
Sons of the Sword. Margaret L. Woods.
Justice to the Women. Bernie Babcock.

Book Store, 8th street.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets

ASKS SCHWAB TO SCALE HIS SECOND MORTGAGE

Lawyer Untermyer Proposes a Way Out of Trouble.

Lewis Nixon Says His Interests Are Identical with the Other Security Holders and He Proposes to Stand by Them.

The affairs of the United States Shipbuilding Company continued to occupy the centre of the Wall Street stage yesterday. The unexpected announcement of Lewis Nixon's resignation and the explanation by Charles M. Schwab about his connection with the affairs of the company were followed by further statements from others interested in the matter. Samuel Untermyer of Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, attorneys for the bondholders that are asking for the appointment of a receiver, issued a long statement in which he replied in detail to the allegations contained in Mr. Schwab's statement.

MR. UNTERMYER'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Untermyer's statement read as follows:

"The endeavor of the bondholders at this juncture is to save the property. That can best be accomplished through the appointment of a receiver. The final reckoning with the people who are responsible for this wreck within a year of the formation of the company will come later. The case is in the courts, and it ought to be tried there. I do not approve of the attempts to try it in the newspapers or to influence public opinion by making 'newspaper offers' which are binding on nobody. If Mr. Schwab is earnest in his assertion that he is willing to take back his steel plant and will put his offer in a form in which it can be enforced, I have no doubt his connection with this controversy will very promptly come to an end.

"A glance will explain to any one familiar with the situation why the shipbuilding bondholders are skeptical as to his willingness to make that sacrifice for their benefit. What is he to do with the Bethlehem steel plant? Operate it in connection with the United States Steel Company, of which he is President? That would hardly be permitted. Unload it with its $10,000,000 of underlying mortgages on the Steel Company? Messrs. J. P. Morgan and Mr. Schwab's associate Directors would probably have something to say on that subject. There is nothing for him to do except to corrall the shipyards plants and thus secure for the Bethlehem works a customer for its products without coming into competition with the United States Steel Company.

"Mr. Schwab tells us that he became a subscriber to the shipyards bonds in order to secure a large customer for the United States Steel Company, that he had no idea at the time of putting in his Bethlehem plant; yet he promptly deprived the United States Steel Company of this large customer by selling his own plant to it. Mr. Schwab now has only a second mortgage on the shipyards. His committee proposes to convert that into a first mortgage and to give the first mortgage bondholders preferred stock. Why any sane bondholder should listen to any such suggestion, unless he has other interests to serve for which he is willing to sacrifice his bonds, surpasses understanding.

"Under the proposed plan there will be $22,000,000 of bonds ahead of the preferred stock and $16,000,000 of preferred stock, making over $38,000,000 of annual charges on a combined property that is being reorganized because the committee says it cannot earn the present fixed charges on $18,000,000. We are, therefore, justified in assuming that the bondholders for whom Mr. Sheldon speaks when he says his committee represents $5,000,000 of the $16,000,000 of bonds, consist mainly of Mr. Schwab and his friends of the Sheldon syndicate. Mr. Schwab would lose nothing, but, on the contrary, would make money by putting his bonds in the fire, since he is in any event to get all there is of both properties under his new mortgage. The bondholders who are seeking protection against this act are not so fortunately situated.

"These are some of the reasons why we are so skeptical as to Mr. Schwab's attitude. Nothing is further from our intention than an attack upon the good faith of the distinguished gentlemen composing the committee. All we have to say to them is that they more particularly represent Mr. Schwab's interest and he could not be more ably represented.

THE SCHWAB PLAN.

"Their suggestion that all the stock of the new company should be placed for seven years in a voting trust composed of five gentlemen, three of whom are Mr. Schwab and his distinguished counsel, fairly illustrates the completeness with which the entire properties are being turned over to Mr. Schwab. I am sure he fully appreciates that nothing short of the power and respectability of this committee stands between this plan and its being regarded by the press and the public as an insult to the intelligence of business men.

"Neither have the bondholders any quarrel with Mr. Schwab beyond his present attitude toward them. He is trying to make the best bargain he can with these bondholders, whom he will find are not quite so helpless as he supposes when he offers to 'compromise' his second mortgage claims at 100 cents on the dollar and accrued interest and to give them part of what is left. If he really wants to be fair, while it is already late in the day for a change of heart, it is not yet too late. He has a second mortgage on the steel works subject to $9,000,000 and a second mortgage on the shipyards plants subject to $16,000,000. The shipyards can get along very well without a steel works; he says they did not contemplate buying his when they organized; but his steel works cannot get along without the shipyards unless he wants to go into the market in competition with the great corporation of which he is President.

"Let him scale his ten-million-dollar second mortgage and the shipyards bondholders scale their sixteen-million-dollar first mortgage to 65 per cent. and let every bondholder of both classes buy an additional 10 per cent. of his holdings in new consolidated mortgage bonds. That will furnish the requisite new capital and would reduce the fixed charges to $1,000,000 per annum. Both classes of bondholders might take preferred stock for the balance of their present bonds, and a more liberal allowance of common stock than is at present proposed to give them might be made to the existing preferred and common stockholders.

"Such an arrangement, while not entirely just to the present first mortgage bondholders, would have in it at least some element of justice.

"While the work of preparing a plan that will be fair to the first mortgage bondholders will rest with a committee of bondholders authorized to put forth a plan at this stage, and I am not authorized to propose any plan, yet it seems to me that the situation would have demanded some such suggestion as has been made."

Mr. Untermyer also said that the complainants would either jointly or with others organize a committee of the first mortgage bondholders for their protection and that they would soon call for a deposit of bonds.

NIXON NOT TO DESERT.

Lewis Nixon, who resigned the Presidency of the company on Saturday, yesterday refused to talk except to make the following statement:

"I am preparing a general review of the whole shipbuilding situation, which I may give out in a few days. My interests are identical with those of other holders of securities, and I propose to stand by them. There will be no delays on Government ships, as work is going well except at the Crescent Yard, where labor troubles have caused a temporary shut-down."

George R. Sheldon, representing the reorganization committee, declined to comment on the controversy in any way.

A representative of Mr. Schwab said that the talk of the bondholders about giving away the Bethlehem Steel Company was a "big bluff," as the Bethlehem Steel Company was the backbone of the entire combination.

AMUSEMENTS.

SOUTH FIELD COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
116th St. & Amsterdam Ave. All car lines.
To-night and Wednesday Evg., 8:30.
In the event of rain the performance will take place the following day.
WEDNESDAY MATINEE AT 3.
OPEN AIR As You Like It
By the same company recently seen at the University Settlement Benefit at South Field.
Reserved Seats - - - - - - $2.00
Admission - - - - - - 1.00
On sale at regular prices at all hotel ticket agencies and at South Field box office.

HERALD SQ. Theatre, B'way and 35th St. Evgs. 8:20. Mat., Sat. 2:15.
THE KNICKERBOCKER GIRL.

GARRICK Theatre, 35th St., near Broadway. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
In the really funniest show in town. HENRY E.
"FACING THE MUSIC," DIXEY
preceded by "Over a Welsh Rarebit." Mr. Dixey in both.

KNICKERBOCKER Theatre, B'way & 38th St. Evenings, 8:15. Matinee Sat., 2:15.
A Ringing Triumph. Lederer's presentation of
Blanche Ring in The Blonde in Black

BROADWAY THEATRE, 41st St. & B'way. Ev. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
Special Prices Wed. Mats., 50c. to 1.50.
"Vos You Efer in Cincinnati?"
Henry W. Savage's New Musical Comedy Success
PRINCE OF PILSEN

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.
2d W'k Every Evg. at 8:30. DUSS AND HIS ORCHESTRA. Soloist, Miss Mary Howe.
"Venice in New York" Special! To-morrow, Gounod Night.
Res'd seats on "The Island," $1. General Admission, 50c. Knabe Piano Used

CASINO THE RUNAWAYS
To-night at 8.15
AND MISS FAY TEMPLETON.

PROCTOR'S COMEDY & VAUD. SHOWS. 25c. 50c. Every Aft. & Ev. Res. 75c. Bx. Sts. $1.
23d St. Big Continuous Vaudeville. WHO IS BROWN?
5th Av. The Woman Hater. Cont. Vaudeville.
58th St.
125th St. Kindred Souls. Big Vaudeville.

Manhattan Broadway & 33d St. Ev. 8:20. Mat. Wed. & Sat.
THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET

PARADISE ROOF GARDENS 42 St., B'y & 7 Ave. Roofs of Victoria & Belasco Theatres EVERY EVG. from 8 o'clock to midnight.
Program of Overwhelming Novelty.

MAJESTIC GRAND CIRCLE. B'way & 59th St. Evgs. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2.
WIZARD OF OZ BEST SEATS, Wed. Mat., $1.00.
with Montgomery & Stone. Ev. & Sat. Mat. $1.50.

2:15 8:15 CIRCLE Broadway and 60th St.
ADJIE AND HER LIONS FOY & CLARK HILDA THOMAS.
STUART BARNES and a host of other Stars.

LUNA PARK The Heart of Coney Island. All the Thompson & Dundy Shows.

TERRACE GARDEN 58th & 59th Sts. near Lex. Ave.
"BOCCACCIO."

KEITH'S B'way and 14 St. BEST SHOW IN TOWN. 30—GREAT ACTS—30 PRICES 25c. and 50c.

MURRAY HILL THEA. Lex. Av. and 42d St. Matinee Every Day, 25c. Farewell Week, "The Rivals."

ST. NICHOLAS Summer Garden. 66 St. Col. Av. Evs., incl. Sunday. Adm. 50c. CREATORE and his Band of 65.

BOSTOCK'S

H&S Hurtig & Seamon's, W. 125th. Jas. R. Waite & Co., Madge Fox & Co., Charles Ernest. Mat. To-m'w

DEWEY E. 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. MANHATTAN BURLESQUERS.

WEST END Reserved Seats 25 & 50c. "The Banker's Daughter."

THE TURF.

BROOKLYN JOCKEY CLUB RACES.
Adm. to Grand Stand, $2. Adm. to Field Stand 50c. [illegible]

RECEIVER FOR C. F. JUDSON.

Real Estate Man, Club Member, and Ardsley Resident in Business Difficulties.

Judge Truax of the Supreme Court has appointed John T. Little receiver in supplementary proceedings for Cyrus Field Judson, promoter and real estate operator of 135 Broadway, on the application of Harris & Fuller, stock brokers, who obtained a judgment against him for $3,195 on a note. Deputy Sheriff Snedden received an execution against Mr. Judson yesterday for $7,512 in favor of Franklin Scott & Co. for balance due on stock transactions, principally International Power and American Locomotive shares, between Feb. 10 and July 10, 1902. A transcript of a judgment from Kings County was filed here yesterday against Mr. Judson for $36,188 in favor of George B. Salisbury & Co., stock brokers, of this city. A judgment was also obtained against him yesterday in the City Court for $831 in favor of Julius C. Rosenthal.

Mr. Judson is a grandson of the late Cyrus W. Field. He began the real estate business in 1889. A few years ago he became President of the General Carriage Company, which became financially embarrassed; he was formerly a Director of the International Power Company.

Mr. Judson is President of the Westchester County Realty Company, Secretary and Treasurer of the Cuba Quarry Company, a Director of the Ardsley Casino, a member of the Calumet, University, Yale, St. Anthony, (Delta Psi,) Racquet and Tennis, New York Yacht, and Ardsley Casino Clubs.

The International Air Power Company was incorporated in New Jersey. In March the name was changed to International Power Company.

The Directors were J. H. Hoadley, Joseph Leiter, Cyrus F. Judson, George W. Hoadley, A. H. Hoadley, W. Seward Webb, George H. Longbottom, J. H. Snow, and Lewis Nixon. On May 1 it was announced that Mr. Judson had resigned the previous day, and J. H. Hoadley, in a newspaper interview, said that it was at his request. The preferred stock of the company was quoted yesterday at 67¼ and the common at 41¼.

RAIN HINDERS CAMP WORK.

Guardsmen in a Scrimmage with Intoxicated Visitors from Peekskill.

Special to The New York Times.

PEEKSKILL, June 15.—The Twenty-second Regiment of Engineers have a new name for their rendezvous. This morning the name of "Camp Porter" was decided upon by the authorities for the name of the camp during the week, in honor of Josiah Porter, once Adjutant General of the State of New York.

It has rained all day. Guard mount was held this morning, but that has been the only ceremonial of the day. Evening parade to-night was omitted because of the rain. The engineering work planned for to-day had to be abandoned. Col. Bogart took a party of officers this morning on a reconnoitering tour on the plain and in the valley, and plans were made for trench building and earthworks and entrenchments, and all that sort of thing on the morrow, with the proviso that it does not rain. He delivered a lecture on engineering work to the officers in his tent this afternoon.

The officer of the day for to-morrow has been announced as Capt. Dyett of Company H, and officer of the guard Lieut. Stevens, Company F. In honor of Flag Day many of the guardsmen wore small flags.

Col. Appleton, accompanied by his Quartermaster and Commissary, Capt. Schuyler and Capt. Myers of the Seventh, were in campt last evening looking over the grounds preparatory to the visit of their regiment next week.

Capt. Henry S. Sternberger's department, the commissary, located in the building before occupied by the restaurant, was visited by five Peekskill men last evening who had imbibed too freely. They demanded something to eat. When told that there was no restaurant there they were not satisfied. They said it always had been a restaurant and must be now. Still denied, one of them jumped over the improvised railing and snatched a chunk of beef. A Sergeant grabbed the intruder, who was promptly flung out into the street. A general scrimmage was about to take place when a detail came up, arrested the civilians, conveyed them over to the guard tents, and after a severe scolding and a warning to leave the camp instantly they were discharged. They departed without ceremony, and when outside the bounds began to quarrel among themselves.

MAGISTRATE MOTT PROMPTED TO VOTE

Against Protest the Aged Judge Casts Deciding Ballot.

Contest in the Board Over the Clerkship in the New Eighth District.

The Board of City Magistrates met last night in the West Side Police Court Building. All of the fourteen Magistrates were present. The present incumbents were re-elected Clerks in the old police court districts. In the new Eighth District Lawrence V. Connoven was chosen, after a contest, in the course of which Magistrate Mott's vote was challenged.

The first division came on the question of a clerk in the Second District, where there were two candidates—Ludwig F. Thoma, the present incumbent, and William Whittaker. The Magistrates, when their names were called, answered with the name of their choice. When Magistrate Mott's name was called he looked helplessly about the tables, and when Magistrate Deuel, who was presiding, restated the question, he said vaguely, "I don't know."

The question was then several times restated very carefully, and Magistrate Mott still seeming not to comprehend, Magistrate Cornell moved "that Magistrate Mott be excused from voting." Magistrate Flammer raised the point of order that Magistrate Mott had not asked to be excused, and the Chair sustained the point.

Then Magistrate Crane, who sat next to Magistrate Mott, suggested that Thomas was the incumbent, and Magistrate Mott said, "I vote for him," still in a dreamy voice, and the vote proceeded.

Everything went smoothly till it came to the election of a clerk in the new district. This time again there were two nominations, Mr. Connoven and William Chamberlain.

Again Magistrate Mott, when his name was called, did not appear to understand, and again the question was restated carefully. Yet it was not until Magistrate Crane again suggested the name that Magistrate Mott voted "Connoven." The vote stood then 8 for Connoven and 6 for Chamberlain.

Magistrate Barlow rose and said: "I challenge Judge Mott's vote."

Magistrate Flammer said he thought the board could not reject a member's vote when that member was present, and Magistrate Deuel ruled as follows:

"I think," said he, "this board has no power to reject Judge Mott's vote while Judge Mott is present. I so rule and I declare Mr. Connoven elected."

Magistrate Barlow sat down visibly displeased and the board soon adjourned. After the calling to order and previous to the elections, a recess of an hour was taken, during which time the members of the board remained behind closed doors. Magistrate Deuel said afterward that the board has sent no official communication to Police Commissioner Greene. This in answer to a question as to whether the recess had not been occupied with the consideration of such a matter.

It was understood that most of the time of the session was taken up with the consideration of whether or not, in view of Magistrate Mott's illness, the voting should be held publicly. It is said that several of the members of the board were anxious that all of the meeting should be held behind closed doors.

BROKERS THINK SULLY AT WORK IN LONDON.

Cotton War for Higher Prices Carried Into Europe—New York Exchange Has One of the Wildest Openings in Its History.

When Daniel F. Sully, the one-time bull leader of the cotton market here, sailed for Europe a few weeks ago, it was given out that he was going to take a rest after the strenuous work of getting up a corner in cotton, in which he had been engaged here for several months. According to dispatches received from Liverpool by cotton firms in this city during the last week, it now turns out that the real purpose of Mr. Sully's departure apparently was to carry the cotton war for higher prices into Europe.

Shortly after his arrival in Liverpool the market there began to show signs of unusual excitement. The Liverpool market as a rule is quiet and dignified, even in times of activity. Recently, however, the Liverpool market has behaved worse than the market here. Every morning for some days reports of a wild opening have come from the English cotton centre. For some time nobody could explain what the reason for it was. It is now believed that the cause of it all is Mr. Sully. As one broker put it yesterday, it seems to be a case of "Mr. Sully-ully-ully-ooo."

Futures abroad opened up 20 points and more yesterday in Liverpool. Of course, New York followed suit. The opening here was one of the wildest in the history of the Exchange. Orders from Europe and New Orleans came in such volume that the shorts were badly frightened, and a regular stampede followed. The first bids were from 10 to 30 points up, the biggest advances being in the late Summer and early Fall months. This was due to the fact that the bull campaign has been extended from the July option to the August, and new crop month deliveries. The shorts in July are about all under cover, but there are still a goodly number of bears in the August option. The rounding up of those who are still at large was, it is supposed, the object of the buying movement yesterday.

In all their operations the bulls seem to have had the weather man as a persistent ally. For months it has rained when the crops needed sunshine, and the sun has shone when rain was wanted. There are a few persons in Wall Street who are now willing to gamble that this alliance will soon be broken. In the meantime, however, Mr. Sully, Col. Brown, and the other bulls are making money while the weather is still with them.

It was said yesterday that if Mr. Sully should be favored abroad in his operations as he has been here he will not only be able to pay his traveling expenses, but also to put a dollar or so into his savings bank, to say nothing of a few purchases for personal adornment.

The August option touched the 12-cent mark yesterday, though at the close it had reached 11.96, an advance for the day of 14 points. The September option advanced from 10.97 to 11.37, and other options showed similar gains.

New Orleans Cotton Bullish.

NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—The cotton market was again irregular and excited at to-day's opening, and there was a stiff advance caused by a continuance of the bullish operations of the Egyptian clique in Liverpool and the receipt of unfavorable crop news from the belt. July advanced 14 points to 13.55; August, 13, to 13.38; September, 18, to 11.74; October, 19, to 10.84, and December, 22, to 10.10. Locally trading was heaviest in the new crop months, due to poor crop outlook. Rain fell where it was needed, and warmer weather is wanted.

TUNNEL ROOF GIVES WAY.

Workmen Escape Just in Time from Weak Spot in the Subway.

Twenty Italian workmen had a narrow escape from injury yesterday morning, when a section of the roof of the Rapid Transit tunnel fell in at One Hundred and Fourth Street, between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue.

The men were working forty feet under ground when one noticed that some of the supporting timbers were sagging. He notified his foreman and the latter shouted to the men to run. They fled toward the shaft at One Hundred and Fourth Street and Central Park West, two blocks away. Just as they reached it they heard a crash. Fifty feet of the roof of the tunnel had fallen in, blocking it with tons of stone.

The foreman said it would take several days to clear the tunnel of the earth and rock. The men were working for Isaac A. Hopper.

PLEA FOR NEGRO'S VOTE

Republican Club Wants Congress to Investigate.

Committee Recommends That Representation Be Cut Down Wherever the Suffrage Is Abridged, North or South.

The Republican Club of the City of New York held its monthly meeting last night in its new home, 54-56 West Fortieth Street, the opening of the clubhouse being coincident with the meeting, at which resolutions were passed asking Congress to take up the question of suffrage as affected by the disfranchisement of the negro in the Southern States. Louis Stern, President of the club, presided, welcoming the members to their new home.

C. H. Denison, Chairman of the Committee on National Affairs, read the report of the committee on the subject of resolutions introduced at the last two meetings of the club which dealt with the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments of the Federal Constitution and the advisability of a reapportionment in States where the right of suffrage has been abridged.

Mr. Denison, in his report, urged the "wisdom of including involuntary servitude in the Thirteenth Amendment, which had become evident in the light of recent charges that a qualified form of slavery has been instituted in wide sections of the South in the form of peonage, founded on crimes often unjustly pronounced, which are used as a subterfuge for indefinite or perpetual servitude."

Continuing, he read in part as follows:

"An interesting question arises as to the effect of the Fifteenth on the Fourteenth Amendment. It is claimed by some that the Fifteenth Amendment abrogates the authority conferred on Congress by the Fourteenth, to reduce the representation in States where the suffrage is abridged on account of race or previous condition. Others with equal persistency maintain the opinion that the only effect of the Fifteenth on the Fourteenth is to annul the consent implied in the Fourteenth that the suffrage may be reduced on account of race, and that the penalty, or condition, or consequence, whichever it may be called, of a reduced representation, remains. Their contention is, reducing the two amendments to equivalent terms, 'You shall not abridge the suffrage on the ground of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, but if you do it on this or any other ground than crime, your representation shall be reduced.' This, however, is a question for judicial determination.

"It is generally considered that the three amendments were for the protection of the negro, but whatever may have been the particular interest of the framers of them, it is clear that an educational qualification for the exercise of the suffrage is one of the conditions covered by the Fourteenth Amendment, and that it applies to any State, North or South, that restricts the suffrage on the ground of illiteracy, and there should be no hesitancy in enforcing it in Massachusetts if an attempt is made to enforce it in North Carolina, if the abridgement of the suffrage in both States is for the same cause. It needs no argument to show that a cheerful acquiescence in any rule should not be expected except when its application is made impartial.

"Our cordial sympathy is extended to every community struggling with a debased or ignorant suffrage, and we should rejoice to see illiteracy excluded from the franchise throughout the Republic, and applied of course without distinction of class. But in those States whose Constitutions comprise what is known as 'the grandfather clause,' the intent to discriminate against the negro could not have been made more plain if his exclusion from the suffrage had been expressed in the most specific and descriptive terms.

"For some years past we have heard it asserted that the elimination of the negro from politics, and only that, can break 'the solid South.' And the strangest thing in the whole controversy is to hear leading Southern Republicans reiterating this statement; deploring the fact that the South is held solidly Democratic; urging that the rapidly developing industries of that section need the Republican policy of protection; that but for the color question the Republican Party would triumphantly carry the South; and yet themselves joining with the Democrats to take the ballot from the negro, the only class that can be relied upon to vote the Republican ticket in Presidential campaigns at least, and give it to the illiterate whites who are equally certain to vote for the Democratic policy of idleness and stagnation.

"The Solid South is 'loaded dice' with which the Democratic Party plays. One hundred and twelve votes are assured to them in every Presidential election by methods abhorrent to every conception of justice or fair dealing. These we have to offset before the chances are even."

Mr. Denison then read a set of resolutions stating that it was admitted that in certain States citizens are denied the right to vote at elections for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States and other offices, including the representatives in Congress, and that while acknowledging the authority in any State to make provision for the exclusion of illiterates this should be without distinction of race, class, or condition. The resolutions called for a searching investigation as to the extent to which the suffrage had been abridged.

A. B. Humphrey, in seconding the resolutions, said the negroes were organizing to oppose disenfranchisement, and that was the best evidence of their qualification for the franchise. The business men of New York did not have an equal chance in National legislation, when they sent a man like Douglass to represent them, who was opposed by a delegation of fourteen, whose total vote was not equal to the one he received.

Ex-Judge Hawes, in seconding the resolutions, said that they were not quite as full as he would have them. Continuing he said:

"But they contain the central idea that the people are to be stirred up as they were in the days of slavery, and that the National conscience is to be again aroused by the people who are not satisfied with a country one-half democratic and the other half aristocratic."

The following resolution was also passed:

"Resolved, That the Republican Club indorses President Roosevelt's spirited campaign to purify the public service."

The meeting was adjourned and the members, after looking over their new home, were served with refreshments. The clubhouse is situated at the south side of Fortieth Street, facing Bryant Park. The building is eleven stories in height. The first three floors are devoted to general club purposes.

The first floor is occupied by the reception and lounging room, office, and at the rear a large grillroom. On the second floor there are lounging and billiard rooms. The library and committee rooms are on the third floor. Five floors are devoted to fifty-five rooms and suites. The ninth and tenth floors are devoted to the restaurant and banquet hall, and provision has been made for a roof garden for the Summer time.

ARDSLEY CLUB MYSTERY CLUE.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., June 15.—Detective Fields, who was in charge of the men investigating the killing of John Heffernan near the Ardsley Club, has been away from here for a week now, although the other detectives have kept up the investigation.

It is now said that Fields is still working upon a clue furnished by Chief of Police Minnerley of North Tarrytown. The Chief says he told Fields a week ago about the information, and that Fields at that time seemed to consider it the probable solution. Because it might interfere with Fields's work, Chief Minnerley will not go into details, but what he told the detective was that a girl, friendly with a wealthy man, had written to Heffernan, and that the latter quarreled with the man concerned.

How he came into possession of this information, which he says is absolutely correct, Chief Minnerley will not say. He says, however, that this affair leads again to the Ardsley Club. The Chief says he knows where this girl is and that she can be produced, but refuses to tell where she is being sheltered.

"Jack" Williams, who was arrested at Hastings Sunday morning, and who resembles somewhat the man who did the shooting as described by Miss Campbell, to-day was sent to jail for three months as a vagrant.

Picked Up a Capsized Yacht.

Capt. William S. Kirvy of the steam yacht Luske reported to the East Twenty-second Street police last night that while cruising in East Chester Bay, between Throgg's Neck and City Island, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, he picked up a capsized sailboat about twenty feet long. She had all sails set, was painted white outside, green inside, and had a pair of green oars and a fishing pole and reel. He thinks the yacht was capsized Sunday and that those who were in it were drowned in a squall.

Old Woodcraft Revived

is the feeling strongly expressed in our reproductions of old oaken furniture for the Living Room or Library.

Oak under the subdued treatment of our brown fumed finish, suggests a positive touch of the craftsman's simple thought, in producing sturdy pieces for comfort and serviceability.

Grand Rapids Furniture Company
(Incorporated)
34th Street, West, Nos. 155-157.
"Minute from Broadway."

CARS OPEN TO WEATHER

"Smokers" Run by Metropolitan on Recent Chilly, Rainy Days.

Manager Root Says That the More Seasonable Vehicles Are Stored and Hard of Access.

In the preponderating number of open cars which the Metropolitan Street Railway Company has been running during the last few days of chilly weather, men and women who travel on the surface cars have been led to wonder who figures out the apportionment.

Men without overcoats and women without wraps have wondered where the man got his idea as to what the public needs or wants. Standing on Broadway and waiting for a car affording some protection from the driving rain and chilly winds was to indulge in the phantom of hope. Men, coat collars turned up, sat in open cars braving the chilly blasts, and here and there women sought to shield babies in their arms.

Oren Root, as General Manager of the company, does the figuring as to the number of open, half-open, and closed cars which shall be run. His quarrel is with the weather man, who, he contends, keeps him guessing, and often deceives him entirely.

"In compliance with an ordinance which the Board of Aldermen passed a year or two ago," he said, "we run one open to four closed cars during the Summer months. We can hardly start them too early or run them too late for passengers on the Second and Third Avenue lines. They like them immensely there. On other lines we sometimes hear from women, more particularly when it is cool.

"We have about 1,000 open and 155 half-open cars. The open cars cost $3,500 each. That is, as you see, roughly, about $4,000,000 worth of property which lies idle half the year. That is for the comfort of the public.

"We are compelled, for various reasons, to get the closed cars out of the way in Summer and the open cars in Winter. We do it by hoisting them to an upper floor in our various stations. Now, pleasing the public means money to us. If anybody can suggest a handier way for storing the cars we would like to hear from them.

"We exercise the best judgment we can command about the time for housing these cars. You will admit that it would ordinarily be assumed that in the middle of June the closed cars might be safely out of the way. It is hardly practical to haul them down and up again from day to day.

"There is, however, something else to be considered. We may be found wanting in discretion on days when the thermometer drops by leaps and bounds. It is again not practicable, even if we keep a fair percentage of closed cars handy, to interfere with the daily routine of the system. To make a crew change from open to closed during the forenoon or afternoon is not as easy as it seems. The change cannot be made in the middle of trips—there is the 'car ahead' proposition, you know.

"It keeps me busy figuring on the weather. I've tried to get the weather man aside, looked at the sky and all that, but in the end he beats me out. I thought a change was coming—a change which would make open cars a pleasure and a comfort.

"This year the early hot spell fooled us some. The public is sometimes, if not unreasonable, thoughtless. We want to please. It means money to us. But a large plant like ours cannot be run like a little horse car line."

"But the weather has continued cool for several days," was suggested.

"Yes, but would you say that it would continue until to-morrow?"

BRIDGE CAR OFF THE TRACK.

Tears Up the Third Rail and an Electrical Display Results—Traffic Blocked Two Hours.

The rear truck of the last car of a bridge train bound for New York jumped the track just outside the Brooklyn terminal shortly after 11 o'clock yesterday morning, and delayed traffic for about two hours. The car was dragged over a hundred feet before the train was stopped and the truck ripped up a section of the third rail, causing a bewildering electrical display.

The passengers in the car, feeling it bumping along the sleepers and being blinded by the flashes of electricity, were in a state of terror. When the switchman turned off the power, however, they were easily assured of their safety and were helped from the car, which seemed to be in danger of falling on to the trolley tracks below.

Engineer C. C. Martin of the Department of Bridges put a large force of men to work on the wreck, and in less than two hours the cars were running as usual.

As a result of the blockade the crowds were forced to use the trolley cars, causing a good deal of confusion. A squad of police, from the City Hall Station under Roundsman Tyler, were sent to the spot to regulate the traffic.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

	A. M.		P. M.		P. M.
Sun rises	4:28	Sun sets	7:32	Moon sets	11:23

High Water This Day.

	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook	11:24	Gov. Isl'd	11:40	H. Gate	1:36
	P. M.		P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook	11:58	Gov. Isl'd	11:50	H. Gate	1:46

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
TO-DAY, (TUESDAY,) JUNE 16.		
Iroquois, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Jamestown, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Roma, Naples		
Seguranca, Central America	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Umbria, Naples, Genoa, &c	8:30 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17.		
Colorado, Hull		
Comus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
Denver, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Germanic, Liverpool	8:30 A. M. *10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Kiowa, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Maracas, Trinidad	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Monroe, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
New York, Southampton	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	7:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
THURSDAY, JUNE 18.		
Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
El Norte, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Koenigin Luise, Bremen		10:00 A. M.
La Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Seneca, Guantanamo and Tampico	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Vigilancia, Havana and Mexican ports	8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
FRIDAY, JUNE 19.		
Arapahoe, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Cedric, Liverpool	9:00 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Jefferson, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Menominee, London		6:00 A. M.
San Marcos, Mobile and Brunswick		3:00 P. M.
SATURDAY, JUNE 20.		
Anchoria, Glasgow	9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
El Paso, New Orleans		12:00 M.
Etruria, Liverpool via Queenstown	8:30 A. M. *10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Finland, Antwerp	8:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Flandria, Inagua and Haiti	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Gregory, Brazil via Para and Manaos	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Jamestown, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Koenig Albert, Naples	8:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Maracaibo, Curacao and Venezuela	8:30 A. M. *9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Mesaba, London		9:00 A. M.
Mexico, Cuba via Havana	10:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Nueces, Galveston via Key West		3:00 P. M.
Ponce, Porto Rico via San Juan	9:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
Pretoria, Hamburg		1:00 P. M.
Prins Maurits, Haiti, Curacao, &c	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Saint Andrew, Antwerp		
Silvia, Newfoundland	7:00 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Trinidad, Bermuda	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Valencia, Fortune Island, Jamaica, &c	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
MONDAY, JUNE 22.		
Monroe, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
TUESDAY, JUNE 23.		
Apache, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Aurania, Liverpool via Queenstown		3:00 P. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen	10:30 A. M. *12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Parima, St. Thomas, St. Croix, &c	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Saratoga, Colon	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at §5:30 A. M., (the connecting mails close here on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M., (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. every Tuesday and Thursday. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M. Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail close here Mondays at §11:30 P. M.) Mails for Costa Rica, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M. Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at §11:30 P. M.)

§Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for Vladivostok, via Seattle, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §18, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Pleiades. Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Victoria. Mails for New Zealand, Australia, (except West Australia,) New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after May §30 and up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Sierra. (If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New Zealand does not arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails—closing at 5:30 A. M., 9:30 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.; Sundays at 4:30 A. M., 9 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.—will be made up and forwarded until the arrival of the Cunard steamer.) Mails for Australia, (except West Australia,) Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, (specially addressed only,) via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Moana. Mails for China and Japan, via Seattle, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §21, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Iyo Maru. Mails for Hawaii, Japan, and China, and specially addressed mail for the Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §22, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Gaelic. Mails for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §26, inclusive, for dispatch per United States transport. Mails for Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §29, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Alameda. Mails for China and Japan, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §30, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Empress of China. (Merchandise for United States Postal Agency at Shanghai cannot be forwarded via Canada.) Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to July §5, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Mariposa.

Note.—Unless otherwise addressed, West Australia is forwarded via Europe; and New Zealand and Philippines via San Francisco—the quickest routes. Philippines specially addressed "via Canada" or "via Europe" must be fully prepaid at the foreign rates. Hawaii is forwarded via San Francisco exclusively.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (TUESDAY,) JUNE 16.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville, June 14.
City of Savannah, Savannah, June 13.
Colorado, Brunswick, June 10.
Comus, New Orleans, June 11.
El Norte, New Orleans, June 8.
Excelsior, Galveston, June 10.
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen, June 9.
Lahn, Genoa, June 4.
Saratoga, Colon, June 9.
St. Andrew, Antwerp, May 30.
Valencia, Port Limon, June 3.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17.
El Alba, Galveston, June 11.
Friedrich der Grosse, Bremen, June 6.
Majestic, Liverpool, June 9.
Nueces, Galveston, June 10.

THURSDAY, JUNE 18.
Aurania, Liverpool, April 9.
Egyptian Prince, Barbados, June 10.
Graf Waldersee, Hamburg, June 6.

FRIDAY, JUNE 19.
Lombardia, Naples, June 5.
Phoenicia, Naples, June 5.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20.
Algeria, Gibraltar, June 7.
Bluecher, Hamburg, June 11.
Boston City, Swansea, June 3.
Campania, Liverpool, June 13.
Celtic, Liverpool, June 12.
Columbia, Glasgow, June 12.
Philadelphia, Southampton, June 13.

SUNDAY, JUNE 21.
La Gascogne, Havre, June 13.
Pawnee, Gibraltar, June 7.

Arrived.

SS Cevic, (Br.,) Clarke, Liverpool, June 4, with mdse. and passengers to the White Star Line. Arrived at the Bar at 3:10 P. M.

United States supply steamship Culgoa, Commander Doyle, San Juan, Porto Rico, June 10.

SS Jamestown, Hiller, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS El Norte, Gardner, Galveston, June 10, with mdse. to the Southern Pacific Company.

SS Colorado, (Br.,) Cox, Hull, May 24, and Boston, June 13, with mdse. and passengers to Sanderson & Son. Arrived at the Bar at 12:30 A. M.

SS Manna Hata, Charles, Baltimore, with mdse. to H. C. Foster.

SS Finland, Albrecht, Antwerp, June 6, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the International Mercantile Marine Company. Arrived at the Bar at 6:51 A. M.

SS Trinidad, (Br.,) Fraser, Bermuda, June 11, with mdse., passengers, and mails to A. E. Outerbridge & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 11:45 A. M.

SS United States, (Dan.,) new, 6,000 tons, Wulff, Copenhagen, June 3, Christiania, 4th, and Christiansand, 5th, with mdse., passengers, and mails to Funch, Edye & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 11:45 A. M.

SS Mesaba, (Br.,) Tubb, London, June 6, with mdse. and passengers to the Atlantic Transport Company. Southeast of Fire Island at 7:39 P. M.

SS Maracaibo, Perry, Maracaibo, &c., June 4, with mdse., passengers, and mails to Boulton, Bliss & Dallett. Arrived at the Bar at 7:45 P. M.

SS Potsdam, (Dutch,) Potjer, Rotterdam and Boulogne, June 6, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the Holland-America Line. Arrived at the Bar at 8:15 P. M.

Sailed.

SS Albano, (Ger.,) for Newport News.
SS Ramon de Larrinaga, (Span.,) for Havana, Cardenas, &c.
SS Jefferson, for Norfolk and Newport News.
SS Fenchurch, (Br.,) for St. John, N. B.

By Cable.

LONDON, June 15.—SS Kroonland, Capt. Doxrud, from New York for Antwerp, passed Isle of Wight to-day.

SS Wells City, (Br.,) Carey, from New York, arr. at Bristol June 13.

SS Satsuma, (Br.,) Capt. Chubb, from New York via Norfolk for Singapore, Manila, &c., arr. at Aden yesterday.

SS Grosser Kurfuerst, (Ger.,) Capt. Reimkasten, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg, arr. at Bremen yesterday.

SS Umbria, (Br.,) Capt. Dutton, from New York, arr. at Liverpool to-day.

SS Hohenzollern, (Ger.,) Capt. Meisel, from New York for Naples and Genoa, arr. at Gibraltar at 7 A. M. to-day and proceeded.

SS Bratsberg, (Nor.,) Capt. Bjonness, from New York, arr. at St. Thomas to-day.

SS Zanzibar, (Br.,) Capt. Robinson, for New York, sld. from Leith June 13.

SS Sobralense, (Br.,) Capt. Evans, from New York via Barbados, arr. at Para June 13.

SS Hesperia, (Br.,) Capt. Blaikie, from New York for Gibraltar and Naples, arr. at Madeira to-day.

SS New York, (Dutch,) Capt. Butz, from Rotterdam via Hull for New York, passed Prawle Point June 15.

SS St. Nicholas, (Br.,) Capt. Lewis, from Antwerp for New York, passed Prawle Point yesterday.

SS Manitou, (Br.,) Capt. Cannons, from New York for Southampton and this port, passed Scilly to-day.

SS Patria, (Port.,) Capt. Marreiros, from New York via New Bedford, arr. at Oporto June 8.

SS Dresden, (Ger.,) Capt. Bendermann, from New York and Baltimore, arr. at Bremen June 12.

SS British Princess, (Br.,) Capt. Freeth, from New York via Gravesend, arr. at Antwerp yesterday.

SS Glacier, (United States supply steamer,) Capt. Gilmour, from the Philippines for New York, sld. from Malta June 6.

SS Belgravia, (Ger.,) Capt. Meyerdiercks, for New York, sld. from Hamburg June 13.

SS Lacroma, (Aust.,) Capt. Parovich, from Trieste, &c., for New York, sld. from Barcelona June 13.

SS California, (Br.,) Capt. Kelson, for New York, sld. from Naples June 13.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, (Ger.,) Capt. Richter, from New York for Cherbourg and Bremen, arr. at Plymouth at 8:10 P. M. to-day and proceeded.

SS Prinzess Irene, (Ger.,) Capt. Dannemann, from Genoa and Naples for New York, sld. from Gibraltar at 2 P. M. to-day.

SS Gulf of Ancud, (Br.,) Capt. Story, from Manila for New York, passed Perim yesterday.

SS Patria, (Ital.,) Capt. Gotusso, from Marseilles and Naples for New York, passed Gibraltar yesterday.

SS Prins Willem III., (Dutch,) Capt. Jutte, from New York via West Indies and Paramaribo for Havre and Amsterdam, passed Punta Ferraria to-day.

SS Cymric, (Br.,) Capt. Thompson, from New York via Queenstown, arr. at Liverpool to-day.

SS Ohio, (Br.,) Capt. Wards, from New York for Newcastle, arr. at this port to-day.

SS Astoria, (Br.,) Capt. Wilson, from New York for Glasgow, arr. at Moville, 15th, and proceeded.

THE BIG STORE A CITY IN ITSELF
SIEGEL COOPER CO.
SIXTH AVE. 18TH TO 19TH STS.

Important Special Sales At the Siegel Cooper Store.

TUESDAY at The Big Store is always vivid with interest. To-day it will be more than usually so, for many highly important sales of Summer merchandise are in full swing.

IMPORTED LACES at *2c., 3c., 5c.* and *10c.* a yard. All the most popular designs and effects. (19th St. Aisle, Main Fl.)

WASH GOODS at *6c., 12½c., 15c.* and *25c.* a yard. The savings at these prices are in every instance really extraordinary.

SAMPLES OF FINE CHINA at *10c., 25c., 50c., $1.00* and *$2.00.* Samples of the patterns that will be displayed next Fall. (3d Floor, Centre.)

POPULAR SHEET MUSIC at *12c.* per copy. All the big Broadway hits. (3d Floor, East.)

PONGEE SILKS that formerly sold as high as 85c. a yard reduced to *29c.* (Main Floor, Front.)

In addition to the foregoing there are hundreds of other special sales to-day. Every floor unites in making it a most interesting Tuesday.

Ask for "Sperry & Hutchinson" Green Trading Stamps When Making Purchases.

ACCOUNTS OPENED WITH EVERYBODY
CAREY & SIDES
Largest Credit Clothiers and Tailors
We have two trump cards—our no extra charge credit system and our excellent values. These have been our leads for over seventeen years.
MEN'S AND BOYS'
CLOTHING ON CREDIT
READY MADE AND TO ORDER
Ready made Suits and Overcoats, $10, $15, and $20. TO ORDER, $20, $25, and $30. Cravenette Rainproof Overcoats, $15 to $35. Boys' Suits, $3 to $12. Tuxedo and Full Dress Suits, silk lined, to order, $30, $35, and $40. Silk and Fancy Vests, $3 to $6. Men's Hats, $2.50. Write for terms, price list, and fashion book.
Open Saturdays until 10:30; Mondays, 9.
WEEKLY AND MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
80-82 4th Av., Just Above 10th St., N.Y.

AVOID NOSE TORTURE.
Wear Levoy's new clip, attached to your eyeglasses, 35c; no pinching, no tilting, no falling; oculists' prescriptions filled; quick repairing; factory on premises. B. M. LEVOY, 24 East 23d. Telephone, 2959—18th.

Before and After Shaving
Use Glenn's Sulphur Soap before and after shaving and the face will not break out. Glenn's Sulphur Soap is the finest toilet, bath, shampoo and shaving soap on the market. Sold by druggists.
HILL'S HAIR and WHISKER DYE, black or brown, 50 cents.

The New York Times.

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HUNTING THE RASCALS.

Nobody will call Senator PLATT to account for his assertion that the scandals in the Post Office Department are "an inheritance from the last Cleveland Administration," unless it be Mr. CHARLES EMORY SMITH. We think Mr. SMITH ought to do it; for Mr. PLATT's charge, if true, would involve him in the deepest disgrace. It is conceivable that dishonesty, corruption, and bribery might develop during the administration of a Postmaster General taking office, as Mr. BONAMY did in 1898, soon after the executive power was transferred from one party to the other. Manifestly these rascals whom Mr. PAYNE is now hunting out must have begun their rascalities during Mr. SMITH's administration, if they did not begin them before. But Mr. SMITH may in some degree excuse himself by saying that he had every reason to trust the men of his own party who took office under him, and that the corruptions now disclosed were never brought to his knowledge. But how could he excuse himself if it were established that taking charge of the Post Office Department almost at the beginning of the first Administration of President McKINLEY, he permitted wicked Democrats who had come into the department under Mr. BISSELL or Mr. WILSON to continue their predatory practices unmolested by him? Mr. PERRY S. HEATH, and the appointees and heelers of Mr. PERRY S. HEATH, he might trust implicitly as members of his own Grand Old Party. All Democrats he would regard with the cold and searching eye of suspicion; that is, if he did his duty to his Government and the Republican organization. No protestations, no excuses, can save the reputation of Mr. SMITH if Mr. PLATT is right about the postal scandals being inherited from the Cleveland Administration.

We are helped to a judgment of the truthfulness of Mr. PLATT's statement by a perusal of the report of President PROCTOR of the Civil Service Commission, giving the results of an inquiry conducted at the request of the Postmaster General into Mr. TULLOCH's charges about the Washington Post Office. Mr. PROCTOR, who is an able officer and a perfectly faithful and fearless one, reports that the Post Office Department has "used the Washington Post Office for political and personal purposes, which left the authority of the Postmaster in transfers and appointments of this sort but little more than nominal"; also that "the investigation seems to show clearly that most of the irregularities herein set forth were directed by the department or requested or suggested by high department officials." During the period to which this report refers, Mr. PERRY S. HEATH was the First Assistant Postmaster General. It is plainly to him that President PROCTOR refers when he speaks of high officials. The rottenness and the violations of law discovered in the Washington Post Office clearly are not an inheritance from Mr. CLEVELAND's time. No more are the scandals growing out of transactions in cash registers, lock-boxes, and other department supplies.

We must, therefore, dissent from the view of Senator PLATT that the bringing of these rascals to justice will "redound splendidly to the credit of the Postmaster General and the Republican Administration." The "credit" gained in these prosecutions will be that which pertains to the honest performance of a plain duty—nothing more. Of that partisan advantage which results from exposing the corruptions of the other side, which is the advantage which Mr. PLATT plainly has in mind, not the least faint trace will accrue to the present Administration. Root, trunk, branch, leaf, and flower, it is a Republican scandal, a scandal directly resulting from the incorrigible political habit of using public office, notably the Post Office Department, for partisan ends. In the Administrations of President McKINLEY and President ROOSEVELT the thieves and "grafters" and bribers and corruptionists have made the Post Office Department the scene of their operations, as the Star Route thieves under the patronage and protection of those eminent Republicans, BRADY and DORSEY, did in the Administration of President GARFIELD.

A decent caution in his comments upon the disclosures in the Post Office Department would be becoming to Senator PLATT. The belief is not diminishing that if the investigation is conducted wholly without fear or favor it will not come to an end until some of his protégés become involved. "Cut the Gloss to the bone" was the command of GARFIELD when the startling extent of the Star Route frauds was revealed to him, together with the fact that names high in the Republican councils would be stretched if the investigation were rigidly made. This is the only sound surgical procedure with an ulcer of the ugly nature of that which is now engaging the professional attention of Postmaster General PAYNE.

KILLING THE GOOSE.

The two "labor troubles" at present most conspicuous in this country equally illustrate the harm that the professional organizers of labor have done to labor. They are the building strike, or rather lock-out, here in New York, and the strike of cooks and waiters and chambermaids in Chicago. Each one of these has been precipitated by the labor politicians. It is perfectly safe to say that none of the men who have brought on the trouble here in New York by their outrageous and intolerable pretensions has done a day's work at any building trade since he became an organizer of labor. It has been made evident, or, since there is a criminal trial or two pending, we must not say evident, but we may say likely, that the agitators have been mercilessly blackmailing one side and selling out the other. And we may be sure that the same state of things exists in Chicago, though the one traitor there discovered is a man who is accused of selling out the employers to the employed.

Meanwhile the honest workman, be he mechanic, cook, or waiter, pays the expense of the transaction. He quits work when he is told to do so, without any clear notion why. And he finds that he has lost so much time and money without any compensating benefit whatever. For both these strikes are evidently failures. The "labor leaders" here in New York are whistling to keep up the courage of their dupes by saying that they can stand the present condition of a suspension of building operations as long as the employers can. But that is a manifest untruth. The difference is between a man who has to go without the profits which he expected to realize from a projected operation and the man who has to go without his breakfast. And, if the strikers had succeeded, in either case or in both, and the walking delegate or other labor leader whose labor is exclusively with his mouth had "shown his power," the success would still have been at the expense of the community, of the building interests of New York in the one case, of the accommodation of travelers in Chicago in the other. Workingmen of any class who make claims which the conditions of the business in which they are engaged will not justify are simply attacking that business and diminishing their own power to earn a living by their trade. They are killing the goose that lays the golden eggs.

Here in New York the employers have announced their intention to fight the walking delegate to a finish, and to put him down once for all. It is a most worthy enterprise, in which they ought to have all the sympathy the public can give them. The man who owes his living to "representing" a trade at which it is his cherished ambition not to work is necessarily seeking his own advantage rather than that of those whom he aspires to represent. His interest is not identical with theirs. It is different, and it may be opposed. He must be under a continual temptation to sell them out, to threaten strikes which can be prevented from coming off by the payment of money to him, to instigate strikes which can be settled by the same means. This he will continue to do so long as he can find dupes among the actual workers who can be persuaded that their interest is his when it is so distinctly not. If the employing builders of New York or the hotel keepers of Chicago can succeed in extirpating the walking delegate, as the former have set out to do, they will be entitled to the gratitude of the community in general, but to the particular gratitude of the workingmen whom the walking delegate exploits under pretense of representing them.

KARAGEORGEVITCH.

The newly elected King of Servia is in a position peculiar, if not historically unique. He has been a claimant to the throne during the reigns of two highly disreputable OBRENOVITCHES, and has of course maintained that his title was better than that of either. Now he has been called to the throne by a vote of the Servian Assembly which is in form unanimous, and which, so far as we can judge, does represent the sense of the Servian people. He combines the claims of popular election and what he would maintain to be hereditary right. There is no other claimant. For the natural son of MILAN by a Turkish mother, who has been brought up to consider himself a "Highness," has no clear reason for so considering himself. The unlamented ALEXANDER took precedence of him, and was so far from recognising him that the immediate occasion of his taking off was probably the belief that he favored the succession of his wife's brother, who had no claim of any kind. Apparently the posting of a placard in Belgrade "proclaiming" the illegitimate Turk, although it attracted enough attention to provoke a street fight, did not represent any serious Servian feeling.

So Prince PETER has no choice but to become King PETER. Nor is it fair to describe him as "the beneficiary of assassination" when assassination merely served to clear the way for his now incontestable claims. Nobody now suspects him of complicity in the massacre of the palace. But he will find himself in a very unpleasant situation. It will be his first duty to prosecute the murderers, and they are the very persons but for whom he would not be in a position to reward or to punish anybody. They undoubtedly expect from him reward and not punishment. If he ignores them in his distribution of offices, it seems that he ignores the majority party. If he recognizes them he becomes a participant in their crime and incurs for himself the scandal of Servia.

What will foreign nations do about it? How can Austria and Russia, which are chiefly concerned, consent to recognize a monarch who rewards not merely assassins, but assassins who have as much flouted the "divine right of Kings" as any murderous Anarchist? As to other nations, the question came up yesterday in the British House of Commons. Mr. BALFOUR's treatment of it was rather non-committal. But it seems that the London Foreign Office has decided to break off diplomatic relations with Servia, provided the new King puts into his Cabinet any of the assassins of his predecessor. That seems a sensible conclusion, and we should expect the precedent thus set to be followed by our own Government. Even if King PETER should scandalize mankind by rewarding the murderers whom his first duty is to punish, we shall not be forced to "break off" diplomatic relations with Servia. Our Minister to that country is our Minister also to Greece and Roumania, with his headquarters at Athens. If Servia makes herself responsible for the murder of ALEXANDER and DRAGA, Mr. JACKSON will not have, like some foreign Ministers, to "withdraw" from Belgrade. He can simply refrain from going there. And we shall not in any case have the trouble of dismissing the Servian representative at Washington, for the excellent reason that there is no such functionary.

THE COAL ARBITRATION DIFFICULTY

It is much to be regretted that the operators, by putting themselves technically in the wrong in refusing to allow their representatives to recognize the three district Presidents of the United Mine Workers as qualified arbitrators, have given the miners excuse for the ugly feeling which manifests itself in the discussions of the Scranton convention. The proper attitude for the miners is to treat the matter good-naturedly, and by properly electing Messrs. FAHEY, NICHOLS, and DETTREY end the dispute as to the right of these men to act in the representative capacity in which they presented themselves at Wilkesbarre. They were elected by the Executive Boards of the three districts, and their right to serve was unquestionable under the letter of the Strike Commission award. Why the commission adopted the exact language in which is described the composition of the Arbitration Board, especially in view of their refusal to accord the union formal recognition, no one seems to know. What they said as to the labor representation in the Arbitration Board was: "If there shall be a division of the whole region into three districts, in each of which there shall exist an organization representing a majority of the mine workers of such district, one of said Board of Conciliation shall be appointed by each of said organizations," &c. The anthracite region is divided into three districts, in each of which there exists an organization including in its membership a majority of the mine workers. This organization is the local division of the United Mine Workers. There is no provision in the award for a convention in each district at which all mine workers were entitled to vote, to elect the representatives of labor, nor is it possible that this is what was intended. The whole text of Section 4 of the award shows that it means exactly what it says, and there is no room for more than one interpretation of its language.

Up to this point the operators are clearly in the wrong. This, however, does not excuse the miners for wishing to precipitate another strike and thus put themselves and their organization even more in the wrong than the operators. They should send their representatives back to the place of meeting designated, with indisputable credentials as representing the organizations with which a majority of the mine workers are affiliated, and if they are then refused recognition on any hypercritical arbitrary interpretation of the award of the Strike Commission they will have the support of public opinion for any reasonable action they may take to express their just resentment. The whole complication is especially unfortunate, because quite unnecessary. The operators can gain no advantage and may suffer great injury by delaying conciliation.

THE MURDER OF M'FARLANE.

The atrocious murder committed in the Criminal Courts Building yesterday is directly attributable to the "system" of police protection of crime which flourished to such a startling degree during the last Tammany administration. The murderer was a negro policy runner. The victim, CHARLES S. MCFARLANE, was the Superintendent of the Anti-Policy Society, a zealous and faithful worker in the crusade against the policy swindle undertaken by Capt. GODDARD and now energetically pursued by the Police Department. The negro, WILLIAM SPENCER, was about to be tried on the charge of dealing in policy slips, and MCFARLANE was to be a witness against him. There is abundant evidence in the nature of the crime itself that the negro was a man of brutal and criminal instincts. But his whole attitude toward the law and its agents, toward MCFARLANE, who was the instrument of the law, was the natural fruit of that entire superiority to law and contempt for law which was observed among the policy men during the long reign of their "king," AL ADAMS, now in Sing Sing.

ADAMS considered himself, and was by others considered, to be about the most powerful man in this town. He had for years pursued a career of criminal swindling, and never appeared to stand in the least fear of the police. His extraordinary influence in Tammany circles was notorious. Persons conversant with criminal traditions in New York predicted that he would successfully defy even a reform administration and a reformed Police Department through the potency of his remarkable "pull." The security from molestation which ADAMS enjoyed was shared in a very great degree by the minor personages of the policy business. It cannot be doubted that he would inspire them with a feeling of confidence in their immunity from arrest. The conviction and sentence of ADAMS probably caused him more surprise than alarm. It was only when he was actually on the way to Sing Sing that his spirit broke and he gave up the fight.

The negro SPENCER was evidently possessed of this feeling toward the law when he found himself about to be arraigned in court. It was unendurable that he, a practitioner of the arts of ADAMS, should be brought to bar like any common, unprotected criminal. His murderous act was the natural effect of the working of such a feeling in a brutal and criminal mind.

It was such a result as has just been observed in Jackson, KY., where a hotel belonging to Capt. EWEN has been destroyed by an incendiary fire attributed to the friends and partisans of one JETT, accused of murder, against whom Capt. EWEN as an eye-witness had testified. That is the sort of respect for law which obtains in certain uncivilized communities in the State of Kentucky. Capt. EWEN had been threatened with assassination. The Kentucky idea and the idea of the negro SPENCER are identical. There is a difference, however, in the treatment meted out in New York and Kentucky to the entertainers of such ideas. JETT's friends will probably go on shooting until Capt. EWEN's family has been slain. But within less than three hours from the time that SPENCER shot down MCFARLANE he was asked, standing before Recorder GOFF, to plead guilty or not guilty to an indictment for murder in the first degree; and he will be tried next week.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—It grieves us more than a little that Dr. FREDERIC GRIFFITH, in replying to our comments on his theory that hydrophobia and tetanus are the same disease, should have expressed the opinion that to enter upon a discussion with a newspaper was to invite a sting from a scorpion which, having inflicted its wound, would make its escape into a certain rung down by the news editor. The figure is interesting and ingenious, but its intimation of unfair fighting on the part of newspapers is hard to bear, first because it ignores the possibility that there are differences between newspapers in this and other respects, and, second, because it makes no account of the fact that, with a hundred controversies on its hands all the time, in dealing with any one of them a newspaper is forced constantly to remember that what may seem vastly important to a single correspondent may be wearisome to a multitude of readers. This, we hope and are able to believe, is the explanation in most cases when the curtain is rung down, and, if the newspapers generally get the last word of an argument, that must be ascribed to the fact that newspaper men, including news editors, are only mortal, and the possession of power invites its use, with them as with other mortals. And it was hardly necessary for Dr. GRIFFITH to assure us that tetanus is a serious malady. In saying that he held hydrophobia to be "merely tetanus," we showed no disdain for the latter, but only a desire to emphasize his contention as to the likeness of the two. Would he call it a parting sting if, before ringing down the curtain on this particular controversy, we should say that in giving our "merely" the interpretation he did he drifted perilously close to the disingenuous, if not to the unfair?

—Away back in 1560, Lady ISABELLE GRESHAM, widow of Sir RICHARD GRESHAM, mitigated the grief which her death caused to the people of London by bequeathing certain houses in the city to "the warden and commonalty of the mystery of Mercers," in order that they might distribute annually £9 10s. among the poor of three parishes, in sums of 1s. 6d. to each so far as the income from the property would go. The Mercers' Company accepted the bequest, and has administered it ever since, very honestly, the members think; but others have a different opinion. For it seems that, though the rent of the property has steadily increased from £14 1s. 8d. in 1600 to £18 the year after, and in 1667 had come to amount to £23; in 1743, to £195; in 1763, to £221; in 1773, to £251 10s.; in 1783, to £283 15s.; in 1793, to £313; in 1803, to £322 10s.; in 1810, to £430; in 1815, to £810, and in 1819, to £902, during all this time the mercers gave yearly to the poor householders only the £9 10s., which was all that Lady ISABELLE thought the houses would produce. The balance was coolly covered into the general funds of the company and used for its private purposes. About the year 1745 the affairs of the Mercers' Company were in a state of embarrassment, and several of their estates were vested, under the authority of certain acts of Parliament, in trustees for the payment of their creditors, and these houses were included in that settlement. The Charity Commissioners of London, in a report just issued, say: "It appears to have been always considered by the company that these premises were given to them by Lady GRESHAM, subject only to a fixed charge of £9 10s., and we conceive this to be a correct construction of her intentions, although it is probable that, if she could have contemplated the great increase that has taken place in the value of her property, some provision would have been made by her for the extension of those charities which were the principal object of her gift." This story illustrates several things, among them British stability—not to say stolidity. It would take, of course, a reading of Lady GRESHAM's will to determine just what grounds there are for "conceiving" that she intended to give the mercers everything over a small fixed charge, but the probability mentioned by the Commissioners seems to be a high one.

—Rarely, if ever, has there been a lack of public sympathy so nearly entire as in the case of the striking hotel employes in Chicago. Nobody, so far as we have seen, has a good word to say for them, and even the other labor organizations in the city stand coldly aloof, and to appeals for aid answer only with a command to recognize the association of the employers and get what it will grant in the way of arbitration. Yet it is the general impression that the waiters, and especially the employes who are with them in the strike, do have certain grievances of considerable magnitude. The situation for them is hopeless, however, for two reasons—the strike causes an enormous amount of inconvenience to the public, that third party which can always speak with a decisive voice in such contests if it chooses to do so; and there is a widespread dislike, not often expressed, but none the less real, for those who take tips instead of, or in addition to, regular wages. As a matter of fact, the dislike should be directed at the employers who permit, encourage, and profit by this abominable system, but the public does not look so far and holds the taker of the tip responsible for a practice for which he is immediately, but not most, to blame. If, now, the waiters were striking for the right to get paid as self-respecting workers are paid they would have sympathy and to spare. As it is, they are regarded as the participants in a servile rebellion, and that, in every land, is looked upon as something to be put down, whatever may have been its origin or cause. The tip-taker is only one remove from the slave, anyway, and the circumstance that he is what he is voluntarily makes him in that respect even lower than the slave.

—If Dr. HALE of the Church of the Divine Paternity had given due heed to the latest theories of the meteorologists he would not have asserted quite as positively as he did in his sermon on Sunday that the present aridity of lands which once supported a great population is due to the destruction of forests. That, of course, is the old explanation, but it is no longer generally accepted, the tendency among the scientists now being to hold that vegetation, big or little, is the result of rain, not its cause, and to look further for the origin of climatic changes than to the petty doings of man. There are most excellent arguments for tree planting and forest preservation, but nothing is added to their strength by ascribing exaggerated consequences and inconsequences to the cutting down of trees.

Every letter intended for publication should contain the written signature and correct address of the writer. No attention is paid to anonymous communications.

The Fire-Cracker Nuisance.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Very shortly the season of cheap and nasty explosives will be upon us and the disgusted and weary will take to the woods and hills. There is one detail of police administration which seems to deserve not only very careful consideration by the Police Commissioner, but also the thoughtful study of parents and the public generally, and it is that of the small boy on the street and the enforcement of the laws in regard to the sale of explosives.

For an annually increasing number of days before the Fourth of July the cracker, bomb, and toy pistol have had full play to make life a burden to residents in the street where I reside and other presumably quiet and orderly streets. The restriction of the advance sale of explosives and missiles ought to be possible. Our Fourth deserves a better sort of celebration than it has. Fire and noise are childish and barbarous. CLARENCE A. PITMAN.

New York, June 14, 1903.

Burial Place for Bellomont.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The question of the last burying place of the Earl of Bellomont seems to be clearly settled by the Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix, rector of Trinity Church, in his work entitled "A History of the Parish of Trinity Church in the City of New York," Part I., Page 128. Speaking of Bellomont he says: "He died in New York at the age of sixty-five and was buried in the chapel of the fort with military honors. When the fort was removed, in 1790 the leaden coffin which contained his remains was transferred to St. Paul's churchyard."

WILLIAM BISPHAM.

New York, June 14, 1903.

Handsome Southern Publication.

The Memphis (Tenn.) Scimitar has recently moved into a handsome and finely equipped new building erected for its use, the exterior being of Alabama stone, and it commemorates the event by the issue of what it styles a "house-warming edition," which comprises the customary news portion and an additional art supplement of 112 large pages. The latter contains a great number of half-tone illustrations, exceedingly well printed and in their execution in every respect most creditable to the Scimitar's mechanical department by which solely, we are told, the supplement was turned out. The literary portion of the paper is of great interest and most creditable to its producers in every respect. The entire issue is one in which The Scimitar may justly take great pride.

NUGGETS.

Bright Outlook.

Egbert—What, again a penny on my birthday! Oh, grandpa, I'm going to try to live 100 years, so's I'll have a dollar!—Chicago News.

The Violinist.

"Well, then, what is your idea of the difference between a 'fiddler' and a 'violinist?'"

"A fiddler is one who plays the fiddle; a violinist is one who knows how to play the fiddle."—Philadelphia Press.

When They Predicted Fair.

"How did Tryitt come out with his rain-making invention?"

"Well, he would have come out all right, I think, but for the fact that every time he had his explosives ready to touch off a shower came up and soaked them so they wouldn't go off."—Baltimore American.

The Trap.

"You call sat building a 'fire trap'?" asked the perplexed foreigner. "How can a house be a trap for a fire?"

"It catches fire so easily. See?" said the native.

But he couldn't see—such is the unreadiness of the untrained foreign intellect in grasping the idioms of our rich and expressive language.—Chicago Tribune.

Turned Out.

"Our colleges turn out some pretty good men nowadays," remarked the elderly gentleman.

"Yes," replied his son, gloomily, "our college turned out the man who was sure to have won the hundred-yard dash for us in a year—just because he didn't pass any of his examinations."—Syracuse Herald.

A LAY OF THE PIPE.

James Foley, Jr., in Bismarck Tribune.

He had a million dollars—wasn't that a lovely pile?
He said he'll be a Prince and spend my money right in style;
I'll buy a house in Gotham and a big red auto, too;
I'll blow myself for luxuries as no man ever blew,
I'll live on toasted birds' tongues, floating deeply in champagne,
I'll live to prove that living is not always done in vain."
He drew his checkbook toward him, took his pen—was just about
To draw a hundred thousand, when
his
pipe
went
out.

He struck the wheat pit right one day and bought it on the rise,
He margined fifty million bushels—up and up it flies;
His profits were enormous, when he cornered all the grain,
He squeezed the little fellows till they howled and howled again;
He loaded up a train with gold and notes and silver, too,
He had so darn much money he did not know what to do;
So he bought up New York City, and just as he was about
To draw his check in payment—well,
his
pipe
went
out.

What lovely, lovely dreams we have; we hit the pipe of Hope,
We dream like some old "hop fiend" just as long as lasts the dope;
We grow in wealth and honors—fame and opulence are ours,
We live where twittering birds are stealing sweetness from the flowers;
Dull Sorrow flies into the night; Joy rules the day supreme,
While incense from her censer lends delight unto the dream.
Then when dull Care has vanished and the soul is just about
To reach the things it craves—well, then
the
pipe
goes
out.

PRESIDENT A GUEST AT MONSTER SAENGERFEST

Applauds Choruses of 6,000 Voices at Baltimore.

Made an Address Before German Societies—Other Distinguished Guests at Grand Concert of Northeastern Saengerbund.

BALTIMORE, June 16.—A vast assemblage was present in Armory Hall to-night to listen to the grand concert of the Northeastern Saengerbund.

Every one of the 9,000 seats in the Auditorium was occupied, 6,000 singers were on the stage, and standing room was at a premium.

President Roosevelt occupied a magnificently decorated box, and his appearance was the signal for unbounded enthusiasm and prolonged applause. Upon being introduced the President made an address, speaking as follows:

"My fellow-citizens: Let me in the first place congratulate the City of Baltimore upon what she has done and upon the way she has done it, and then let me welcome the members of the Saengerfest Association and all the guests of Baltimore this evening.

"It is almost exactly 220 years ago that the first marked immigration from Germany to what were then the colonies in this Western Hemisphere, began. As is inevitable with any pioneers, those pioneers of the German race on this side of the ocean had to encounter bitter privation, for the people that go forth to seek their well-being in strange lands, must inevitably be ready to pay as the price of success the expenditure of all that there is in them to overcome obstacles in their way. It was some fifty years later that the great tide of German immigration in colonial times began to flow hitherto, one of the leaders in it being Muhlenburg, the founder of a family which has contributed to military and civil life some of the worthiest figures in American history from the first.

"It is meet and fitting to recall that here in this city was founded that colony which first of all on this Western Continent saw a Government modeled upon those principles of religious freedom and toleration which we now regard as the birthrights of American citizens. [Applause.]

"Throughout our career of development the German immigration to this country went steadily onward, and the people who came here, those and their sons and grandsons played an ever-increasing part in the history of our people—a part that culminated in the civil war; for every lover of the Union must bear in mind what was done in this Commonwealth, as in the Commonwealth of Missouri by the folk of German birth or origin who served so loyally the flag that was theirs by inheritance or adoption. [Applause.]

"And here in this city I would be unwilling to let an occasion like this pass without recalling the part of incalculable importance played by the members of the Turnverein of Baltimore in saving Baltimore to the Union. [Applause.]

"In congratulating every man here to whom it was given to fight in the great civil war, in congratulating the men of Baltimore who in those dark days followed the lead of Sigel, Rapp, and Blumenberg in playing well and nobly their part in upholding the hands of Abraham Lincoln, I congratulate them thrice over because it was given to them to fight in a contest where the victors and the vanquished alike have bequeathed to us as a heritage, the memory of the valor and the loyalty to the right, as to each it was given to see the right, shared alike by the men who wore the blue and the men who wore the gray in the great days of the civil war. [Applause.]

"Terrible though that contest was, it paid for itself infinitely over and over again by what it left to us—not merely a reunited land, but above all the right as Americans to feel within us the lift toward lofty things which must come to those who know that their fathers and forefathers have in the ultimate entirely shown themselves fit to rank among the men of all time.

"In speaking a word on the occasion of this great musical festival, I wish to say, in the first place, that I only hope it may be given to me to listen long enough to you to make me feel that the men of this association and kindred associations are not only adding to the common fund of pleasure, but are doing genuine missionary work of a needed kind when they hold such a festival as this. [Cheers and applause.]

Besides the President there were a number of other distinguished guests present, including Gov. John Walter Smith and staff, Admiral H. C. Taylor, the Prussian Minister of Finance, Baron von Rheinbaben and suite of four, Baron von Sternburg, the German Ambassador, Mayor Robert M. McLane, and naval officers from the cruiser Prairie and gunboat Topeka, now in Baltimore Harbor.

The following musical programme was rendered:

"Kaisermarsch".....Orchestra.....Wagner
"Laudation of Art".....Wagner
Mass chorus and orchestra.
"Great Thee, God".....Engelberg
Old German song, arranged by Melamet.
"Morning Call".....Zoellner
Chorus a capella.
"Tristan und Isolde," a prelude.....Wagner
"Love's Death".....Wagner
Soprano solo, Miss Louise E. Voigt.
Andante, fifth symphonic.....Beethoven
Orchestra.
"The Rose," (awarded the first prize)..Spielter
"Farewell to the Forest".....Mendelssohn
"Home," folk-song—Mass chorus a capella.
"America".....Melamet
Soprano solo—Mass chorus and orchestra.
Solo—Miss Louise E. Voigt.
"Hail Columbia," sung by the audience.

The President arrived in Baltimore in a special car on the Pennsylvania Railroad at 8:20. He was accompanied by Baron von Sternburg, the German Ambassador, Senator Louis E. McComas of Maryland, and the President's private secretary, Mr. Loeb.

Congressman Frank C. Wachter and President L. H. Wieman of the Saengerfest Society met the train at the Union Station, and quickly showed the members of the party to waiting carriages.

Police Marshal Farnan and a cordon of mounted policemen surrounded the President's carriage, and the route to the Fifth Regiment Armory was begun. Two of his officers rode close to the curbs of the streets en route, while a solid phalanx preceded the carriage and a squad followed.

Along the route 400 picked men in uniform and plain clothes lined the curbs, so as to prevent any one approaching too near the Chief Executive's carriage. At the armory a large force of policemen and detectives had cleared the approach to a private entrance, and the President was escorted by President Wieman and Congressman Wachter to a retiring room, where he awaited the completion of one of the choruses. As the party entered the President's box the immense audience cheered to the echo.

The same method was observed on the return trip to Union Station, from which the President started at 9:45 o'clock on his return to Washington. Along the route the President was cheered continuously, and smiled and bowed from right to left during the entire trip. At the station a throng of persons awaited him, and a demonstration continuing several minutes greeted the President. He stopped on the platform long enough to bow his acknowledgment of the ovation. The President stood on the platform of his car until it disappeared in the darkness.

When asked why such apparently extraordinary precautions had been taken to guard President Roosevelt, Marshal Farnan said:

"There are thousands of persons in the city, and it was thought possible that some anarchistic or other 'crank' might be among them. We did not want anything unpleasant to occur, and simply took precautionary measures. I have no knowledge or suspicion that any person would attempt to injure the President; I believe he could walk our streets unmolested; but as he was the guest of the Saengerfest, the Police Department deemed it wise to take every precaution."

"I wish that everywhere in our country we could see clubs and associations, including all our citizens, of the character that go to make up the society which has furnished the reason for the assembling of this great audience to-night. No greater contribution to American social life could possibly be made than by instilling into it the capacity for Gemuethlichkeit. [Applause.]

"No greater good can come to our people than to encourage in them a capacity for enjoyment which shall discriminate sharply between what is vicious and what has pleasure in it. Nothing can add more to our capacity for healthy social enjoyment than by force of example, no less than by present encouraging the formation of societies which by their cultivation of music, vocal and instrumental, give a great lift to the artistic side, the aesthetic side, of our nature, and especially is that true when we remember that no man is going to go very far wrong if he belongs to a society where he can take his wife with him to enjoy it. [Applause.] So you see, gentlemen, I hail you as associations alike from the standpoint and the moral standpoint.

"Now people of Baltimore, in thanking you, I congratulate you upon the success and the spirit with which you have carried out the details of the reception given to the Saengerfest Association during these days, and to you, the members of the association, I have to say only that I regret you and that as President of the people I wish you all prosperity and increasing growth from this time on." [Cheers and applause.]

At the conclusion of his address the President was escorted to the seat that had been reserved for him, and spent nearly an hour listening to the choruses and solos. He was particularly anxious to hear some of the singing, and when the schedule of his trip was being made he arranged it so that he could spend at least an hour in the armory. None of the best choruses were scheduled to take place while the President was here, after which he quietly left the building in time to catch the train for Washington.

WANT TO EDIT THE BIBLE.

Turkish Censors Object to American Society's Editions.

Whether the Bible shall be edited by the official Turkish censor in the Department of Public Education at Constantinople before the various dialect editions are sent throughout the Levant is the question that the American Bible Society is now called on to meet. General official suspicion at the Porte is due, it is thought, to the last few months of political activity in the Turkish provinces.

The dispatches from London, noting information that the word Macedonia as used in the Epistle to the Ephesians had been objected to in one edition in process of publication, and that it had been ordered that "the villagers of Salonika and Monastir" be substituted, were confirmed yesterday by advices received by Dr. W. I. Haven, Secretary of the Bible Society, from the Rev. Marcellus Howen, the publication agent of the society at Constantinople. From that city as headquarters the whole of the Levantine territory is covered.

Dr. Bowen wrote under date of May 27: "We have been having serious trouble with the Department of Public Education. The censor objected to the word 'Macedonia' in the New Testament, and our applications for permits have been subjected to longer and more unreasonable delays than ever were known previously."

This year, it appears, the permits of four of the dialect editions, of which the society publishes eight or ten, with single and parallel texts, must be renewed, and where it has generally taken three or four days for the editions to go through the censor's office in the Department of Public Education, in this instance a delay of four months has been encountered.

Several of the specific objections are noted in Dr. Bowen's letter. In one instance of revision, in the phrase "there shall not be left here," the "here" was objected to because it had not appeared in an earlier edition. In John vi., 40, there was a marginal interpretation of the phrase "of Him that sent me," to the effect that the "Him" meant "My Father." This also was objected to because it had not appeared earlier.

In the case mentioned in the London dispatch, objection was made to the word Macedonia in Thessalonians, i., 7, 8, and iv., 10. The first of these passages read:

So that ye were examples to all that believe in Macedonia and Achaia.

For from you sounded out the word of the Lord, not only from Macedonia, &c.

The second reference was:

And indeed ye do it toward all the brethren which are in Macedonia.

In this case it is explained that the villages of State of Salonika covered the territory in which was situated Thessalonica of Bible times, and the adjoining villages of Monastir was traversed by Paul on his journeys through Macedonia. The objection in this case is apparently to the use of the historic word Macedonia instead of the modern terms Salonika and Monastir, which, it is pointed out, have absolutely no Bible significance.

Dr. Haven would not comment upon the action of the Turkish censor yesterday, nor say what the probable action of the Bible Society would be. He told, however, of other experiences of the society at the hands of the Turkish Government, one in the case of a map of the eastern end of the Mediterranean, in which Egypt was designated in red lines and Turkey in green lines. The Turkish Government objected to the color of Egypt on the ground that the red signified that it was in the British sphere of influence.

Another instance mentioned by Dr. Haven had to do with the phrase, "Christ came to save sinners." This was objected to most strenuously on the ground that Mohammedan sinners ought to be exempt from Christian salvation, and it was ordered that the line be changed to read: "Christ came to save Christian sinners." This difficulty was eventually obviated.

In case the committee of the Bible Society decides to take action in the present embarrassment, as is considered likely, the appeal will probably be made through the British and American Ministers at Constantinople, who in turn would take the matter up with the Vizier as head of the private council, of which also the Minister of Public Education is a member. The official in the latter portfolio is at present Djemal Bey, but it is not known whether the acts of censorship which are spoken of at present come from him directly or from some subordinate.

CATHOLIC BIBLICAL INSTITUTE.

Creation of an Important Permanent Organization to be Proposed to the Pope.

ROME, June 15.—The Biblical Commission appointed by the Pope, which numbers among its members some of the greatest Biblical scholars of various countries, including Prof. Charles P. Grannan of the Catholic University of Washington, is about to submit to the Pontiff an important proposition providing for the creation of a Superior Institute of Biblical Studies. The most learned professors will be gathered within the Institute to direct the work of students who will devote themselves entirely to this branch of learning, with the object of forming an authoritative organization ready to give weighty opinion on Biblical questions.

The seat of the Institute has not yet been decided upon, but the majority of the Commissioners are in favor of Rome, as giving more power and prestige to the organization. The organ of the Institute will be La Revue Biblique. It will be published in Paris, but is to be edited by the Dominican Fathers at Jerusalem, who will be transferred to Rome. The programme of the Institute will include the revision of the Bible.

Before definitely deciding on the location of the Institute, it is desired that a meeting of the entire Biblical Commission be held, but it is difficult to assemble the members from all parts of the world.

TRACTION OFFICIALS PLEAD.

Indicted North Jersey Directors to be Tried Before Justice Gummere.

TRENTON, N. J., June 15.—A. J. Cassell, Edward F. C. Young, John D. Crimmins, J. R. Shanley, Dr. Leslie Ward, Elisha H. Gaddis, Arthur W. Pratt, Charles M. Shipman, and James Smith, officers and Directors of the North Jersey Street Railway Company, appeared before the Supreme Court to-day and entered pleas of not guilty to the indictment of manslaughter found against them in Essex County in connection with the Clifton Avenue, Newark, trolley accident which resulted in the death of several school children.

The pleas were entered in the branch court before Justices Garrison, Garretson, and Swayne. The case was then remitted to the Essex County Circuit Court for trial. This means that the indicted men will be tried before Chief Justice Gummere, who sits in the Essex County Circuit. The men came here this morning accompanied by counsel in preference to coming tomorrow, which is the opening day of the Court of Errors and Appeals.

Hearing on Union Railway Plan.

Mayor Low yesterday approved a resolution adopted by the Board of Aldermen on June 2, providing for a public hearing on Friday, June 26, at 2 P. M., of the application of the Union Railway Company for a franchise to operate street surface cars in several streets of the Bronx. The application is for a franchise for a line from Morris Park to Throgs Neck, through the Macomb's Dam Bridge. A branch road also is asked for from the bridge along the viaduct to the station of the Harlem Railroad and the Putnam Road.

VAN COTT SAYS THERE IS NO POSTAL SCANDAL

Denies Any Irregularity in Dr. Richardson's Appointment.

Inspectors Are Said by Assistant District Attorney Not to Have Made Any Charges Against Employes.

If the force of Post Office Inspectors sent to this city from Washington has discovered any scandal of importance in the local office they have not yet brought it to the attention of the Federal prosecutor, according to a statement made yesterday by Assistant United States District Attorney Ernest E. Baldwin.

The May Grand Jury, which is to convene for its last session to-day, will be disbanded after considering several minor matters. No Post Office case is scheduled for its attention. The June Grand Jury will meet to-morrow, and Mr. Baldwin, who has charge of the Criminal Branch of the United States District Attorney's office, said that up to yesterday no postal case had been called to his attention for presentation.

It is known that ten Washington inspectors, detailed by the Post Office Department, were in the city on Saturday. Four of the ten, it was said by the local inspectors, had returned to Washington. The other six continued to visit different departments of the General Post Office and branches, interrogating clerks and heads of bureaus. One place several of them visited was the Second Division of City Delivery, but no one there appeared to be informed as to the purpose of various questions put to clerks. The local Inspectors reiterated their assertion that they had no connection with any doings of the Washington men.

United States Marshal Henkel was asked last night if he had heard of any warrant for the arrest of any postal employe.

"No, I have not," he said.

"Have you had any intimation that warrants are to be issued for officials, high or low, in the New York Post Office?"

"No."

Postmaster Van Cott, having arrived at his desk early in the morning, said:

"Candidly, I don't believe there's any Post Office scandal, either here or elsewhere."

His attention was called to an assertion that the "scandal" was destined to injure President Roosevelt politically in the Middle West.

"Pshaw!" exclaimed the Postmaster. "They can't beat Mr. Roosevelt, no matter what happens."

Neither the Postmaster nor his son, Richard Van Cott, would discuss the rumors in detail. The father denied, however, that he had seen Senator Platt since his return from Washington. He added that he did not know why the Senator had been to the capital.

The appointment of Dr. Richardson, brother-in-law of Richard Van Cott, as "Post Office physician" in 1898 was explained by the Postmaster as follows:

"The charge that either my son or myself created the place of 'Post Office physician' for my son's brother-in-law is absurd. The Police Department and other city departments find it necessary, when they have to deal with a large number of men, to have a departmental physician. If any department would accept the statements of the men that they were too ill to work as a fact, and permit them to remain away on sick leave as long as they saw fit, or even if the department were to accept written statements of the men's personal physicians, there wouldn't be enough men half the time to do the work. It is absolutely necessary for departments to have a physician upon whom the heads of the department can rely, and who will examine the men ill and ascertain if they really are entitled to sick leave. The postal authorities don't ask a man to work if he is ill, but they don't want him to remain away merely because he feels badly.

"The need of a Post Office physician was felt years ago, and in 1878, under the administration of Postmaster James, the New York office had what was known as first, second, third, and fourth medical officers. The physicians who filled the positions were Dr. Walter R. Gillette, Dr. Edward D. Morgan, Jr., Dr. Charles W. Badeau, and Dr. Clement Cleveland. Each received a salary of $1,500 a year.

"When I came in for my first year I determined that one physician could do the work of the department, and appointed the present incumbent, Dr. Richardson, at a salary of $1,700 a year. The Post Office has had a physician continually since then. When Postmaster Dayton succeeded me under the Cleveland Administration, and during the six years of my present term of office, we have always had one physician."

Inquiry at the Post Office Auditor's office revealed that Dr. Richardson was classified on the books as a "finance clerk," there being no provision for the classification of a physician on the books.

Ex-Representative Edmund H. Driggs of Brooklyn, having read the statement about his connection with the company that sold the Government certain cash register machines while he was in Congress, said yesterday that his explanation of the connection had proved perfectly satisfactory to some Post Office Inspectors who called on him and talked about the matter.

"I desire to say that I court the fullest investigation," said the ex-Representative. "I have done nothing improper in any way."

Mr. Driggs was agent for the company—an office he claims to have held rightfully, as his official position did not preclude him from engaging in any legitimate business he saw fit to pursue.

When Postmaster Van Cott was asked about the statement that he leased the substation in the Grand Central Palace at an exorbitant rental, he explained that he did not do the leasing, but merely recommended it to the department at Washington, where the lease was signed. He added that $33,500 a year, the sum paid for the rent of the premises, was naturally higher than if the place were rented for private business, because the Federal laws forced the owner who leased a building for Post Office purposes to furnish the place, supply the light, and sometimes the heat, and perform other requirements never enforced in a lease to a private individual.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Inspector Cochran, who was in New York last week directing the inquiry into the administration of the New York Post Office, was in the department to-day in consultation with Assistant Bristow. No information would be given out by these officials, but it is intimated that in a few days the investigation will have reached a stage when results can be given.

It is said that a letter was received here to-day from ex-Congressman Driggs of Brooklyn in which he explained that for several years he has been the attorney for a cash-register company which supplied the New York office with cash machines; that he represented the company while serving as a member of the House, and that his relations with the concern were those of an attorney simply. The cash registers were purchased through the Division of Allowances and Salaries, of which Mr. Beavers was Chief. Mr. Beavers also is a Brooklyn man.

A prominent postal official who is connected with the investigation said to-night that while there were a number of irregularities that would be developed in the New York office, many of the newspaper publications in regard to them were very much exaggerated and in a number of instances were misleading.

SAY BID WAS TOO LOW.

Defeated Bidders for Postal Money Order Printing Enter a Protest.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne and Superintendent Metcalfe of the Money Order Service gave a hearing to representatives of two bidders for the contract for printing money orders. Counsel for Wynkoop & Hallenbeck of New York, who bid $175,000, and who have had the contract for years, contended that the lowest bidder, Paul Herman, of Rutherford, N. J., who bid $165,000, could not do the work for that amount, and that having no plant he would have to sub-let the contract, in contravention of law.

Herman's counsel admitted he had no plant, but guaranteed to establish an adequate one immediately. He offered to furnish bond in any amount to guarantee the work, together with letters and testimonials as to Herman's standing, and a certificate of his bank deposits. Both sides will submit papers, and any question of illegality will be referred to Assistant Attorney Robb.

NEW PARCELS POST ORDER.

Weight Limit on Packages Mailed to Germany or Vice Versa Reduced to Four Pounds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The parcels post between the United States and Germany has made it possible for two years past to send packages weighing as much as eleven pounds to and from either country. The limit of weight allowed matter for the package class in our domestic mails is four pounds. In other words the German settlers of the West have been privileged to send Christmas presents to the old folks at home across the sea which our own people could not send through the mails within the United States at all.

The arrangement has not proved satisfactory to the United States Postal officials, who say that our postal system has the longer distance and the more expensive portion of transportation to bear. An order therefore has been made with the consent of the German authorities reducing to four pounds the amount that may be placed in a package intended to be sent by parcels post to Germany from the United States or vice versa.

Even with this limitation our postal experts contend that the parcels post is a losing business for our Postal Service.

GOFF SCORES PROSECUTORS.

Indignant Over a Delay of Three Years in James B. Kellogg's Appeal.

Recorder Goff severely criticised the District Attorney's office yesterday when Assistant District Attorney Johnston submitted to him the proposed case on appeal of James B. Kellogg, who was convicted of grand larceny in the first degree three years ago, and sentenced to seven years in State prison for complicity in the Dean syndicate swindle. Kellogg has been at liberty after his conviction, having secured a certificate of reasonable doubt, which gave him the right to be admitted to bail.

"How is it that this man submits his case on appeal at this late date?" asked Recorder Goff, indignantly. "It seems at least strange where a man has been convicted of a serious crime that he should be suffered to wait until he gets good and ready to submit his case on appeal.

"It appears to me to be bordering on a scandal in the administration of criminal justice in this city."

Mr. Johnston said that the District Attorney's office was not to blame, inasmuch as the delay had been caused by the tardiness of counsel for the defense. District Attorney Jerome said last night that while the case should have been reached earlier, his assistants in the Appeal Bureau had been crowded with work on account of the great number of cases there when his administration took hold.

In this connection it is interesting to know that the cases on appeal of Valentine & Fender, convicted six years ago of operating a bucket shop, were not submitted for settlement until about a week ago.

Eighth Avenue Realty Deal.

Arnold & Byrne have sold for William H. Jackson to Charles Tschanett the southeast corner of One Hundred and Seventeenth Street and Eighth Avenue, seven houses, for about $200,000.

IN THE SHOPS.

Those long, warm capes for steamer wear or for traveling of any kind or wraps where warmth is desired come in the softest of long-haired wools, in pretty shades, and the insides of the hoods and outsides of the high, flaring collars above them are in white, tufted with black, in imitation of ermine.

Handsome steamer rugs are to be found reduced in prices.

Long coats for the small boy, in white wash materials, are straight, double breasted, and with two rows of brass buttons down the front.

Smart suits for the boy a little larger are of coarse linen crash, made with a Norfolk jacket with belts and trousers the bands, where they are gathered in at the knee, finished each with a small nickel buckle.

Net Sukie purses can be found as low as $1, but they are not the genuine article made in Japan, or even with a genuine Japanese button at the top. But they are of the Japanese style, with big, round button and broad chain put on in the centre of the purse.

Hand-painted china studs and cuff buttons, three studs for the shirtwaist and, as a rule, two more for the cuffs, can be had as low as $1.60 a set at special prices, and they range as high as something over $4. The simpler and less expensive ones are usually in conventional designs, and the more expensive may have heads upon them, jewel work, or one attractive set is painted with owls. One pretty set in the less expensive sets has buttons that are heart shaped and have four-leafed clovers in the centre. As a matter of fact, while these painted buttons are pretty in themselves, they are not smart, have not style, and if a stud is desired for almost any of the plainer shirtwaists with tailored effects, a cheap set in imitation of pearl buttons is better than anything else. The ordinary pearl button is about as good as anything can be, however.

A very pretty hat—a shirtwaist hat it would be called, probably—is of a coarse, warm, straw-colored straw, and this with pink tones in it. The hat is on the order of a fancy sailor, with one of the very large round, low crowns and rather wide rim. Around the crown is drawn a piece of deep rose pink velvet, finished in the front in a long, narrow, stiff bow, two loops without ends.

Here is a smart shirtwaist seen at an importer's. It is of red and red-figured silk. The upper part, or yoke, of the bodice is of the plain bright-red silk, shirred, but not very full. Below this the full lower part of the waist is of silk the same shade of red, but with large and scattered figures in leaf designs in white upon it. The upper part of the sleeve, which is plain, is of the figured silk. A band below this is shirred, and below, from a little below the elbow to the wrist, the sleeve droops in a full puff, a V of white chiffon being let into it. The wristband is of the plain red, with bands of fagoting let in, and the stock is formed by a band of white lace between bands of the red.

A linen gown which is effectively made has the insets of lace to be seen now in everything in the form of sprays of leaves. There are three large leaves and a stem in each spray, these quite stiff, each leaf four or five inches long, one at the bottom, with two on either side standing out from the stem, and this running up into the skirt. Rows of these sprays are set around the skirt, the side leaves touching. In the bodice there is one of the sprays in the front, with the stem down and three leaves up, and more lace forms the sleeves and the yoke of the skirt.

An umbrella which has the edge of the silk finished with a small, hair-lined plaid in pink and white, the body of the umbrella being a dark color, has the upper and lower parts of the handles showing a similar little pink and white plaid.

A desk clock and paper weight are in one. The clock is of brass, perhaps three inches across and an inch high. There is a pansy in colors in the centre of the top, and but for the figures which surround the flower no one would suspect the presence of a timepiece.

A pretty fancy bodice of white silk mull has the yoke, stock, and sleeves from elbow to wrist of a heavy open lace. Below the yoke there is a deep band of tiny ruffles of the mull, and below this the bodice is full and gathered in at the waist line. The upper part of the sleeve is formed of these narrow ruffles.

A charming gown of black silk mull which is simple in effect has a deep bodice and skirt yoke of shirring, both waist and skirt being full below. The hip yoke is really much more than that, reaching half way to the knees. The full skirt below is finished on the edge with a couple of narrow ruffles of the mull.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

Newport is just now having its awakening. The departures in the last few days for that resort have been many. There is no entertaining as yet, and there will not be until after July 4. Mrs. Alfred Vanderbilt left here Saturday afternoon with her mother, Mrs. French, who arrived by the Cunard Line. Mrs. Astor has cabled her sailing date as July 8. Mrs. James P. Kernochan is at her cottage, and the Goelet villa is ready for Mrs. Goelet and Miss May Goelet. James J. Van Alen, who arrived at Newport on Saturday, will go this week for three weeks' fishing in Canada before he opens Wakehurst for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay are still at Roslyn. The Columbia, Mr. Mackay's yacht, is anchored off East Twenty-seventh Street. He uses it as a means of transportation to his home, remaining during the day at his office in Broadway. Mr. and Mrs. George Gould have been on the Emerald, and the Rambler, the yacht of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, also was anchored off the New York Yacht Club station yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Pierrepont Edwards are at Bar Harbor for the season. Henry T. Sloane and the Misses Sloane are cruising in the Idler. They are at Newport, and from there will go to the boat races at New London.

Mrs. H. B. Hyde has closed her town house and gone to Saratoga for the Summer. Her son James H. Hyde, is abroad, and her daughter and son-in-law, Mrs. and Mr. Sidney Dillon Ripley, are at Hempstead at present, but later will go to Newport and Saratoga.

Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Bache Pratt, with their daughters, the Misses Katharine, Constance, and Beatrice Pratt, and their son, A. D. B. Pratt, who are booked to sail to-day on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, will go to London, and after a stay there will continue their travels. They will return to this country about the end of August.

Mr. and Mrs. Robb de Peyster Tytus are at present at Lenox on their honeymoon. Mrs. Tytus's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Henop, are at Graceholme, their place near Scarborough.

Mrs. Hugh Tevis of San Francisco is in New York. She was entertained at luncheon yesterday by the Countess Festetics, at Sherry's.

Col. John Jacob Astor and Mrs. Astor are at Claridge's, in London, but they will sail in a fortnight for America.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Lorillard Ronalds, Jr., are in London, and Mr. Ronalds's mother gave them a large musicale last Sunday, to which she asked several well known persons. Mr. and Mrs. Ronalds will remain abroad the entire Summer.

Percy Wyndham, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Larz Anderson, next week will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Lorillard at Tuxedo. Mr. Wyndham is a member of the British Embassy at Washington.

Mrs. Wilbur Bloodgood, who was seriously injured in a recent accident in Central Park, by which her carriage was overturned and she was thrown out, has almost completely recovered. She is at her country place on the Rumson Road, in New Jersey.

Mrs. Honorine G. Vail and Miss Mary Vail of 6 East Fortieth Street will spend a part of the Summer in North Hatley, Canada. In August, Mrs. Vail will visit Mrs. Henry Clews at her villa, the Rocks, in Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. Julien T. Davies of 17 West Ninth Street have gone to their cottage Pinecroft, on the Pugatory Road, Newport, for the Summer.

Among those booked to sail on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse to-day are Henry G. Barbey, Mrs. Arthur J. Caton, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Cromwell, William O'Donnell Iselin, F. Kip, Mr. and Mrs. William F. Osborn, Roy Stone, Mrs. J. Kent Worthington, Mrs. Charles H. Wilmerding, and Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Kip.

THE NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 15.—Countess Zborowski, whose husband was killed in an automobile accident in France in April, is expected to arrive at the Pumpelly cottage, on Gibbs Avenue, in a day or two. She arrived at New York from Mowbray, England, on the Cedric on Saturday, and will remain in that city only a few days before coming to Newport for the Summer.

Mrs. Herrmann Le Roy Emmet is the guest of Mrs. H. A. Johnson at her cottage on Gibbs Avenue.

Mrs. P. A. Stockton has gone to East Wareham, Mass., for the Summer. Mrs. Clarence Pell and Miss Pell have arrived at the Howland cottage, Rhode Island Avenue, for the season.

Egerton L. Winthrop will arrive to-morrow at his cottage on Bellevue Avenue.

The report that Pembroke Jones is negotiating for the purchase of the Dr. Christopher M. Bell estate on Bellevue Avenue is denied as absolutely untrue by De Blois & Eldridge, who are the sole agents for the property.

Mr. and Mrs. John Inness Kane, who have been guests for six weeks of Mrs. E. H. Schermerhorn, have gone to Lenox, Mass., for the remainder of the Summer.

Miss Teresa Scott is the guest of her brother, George Scott, at Belmead.

Dr. William T. Bull and his brother, ex-Congressman Melville Bull, will sail for Europe June 23.

Surgeon Wilson of the United States Navy is the guest of Col. and Mrs. Reginald Norman.

Miss Pfizer joined her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pfizer, at Linden Gate this evening.

Stuyvesant Le Roy joined his mother at the latter's cottage on Beach Street to-night.

Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock is expected at the Rives cottage, Red Cross Avenue, June 20.

William W. Tompkins of New York arrived to-night at his cottage on Bellevue Avenue.

Mrs. G. L. B. Irwin of New York is the guest of Captain and Mrs. Harrison Hall at Fort Adams.

Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, Capt. John P. Merrill, United States Navy, and Philip H. Lydig, are registered at the Casino for the season.

Mrs. H. L. Burnett, daughter of Edward N. Tailer of New York arrived here to-day.

Mrs. Thomas O. Selfridge of Washington has arrived at her cottage, "The Barnacle," at Jamestown. Mr. and Mrs. Harris F. Smith and Miss Natalie Smith of Philadelphia are at the Bayview Hotel, Jamestown.

Among to-day's arrivals are Robert Goelet, son of Mrs. Ogden Goelet, and Sidney J. Smith.

Summer Home for Carringtons.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Mr. and Mrs. William T. Carrington of the Auditorium Annex, who will soon remove permanently to New York City, are having plans drawn for a handsome, roomy Summer home at Greenwich, Conn., where they have purchased six acres of ground.

McClintic—Ridge.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard R. Ridge, 8 West One Hundred and Seventh Street, yesterday, Miss Ella May Ridge, daughter of Richard R. Ridge, was married to William Samuel McClintic, an Inspector of Ordnance in the United States Navy, stationed at Pittsburg. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Louis A. Banks of the Grace Methodist Episcopal Church. The maids of honor were the Misses Nina and Elizabeth Ridge, sisters of the bride, and the best man was Herbert W. Bell.

$100,000 FOR A GIRL'S LIFE.

Charles A. Welles, as administrator of the estate of Eleanor T. Welles, has begun suit in the United States Circuit Court against James Buckley and Charles F. Neattlage, executors of the estate of William Uts of Hoboken, a truckman, for $100,000 damages.

A box fell from one of the Uts trucks in front of 335 Broadway on May 9 and killed Miss Welles.

'THE KNICKERBOCKER GIRL'

Another Summer Show Opens at the Herald Square.

A Golf Club and a New Country, Some Pretty Girls, and Good Songs in It.

Another country has been discovered. Its name is Danero, its discoverer—inventor would be a better name—is George Totten Smith, and, according to the programme, it is located somewhere in South America. But if you want to find out all about it—which is not extraordinarily much—go up to the Herald Square Theatre where, in the second act of the musical comedy entitled "The Knickerbocker Girl," which opened last night, you will recognize in Danero that famous land of the musical comedy with which we have become so familiar under other names.

It verily seems as if our imperialistic policy had bred an epidemic of plays in which the characters of the first act get a chance to run away—oh, lucky characters!—to some strange place where they can assume impossible costumes without being arrested as suspicious characters. This is about the outline of the plot of the comedy as it appeared to at least one person in the audience.

"The Knickerbocker Girl" is defined on the programme as "some songs, some nonsense, and you can guess the plot," and it might be added you may also try to guess why it is called "The Knickerbocker Girl." A handsome prize might be offered for the correct solution with the perfect assurance that no one would ever claim it.

One thing that can be stated with certainty is that the first act is laid at the Weakchester Golf Club, where a lot of society buds play golf and tennis and row and swim in costumes which would no doubt be very comfortable in hot weather, but which last night seemed rather chilly. The poor girls would probably have found more solid comfort in an Indian blanket. At this golf club arrive a lot of people who would never pass the committee on membership. Among them are the proprietor of a rejuvenating spring from Vermont, impersonated by Harry Kelley; the living advertisement for these waters by Josephine Hall, and a German entomologist from Heidelberg, by W. H. Sloan. They all contribute songs and dances, and some jokes for the entertainment of the audience. Some of the things they do are good and some could be improved with the aid of Washington's hatchet.

Among those that are good is a song, "Just a Smile," sung by Sidney Deane, and "A Little Bird is Looking All the Time," by Miss Hall and Messrs. Kelley and Sloan. The music of some of the songs is quite catchy, while the words of some of the others are quite witty, and the only trouble is that the librettist and the composer, who, by the way, is Alfred E. Aarons, are lacking in team play.

After the production has lost some of the Walnut Street Theatre (Philadelphia) flavor it will no doubt make as good a Summer show as any in town. There are some nice looking girls in the chorus and everybody works hard. One of the "Show Girls," Miss Edythe Moyer, worked so hard last night that she injured a tendon in her knee and had to leave the stage. A feature which does very well in Third Avenue, Harlem, or Manistee, but which rather surprised the Broadway crowd, was the singing of the chorus of one of the songs by a quintet seated in one of the first rows of the orchestra. The purpose probably was to impress the catchy tune of the song on the audience. In this it evidently succeeded, for the sentiment of the song, "She is all right," seemed to please the audience, which was very enthusiastic and insisted on having every song repeated until everybody knew them all by heart.

OVATION TO FAY TEMPLETON.

She Makes a Decided Hit in "The Runaways" as Revised.

What happened at the Casino last night was more like an ovation to Fay Templeton than to the hitherto severely criticised musical comedy.

When the former Weber-Fieldian favorite came before the footlights the enthusiasm was so great that for several minutes she could not speak at all. In the first act she sang "I'm the Same Little Girl," and that she was allowed to stop was only because the hands of the audience were weary. Later, as "Josey May, an opera queen," she gave imitations of Mrs. Leslie Carter and Lillian Russell. Both aroused great enthusiasm.

"The Runaways" has been changed so much that it might as well have another name. The most important innovation, probably, is the "tree of truth" which rains huge oranges upon the head of whoever sits thereunder and tells a lie. General Hardtack told a trout story which the tree evidently thought a prize winner, for an orange as large a watermelon precipitated itself on his cranium. As Fleecem, the combination hypnotist and medicine vendor, John D. Gilbert made his first appearance, and Sol Solomon, one of Miss Lillian Russell's brothers-in-law, came on as the jockey of Josey May.

To the sallies of the comedians originally in "The Runaways" more have been added, and in some places entirely new dialogues have been written in. "My Mindoo Belle," sung by Miss Templeton in the latter part of the comedy, seemed even more popular than her first hit, and the audience insisted on cheering.

"The Rivals" at the Murray Hill.

The stock company at the Murray Hill Theatre opened the week last night with "The Rivals." The spirit with which the errors of Mrs. Malaprop were received indicate that there is still in New York a hearing for something else than the "musical comedy" so much in vogue. What the audience lacked in size it made up in the noise of laughter and applause. George Henry Trader, as Bob Acres; Walter Allen, as Sir Lucius O'Trigger; Henry V. Donnelly, as Sir Anthony Absolute; Frances Starr, as Lydia Languish; Isabel O'Madigan, as Mrs. Malaprop; Sheldon Lewis, as Captain Absolute, and Edward Morrison, as Faulkland, made up a satisfactory cast.

NEWS OF THE PLAYERS.

The first production of Pain's fireworks spectacle, "Last Days of Pompeii," this season will be given at Manhattan Beach next Saturday evening in honor of the Liederkranz Society of New York. The members of the organization, numbering more than 2,000, will attend the performance in a body at the close of their convention of that date. The regular opening of Pain's season will take place Wednesday, June 24.

Charles Kent, who is spending the Summer on Prince Edward Island, has been engaged to appear in Mrs. Fiske's company next season.

A shipment of giant crocodiles just received from South America for the Aquarium at Sea Beach Palace is the newest addition to the interests of Bostock's Arena at Coney Island.

A report to the effect that the Thalia Theatre was to be torn down was circulated yesterday, but the owner of the building says there is no truth in it and that it has been leased for another year to the present manager.

Klaw & Erlanger notified Fred Bert, William A. Brady's representative, yesterday that Grace George would have to fill all her road engagements. This will keep Miss George from remaining here through the Winter, as the road tour is to begin Nov. 16 at Philadelphia. She will appear in New York Oct. 5 in "Pretty Peggy."

A dispatch was received from Charles Frohman last night requesting Andrew Mack to sail for England on the first steamer he could catch. Mr. Frohman's cable had its customary briefness, and Mr. Mack will not be apprised of the full meaning of the summons until he reaches London. He will sail on the New York to-morrow.

A dinner was given last evening in the Blue Room of the Hotel Marie Antoinette by Albert E. Keen to Mrs. Leslie Carter. David Belasco, Dr. and Mrs. Russell Bellamy, J. Metcalf, Acton Davies, and Miss Quarrier were present.

Owing to the rain the open air performance of "As You Like It," at South Field, Columbia University, did not take place last night. The play will be given tonight and Wednesday, matinée and evening. Tickets for last night's performance will be good to-night. The play will be presented by the Woodland Players, under the direction of Ben Greet, who have just returned from a three weeks' tour giving out-of-door performances.

"Facing the Music" at the Garrick Theatre, in which Henry E. Dixey is the star, began the last two weeks of its run last night. The time has been twice extended at the Garrick since the opening, at which time it was booked for two weeks. Chicago contracts, calling for its presentation at Power's Theatre on June 29, must be filled.

Among the
Burnham & Phillips
Specialties
are uniforms and sporting outfits, clerical attire, military outfits, liveries and house service uniforms, made to order only in the most approved manner.
Civilian Suitings as low as $25.
Civilian Trouserings as low as $6.50.
119-121 Nassau Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

BROADWAY—"Prince of Pilsen."
CASINO—"The Runaways."
CIRCLE—Vaudeville.
CONEY ISLAND—Luna Park.
CONEY ISLAND—Bostock's.
DEWEY—Manhattan Burlesquers.
GARRICK—"Facing the Music."
HERALD SQUARE—"The Knickerbocker Girl."
HUBER'S MUSEUM—Vaudeville.
HURTIG & SEAMON'S—Vaudeville.
KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
KNICKERBOCKER—"The Blonde in Black."
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN—"Venice in New York."
MAJESTIC—"Wizard of Oz."
MANHATTAN—"The Earl of Pawtucket."
MURRAY HILL—"The Rivals."
PROCTOR'S—Twenty-third Street, vaudeville; Fifth Avenue, "The Woman Hater" and vaudeville; Fifty-eighth Street, "Who Is Brown?" and vaudeville; One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, "Kindred Souls" and vaudeville.
PARADISE ROOF GARDEN—Vaudeville.
SOUTH FIELD—"As You Like It."
ST. NICHOLAS SUMMER GARDEN—Creatore and his band.
TERRACE GARDEN—"Boccaccio."
WEST END—"The Banker's Daughter."

J. P. MORGAN COMING HOME.

At His Office It Is Declared the Stock Market Has Nothing to Do with His Early Return.

Announcement was made yesterday that J. Pierpont Morgan, who has been spending the last two months in Europe, would sail for this country from Liverpool to-morrow on the White Star liner Oceanic. Mr. Morgan's return was not expected until after July 1, and no reason was vouchsafed yesterday why he had hastened his departure for home. In Wall Street the belief was general that the condition of the stock market and other important financial matters which demand his presence here were responsible for his homecoming. At Mr. Morgan's office it was stated that the stock market had nothing to do with Mr. Morgan's return, but his partners refused to give any reason for his early return. In fact, one of them declared that it was not at all certain that Mr. Morgan would sail on the Oceanic, as he had engaged passage on three different ships. The announcement of his sailing was, however, confirmed through other sources. Another Wall Street man, John W. Gates, is expected home soon. At his office it was said yesterday that he was due to arrive to-day, if his steamer was not delayed.

MINISTER BOWEN HERE.

He Commends the Opening Address of United States Agent Morris at Caracas.

Herbert W. Bowen, United States Minister to Venezuela, arrived here last night on the steamer Maracaibo. Mr. Bowen is on leave of absence for two months, after which he will go to The Hague. In speaking of Venezuela, Mr. Bowen said:

"There are ten commissions sitting at Caracas for the settlement of claims against Venezuela. They are the United States Commission, the British, the German, the Italian, the Mexican, the French, the Spanish, the Swedish and Norwegian, the Belgian, and the Dutch.

"The agent, Commissioner, and umpires appointed by the President of the United States are without exception eminently qualified to perform their work not only creditably but admirably. The agent, Mr. Morris, produced an excellent impression by his opening address. When it is read by the American public it will be considered a masterpiece, strong, considerate, friendly, and eloquent."

GERMAN IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Carl Schurz Says That He Is Strongly in Favor of Instruction in That Language.

Carl Schurz has sent the following letter to the editor of the Staats-Zeitung:

Sir: I am in receipt of your dispatch, but cannot take part in your controversy with Dr. Maxwell because I have not followed the matter closely enough to be conversant with the details. In regard to the question, whether German should be taught in the public schools, I can say that I have always been strongly in favor of it. I only ask that it is done in a way which will be to the children of real value and arouse in them an interest for the language, but not in a way which tends to make this branch of instruction burdensome and disagreeable to the pupils. Nothing can do more to widen the horizon of a person than the knowledge of more than one language. The knowledge of German in addition to English is in this respect for many reasons by far the most valuable. The objection that the teaching of German together with that of English would unfavorably influence the patriotism of our children is nonsense pure and simple and shocking to every intelligent mind, and it really does not deserve serious consideration.

In conclusion I can only express the hope that the instruction in the German language will be not only retained in the public schools of New York for the sake of appearance, but that it will be so arranged as to be of real benefit.

CARL SCHURZ.

PEONAGE IN ALABAMA.

Judge Jones, in United States Court, Declares the Contract Labor Violates the Federal Constitution.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 15.—Judge Thomas G. Jones, in the United States Court here to-day, delivered a special charge to the Grand Jury investigating the peonage cases. He said these cases were by no means general, but confined to two or three counties, and directed indictments in all cases where the law had been violated.

In response to a request of the jury for a construction of the Alabama statute known as the Seymour contract law, which permits persons to confess judgment for costs against persons convicted of misdemeanors and requires such persons so convicted to work out their fines, the court held the statute to be a violation of the Federal Constitution in that it was a civil contract, and no one could be imprisoned for debt or forced to serve a master to pay such debt.

Judge Jones held that all connected with such conviction and hire of such convict except the committing Magistrate are liable to indictment under the Federal statutes.

French Admiral Visits the Mayor.

Admiral Count Rivet, commander of the North Atlantic Squadron of the French Navy, called on Mayor Low yesterday to pay his respects. He is now in this port with his flagship, the Tage. On his visit to the Mayor the Admiral was accompanied by his aide de camp, Lieut. Jean Aubry, and the French Consul, Gaston Velten. The Admiral laughingly compared the tall buildings of New York with the symmetrical structures of Paris, and invited his Honor to visit the flagship. The Mayor will return the visit in person or send James B. Reynolds, his secretary.

NEW PUBLICATIONS. NEW PUBLICATIONS.

HARPERS
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FRANKLIN SQUARE, NEW YORK

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Jacob Hays.

Jacob Hays, whose name was No. 33 in the original list of members of the New York Stock Exchange, died suddenly at his home, 615 Fifth Avenue, on Sunday. He was born Feb. 13, 1845, the son of William Henry Hays, President of the Bank of the State of New York, and grandson of Jacob Hays, who was at one time High Constable of New York. He entered the Stock Exchange in 1866 as a member of the firm of Closson & Hays, continuing in that partnership until his retirement in 1884. During his active life he was President of the Eighth and Ninth Avenue Railroads, a Director of the Tenth and Twenty-third Street Ferry Company, of the Brooklyn Ferry Company, and the Knickerbocker Trust Company, and the Knickerbocker Safe Deposit Company. Mr. Hays married Miss Mary Louderback of New York. His children are Mrs. John Scott Browning, whose husband is a member of the firm of Browning, King & Co., and William Henry Hays of the Stock Exchange firm of William H. Hays & Co.

Mrs. Marion Julianna Harrison Wellman

Mrs. Marion Julianna Harrison Wellman died yesterday at the home of her son, the Rev. Dr. E. H. Wellman, rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Atonement, Brooklyn, whose residence is at 225 Seventeenth Street. She was the daughter of William Henry Harrison, a cousin of President Benjamin Harrison, and was born in Madison, Conn., in 1826. She was married in 1850 to Henry Homer Wellman, who is a member of the Celluloid Collar and Cuff Company of Manhattan. For the past eleven years they had resided with Dr. Wellman in Brooklyn. Years ago Mrs. Wellman invented a safety pin, a spring mattress, and a safety lamp for the use of miners. The credit of having invented the original folding bed is also claimed for her by her friends. She received little in the way of financial returns from her ideas. She was also an artist of ability. Besides her husband and son she is survived by a sister and three grandchildren.

Obituary Notes.

Ex-Judge J. M. WHITMAN of Washington County, N. Y., died at his home in Sandy Hill yesterday. He was about sixty years of age, and was one of the best-known criminal lawyers in Northern New York.

The Rev. JAMES P. MALONEY, pastor of St. Malachi's Catholic Church of Cleveland, Ohio, and the oldest priest in service in that city, died yesterday of pneumonia, combined with a general breakdown, aged seventy-four years. Deceased was prominent in Catholic educational circles.

HARRISON BULL of Circleville, N. Y., for many years bank Director, Postmaster, and a leading merchant, dropped dead yesterday while conversing with his pastor. He was a grandson of Samuel Bull, who forged the chain stretched across the Hudson to prevent the British fleet from ascending the river during the Revolution.

JONATHAN TIPTON, Division Freight Agent of the Southern Railway, died at Knoxville, Tenn., yesterday. He was formerly Claim Agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad; General Passenger and Freight Agent of the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap and Louisville Railroad, and Commercial Agent of the Southern Railway.

JOHN S. BOGARDUS, a well-known architect, died at his home in Stamford, Conn., Sunday afternoon. He was born at Fishkill, on the Hudson, Dec. 27, 1828, and when a young man did work in Newburg, Yonkers, and other towns along the Hudson. He planned more business blocks in Stamford than any other architect, and also drew the plans for several schools.

PHILIP KINGSLEY, a real estate and insurance broker, died suddenly from heart trouble Sunday night at his residence, 136 Centre Street, Orange, N. J. Mr. Kingsley was born in Orange and was fifty-five years old. He was once Exalted Ruler of Orange Lodge, No. 135, B. P. O. E. He served as Justice of the Peace in Orange for several years. He is survived by a widow.

Mrs. Horace Porter's Body Buried.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., June 15.—The body of Mrs. Sophie King Porter, wife of Ambassador Horace Porter, who died in Paris April 6, was interred at 11 o'clock this morning in the family plot at West Long Branch. There was no service at the grave. The body was accompanied from France by the eldest son and his wife. Gen. Porter was unable to make the voyage.

Justice Parkhurst Stricken.

BATH, N. Y., June 15.—Supreme Court Justice John F. Parkhurst of this place was stricken with apoplexy to-day, and was unconscious for fifteen minutes. Physicians say he will recover.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Cellars E. & W. Lock Front. Cellars.

MARRIED.

CLARK—HOLBROOK.—On Monday, June 15, at 16 West One Hundred and Thirtieth Street, by the Rev. Dr. Charles J. Young, Margaret Chalmers Holbrook, daughter of Justice William C. Holbrook and the late Anna M. Chalmers, to John Kirkland Clark.

LORD—HALL.—On Monday, June 15, at 50 Monroe Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., by the Rev. John R. Forbes, Clara Frances Hall to William Henry Lord of Dedham, Mass. No cards.

DIED.

CHURCH.—Entered into rest at midnight June 14, 1903, Caroline Hudson, widow of the late Allan S. Church, M. D., in the 75th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, 232 Avenue A, Bayonne, N. J., Wednesday, June 17, at 11 o'clock A. M.

HAYS.—Suddenly, at his residence, 615 Fifth Avenue, on Sunday evening, June 14, in the 59th year of his age, Jacob Hays, son of the late William H. Hays.

Funeral services from the residence of his daughter, 22 East 75th Street, on Wednesday, June 17, at 4 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn at the convenience of the family.

McCLOSKY.—At the residence of Mrs. William Arnold, 15 East 32d St., Margaret McClosky, for forty-five years a faithful attendant in the Arnold family.

Funeral Wednesday, June 17, at 9 A. M., Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Av. and 84th St., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered. Interment Flatbush.

PORTER.—Sophie K., wife of Horace Porter, in Paris, April 6, 1903.

Private interment at Elberon, N. J., June 15.

WHITNEY.—At Milford, Penn., on Friday, June 12, 1903, Francis K., son of Betty R. and the late William Whitney, in the 32d year of his age.

Funeral from 134 East 23d St. Services at St. Patrick's Cathedral on Tuesday, June 16, at 10 A. M.

WHITON.—On Saturday afternoon, the 13th of June, 1903, at Piermont-on-the-Hudson, Sarah Pierson Lord, wife of William Henry Whiton, daughter of the late Eleazar Lord, D. D., LL. D., and granddaughter of the Hon. Jeremiah H. Pierson of Ramapo, N. Y., aged 76 years.

Relatives and friends invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence on Tuesday, the 16th inst., at 2:45 P. M.

CARPET CLEANING J. & J. W. WILLIAMS Tel. 366 Columbus. Est. 1875. 353 West 54th St.

GAVE $200,000 TO CHURCHES.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—The will of Edmund Dwight Parsons, who died in May, bequeaths the sum of $200,000 to religious denominations as follows:

To the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, $50,000; to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of America, $50,000; to the Methodist Episcopal Church, $50,000; to the Baptist Church of the United States, $20,000; to the Young Men's Christian Association, $15,000; to the American Sunday School Union, $15,000.

President's Guests at Luncheon.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Baron Sternburg, the German Ambassador; Baron Rheinbaden, the Prussian Minister of Finance, and Gen. Frederick D. Grant of the army were President Roosevelt's guests at luncheon to-day.

Eye and Ear Infirmary Appeal.

The Directors of the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary have issued an appeal for money with which to equip their new Aural Pavilion. The building is now completed, but until a sufficient sum of money has been raised with which to provide the necessary apparatus for the operating rooms and furniture for the wards the building cannot be used.

DEATHS REPORTED JUNE 15.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Y'rs.	Date D'th June
ABSALON, Dorothea, 1,466 5th Av.	52	13
ABEEL, Julia E., 202 W. 130th St.	12	15
ATTUBATO, Donato, 83 Carmine St.	19	13
BUESMEILER, Kate, 513 W. 45th	23	14
BARNETT, Minnie, Montefiore Home	75	15
BUCKLEY, Joseph, 331 W. 39th	3	14
CLINTON, Susanna, 3 Grand St.	27	14
CROWELL, Sarah A., St. Andrew, N.Y.	41	15
CARROLL, Celestine, 173 Amst'dm Av	6	14
CURET, Emily, 23 W. 134th St.	30	14
CLARK, Edward, 222 E. 74th St.	1	14
DOWD, Hattie A., 145 W. 104th St.	58	14
DRUM, Edward H., 333 E. 16th St.	1	14
DEMARTINO, Giuseppina, 14 Chrystie	2	14
DE CICCO, Teresa, 347 E. 113th St.	4	14
DE CICCO, Carmella, 347 E. 113th St.	3	13
DE CICCO, Alfredo, 347 E. 113th St.	1	13
DE STAFNO, Francesco, 347 E. 113th	8	13
DEAN, Alice, 423 W. 40th St.	1	14
DELEHANTY, Mary, 640 E. 14th St.	33	14
EVANS, Walter P., 571 Park Av.	23	13
FREES, Leah, 357 East 3d St.	74	14
FARLEY, Bridget, 24 E. 32d St.	70	13
FALCONE, Maria, 241 E. 29th St.	32	14
FROELICH, George, 3,814 3d Av.	1	14
FLAHERTY, Michael, 235 E. 28th St.	40	14
FLYNN, Andrew, 1,965 Park Av.	46	13
FRACASSE, Maria C., 142 Baxter St.	1	14
GAMMON, Edward, 536 E. 120th St.	52	13
HARRIGAN, Annie, 235 N. 9th, B'klyn	4	13
HAYDEN, Anna, 322 E. 80th St.	28	14
HAWKINS, James H., 253 W. 30th	64	14
HAYS, Jacob, 615 5th Av.	58	14
ISOLA, Ernesto, 6 Baxter St.	1	14
JOHNSON, Ellen, 215 E. 29th St.	23	14
KEENAN, Sarah, 544 W. 35th St.	50	13
KRETTINGER, F., 785 Columbus Av.	50	13
KAUFMAN, Shendel, 317 E. 101st St.	65	15
KESSLER, Theodore, 217 Avenue A	1	14
KENNY, Margaret, 224 E. 34th St.	42	14
KEARNS, Harold, 522 W. 21st St.	1	15
LAWLOR, Margaret, 1 Batavia St.	1	14
LEONE, Nicola, 24 Cherry St.	1	14
LEIM, Golde, 50 Rivington St.	63	14
LERTORA, J. V., 484 Dominick St.	71	14
LAQUARDIA, Catarina, 357 E. 100th	3	14
LARKIN, Edward W., 106 E. 75th St.	20	14
MURPHY, Bridget, 128 Cherry St.	66	13
MANTON, Lawrence, 724 E. 9th St.	1	14
MARRONE, Rosina, 401 E. 106th St.	3	13
MURRAY, Samuel, 512 W. 133d St.	39	13
MARSALA, Alfonso, 13 Roosevelt St.	3	14
MITCHELL, Rose, 24 West 135th St.	1	13
McKINSTRY, Catherine, 438 W. 56th	64	13
McMORROW, Anna, 175 E. 68th St.	1	14
McCANN, Ellen, 594 11th Av.	50	14
McCLOSKEY, Margaret, 13 E. 32d St.	55	14
NOLL, Kate, 448 W. 36th St.	1	14
NUSSPICKEL, Amelia, 51 E. 106th	36	15
NIGLUTSCH, A., Isabella Heimath	35	13
NEUMILLER, Margaret, 149 Av. A	75	15
OTTILIO, Donote, 322 E. 13th St.	50	13
O'HARA, Margaret, 158 E. 118th St.	48	14
O'CONNOR, Thomas, 16 Batavia St.	2	13
PALERMO, Giacinto, 63 Sullivan St.	18	13
RAFTER, Maggie, 356 Greenwich St.	6	13
RYAN, Catherine, 138 W. 66th St.	37	15
STEINECK, Georgianna, 466 W. 47th	13	13
STERN, Wm., 70 Orchard St.	24	14
STAFFORD, Sarah, 221 E. 122d St.	22	13
SCHNEIDER, Sophie, 297 Broome St	1	13
STEPHENS, Anna L., 739 Washington St.	23	14
SPERRY, Mary, 211 E. 34th St.	30	14
SULLIVAN, Michael C., 510 W. 29th	66	14
TOUPPA, A., 30 Mulberry St.	1	14
TWEED, Basil, 309 E. 105th St.	1	13
THOMPSON, J. D., 221 E. 117th St.	2	14
VOGT, Friedrich, 240 Avenue A	64	14
WEINRED, Sophie, 181 Norfolk St.	2	14
WILLMOTT, Emily, 2,412 2d Av.	46	13
WEISS, Fannie, 41 Jackson St.	14	13
WEINBERG, A., 52 Stanton St.	50	14
WEISS, Nora, 316 E. 40th St.	1	14

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Y'rs.	Date D'th June
BRESLYN, Ellen, William's Bridge	61	14
HEIDLEBACH, Johannette, 2,310 Southern Boulevard	78	14
LOWERRE, A. H., 19 Weiher Court	62	12
NEALON, Annie, Lincoln Hospital	54	14
NICOLOSI, Annie A., 1,140 E. 180th	1	14
SCHALLER, Frederick, Lincoln Hos.	33	12
SESSELMAN, Annie, St. Joseph's Hos	6	14
SOLOMON, Joseph, Lebanon Hospital	43	14
SULLIVAN, Mary, 1,002 Brook Av.	1	14
TREPZ, Johanna, Lincoln Hospital	40	13
TROLL, Esther, 826 Elton Av.	16	13

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Y'rs.	Date D'th June
ACKERMAN, Peter, 486 Hicks St.	29	13
ALOCCA, Felecia, 20 Richardson St.	1	15
ALONDE, Alfonso, Bushwick Hosp.	17	14
ALONDE, J., Bushwick Hosp.	18	14
BRADY, Ann, 964 Atlantic Av.	64	13
BRADY, Edward C., Kings Co. Hosp.	56	8
BRENNELL, E., 240 Hopkins St.	5	12
BURKE, William, 485 Humboldt St.	33	13
CALLES, Charles, 62 Floyd St.	47	14
CLAUSEN, J. E., 174 Kosciusko St.	66	11
CLEMENTS, A., 524 Vanderbilt Av.	1	14
CONNERS, F., 105 St. Edward's St.	67	13
CONNOLLY, Mary, 96 Wythe Av.	57	14
COX, John T., 88 Sumpter St.	56	14
DAHLSTROM, C. P., 559 Warren St.	33	14
D'AMBROSIA, M., 42 Front St.	78	15
DASCH, Catharine, 387 Starr St.	17	14
DOWNEY, James, 18 Judge St.	48	14
DUNNE, Michael, L. I. C. Hosp.	1	13
FRIEDLAND, A., Convent of Mercy.	1	15
GARONIA, Antonio, 184 Hamilton Av.	4	14
GREEN, Joseph M., 245 Grand Av.	39	14
HENKE, E. F., 40th St. and 4th Av.	84	14
HERRMANN, Ida, 61 Hamburg Av.	5	13
HICKMANN, M. H., St. John's Hos.	43	13
HYLAND, Mary, 891 Pulaski St.	75	13
KELLY, Thomas F., 294 Columbia St.	24	13
KNEBAL, C. E., 295 Greene Av.	56	15
KORN, Valentine, 446 State St.	5	13
KRAUS, Ludwig, 382 Hamburg Av.	61	13
LAIRD, Helen, 124 Grove St.	50	14
LAVEGLIA, Mariangela, 76 Front St	77	15
LUSK, Robert, 75 Court St.	12	13
MAHAN, Henry, 875 Lorimer St.	55	13
MAHON, Andrew J., 473 Lincoln Rd.	1	14
MARTIN, Elizabeth, 128 Hope St.	55	14
MASTACTOUONO, Palmino, 83 Dixon's Alley	1	14
MEYER, Karl C., 198 Water St.	1	13
McCALE, Patrick, 74 Jay St.	1	15
McGINN, James, 421 17th St.	9	13
NEALIS, Ann, 343 Keap St.	1	13
O'BRIEN, Jane, 216 11th St.	62	14
O'BRIEN, Joseph, Convent of Mercy.	1	13
O'CONNOR, Greta, 146 Jay St.	36	13
PIZZA, Luigi, 444 Metropolitan Av.	8	14
RUBINSKI, Rosie, 724 Manhattan Av	10	13
SCHROEDER, Frank, K. Co. Hosp.	47	14
SCHWARZ, Simon, 506 12th St.	51	14
SEAMAN, Fillet, Kings Co. Hosp.	40	12
SEELEY, Louise, 192 Pearl St.	29	13
SENIOR, Sarah J., 1,820 Bushwick Av	43	13
SOOLL, Frederick, 225 Union Av.	6	14
STRECKFUSS, Henry, 293 S. 5th St.	69	14
VOGEL, Anthony, 218 S. 5th St.	1	13
WEBBER, Caroline C., 288 Park Pl.	64	14
WELLMANN, Marion J. H., 138 16th.	77	15
WOPPEREL, Frank, 1,431 Greene Av	1	13

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Did You Ever Try a Russian Bath? If not you have missed a great luxury. Go to the Lafayette Place Baths, 18 Lafayette Place, and try one. Hotel, Restaurant and Café.

OCEAN TIDE'S ASTORIA

State Senator McCarren's Filly Won Sweepstakes and Plate.

Africander, Odom Riding, Was the Only Successful Favorite on a Muddy Track at Gravesend.

With consolation prizes in the shape of dinner invitations for the owners of beaten horses, the post of host for the owner of the winner and the general feeling among those interested persons that they could not lose any way the race resulted, the Astoria, for fillies two years old, in a "sporting" sweepstakes, at five furlongs, probably gave more general satisfaction in its outcome than any other event of the day at the Gravesend race track yesterday. As one other result of the running of the race, a notable body of turfmen dined at the Waldorf last evening, the thirty horse owners assembling as the guests of State Senator P. H. McCarren, according to the custom and conditions governing the race for the Astoria, but the consolation did not extend to the general public, and the gratification of the average race goer over racing that brought about the downfall of five favorites in six races naturally did not quite equal that of the subscribers to the Astoria.

Two stakes were down for decision, these being the Astoria and the May, the latter a selling sprint over the short six furlongs for three-year-olds. John W. Schorr's Tennessee colt John A. Scott was a hot favorite for the May, but through the misguided efforts of one of the starter's helpers to get him away, John A. Scott was held at the post when the others broke, and dropped out of the race, while W. R. Condon, at 4 to 1 and better, slipped away in front and was never headed, winning in a big gallop by two lengths from Minotaur, second, while the well-backed Toscan just managed to stagger in third.

The Astoria was looked on as a "good thing" for Andrew Miller's smart filly Julia M., who started a 6-to-5 favorite in a field of six and, breaking first, went on in front and continued to look like a "good thing" until well into the stretch for the run home. At the last furlong pole, however, Julia M. tired in the holding mud and began to lag, and State Senator McCarren's Ocean Tide went on past her with a rush, and, after a little rousing with the whip, won ridden out by three lengths, while F. R. Hitchcock's Tepee in the last few strides beat Julia M. a scant half length for second place.

In his race Africander was much the best horse, and in spite of being carried very wide on the first turn, took command on the back stretch and galloped in front for the remainder of the mile and a sixteenth. Odom, who rode him, having to ride him a bit at the end, however, after having eased the colt up too soon. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, beaten non-winners at the Gravesend meeting; selling allowances; scale from $3,000 down to $1,000; about six furlongs.
W. C. Daly's Locket, ch. c., 4 years, by Halma—Token, 101 pounds, (O'Brien,) 10 to 1 and 4 to 1 ... 1
The Mexican Stable's Daisy Green, b. f., 3, 102, (O'Neil,) 6 to 1 and 5 to 2 ... 2
M. F. Dwyer's Rowland, b. c., 3, 100, (H. Michaels,) 20 to 1 and 8 to 1 ... 3
Time—1:12 2-5. Won, ridden out, by a length and a half; a head between second and third. Neither One, Oclawaha, Balbal, Ben Howard, Mennenfield, Interval, Mary Street, Brixton, Midnight Chimes, and Eva Russell also ran. Value to the winner, $880. Winner trained by D. Carter.

SECOND RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds; one mile and a sixteenth.
The Hampton Stable's Africander, b. c., by Star Ruby—Afric Queen, 126 pounds, (Odom,) 15 to 20 and 1 to 4 ... 1
James McLaughlin's Duke of Kendal, br. c., 100, (J. Martin,) 3 to 1 and 9 to 5 ... 2
W. C. Daly's Colonsay, ch. c., 92, (Creamer,) 12 to 1 and 3 to 1 ... 3
Time—1:50. Won cleverly by a length; four lengths between second and third. Invincible and Akela also ran. Value to the winner, $1,020. Winner trained by R. Miller.

THIRD RACE.—The May Stakes, for three-year-olds, selling allowances; scale from $2,500 down to $1,000; about six furlongs.
J. L. Holland's W. R. Condon, b. c., by Troubadour—Felipa, 104 pounds, (J. Martin,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1 ... 1
Frank Farrell's Minotaur, b. c., by Eon—Mermaid, 101, (Fuller,) 5 to 1 and 8 to 5 ... 2
The Columbia Stable's Toscan, ch. c., by Hastings—Toscana, 108, (H. Cochran,) 7 to 2 and 6 to 5 ... 3
Time—1:12 2-5. Won in a gallop by two lengths; a neck between second and third. John A. Scott, Captivator, and Forward also ran. Value to the winner, $1,650. Winner trained by J. Smith.

FOURTH RACE.—The Astoria Sweepstakes, for fillies two years old, special weights; five furlongs.
P. H. McCarren's Ocean Tide, b. f., by St. George—Come and Go, 114 pounds, (Bullman,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2 ... 1
F. R. Hitchcock's Tepee, ch. f., by Pontiac—Pouche, 114, (T. Burns,) 5 to 1 and 8 to 5 ... 2
Andrew Miller's Julia M., br. f., by Harvest—Brown Cactus, 114, (Odom,) 6 to 5 and even ... 3
Time—1:03 4-5. Won, ridden out, by two lengths; a half length between second and third. Trossachs, Dusky, and Heatherdown also ran. Value to the winner, $3,750 and $500 in plate. Winner trained by Frank Brown.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; scale from $3,000 down to $800; one mile and a sixteenth.
Frank Farrell's Silurian, br. g., 5 years, by Belvidere—Virgie D., 98 pounds, (Fuller,) 3 to 1 and 7 to 10 ... 1
O. L. Richards's Lord Advocate, ch. c., 3, 101, (Gannon,) 9 to 1 and 3 to 1 ... 2
W. C. Daly's Carroll D., ch. c., 4, 104, (O'Brien,) 25 to 1 and 8 to 1 ... 3
Time—1:53. Won cleverly by a length; a neck between second and third. St. Sever and Graden also ran. Value to the winner, $780. Winner trained by E. Weir.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; handicap; five and a half furlongs.
M. Murphy's Baseful, ch. c., by Mirthful—Basemetta, 120 pounds, (McCue,) 2 to 1 and even ... 1
C. P. Waterhouse's Toledo, ch. c., 126, (Waterbury,) 11 to 5 and 7 to 10 ... 2
Andrew Miller's Reveille, ch. c., 104, (Redfern,) 8 to 1 and even ... 3
Time—1:10⅘. Won easily by a length; six lengths between second and third. Celebrant and Excentral also ran. Value to the winner, $675. Winner trained by J. Healey.

Entries for Gravesend Races To-day.

FIRST RACE.—High-weight handicap for all ages; about six furlongs. Shot Gun, 127 pounds; Hurstbourne, 130; Sir Voorhies, 120; Dean Swift, 118; Illyria and Hopeful Miss, 111 each; Damon, 110; Prairie Flower II. and Midnight Chimes, 109 each; Allan, 108; Luminosity and Effie Sheppard, 105 each, and King Post, 100.

SECOND RACE.—For mares and geldings, three years old and upward, selling allowances; scale from $3,000 down to $1,000; one mile and a sixteenth. Young Henry, 115 pounds; Carbuncle, 110; Irish Jewel, 103; Coruscate, 100; Star and Garter and Sentinel, 98 each; Orloff, 95; Tioga, 91 and Rosanco, 84. Apprentice allowance claimed for Carbuncle, Tioga, and Rosanco.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds, beaten non-winners at the Gravesend meeting; special weights, with allowances; five furlongs. Namcoki and Cascine, 112 pounds each; Listaway, 109; Billings, Tom Cod, Montana King, Dutiful, Great Eastern, Steelmaker, and James V., 107 each, and Miss Shylock and Honey Boy, 104 each.

FOURTH RACE.—The Brookdale Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. Herbert, 112 pounds; Africander, 109; Bonnibert, 108; Hunter Raine and Merry Acrobat, 103 each; Sambo, 100; Ethics, 96, and Bon Mot, 90.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling allowances; scale from $2,500 down to $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Sentinel and Ink, 108 pounds each; Music and Scoffer, 105 each; Hist, Dark Planet, Spring Silk, and O'Reilly, 101 each; Royal Pirate, 96, and Rosanco, 95. Apprentice allowance claimed for Rosanco, Royal Pirate, and Hist.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; special weights; five and a half furlongs. Montresor, Trouville, Sandhurst, Prince of Elm, Great Eastern, Moharib, Harbor, Tom O'Reilly, and Steelmaker, 112 pounds each, and Palm Room, Oradell, Procession, and Lida Lieb, 109 each.

Savable Favorite for Derby.

CHICAGO, June 15.—A heavy play was made here to-day on Savable and Irish Lad, candidates for the American Derby. Savable was backed down from 3 to 2 to 1 by John A. Drake and friends. Savable's price is now as low as that of Heno last year, and there is every indication that Savable will go to the post a decided favorite, under the weight of money, if for no other reason. If Savable shall be post favorite it will be the first time in three years that a Western horse has had the honor.

Notes from the Race Track.

G. E. Smith (Pittsburg Phil) has returned to the race track after a short absence enforced by ill-health. He asserts, however, that his return is only temporary, as he means to sell out his racing stable and retire from the turf.

Jockey "Patsy" McCue has signed a contract with the Philadelphia turfman, M. Murphy, to ride for the Murphy stable for the remainder of the present season. McCue has been riding under a conditional agreement for Mr. Murphy since the Gravesend meeting, and has given evidence repeatedly that he retains all his old skill.

A probable change in the plans of Messrs. Whitney & Duryea, owners of Irish Lad, concerning that colt's trip to Chicago to race for the American Derby, was announced yesterday. Originally it was intended to ship the colt west on Wednesday, but because of the rainy weather and the chance of a heavy track at Washington Park Saturday, Irish Lad's Western trip now is doubtful. He still may go, however, if the weather clears.

Goldsmith, the chief hope of the William C. Whitney stable for the Suburban Handicap and the present favorite for that race, yesterday was reported to be coughing so badly that there is grave doubt as to whether he will be fit to race on Thursday. With Goldsmith doubtful, it was said that the Whitney Stable will be represented in the Suburban by Gunfire, though the filly must take up 126 pounds, or a penalty of 12 pounds more than her original impost.

Capt. S. S. Brown, a visitor at the Gravesend race track yesterday, cast doubt on the promise of a meeting between his crack colt Broomstick and August Belmont's Magistrate in the first part of the Double Event, to be run Thursday, by declaring that should the track remain muddy he will not start Broomstick. The two colts, both unbeaten so far, are recognized as the best that the year has produced, and great interest is felt in the prospect of an early meeting between them.

Frank Farrell yesterday reached the determination and announced his decision that Blues shall not be a starter for the Suburban Handicap on Thursday. This announcement left Jockey G. C. Fuller, who is under contract to Mr. Farrell, at liberty for the Suburban, and the boy's services were engaged promptly by C. F. Dwyer for Africander who, Messrs. Dwyer and Daimel have asserted, will be a starter in spite of the fact that he must carry 110 pounds, or 12 pounds penalty in the race.

BIG YEARLING SALE BEGUN.

Rancho del Paso Horses Led J. B. Haggin's Offering of 354 Thoroughbreds.

The largest offering of yearling thoroughbred horses of the American sales season was begun yesterday by the Fasig-Tipton Company in the saddling paddock of the Gravesend race track, when the sale of J. B. Haggin's California breeding farm, Rancho del Paso, was begun. Two hundred and thirty-four colts and fillies are catalogued for this sale, which will continue daily until Thursday, when the selling will be transferred to the Sheepshead Bay sales paddocks. Immediately following the Rancho del Paso sale, the yearlings from the Haggin's Kentucky farm, Elmendorf Stud, will begin, to continue to Saturday, with 120 horses catalogued, making the total of 354 yearlings for the market from the Haggins farms.

The attendance at the opening of the big sale was large, and the prices realized averaged fairly well, the top figure for the first day being $2,900, bid by Sydney Paget for the bay colt by Goldfinch—Cottage Girl. The best prices were as follows:

Bay filly, by Golden Garter—Auranis, by Virgil; P. Lorillard	$1,500
Chestnut colt, by St. Gatien—Bellane, by Tenny; S. Paget	1,000
Bay filly, by St. Andrew—Blue Dress, by Luke Blackburn; J. McGinnis	850
Chestnut colt, by St. Gatien—Braw Lass, by Eolus; S. Paget	1,100
Chestnut colt, by Sir Modred—Brilliar, by Flambeau; E. J. Smith	900
Bay colt, by St. Andrew or Golden Garter—Bundoora, by Darebin; R. A. Smith	1,900
Chestnut filly, by Del Paso—Carina, by Kingfisher; R. A. Smith	800
Brown filly, by Watercress—Celia III., by Charaxus; P. Lorillard	800
Bay colt, by Goldfinch—Cottage Girl, by Hidalgo; S. Paget	2,900
Bay colt, by Star Ruby—Daraitta, by Darebin; A. L. Aste	1,700

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES

Only Two Games Each for the National and American Leagues—Pittsburg Defeats Chicago.

The New York and Brooklyn Nationals were on their way home yesterday from their Western trips, and the local American League game with the visiting Chicago team had to be postponed on account of rain and wet grounds. Pittsburg's champions improved their standing in the National League pennant race by shutting out the Chicago players, with whom they were tied for second place. Pittsburg now ranks second to New York, with Chicago third and Brooklyn next, filling up the first division. Cincinnati, which leads the second division, defeated the St. Louis tail-enders yesterday, while the Boston and Philadelphia teams were on their way East from their tour of the Western circuit.

Only two American League games were played. At Philadelphia the champion Athletics beat the St. Louis nine by the score of 2 to 1, and at Washington the locals defeated the Detroits by a similar score.

Following are the scores of the games in the National and American Leagues, respectively:

Pittsburg, 5; Chicago, 0.
Cincinnati, 4; St. Louis, 3.

Philadelphia, 2; St. Louis, 1.
Washington, 2; Detroit, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

PITTSBURG, June 15.—For the third time in succession Leever shut out an opposing team to-day. He pitched a splendid game, allowing Chicago but one hit. Not a Chicago player reached second base. Menefee also pitched a good game. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	x	5	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Batteries—Leever and Phelps; Menefee and Kling.

CINCINNATI, 4; ST. LOUIS, 3.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 15.—Cincinnati defeated St. Louis to-day by the score of 4 to 3. St. Louis made a good effort in the ninth inning, scoring three runs, but Donovan and Brain failed in their turns at bat. Farrell was put off the grounds charged with abusing Umpire Holliday. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	x	4	10	2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	[illegible]	[illegible]

Batteries—Ewing and Bergen; Rhoades and J. O'Neil.

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	34	14	.708	Cincinnati	21	26	.447
Pittsburg	33	17	.673	Boston	19	26	.404
Chicago	34	18	.654	Philadelphia	15	32	.304
Brooklyn	24	23	.511	St. Louis	15	34	.306

Games Scheduled for To-day.

New York in Philadelphia.
Brooklyn in Boston.
Chicago in Pittsburg.
St. Louis in Cincinnati.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Patten proved better than Mullen in the box to-day, and Washington won a close game from Detroit. A costly error followed by a long fly and a single gave Washington the necessary tallies. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	x	2	1	0
Detroit	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	3

Batteries—Patten and Drill; Mullen and McGuire.

PHILADELPHIA, 2; ST. LOUIS, 1.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—Plank pitched the champions to victory over St. Louis to-day. Only one of the visitors' two triples resulted in a run, and that was due to a dropped thrown ball by Davis. Donahue made his appearance here after a year's absence. He pitched a good game. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	2
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	x	2	6	1

Batteries—Donahue and Kahoe; Plank and Powers.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Boston	26	17	.605	Chicago	21	21	.500
Philadelphia	26	19	.578	New York	19	23	.452
Cleveland	23	19	.548	Detroit	20	25	.444
St. Louis	21	19	.525	Washington	15	32	.319

Games Scheduled for To-day.

Chicago in New York.
St. Louis in Philadelphia.
Detroit in Washington.
Cleveland in Boston.

VERMONT, 8; COLUMBIA, 0.

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 15.—The University of Vermont baseball team closed the season here to-day by shutting out Columbia. Only three visitors got as far as second base. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Vermont	1	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	...	8	10	1
Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5

Batteries—Davis and Orton; Grant and Goodman.

Eastern League Games.

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	...	7	10	1
Buffalo	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	7	3

Batteries—Hardy and Toft; Milligan and Shaw. Umpire—Mr. Swartwood.

AT BALTIMORE.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	6	10	3
Rochester	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	5	5

Batteries—Mills and Robinson; Becker and Lilly. Umpire—Mr. Brown.

New York State League Games.

At Binghamton—Binghamton, 4; A. J. & G., 3.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 3; Schenectady, 2.

American Association Games.

Columbus, 6; Kansas City, 3.
Minneapolis, 5; Indianapolis, 1.
Toledo, 7; Milwaukee, 6.

Baseball To-day, 4 P. M. American League. Greater N. Y. vs. Chicago. B'way & 165th St. —Adv.

YACHTS AFRAID OF RAIN

Reliance, Constitution, and Columbia Did Not Start at Glen Cove.

N. Y. Y. C. Races for Glen Cove Cups and Annual Regatta Bring Out Only Six Starters.

Reliance, Constitution and Columbia were to have started yesterday in the races for the Glen Cove cups, over the Glen Cove courses, in the Sound, but threatening weather spoiled the race. The annual regatta of the New York Yacht Club, postponed from last Thursday on account of a dearth of entries, was also held yesterday, but when starting time arrived only six yachts in all were at the mark, and the three 90-footers did not put in an appearance. The Columbia and Constitution remained at anchor in Glen Cove, and the Reliance was at her moorings off New Rochelle, and the covers remained on the mainsails of all the yachts.

On account of the intermittent rain squalls it had been agreed among the managing owners earlier in the day that the big yachts would not race. The arrangement evidently had met with some opposition from Mr. Belmont, for when he was asked why the 90-footers did not appear he said: "You had better go to New Rochelle. He (Mr. Iselin) can give you a better reason than I can." When he was asked if they would race Wednesday he replied significantly, "I presume so."

Mr. Iselin, who was seen aboard the tender Sunbeam while she lay at anchor in Echo Bay, near the Reliance, explained that the agreement not to race had been made in order to run no risk of wetting the sails. "We have not had our sails wet this year," he said, "and on account of the threatening weather we agreed not to race to-day."

The concentration of interest in the Reliance, Constitution, and Columbia was evidenced yesterday by the few starters in the annual regatta, ordinarily one of the most important events of the yachting season, as the best boats in all classes usually compete. There were in all only fifteen entries, and of these but six crossed the starting line. They were F. L. Leland's schooner Ariel, at whose wheel was the veteran Capt. Hank Haff; the schooner Katrina, owned by James B. Ford; the rival sixty-footers Isolde and Eelin, owned by Frederick M. Hoyt and F. L. Rodewald respectively; F. M. Smith's Herreshoff sloop Effort, and L. D. Martens's Surprise.

The start had been scheduled for 12 o'clock, and at that hour the rain had stopped falling and a fine breeze of from 10 to 15 knots' strength was coming in from the northeast. The big sloops, however, remained at anchor, and no signs of activity about decks could be seen. The Regatta Committee signaled that the race would be postponed until later in the day, and at 12:45, when no more yachts had appeared, the preparatory gun was fired.

The sloops were sent over together, the Isolde getting over the line first 4 seconds after the gun, at 12:55, but the Eelin, which followed 38 seconds later, had the advantage of the windward position, and was able to pass the Isolde and win the race by 2 minutes and 48 seconds. Effort had an easy victory over the smaller Surprise on actual time, but the ratings of the yachts under the new measurement rule and their allowances will not be known for a day or two until Measurer C. D. Mower has made his report to the Regatta Committee. For the same reason the result of the race between the schooners Ariel and Katrina will not be known until then. Capt. Hank Haff was at Ariel's tiller, and he showed that he could give the younger fry of racing skippers points in the game, for he crossed the line almost with the gun and showed the way around the course.

The course was a fifteen-mile triangle, four and one-half miles northeast by north from Matinnecock Point Buoy to a point off Great Captain Island; four and one-half miles southeast to a point off Lloyd's Point, and six miles west by one-half south to the starting point. The wind was north northeast.

The summary:

SLOOPS.

	Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Eelin	12:55:38	2:58:12	2:02:34
Isolde	12:55:04	3:02:26	2:07:22
Effort	12:55:45	3:12:34	2:16:49
Surprise	12:56:12	3:41:31	2:45:19

SCHOONERS.

	Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Ariel	1:06:22	3:06:13	2:00:41
Katrina	1:06:19	3:10:34	2:04:15

SEAWANHAKA CUP TRIALS.

Kolutoo, Sailing in Close Race, Wins Fourth of the Trial Series.

MANCHESTER, Mass., June 15.—A howling northeast gale with a nasty sea running and spray flying in clouds were the conditions under which the fourth race for the selection of a challenger for the Seawanhaka Cup was sailed this afternoon, and Kolutoo for the third time came in first. The three races last week were sailed in zephyrs and on a smooth sea, and the Vampire, the other Manchester boat won once by a narrow margin from Kolutoo. The judges sent the boats away this afternoon simply because some of the crews wanted to prove their mettle. Kolutoo won by the narrow margin of fifteen seconds from Frontenac, and Vampire, the third boat, was only one second ahead of Dulce, the last to finish.

The course was triangular, two miles to each leg, and the official time was:

Name.	Elapsed Time.	Name.	Elapsed Time.
Kolutoo	24:22	Vampire	24:45
Frontenac	24:38	Dulce	24:46

The judges at first declared the race off, but afterward reversed their decision. The next race will be held to-morrow.

CREWS DRAW POSITIONS.

Representatives of Columbia, Cornell, Georgetown, Syracuse, Wisconsin, and Pennsylvania Meet.

Representatives of the six universities—Columbia, Cornell, Georgetown, Syracuse, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin—which will compete in the annual intercollegiate regatta over the Poughkeepsie-Highland course on Friday, June 26, met yesterday afternoon at the Columbia University Club, 41 West Thirty-sixth Street, and drew for positions at the starting line. The drawing resulted as follows:

Four-Oared Race—1, Pennsylvania; 2, Cornell; 3, Wisconsin; 4, Columbia.

Freshmen Eight-Oared Race—1, Cornell; 2, Columbia; 3, Pennsylvania; 4, Syracuse; 5, Wisconsin.

'Varsity Eight-Oared Race—1, Pennsylvania; 2, Columbia; 3, Cornell; 4, Wisconsin; 5, Syracuse; 6, Georgetown.

The positions number from the west shore, and on account of the width of the river at that point there is practically no difference in desirability, as far as rowing conditions are concerned, but as the observation train runs along the west bank, the crews which occupy the positions nearest that bank are most easily kept in view during the race by the spectators on the train. From this point of view, Columbia, Cornell, and Pennsylvania are well placed in all but the four-oared race, in which the local crew will occupy the outermost place.

Cycle Race Entries Reopened.

Owing to the postponing of the opening of the cycle racing season at Manhattan Beach last Saturday on account of rain, the management has reopened the entries for the novice race and the main race at two miles, for amateurs, which will be run at the meet next Saturday. It is probable that Charles B. Leonero, the Western champion, will come on for this event, as he has long been anxious to meet Champion Marcus L. Hurley in a race, and as he would have but a few yards' handicap over Hurley, their meeting would give additional interest to the race.

"Bobby" Walthour, the motor-paced champion; Basil De Guichard, the French cyclist, and "Nat" Butler will be the contestants in the motor-paced championship race, which will be run in heats. De Guichard has engaged Hoffman to pace him during the rest of the season. Hoffman was the pacemaker for the late Harry Elkes when he was killed on Decoration Day.

TWO SHAMROCKS BERTHED

New Challenger and Old Yacht Towed to Erie Basin.

Shamrock III.'s Pole Mast, an Enormous Spar, Will Be Stepped To-day—Pug Dog for Mascot.

Sir Thomas Lipton's cup hunter, Shamrock III., and her trial horse, the first of that name, are moored alongside a pier in Erie Basin, and the work of dismantling them preparatory to stepping their masts will begin in earnest this morning. The Merritt & Chapman derrick Will, which will lift out the jury spars and replace them with the lofty sticks that will uphold their racing canvas, arrived at the basin shortly before 6 o'clock last night.

On board the derrick, carefully covered by a tarpaulin, were seventy-two packages containing the running and standing rigging for the challenger, together with the spreaders for the new craft. These packages were part of the cargo of the Anchor Line steamer Ethiopia, and the non-arrival of this paraphernalia at the basin caused some delay.

The sailormen were early astir on the invading fleet at its anchorage off the New York Yacht Club station at Tompkinsville, where it was moored Sunday night. Cables were hove shortly before 8 o'clock, and shortly after that hour the tug Charles E. Matthews passed a line to the new craft and started up the bay, followed half an hour later by the challenger of four years ago in tow of the big Liverpool tug Cruiser. Their progress up the bay was a continued ovation. Every steam vessel they passed on the voyage to the basin opened wide the brazen throat of its whistle, while sailing vessels dipped their ensigns.

There was a cold, drizzling rain, accompanied by a thin haze, but the Shamrock III. reached the sheltered waters of the basin shortly after 9 o'clock, her older companion drifting into the cove nearly half an hour later. As soon as the yachts were made fast the crew was set to work washing down decks and scrubbing the top sides of the challenger. Capt. Wringe climbed ashore and held a short conference with Superintendent Dickey of the Robbins Company, after which the skipper of the yacht said that owing to the weather and the non-arrival of the derrick, nothing further in the way of dismantling the yachts would be done beyond unreeving some of the smaller gear and making everything ready for the labors of to-day.

When asked what he thought of the chances of the Shamrock III., he said:

"We all have the utmost faith that she will do the trick. She is far and away a better boat than Shamrock I., and every man jack in the crew believes we will win."

An official of the Robbins Company said that the work of cleaning the underbodies of the two yachts would not be done until they were completely fitted with racing rigs. This will make it Thursday at the earliest when the two racers will be floated in the big Boston Graving dock. It was learned that they could not be floated in the smaller dock because the new craft required twenty-one feet of clear water above the keel blocks, which means that Shamrock III. draws nearly that amount.

At present the Old Dominion steamship Hamilton occupies the berth desired for the two Shamrocks, which will be docked together, and after the Hamilton is warped out another steamer will take her place before the cup hunters are floated in.

The spars are lying on the pier near the yachts. Those intended for the new boat are painted a dark yellow, and are noticeably longer than those of the old Shamrock. The new craft will be equipped with a pole mast with trestles for the spreaders. It is nearly thirty-six inches in diameter at its largest part, which is about five feet above the deck. It is a hollow steel tube strengthened by horizontal diaphragms, or disks, and vertical angle irons. The boom, which is also of steel, is constructed in the same manner, and is many feet longer than the one intended for Shamrock I.

During the afternoon Joseph Loney, a Brooklyn politician, appeared with a tiny pug dog, which he presented to First Officer Dombley as a mascot. Mr. Loney said the puppy, which, by the way, was gayly decked with green ribbons, was a "lucky dog" and a real mascot. Mr. Dombley accepted the present and it was conducted below with appropriate ceremonies.

It was rumored during the day that Sir Thomas, who is expected to arrive here one week from to-morrow, would at once give orders to have Shamrock II. placed in commission and would, after the races for the America's Cup had been decided, offer a prize for the six ninety-footers in commission over an ocean course. It is expected that when Sir Thomas arrives the fleet in all their brave panoply of new paint and racing canvas will be at Sandy Hook to greet him.

A SHAMROCK IV. PROBABLE.

Sir Thomas Lipton Will Try Again If Beaten with Shamrock III.

LONDON, June 15.—Entertained by a number of distinguished men at a send-off dinner at the Savoy Hotel to-night, Sir Thomas Lipton said a hundred proverbial reasons boded success for his third attempt to capture the America's Cup. But if unfortunately he failed he would be found at the starting line a year hence with Shamrock IV.

Among those present were Lord Tweedmouth, Lord Denby, T. P. O'Connor, M. P., the Hon. Charles Russell, and Sir Squire Bancroft.

ON LOCAL TENNIS COURTS.

Ward Beat Burchard in Final Round of Metropolitan Championship Singles.

Although the tennis courts were in poor condition yesterday the final match of the metropolitan championship tournament was played, and resulted in a victory for the Harvard veteran, Holcombe Ward. He met Ross Burchard, an old-time expert of Yale, on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club, One Hundred and Seventeenth Street and Amsterdam Avenue, defeating him in three straight sets of the fastest sort of play. The result of this match gives to Ward the right to meet Harold H. Hackett, the present holder of the title, in the challenge contest to-day. This match will be open to the public and will begin at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The winning of the tournament by Ward is according to the form on which he was picked for the place at the beginning of the meeting. In the opening set the Harvard man indicated that he intended to make the contest as short as possible. He went to the net at the outset, and at only intermittent periods was Burchard able to drive his opponent back from that position of vantage. By quick and accurate cross-court drives Ward took the first and second games. Then Burchard opened with an attack on Ward's back hand that won two games for him and the score went to 2 all. That Burchard should be able to do this appeared to increase Ward's speed, and he slashed out some sensational kills at the net that gave him the set at 6—3. The Yale man forced Ward's ground strokes in the second set. He drove the ball at top speed with accurate aim for the base line of the Harvard man's court. He did well in so doing, for time after time he caught Ward as the latter was starting to run into the net, and as Ward was practically off his feet, Burchard scored the points on Ward's failure to get back a fair return. Burchard got the lead at 2—love and at 3—1. Then Ward again went to the net for a season of volleyings, and forged ahead at 5—3, finally taking the set at 6—4. The last set was easy for Ward, who outclassed his opponent at every stroke.

Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Robert Le Roy, the team of the New York Lawn Tennis Club, won the final match in the mixed doubles. The opposing pair was a scratch team composed of Miss Anna M. Risch of the New York Club and the Canadian ex-champion, Frederick G. Anderson of the Kings County Tennis Club.

An effort was made to finish the championship doubles. The Yale-Princeton combination of Harold H. Hackett and Raymond D. Little won against the pair of the New York Lawn Tennis Club, David S. Sands and G. Lorraine Wyeth. Then they took the court against the Philadelphian, Harry F. Allen, who was paired with Robert Le Roy, the young Columbia University player. The first set was a veritable battle for the place at the net, with first one side in the place and then the other. In the majority of the hotly contested rallies Allen and Le Roy were able to get the points. On their side of the net Little was prone to send the ball into the net, while Hackett accomplished some pretty work at placing the ball, and varied it occasionally when the opportunity offered with a pass. Allen and Le Roy took the set at 9—7, only to lose the next at 6—4. The third and deciding set was begun, the first game being won by Allen and Le Roy, when the collegians requested that the match remain unfinished, because of the darkness, to be resumed this afternoon. The summary:

Men's Championship Singles.—Final Round—Holcombe Ward, Orange Tennis Club, defeated Ross Burchard, West Side Tennis Club, 6—3, 6—4, 6—3.

Men's Championship Doubles.—First Round—Theodore Roosevelt Pell and Arthur S. Cragin, West Side Tennis Club, defeated A. J. Shaw and H. F. Holbrook, West Side Tennis Club, 6—7, 7—5, 6—2.

Second Round—Harold H. Hackett and Raymond D. Little, West Side Tennis Club, defeated David S. Sands and G. Lorraine Wyeth, New York Lawn Tennis Club, 6—3, 6—3.

Semi-final Round—Harry F. Allen and Robert Le Roy, Belmont Cricket Club and New York Lawn Tennis Club, vs. Harold H. Hackett and Raymond D. Little, West Side Tennis Club, 9—7, 4—6, 1—0, unfinished.

Mixed Doubles.—Final Round—Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Robert Le Roy, New York Lawn Tennis Club, defeated Miss Anna M. Risch and Frederick G. Anderson, New York Lawn Tennis Club and Kings County Tennis Club, 6—4, 11—9.

Men's Handicap Singles.—Semi-final Round—Frederick G. Anderson, (owe 30,) defeated H. Torrence, (owe 30,) 6—3, 7—5.

Consolation Singles.—First Round—R. Frank Hague defeated Theodore Roosevelt Pell, 4—6, 6—2, 6—3; J. Steinacher defeated J. E. Stadel, 6—2, 6—2; Clarence C. Trask defeated A. J. Shaw, by default.

With their tennis courts more suitable for boating parties than tournament matches, the meeting of the New York Lawn Tennis Club, One Hundred and Twenty-third Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, practically postponed their meeting until to-day. Two of the competitors in the singles were ready to try the only court that was dry enough to play upon and the match resulted in a victory for Charles F. Watson, Jr., of the Orange Lawn Tennis Club, Mountain Station, N. J. He defeated Dr. Julian K. Smythe of the New York Lawn Tennis Club by the score of 6—2, 6—3. The singles are expected to begin to-day, as nearly thirty men are entered for the event which is on the schedule of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, and is held under its auspices. Eleven women have entered for the handicap singles, and the list includes all of the prominent experts in the metropolitan district.

Rockaway Beaten at Polo.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—The Rockaway Club polo team, the present holders of the Pembroke Cup, were defeated to-day by the Philadelphia Country Club at Bryn Mawr by a score of 12 goals to 2½ in the semi-final match for the trophy. The visitors were weakened by the absence of Rene La Montague, Jr., and his place was filled by G. G. McMurtry, Jr.

FEDERAL COURTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—The Summer arrangement for the bankruptcy calendar of this court for trials, motions, and discharges is as follows: July—Wednesdays, 8th and 22d, at 10:30; August—Wednesdays, 5th and 19th, at 10:30; September—Wednesdays, 2d, 16th, and 30th, at 10:30; October—Wednesdays, 7th, 14th, 21st, and 28th, at 10:30. On and after Nov. 2, 1903, Mondays at 10:30 until further notice. THOS. ALEXANDER, Clerk.

Dated New York, June 12, 1903.

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, June 15.—Court of Appeals calendar for June 16: 289, 226, 303, 470, 53, 287, 261, 304.

New York Calendars—Tuesday, June 16.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Van Brunt, P. J.; Patterson, Ingraham, Hatch, and Laughlin, JJ.—Opens at 1 P. M. Enumerated motions.
15—Knickerbocker Ice Co. vs. Mayor, &c.
20—Lafferty vs. 34 Av. R. R. Co.
25—Herbert vs. Musical Courier Co.
32—Luyster vs. Joseph.
35—O'Keefe vs. City of New York.
36—Coverly vs. Terminal W. H. Co.
34—Herzog vs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
71—Wolf vs. Brumberg.
2—People, &c., vs. Green.
4—Same vs. Hufland.
72—Boyd vs. N. Y. Security & Trust Co.
43—Kones vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
58—Steuerwald vs. Gill.
59—Hagan vs. Ward.
60—Rosenstock vs. Dessar.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.
1—Cook vs. Cahn.
2—Badger vs. Beckwith.
3—Parsons vs. McDonald.
4—Kingsbury vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
5—In re Vyse St.
6—Mitchell vs. Schreiner.
7—Elkus vs. Shivley.
8—Briggs vs. Stevenson.
9—E. R. Sav. Bank vs. McDermott.
10—Gerety vs. Feibel.
11—Zimmet vs. Sternberg.
12—Houghton vs. Harvey.
13—Mitchell vs. Schriemer.
14—Trenkey vs. Van Sant.
15—Empire City Savings Bank vs. Selick.
16—In re Itner Place.
17—Radice vs. Mut. Res. Club.
18—Vonderlihr vs. Vonderlihr.
19—Kolbe vs. Jacobson.
20—Hawke vs. Herts.
21—Ehrhardt vs. Ehrhardt.
22—In re F. Kreeber Clock Co.
23—Vassilliades vs. Assoc. Merchants of New York.
24—Wilson vs. Wilson.
25—Juilliard vs. Smith.
26—N. Y. Chemical Co. vs. Creamer.
27—Nelson vs. Powers.
28—Same vs. same.
29—Tompkins vs. same.
30—Parascandalo vs. Gardner-Haines Co.
31—Foster vs. Loring.
32—In re Clark.
33—Trahern vs. Smith.
34—Farrell vs. Cronin.
35—Evarts vs. Nichols.
36—Monness vs. Brinn.
37—Gibbs vs. Barclay.
38—In re Katz.
39—Bird vs. Bird.
40—Blanchard vs. Ingersoll.
41—E. R. Sav. Inst. vs. McDermott.
42—In re Coffin.
43—Hutton vs. Smith.
44—Kalish vs. Higgins.
45—Same vs. same.
46—Chamberlain vs. Ibe.
47—Embury vs. Ellison.
48—Keegan vs. Woodbury.
49—Purcell vs. same.
50—Lyons vs. same.
51—Lacklin vs. same.
52—Purcell vs. same.
53—Maher vs. City of New York.
54—Cohen vs. same.
55—Kuller vs. same.
56—Bell vs. same.
57—Same vs. same.
58—Maher vs. Woodbury.
59—Curtis vs. same.
60—Gaynor vs. Moss.
61—McCrea vs. Partridge.
62—Gerow vs. York.
63—Holland vs. York.
64—McCaffrey vs. Partridge.
65—Dougherty vs. same.
66—Burns vs. same.
67—Croswell vs. Tuttle.
68—Rose vs. Bayer.
69—Amendola. Cong. Sons of Israel vs. Horowitz.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Truax, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Amend, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Calendar clear. Motions.
Demurrer.
270—Sprikian vs. Kupelman.
Preferred causes.
2959—Simonson Son Co. vs. Keenan.
3786—Shurman vs. Universal Realty Co.
General calendar.
890—Barry vs. McArthur.
2240—Mike vs. Mike.
2045—Rosenzweig vs. Rosenzweig.
2192—Architects' Realty Co. vs. Butler.
2258—Colonial Bank vs. Holly.
2163—Tavolario vs. Tavolario.
2206—Slevin vs. Schmitt.
1184—Rosenberg vs. Aaronson.
2194—Locomobile Co. of Amer. vs. Am. Bridge Co.
2195—Porter vs. Post.
2200—Dickson vs. Grimmer.
2265—Schwartzbarth vs. Wauban Co.
2270—Kreiss vs. Kreiss.
3074—McLellan vs. Edison Elec. Illum. Co.

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 2289.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Scott, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Elevated railroad case. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term)—Davis, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Rand, Garvin, Train, Krotel, and Kernochan for the People.
1—Edward Dorgan.
2—Ignatius L. Qualey.
3—Frank S. Weller.
4—Frank Bambaro.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on.
Inquest, 11808—Rafferty vs. Meyer.
10195—Leaycraft vs. Hanly.
11663—Williams vs. De La Vergne.
11574—Weisburger vs. Van Buren.
11688—Goldsmith vs. Schroeder.
11068—Hoffman vs. Un. Dime Sav. Inst.
11069—Cooley vs. Gerding.
11563—Liebeskind vs. Webster.
11610—Sullivan vs. Mrs. Osborne Co.
11194—Riverside Bank vs. Feist.
10632—Bishop vs. City of New York.
11669—Park vs. Finn.
7509—Porter vs. Waddle.
10107—Lawson vs. Lord.
10636—Mokarzel vs. City Trust, &c., Co.
5060—Randall vs. Shields.
11640—Luttgen vs. Belmont.
11718—Merks vs. Feust.
8516—Shaffer vs. Herder.
8675—Mason vs. Mason.
10146—Schmidt vs. Gasser.
11650—Youngman vs. Keegan.
11522—Ryan vs. Mut. Reserve Fund Life Assn.
11530—Harritch vs. same.
11677—Chamberlain vs. Ibe.
11721—Ohmeis vs. Grussler.
11596—Dieckerhoff vs. Bowman.
6201—Harriott vs. Broadhurst.
11231—Gowan vs. Fitzpatrick.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Betts, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Greenbaum, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part III. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts III., IV., V., VI., and VII., for trial.
2886—Pierce vs. Derby.
1788½—McKay vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3030—Cavanagh vs. Ehret.
2830—Kopilck vs. City of New York.
2601—Fitzgerald vs. Un. Ry. Co.
2908—Siebold vs. 34 Av. R. R.
2612—Barsotti vs. Sullivan.
2710—Frassenshini vs. same.
2820—Halvorsen vs. Frankfield.
11206—Meinrenken vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
11367—Suss vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2186—Burns vs. Holland Coffee Co.
2808—Gretschel vs. Schwarzwalder.
11086—Stackpole vs. Wray.
3611—Schoer vs. Union Surety & Guar. Co.
3396—Kelly vs. Mayor, &c.
11088—Becton vs. French.
2882—Diegman vs. Huber.
3119—O'Toole vs. Geo. A. Fuller Co.
3154—Rapp vs. 42d St. &c. R. R. Co.
3178—Minis vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3036—Strauss vs. Martin.
3020—Same vs. same.
3382—Gradot vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
3065—Jones vs. Stein.
3120—McKeenan vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3188½—Pulst vs. same.
3190—Cox vs. same.
3197—Bendetti vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
3205—Phillips vs. City of New York.
3207—Olsecka vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3210—Imp. & Traders' Nat. Bk. vs. Beinecke.
3214—Gunn vs. Ludorff.
3215—Doyle vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3234—Larochen vs. same.
3235—Same vs. same.
3236—Antonio vs. same.
3238—Levin vs. Weinhandler.
3240—Cribb vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3244—Golden vs. Jas. D. Johnson Co.
3245—Tanner vs. same.
3266—Connor vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3271—Mahoney vs. same.

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 3628.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part VIII. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts VIII., XI., and XII., for trial.
10642—Gallenkamp vs. Garvin Mach. Co.
2790—Tutschler vs. Cudahy Packing Co.
3646—Con. Wall Paper Co. vs. Kraus.
3206—Wanamaker vs. Megrew.
3216—Broder vs. Central Syndicate Bldg. Co.
3222—Lane vs. Forrest.
3226—Housman vs. Gilbert.
3228—Sinks vs. Bell.
3242—Kilpatrick vs. Germania Life Ins. Co.
3248—Rugovin vs. Meyer.
3260—Moon vs. Powers.
3272—Wischman vs. Gordon.
3273—Same vs. same.
3275—Wenderoth vs. Tilyou.
3276½—Schafer vs. Miller.
3277—Pincus vs. Lalor.
3284—Calhoun vs. Buch.
3285—McConnell vs. Bates.
3288—Arons vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
3290—Westinghouse, Church & Co. vs. Booth.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—[illegible], J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Stover, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Clarke, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—[illegible], J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S. Held on ground floor in County Court House. Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M.
1—Willard R. Staples.
2—Charles V. Hough.
3—Marie C. R. Burke.
4—Harris Rich.
5—Harris Rich.
6—Harris Rich.
7—John G. Syms.
8—Jane Morris.
9—John McGlynn.
10—Mary K. Buckminster.
11—John Smart.
12—Nera Easton.
13—John J. Cooney.
14—John Bohlken.
15—Jacob Caro.
16—Richard Rainforth.
17—Eleazer Jackson.
18—Moritz or Morris Guggenheim.
19—Kitty Easton.
20—Charles S. Disney.
21—Sarah A. O'Leary.
22—James H. Campbell.
23—Eliza T. Bryson.
24—Maria A. Bleidorn.
25—Jacob Mengea.
26—Isabel M. Neilson.
27—Eliza Johnson.
28—Ernst Kreuder.
29—George Koehler.
30—Agnes L. Robinson.
31—Frederic V. Haffner.
32—Grace C. Bates.
33—Peter Hayden.
34—Maria E. Tallman.
35—Mary Gilroy.
36—Richard P. Rothwell.
37—Thomas B. Williams.
38—Mary E. Hagan.
Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M.
Adeline Churchill.
Annie Kohn.
Johanna Blass.
Simon Lippmann.
At 11 A. M.
William J. Davis.
Alice Mills Law.
Patrick Barker.
At 2 P. M.
Ira E. Doying.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fitzgerald, S.—Held in Surrogates' Court Trial Term, second floor, in County Court House.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Contested will. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Special Term—O'Dwyer, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M. No contested motions will be heard unless placed on the calendar before 10 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Seabury, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
1201—Am. Spectacle Co. vs. Langman.
2040—Kugler vs. Gatzheim.
2009—Keating vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
960—Teetzel vs. J. H. Mohlman Co.
1822—Schoenfeld vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2050½—Blauner vs. Mahler.
948—Korn vs. Schwartz.
2031—Ehrenfeld vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
2054—Wechsler vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
2055—McCormick vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2056—Hardman vs. same.
2168—Philipson vs. Gallagher.
1056—Eisner vs. Hopkins.
1437—Goldberg vs. Lacov.
1036—O'Meara vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
780—Cohn vs. Rosenfield.
2030—Richter vs. Saphirstein.
2039—Schwarz vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2040—Cohn vs. 42d St. &c. Ry. Co.
5164—Charlof vs. Seidman.
2076—Gordon vs. Blumenthal.
2051—Clinicholio vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2057—Latchford vs. Schramm.
2061—Levy vs. Boliver Biscuit Exchange.
2070—Cooper vs. Cooper.
2211—Marstaller vs. Albrecht.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Adjourned for the term.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on.
2030—Libreira vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2401—Yochman vs. same.
2636—Becherek vs. Swirsky.
2061—Abrahams vs. Triele D. E. Co.
983—Holster vs. Sattler.
1538—Keyes vs. Cowperthwait.
1007½—McDonald vs. City Trust, &c., Co.
2683—Sullivan vs. O'Meara.
2908—Angeline vs. Nav. Gen. Ital.
2909—Beekman vs. Otto.
2911—Suderlap vs. Frankel.
2912—Winehouse vs. Seidman.
2913—Same vs. Gootman.
2922—Geraci vs. N. Y. Eve. Journal Pub. Co.
2922—Caesar vs. Horowitz.
2926—Rauth vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2907—Dougherty vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
2940—Huncken vs. Torrey.
3050—Realty, &c., Co. vs. Fidelity & Dep. Co.
3068—Heine vs. Epstein.
3071—Fiske vs. Handebode.
2942—Nicholson vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2943—Schuyler vs. same.
2883—Corcoran vs. Union Railway Co.
50033½—Ewel vs. Kennedy.
2957—Brown vs. Cooper.
2720—Wolfram vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2722—Vacco vs. same.
2724—Wallace vs. same.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Fitzsimons, C. J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
Short causes.
8654—Bloomingdale vs. Bigger.
7154—Spiegel vs. Kennelly.
6791—Stanton vs. Gray.
7230—Hutkoff vs. Kashare.
7287—Moisberger vs. Meyers.
7171—Billson vs. Hall & Grant Co.
7281—Herskovitz vs. Reiss.
7344—Wronkow vs. Atlantic Realty Co.
5821—Wellington Hotel Co. vs. Bowsky.
7324—Wieder vs. Union Surety, &c., Co.
7327—Shapiro vs. Cohen.
6465—Mott Haven vs. Boss.
7221—Schwartz vs. Margovitz.
6619—Ryley vs. Kelly.
7280—Vogel vs. Hemming.
7304—Stachelberg vs. Lopard.
7231—Fox vs. Smith.
6354—Garten vs. Oppenheim.
7353½—Crosby vs. Tobyane.
7362—Holzman vs. Ollendorf.
7338—Harlam vs. Gutman.
7008—Wellington Hotel Co. vs. Oppenheimer.
7319—Schnatz vs. Maher.
7351½—Harjes vs. Moses.
7020—Speck vs. Witmark.
7211½—Sherry vs. Gimbernat.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Hascall, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on.
3008—Cassidy vs. Vitolo.
2107—Schweyer vs. Man. Ry. Co.
2111—Lennan vs. Piercy.
2972—Mannella vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2090—Beers vs. Lawrence.
2392—Pierson vs. Lehigh Coal & Nav. Co.

Highest number reached on regular call, 2138.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Goff, R.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Smyth for the People.
1—George Gaibert.
2—William Kerredge.
3—Charles Stern.
4—Henry Mueller.
5—William Maurer.
6—James Minott.
Antonio Garrolle.
7—James Kees.
8—James McCue.
To fix a day for trial.
1—Joseph Romano.
Pleadings.
1—William Spencer, alias Wm. Rogers.
2—Alexander McDonald.
3—George Smithers.
James Harris.
4—John Munday.
5—Pellegrino Troiase.
6—James Wilson.
7—Harry B. Allen.
8—John McGuire.
9—Charles S. Carroll.
10—Alessandro Ruberti.
11—Charles Bloom.
12—Joseph Billett.
13—Albert Buetel.
Theodore Lang.
14—William Jones.
15—George Williams, alias Charles Williams.
16—Isidor Block.
17—William C. Wright.
Charles Smith.
18—John Darragh.
Benjamin Rabin.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—McMahon, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Thorne for the People.
1—Isaie Feldman.
Isidor Goldberg.
2—Joseph Urilo.
3—Edward Tracey.
4—William M. Walsh.
5—Lulu Taylor.
6—Alexander Roubine.
7—Charlie Sachs.
8—Max Greenbaum.
9—John Gibson.
John Foster.
10—Michael Hoffman.
11—Frederick Fischer.
12—Roger Maglio.
13—Mary Davis, otherwise called Mary Demarest, Mary Noble, and Mamie Noble.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Cowing, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Sandford and Train for the People.
1—Emanuel Seidman.
2—Giovanni Caraci.
3—Patrick Heavy.
4—Joseph Schwertsman.
5—Hyman Rottenberg.
6—William Link.
7—Frank White.
8—Mollie Peterson.
9—Joseph Kerney.
10—Thomas Lynch.
11—Samuel Paper.
Nathan Lambitch.
12—Carmine Dinardo.
13—William Tillman.
John Dyer.
14—Giuseppe Catina.
15—Morris Goldner.
16—Peter Andreolli.

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SPORTING EVENTS.

Baseball, Jersey City, West Side Park, to-day, 4 P. M. Newark vs. Jersey City. P. R. R. ferries.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Nott and Hart for the People.
1—Robert A. Ammon.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—Michael Connolly vs. John Keenan—E. T. Graves. William Schaus vs. Charlotte Krippner—Morris L. Strauss.
SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Pauline D. Riggs vs. Gittel Herschlewitz—John A. Wrede.
SUPREME COURT—Truax, J.—Henry C. Fuller vs. Cyrus Field Judson—John T. Little.
CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, J.—Thomas B. Hidden vs. Patrick Reynolds et al.—Stephen H. Keating.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Levy vs. Block—James R. Torrance. Same vs. same—Mark Goldberg. Feuchtwanger vs. Simpson—John J. O'Brien. Schnoering vs. Stevenson—E. S. Cahn.
SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Muirhead vs. Hollender—George C. Lay.
SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—Leithauser vs. Leithauser—Edward J. McGean. Montefiore Home, &c., vs. Sanger—Max Altmayer. Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. Ketcham—William H. Hirsh.
SUPREME COURT—Truax, J.—Carpenter vs. Frank—John Hone, Jr. East River Savings Institution vs. Wood—J. L. Strahan. Knevitt vs. Magina—Edward R. Finch. Bowery Savings Bank vs. Pauritsch—William C. Reddy.

Brooklyn Calendars—Tuesday, June 16.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department—Goodrich, P. J.; Bartlett, Hirschberg, Jenks, and Hooker, JJ.—Opens at 1 P. M. Enumerated day calendar.
452—Butcher vs. Bonawitz.
184, N. E.—Matter of Hardy.
453—Fisk vs. Ford.
454—Schlotterer vs. N. Y. Ferry Co.
455—Kenneally vs. Westchester Electric Co.
456—People vs. McCue.
457—People vs. Ryan.
358—Begly vs. Weddigen.
458—People vs. Shannon.
459—Same vs. Corballis.
461—Matter of Heatherton.
462—Haughian vs. Conlan.
463—Matter of N. Y. Life Ins. Co.—Will of Saxon.
464—Collier vs. Cole.
465—Westervelt vs. N. Y. Central R. R.
466—Mendonabel vs. same.
350—McCabe vs. Matthies.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Dickey, J.; Part II., Rogers, J.; Part III., White, J.; Part IV., Herrick, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.
7390—Johnson vs. B. H. R. R.
6420—Berry vs. B'klyn Lumber Co.
2306—Hiller vs. Meltzen.
7473, 7474—Fleming vs. B. H. R. R.
6829—Brill vs. Stollmack.
11397—Flinn vs. American Engine Co.
11337—Churchman vs. Ralph.
11338—Ketcham vs. Inter. St. R. R.
5333—Gallo vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R.
3337—Whiting vs. same.
7479—Patone vs. City of New York.
2091—Levy vs. Murssheimer.
7153—Hall vs. Myers et al.
6872—Ponkin vs. B. H. R. R.
3047, 5056—Abel vs. Met. St. R. R.
7236—Enright vs. McInerney.
3731—O'Meara vs. B. H. R. R.
3630—Chittenden vs. City of New York.
3004—Klein vs. B. H. R. R.
6084—Huzzar vs. Gerster.
6943—Church vs. Church.
4478—Fregman vs. B. H. R. R.
10081—Kuver vs. Kuver.
0453—Langabeer vs. Fischer.
1131—McCoy vs. Met. St. R. R.
7243—Quinn vs. City of New York.
7107—Weller vs. Bernstein et al.
2132—Muhlers vs. Obermyer & Liebman.
7302—Brendel vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R.
6296—O'Rourke vs. Edison Electric Co.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7479.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Trials—Marean, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.
2173—Vollkommer vs. Frank.
2103—Davenport vs. Sammons.
2375—Bonacci vs. Molinaro.
2364—Froelich vs. Price.
1911—Rasch vs. B. H. R. R.
2354—Rosiello vs. Walsh.
2362—Wilson vs. Graves and Hygienic Ice Co.
2381—Weill vs. Cody.
1090—Winfield vs. Winfield.
2365—Butcher vs. Gleason.
2371—Schneider vs. Palding.
2321, 2322—McLoughlin vs. Smith.
2358—Briody vs. B'klyn Bond and Mort. Title Co.
2350—Rooney vs. Bodkin.
2333—Bayerdoefer vs. Wiell.
2150—Maasch vs. Grauer.
2330—Carpenter vs. Cassin.
1088—Johnson vs. Johnson.
1134, 1136—Warren and Davis vs. Sup. Council, Amer. L. of H.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Criminal Calendar—Aspinall, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. The People vs. Tyckofski.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Civil Calendar—Crane, J.
200—Correcio vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
558—Gottschalk vs. same.
662—Crown vs. same.
664—Schulman vs. Fox.

Referees Appointed—Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Maddox, J.—Kings County Savings Institution vs. Henneman—Peter Mahoney, to compute.

Westchester County Court.

Day calendar for June 16.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Garretson, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.
21—Hasslenbeck vs. Curtis.
22—Chambers vs. Webster.
26—Burton vs. Lamay.
27—Lynch vs. Van Tassell.
28—Blanchard vs. Savarese.
29—Chambers vs. Webster.
31—Musto vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
34—Taylor vs. Norris.
35—Easton vs. Seacord.
36—Rosenstein vs. Vogelmann.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
33—Murphy vs. Mutual Ins. Co.
39—Knight vs. Collins.
43—Rasenhackl vs. Robinson.
44—Hirshkind vs. Sheehan.
35½—Day vs. Union Ry. Co.
45—Murphy vs. Met. Life Ins. Co.
46—Wiedemann vs. West. El. Ry. Co.
47—Reynolds vs. Moles.

Queens County Calendar—Wednesday, June 17.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Keogh, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 9:45 A. M.
1297—Fischer vs. City of New York.
1376—Clancy vs. N. Y. & Queens County R. R. Co.
1377—Same vs. same.
1393—Co-operative Bldg. Bank vs. Brush.
1394—Lounsbury vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
1458—Afronti vs. Hartford Fire Ins. Co.
1396—Falcone vs. Funsi.
305—Wood vs. Wyeth et al.
1472—Motyleski vs. N. Y. Sugar Refining Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. Causes will not be set down for a day upon the call:
1340—Taffe vs. Simonson Son & Co.
912—Lieberman vs. Straus.
103—Thamer, as administratrix, vs. Met. Life Ins. Co.
975—Wolk vs. Jackson Iron Works.
480—Gretschel vs. Volkmann.
1066—Conway vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
1067—Same vs. same.
894—Boyce vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.
1309—Rock vs. N. Y. & North Shore R. R. Co.

Highest number reached on regular call, 1[illegible].

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

The following-named officers of the Artillery Corps are relieved from duty at the Artillery School, Fort Monroe, to take effect Sept. 5: Capts. Robert H. G. Kelton, Winifred B. Carr, and Henry J. Hatch; First Lieuts. James F. Howell, John C. Goodfellow, John T. Geary, Morrell M. Mills, Charles R. Lloyd, Jr., Edward Carpenter, Oliver L. Spaulding, Jr., Conrad H. Lanza, Harry F. Wilbur, Elijah B. Martindale, Jr., Henry C. Evans, Jr., Levert Coleman, Jesse C. Nicholls, Fred H. Gallup, Clifton C. Carter, Francis N. Cooke, Stanley D. Embick, Russell P. Reeder, Robert F. McMillan, Godwin Ordway, Charles R. Kilbourne, Jr., Edward Hill, William H. Monroe, and Richard F. Ellis.

Transfers of First Lieutenants of the Artillery Corps:

James F. Howell, to the Seventy-sixth Company.
John C. Goodfellow, Eighth Company.
John T. Geary, One Hundred and Tenth Company.
Morrell M. Mills, Sixty-second Company.
Charles R. Lloyd, Jr., Forty-sixth Company.
Edward R. Carpenter, Eighty-seventh Company.
Conrad H. Lanza, Thirtieth Company.
Harry F. Wilbur, One Hundred and Twenty-first Company.
Elijah B. Martindale, Jr., Eighty-second Company.
Henry C. Evans, Jr., Ninety-fifth Company.
Levert Coleman, Tenth Company.
Harry L. James, unassigned list.
Jesse C. Nicholls, Twenty-eighth Company.
Fred H. Gallup, Fifty-third Company.
Clifton C. Carter, Thirteenth Company.
Francis N. Cooke, Fifty-eighth Company.
Charles L. Lanham, unassigned list.
Stanley D. Embick, Seventy-third Company.
Russell P. Reeder, Thirty-first Company.
Robert F. McMillan, Forty-fifth Company.
Robert F. Woods, Eleventh Company.
Godwin Ordway, Forty-second Company.
Charles R. Kilbourne, Jr., Sixth Company.
William H. Monroe, unassigned list.

First Lieut. Oliver L. Spaulding, upon being relieved at the Artillery School, will proceed to Fort H. G. Wright for duty.

The following named officers of the Artillery Corps will report Sept. 12 to the Commandant of the Artillery School at Fort Monroe: First Lieuts. Henry M. Merriam, Guy T. Scott, Arthur W. Cassels, Harry L. James, Frank C. Jewell, Henry B. Clark, Gwynn R. Hancock, Daniel F. Moore, Clarence B. Smith, and Frederick W. Stopford; Second Lieuts. James D. Watson, Claudius M. Seaman, Hugh J. B. McElgin, Arthur L. Fuller, Francis H. Lomax, William H. Burt, Henry R. Casey, Moses R. Ross, Frederick B. Hennessy, Fred L. Perry, Lawrin L. Lawson, William E. Moore, William J. Whitthorne, Jr., David Y. Beckham, Richard C. Marshall, Jr., Morris E. Locke, John O. Steger, William W. Ballard, Jr., Jean S. Oakes, Rex Van Den Corput, James A. Thomas, William R. Bristor, Winslow H. Reaves, John C. Ohnstad, Donald W. Strong, Clarence M. Condon, Herbert O. Miller, James H. Bryson, Curtis G. Rorebeck, Charles F. Donohue, Roger O. Mason, Charles L. Fisher, Charles D. Winn, Harry F. Reed, Frank T. Hines, Earl C. Pierce, James Totten, Hugh S. Brown, Frank R. Weeks, and Benjamin H. Kerfoot.

Second Lieuts. Robert M. Barton, Ninth Cavalry, and Thomas M. Jennings, Seventh Cavalry, will report for examination for promotion to the examining board convened at Chickamauga Park.

A board of officers is appointed to meet at Fort Niobrara for the examination of officers to determine their fitness for promotion. Detail: Capts. Joseph P. O'Neil, Michael J. Lenihan, and Joseph D. Litch, Twenty-fifth Infantry; First Lieut. Major A. W. Shockley, Assistant Surgeon; Contract Surgeon Ira C. Brown, First Lieut. Charles F. Bates, Twenty-fifth Infantry, recorder.

Second Lieut. Julia L. Dodge, Twenty-fifth Infantry, will report to the Fort Niobrara board.

First Lieut. Edmund D. Shortlidge, Assistant Surgeon, will rejoin his proper station at the general hospital, Presidio, of San Francisco.

Second Lieuts. Richard W. Walker and Frank I. Otis, Eighth Cavalry, will report to the examining board convened at Fort Riley for examination.

A board is appointed to meet at Fort Robinson for the examination of officers to determine their fitness for promotion. Detail: Capts. Samuel D. Freeman, Carter P. Johnson, and Harry L. A. T. Cavanaugh, Tenth Cavalry; Contract Surgeon Preston S. Kellogg, and First Lieut. August C. Hart, Tenth Cavalry, recorder.

Second Lieut. Walter J. Scott, Tenth Cavalry, will report to the Fort Riley board.

First Lieut. William A. Cavanaugh is transferred from the Twentieth to the Eighth Infantry, and First Lieut. William B. Graham from the Eighth to the Twentieth Infantry.

Navy.

Rear Admiral W. C. Wise is detached as Commandant at the naval station at Pensacola and ordered to Washington for special temporary duty, and on July 1 will proceed to Hampton Roads and assume command of the training squadron.

Capt. F. W. Dickins is detached from command of the Independence, June 26, and ordered to Washington for special temporary duty; thence to duty as Commandant of the naval station at Pensacola.

Lieut. Commander C. N. Atwater is detached from the Monongahela and ordered home.

Lieut. C. H. Hayes is ordered to the Massachusetts as Navigator.

Lieut. R. I. Curtin is ordered to the Lawrence.

Lieut. G. L. Smith is ordered to the Texas July 6.

Lieut. T. D. Parker is ordered to the Monongahela.

Lieut. W. K. Harrison is ordered to Washington for special temporary duty; thence to South Atlantic Station for duty as fleet gunnery officer.

Lieut. M. L. Bristol is ordered to Washington for special temporary duty; thence, via the Brooklyn, to the European station for duty as fleet gunnery officer.

Midshipman C. W. Fisher, Jr., is detached from the Fortune and ordered home.

Lieut. C. P. Eaton is detached from the Buffalo and ordered home.

Medical Inspector F. Anderson is commissioned with the rank of Commander from Jan. 31.

Passed Assistant Surgeon J. S. Taylor is commissioned with the rank of Lieutenant (junior grade) from Nov. 2, 1902.

Medical Director J. E. Parker is placed on the retired list from June 20, 1903.

Pay Inspector C. M. Ray is commissioned, with the rank of Commander.

Assistant Naval Constructor C. M. Simmers is appointed with rank of Lieutenant (junior grade) from Feb. 28.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Arrivals—El Cano at Wu-Hu, Arkansas at Key West, Monterey and Pompeii at Chee-Foo, Eagle at Fort Antonio, Alliance and Dolphin at Hampton Roads, Prairie and Topeka at Baltimore, Marblehead at San Francisco, Mohican at San Diego, Kearsarge at Southampton, Wompatuck at Chee-Foo, Nevada at navy yard, Norfolk.

Sailings—Sterling from Fort Royal for Lambert Point, Arethusa from San Francisco for Culebra, Vixen from Caimanera for Santiago.

The Princeton was placed out of commission June 13 at Mare Island.

Itinerary of coast squadron—June 15, leave Newport News; June 22, arrive at Boston; June 28, leave Boston for Orient Point, L. I.; July 2, leave Orient Point, arrive New London; July 6, leave New London, arrive Orient Point; July 10, leave Orient Point for Nahant, Mass.; July 16, leave Nahant, Mass., for Narragansett Bay; July 21, leave Narragansett Bay, arrive Orient Point; July 24, leave Orient Point, arrive New London.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The Atlantic storm that has been prevailing since Thursday morning, after a curious extension westward from the Upper St. Lawrence Valley to the lower lake region and thence again eastward to Cape Cod, still persists in the latter vicinity, with a further increase in intensity during to-day, and as a consequence rains have continued in New England and on the Middle Atlantic Coast. There were also local showers in the East Gulf States, the Northwestern upper lake region, and South Dakota. Temperatures have risen generally except along the Atlantic Coast and from Wisconsin westward into the Dakotas. West of the Rocky Mountains low pressure and showery weather continue, with lower temperatures as a rule.

The weather will be generally fair to-morrow and Wednesday east of the Rocky Mountains, preceded by showers to-morrow morning on the New England Coast and in Southern Minnesota, except that showers are probable Wednesday in Western Texas.

On the New England coast the winds will be brisk to high north; on the Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh north to northwest; on the South Atlantic Coast, light and variable; on the Gulf Coast, light and mostly east; on the upper lakes, variable, becoming north and fresh, and on the lower lakes light to fresh west to northwest.

Steamships departing to-morrow for European ports will have fresh north winds, probably brisk to high north of the fortieth parallel, and clearing weather to the Grand Banks.

Storm warnings are displayed on the New England Coast.

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.

New England, fair in the interior, rain on the coast Tuesday, followed by clearing and warmer; brisk to high north winds, slowly diminishing; Wednesday fair.

Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware, fair, warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair; fresh north winds.

Western Pennsylvania, fair, warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair, cooler in north portion; light west to north winds.

Western New York, fair, warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair; light west to northwest winds.

District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia, fair, warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair; light west to northwest winds.

West Virginia, fair, warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

North Dakota, fair, warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

South Dakota, fair Tuesday, warmer in extreme west portion; Wednesday fair.

Minnesota, fair in north, showers in south portion Tuesday; warmer in northwest portion; Wednesday fair, warmer in southeast portion; light north winds, becoming variable.

LOCAL FORECAST—Fair; warmer; fresh north winds.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from THE NEW YORK TIMES'S thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau.—		TIMES.
	1902.	1903.	1903.
3 A. M.	64	55	59
6 A. M.	64	54	58
9 A. M.	66	57	60
12 M.	71	59	62
3 P. M.	73	61	63
6 P. M.	76	61	60
9 P. M.	74	61	62
12 P. M.	73	56	58

THE TIMES'S thermometer is 9 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 265 feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square 61¼
Weather Bureau 57
Corresponding date 1902 ..... 68¾
Corresponding date for last twenty-five years. 68

The thermometer registered 55 degrees at 8 A. M. yesterday and 60 degrees at 6 P. M., the maximum temperature being 62 degrees at 2 P. M. and the minimum 55 degrees at 8 A. M. The humidity was 85 per cent. at 8 A. M. and 81 per cent. at 8 P. M.

EXCURSIONS.

PATTEN LINE

50c.—LONG BRANCH AND BACK—50c.
60c.—ASBURY PARK AND BACK—60c.
HIGHLAND BEACH—PLEASURE BAY
And All Nearby Seaside Resorts.
LV. W. 129TH ST. 8:35, 11 A. M., 3:40 P. M.
SATURDAYS 8:55 A. M., 12:45, 3:40 P. M.
LV. BATTERY 9:30, 11:30 A. M., 3:10 P. M.
SATURDAYS 9:30 A. M., 1:15, 3:10, P. M.
LV. LONG BRANCH 7:10 A. M., 3:30 & 6 P. M.
SUNDAY SCHEDULE.
LV. FT. W. 129TH ST. 8:20 and 8:50 A. M.
LV. BATTERY 8:50 and 9:20 A. M.
LV. LONG BRANCH 4:30 and 4:45 P. M.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
CONEY ISLAND

Leave FOOT 22D ST. North River, 9:30, 10:45 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:00, 7:00 p. m.
Leave Pier (New) No. 1 North River, } half hour later.
Leave NEW IRON PIER, Coney Island 11:10 a. m., 12:25, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 6:10, 7:40, 8:40 p. m.
ROUND TRIP TICKETS, 25 CENTS.
ACKER MERRALL AND CONDIT'S LIQUORS and CIGARS served under company management.

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Grand Daily Outings, (except Sunday.)
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"NEW YORK" and "ALBANY."
From Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A. M.
" New York, Desbrosses St. Pier 8:40 "
" West 22d St. Pier ..... 9:00 "
" West 129th St. Pier ..... 9:20 "
Returning due in New York 5:30 P. M.
MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.

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The FAVORITE HOTEL on Great South Bay. Swept During the Summer by Southerly Ocean Breezes.
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MOUNTAIN INN, Pine Hill, N. Y.—Catskills. Healthiest spot in Mountains. Electric lights, baths, bowling alley, music. New pleasure grounds. New system of drainage, best in that section. High-class table and service. T. R. MOORE.

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THE BELVEDERE, Larchmont-on-the-Sound, N. Y.—Special rates for season guests; appointments, cuisine, and service of the highest order; grill room. Tel., 166—Larchmont. Illustrated booklet. BYRNES & WELCH, Props.

Richfield Springs.

RICHFIELD SPRINGS, N. Y.
BOOKLETS AND INFORMATION AT 429 BROADWAY, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY.
Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK,
NEW JERSEY.
A Model Resort by the Sea.
New Boardwalk—Enlarged and Beautified. New Promenade along the ocean front, 75 feet wide.
Daily Band Concerts on the Beach. Boating, Sailing, and Canoeing on Deal and Wesley Lakes.
Safest Surf Bathing Beach. Golf Links. Deep Sea Fishing from Ocean Pier and Sea-going Yachts.
Personal representative at 1,364 Broadway, above 36th St., where information can be secured.

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AND COTTAGES.
Maintaining a Refined Patronage.
CAPACITY, 400. BOOKLET.
W. HARVEY JONES, Owner and Manager.

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57th season under same liberal management.
Booklets. JOHN ROCKAFELLER'S SON.

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Elevator, baths; evening dinners; select service; booklet on request. Capt. J. Minot.

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Asbury Park, N. J. Opens June 20th. A whole square on the ocean. Booklet.
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PROSPECT HOUSE and Cottages. Only Kosher hotel. Lake Av., Ocean View. Booklets. Ph. Atkins.

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Direct Ocean front. Atlantic City, N. J. American and European plans. Open throughout the year.
Rooms with sea and fresh water baths. Music. Write direct to hotel for terms and booklet.
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Unobstructed ocean view from all rooms. 100 rooms. 50 private baths. High class. European plan. White service throughout. Café attached.
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HOTEL ELBERON,
ELBERON, N. J.
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THE WINDSOR, Now Open. H. HALPIN.

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New and beautifully appointed hotel, adjacent to Stamford Yacht Club. Less than one hour from New York City. For terms, &c., address
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High altitude, pure water; no malaria or mosquitos; home cooking; high-grade service; elevator, sun parlor, golfing; special rates for May and June. Booklet at Schofield's, 1 Madison Av.
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STOCKBRIDGE, MASS.
In Berkshire Hills. Now open. Modern equipment. Beautiful surroundings. Golf.
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WATCH HILL, R. I.
June to September. Golf, Tennis, Boating, Bathing, Fishing.
IMPROVEMENTS. ENTIRELY NEW MANAGEMENT.
For Booklet, address Thos. Parkes, Proprietor, Hotel Hamilton, 133 West 45th St., N. Y. City.

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New Hampshire.

THE WENTWORTH,
Finest Resort on New England Coast.
On North Shore, **NEWCASTLE, N. H.** 1½ hours from Boston.
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Modern hotel. Accommodations 400. Rooms single or en suite; private baths; electric lights. Boston Symphony Orchestra, 12 Pieces.
9-hole golf links, 2,488 yards; golf clubhouse; grand drives; boating, bathing, fishing; 2-hour daily sail on "The Wentworth's" steamer.
OPEN JUNE 27TH.
W. K. HILL, Mgr.
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Lake Sunapee, N. H. BEN MERE INN—OPENS JUNE 20TH. SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET TO S. L. THOMPSON, MANAGER, BEN MERE INN, SUNAPEE, N. H.

BETHLEHEM, New Hampshire, the Summer paradise for health, rest, and recreation. See Sunday's New York Times.

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"LAKE VIEW IN THE PINES." LAKE ST. CATHARINE. Modern equipments and service.
Special rates, June and September. Bathing, boating, fishing, driving, tennis, and golf. Booklet. I. H. & D. C. Francisco, Poultney, Vermont.

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LAKE BOMOSEEN, Glenwood & Cottages, W. C. Mound, Prop. Rates, $8 to $14. Hydeville, Vermont.

Maine.

Famous Rangely Lakes, Maine.

PENNSYLVANIA.
Milford.

BLUFF HOUSE,
Milford, Pike County, Pa.
Opens June 10; 98 miles from N. Y. City, via Erie Railroad; accommodates 350; most charming resort on bank of Delaware River; all modern conveniences; orchestra; golf, half-mile track, baseball, tennis; magnificent roads, boating, bathing, fishing, &c.; no mosquitoes; cuisine unexcelled. Send for illustrated booklet.
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Water Gap and Pocono.

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In Monroe County, Pa. Booklets and all information at Resort Bureau, 420 B'way, N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND.
FALL RIVER LINE for Newport, Fall River, Boston and all Eastern and Northern Points. Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN. Orchestra on each. Leave Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren St., week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M.
PROVIDENCE LINE for Providence, Boston, North and East. Steamers PLYMOUTH and CONNECTICUT. Orchestra on each. Leave Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., week days only at 6 P. M.
STONINGTON LINE for Stonington, Watch Hill, Narragansett Pier, Boston and East. Steamers MAINE and RHODE ISLAND. Leave Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., week days only, 6 P. M.
NORWICH LINE for New London, Fisher's Island, Block Island, Norwich, Worcester, Boston, North and East. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CITY OF WORCESTER. Lve. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.
NEW HAVEN LINE for New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North from Pier 20, N. R. foot Clarkson St. Week days Steamer RICHARD PECK leaves New York at 3 P. M.; Sundays 6:30 A. M. (E. 31st St. 10:15 A. M.) returning, due New York 8 P. M.
BRIDGEPORT LINE for Bridgeport, Danbury, Waterbury, Pittsfield and Berkshire Hills, from Pier 21, E. R. (near Market St.). Week days Str. CITY OF LAWRENCE leaves 11 A. M.; WM. G. PAYNE 3 P. M. (Saturdays 2 P. M.) Sundays 8 P. M. Str. WM. G. PAYNE stops foot E. 31st St. 20 minutes after leaving Pier 21, E. R.
Tickets and staterooms, all lines at 167, 261, 673, 1,185, 1,354 Broadway, 3 Park Place, 20 Union Square, 245 Columbus Avenue, 273 W. 125th Street, 153 E. 125th Street, New York; 4 Court, 860 Fulton Street, 390 Broadway, Brooklyn, and at Piers.

Hudson River by Daylight.
Palatial Steamers "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY" of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the World.
Leave Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A. M.
" Desbrosses St. Pier ..... 8:40 "
" West 22d St. ..... 9:00 "
" West 129th St. ..... 9:20 "
Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Daily, except Sunday. Special Trains to Catskill Mts. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Most delightful One-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on down boat.
Restaurant open at 7 A. M. MUSIC.

STEAMER MARY POWELL
Leaving Desbrosses St. at 3:15 P. M. (Saturdays 1:45 P. M.); W. 22d St. 3:30 P. M. (Saturdays 2 P. M.) 129th St. on Saturdays and Holidays only, 2:20 P. M. For Highland Falls, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, New Hamburgh, Milton, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston. Orchestra on board.

CENTRAL HUDSON BOATS
For RONDOUT, POUGHKEEPSIE, and NEWBURGH, week days, except Saturdays, at 4:00 P. M.; Saturdays at 1:00 P. M. For NEWBURGH, CORNWALL, COLD SPRING, WEST POINT, week days, except Saturdays, at 5:00 P. M.; Saturdays at 3:00 P. M.; W. 129th St. 3:30 P. M. Morning Boat, Str. HOMER RAMSDELL, from Franklin St. 9:30 A. M.; W. 129th St. 10 A. M., for NEWBURGH, FISHKILL LDG., MT. BEACON, CORNWALL, COLD SPRING, and WEST POINT, every day, including Sunday.

JOY LINE ONLY $2.00 New York to Providence. First-Class Service.
Fast and elegant steamers leave New York daily, excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St.
Telephone: 800 Orchard.

PEOPLES LINE
FOR ALBANY,
ADIRONDACK OR DEAN RICHMOND,
leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. week days. Direct rail connections to points North, East, and West. Orchestra on Board.

HARTFORD LINE
from Pier 33 (new,) East River, daily except Sunday at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings, connecting for Springfield, Holyoke, Northfield, and all New England points. Send for illustrated folder.

TROY BOATS "Saratoga" or "City of Troy" leave West 10th St. Pier daily 6 P. M. except Saturday. Direct railroad connections at Troy for all points North and East. SUNDAY STEAMERS TOUCH AT ALBANY.

CATSKILL, HUDSON AND COXSACKIE BOATS
Leave Pier 43, N. R., every weekday, 6 P. M.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

WHITE STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
*Victorian, Ju. 16, 9:30 AM | Majestic..June 24, Noon
Germanic, June 17, Noon | Celtic, June 26, 6:30 AM
Cedric.....June 19, Noon | *Armenian June 30, 10 AM
*Liverpool direct, $40 and up, 2nd class only.
Pier 48 North River. Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.
*Menominee, Je. 13, 9 AM | Minnetonka, Je. 27, 7 AM
Mesaba, June 20, 9 AM | Minneapolis, Jy. 4, 2:30 PM
Only first-class passengers carried.
*Passengers disembark at Southampton.
FOR RATES, ETC., APPLY AT 1 BROADWAY.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Intended steamship sailings from Vancouver for Japan, China, and Philippine Islands.
Emp. of Japan, June 15 | Emp. of India...July 27
R. M. S. Athenian, June 29 | Emp. of Japan..Aug. 17
Emp. of China, July 6 | R. M. S. Tartar, Aug. 24
Hawaiian, Fiji Islands, Australia & New Zealand
Moana..........June 26 | Miowera..........July 24
For rates and information apply at 353 & 1 B'way.

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ON THE FAST MODERN STEAMSHIPS OF THE
MAINE STEAMSHIP CO.,
is the most delightful short sea trip out of New York. Direct route to White Mountains, Bar Harbor, Rangeley Lakes and all the famous Eastern Coast and Inland Summer Resorts.
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by all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, and full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques, &c. Passports secured.
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25 Union Square,
'Phone 6960—18 St. New York.

"LA VELOCE," Fast Italian Line.
Sailing every Tuesday to Naples, Genoa.
Bolognesi, Hartfield & Co., 29 Wall St.

Delightful Summer cruise to Halifax & St. John's. Bowring & Co., 17 State Street, New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

SEA TRIPS
of two to seven days' duration, are offered by the
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TO
NORFOLK
OLD POINT COMFORT
VIRGINIA BEACH
RICHMOND, VA.
AND
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Tickets and Stateroom Reservations at Pier 26 North River.
Telephone 1580 Franklin.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West.
Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26 N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M.
H. B. WALKER, Vice Prest. & Traffic Manager.

North German Lloyd.
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.
Kaiser...June 16, 10 AM | K.Wm.II...July 21, 1 PM
K.Wm.II...June 23, 2 PM | Kaiser.....Aug. 4, 10 AM
Kronprinz...July 7, 2 PM | Kronprinz.Aug. 11, 7 AM
Kaiser.....July 11, 10 AM | K.Wm.II.Aug. 25, 7:30AM
THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS
S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II."
707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER.
SAILS JUNE 23, JULY 21, AUG. 25.
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
From Bremen Piers, Hoboken, N. J.
Luise.....June 18, 10 AM | Bremen.....July 16, 2 PM
Friedrich, June 25, 10 AM | Luise.......July 23, 11 AM
Barbarossa, July 2, 11 AM | Friedrich, July 30, 10 AM
Kurfuerst, July 9, 10 AM | Barbarossa, Aug. 6, 10 AM
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
From Bremen Piers, Hoboken, N. J.
K. Albert, June 20, Noon | Lahn.....Aug. 15, 11 AM
Lahn.....June 27, 10 AM | Hohenz'n, Aug. 29, 11 AM
P. Irene.....July 4, 1 PM | P. Irene, Sept. 12, 11 AM
Hohenz'n, July 18, 11 AM | Lahn.....Sept. 26, 11 AM
OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N. Y.
Louis H. Myer, 45 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American.
FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service.
A. Victoria, June 18, 10 AM | Deutschland, July 2, 11 AM
Pretoria..June 20, 1 PM | Phoenicia..July 4, 2 PM
Bluecher, June 25, 9 AM | Moltke.....July 9, 9 AM
Waldersee, June 27, 7 AM | Pennsylv'a, July 11, 6 AM
THE GREAT OCEAN FLYER,
S. S. Deutschland
Record Voyage, 5 Days, 7 Hrs., 38 Min.
SAILS JULY 2 AT 11 A. M.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
Offices, 35 & 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

ANCHOR LINE
Glasgow and Londonderry.
Anchoria, June 20, Noon | Furnessia, July 4, Noon
Columbia, June 27, 10 AM | Astoria, July 11, 10 AM
First saloon, $50 to $100.
Second Cabin, $35 and up; third class, $26 and up.
For New Illustrated Book of Tours apply to
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

AMERICAN LINE.
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.
New York, June 17, 10 AM | St. Paul...July 1, 10 AM
Phila....June 24, 10 AM | New York, July 8, 10 AM
RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.
Finland...June 20, 10 AM | Kroonland, July 4, 10 AM
Vaderland, June 27, 10 AM | Zeeland..July 11, 10 AM
Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Offices, 73 Broadway, N. Y.

CUNARD LINE.
TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN.
From Piers 51 and 52, North River.
Etruria...June 20, Noon | Umbria.....July 4, Noon
Campania, June 27, 8 AM | Lucania.....July 11, 4 PM
EXTRA TUESDAY SERVICE.
Aurania...June 23, 3 PM | Carpathia...July 7, 3 PM
Carrying Second and Third-Class Only.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents,
29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

COOK'S TOURS AROUND THE WORLD.
Thirty-second Annual Series. Parties leave Sept. 29, Oct. 5, 15, 28. Illustrated programmes from THOS. COOK & SON, 261 & 1185 B'way, N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

STATIONS foot of WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.

The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M. FAST MAIL.—Parlor, Sleeping, and Dining Cars. For Chicago, Indianapolis, and Louisville.

9:55 A. M. ST. LOUIS LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis. Dining Car.

10:25 A. M. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Compartment Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, and Detroit.

1:55 P. M. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville, (via Cincinnati and Louisville,) Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.

4:55 P. M. CHICAGO LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Toledo, and Cleveland. Dining Car.

5:55 P. M. ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Gary, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route).

5:55 P. M. WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.

7:55 P. M. PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.

8:25 P. M. CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and St. Louis.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

7:55, 8:25, 9:25 (Dining Car), 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20), (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sunday, 8:25, 9:25 (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 5:15) (Dining Car), 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 3:25, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 9:25 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express, 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 3:25 P. M. daily.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 4:55 P. M. daily.

FOR OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 8:55 P. M. daily.

ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains. Buffet Parlor Cars and Standard Coaches on week-days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.

CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week-days.

For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad, (from West Twenty-third Street Station,) 8:55 A. M., 12:10, 2:25, 3:25, 4:10, and 4:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets,) 8:30, 9:00 A. M., 12:20, 2:30, 3:40, 4:20, and 5:10 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:10 P. M.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

6:05, 7:25, 7:55, 7:55, (Dining Car,) 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 (Dining Car,) (9:55 St. Louis Limited,) 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:25 (Penna. Limited,) 10:55, (Dining Car,) 11:55 A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55, (Dining Car,) 2:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20,) 2:55, 3:25, (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25, 4:25, (Dining Car,) 4:55, (Dining Car,) (4:55 Chicago Limited for Germantown Jct. only) 5:55, (Dining Car,) 6:55, 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night week-days. Sundays, 6:05, 7:55, (Dining Car,) 8:25, 9:25, (Dining Car) 9:55, (St. Louis Limited,) 9:55, 10:25, (Penna. Limited,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55, (Dining Car,) 1:55, (Dining Car,) 3:25, (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25, (Dining Car,) (4:55 Chicago Limited for Germantown Jct. only,) 4:55, (Dining Car,) 5:55, (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1354, 113, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue (below 23d St.;) 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.;) 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 390 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.
6-2-1903.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.

Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below:

North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 6:30, 11:30 A. M., 3:45, 8:30, 9:15, 11:30 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

All southbound trains, except the "20th Century" and the "Empire State Express," and Nos. 39 and 60, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10 A. M.—*MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 5:55 A. M., Troy 6:50 A. M.
7:50 A. M.—†Adirondack, Thousand Islands, and Montreal Special.
7:54 A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.
8:30 A. M.—*EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:31 P. M.
8:45 A. M.—*FAST MAIL, 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:07.
10:30 A. M.—*DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 1:15 A. M.
11:30 A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:45 P. M.
12:50 P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.
1:00 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:30, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 6:45 P. M. next day.
1:00 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED, 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore, 24½ via M. C.
2:45 P. M.—*"THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED," 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.
3:30 P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7:05 P. M.
3:40 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.
4:00 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS, AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5:30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED, 25¾-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:05 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 2:10, Chicago 4:00, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
6:00 P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS, 28 hours to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.
7:00 P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.
7:30 P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.
8:00 P. M.—*BUFFALO, THOUSAND ISLANDS, AND TORONTO SPECIAL.
9:15 P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.
9:20 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL.
9:30 P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS, Chicago, 34 hours by Michigan Central, 33 hours by Lake Shore.
11:30 P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and St. Louis.
*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.

HARLEM DIVISION.

9:08 A. M. and 3:35 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Sunday at 9:30 A. M.

Pullman cars on all through trains. Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.

Ticket offices at 167, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 138 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St., and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn.

Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE
BETWEEN
NEW YORK, BOSTON, AND NEW ENGLAND
Via Springfield and the
BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD.
(N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Lessee.)

Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: †9:04 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive Boston 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.

Leave Boston 10:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive New York 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:14 A. M.

Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 167, 415 and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.

A. H. SMITH, General Superintendent. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(New York Central & Hudson River R.R., Lessee.)

Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.:

*7:10 AM—For intern. points to Albany.
*9:40 AM—(1) Catskill Mtn. Express.
†11:20 AM—(2) Saratoga & Mohawk Exp.
†12:45 PM—(3) Rip Van Winkle Flyer.
*1:00 PM—Chicago Express.
*2:45 PM—Cont. Lim. for Detroit, Chi. & St. Louis.
†3:25 PM—(4) Ulster Express to Catskill Mts.
*4:45 PM—(4) For Hudson River points & Albany.
*6:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Cleve. & Chi.
*8:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Detroit & St. Louis.
*9:15 PM—For Syra., Roch., Niag. Falls, Det. & Chi.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. Leaves Brooklyn Annex (1) at †9:15 A. M., (3) at †12:15 P. M., (2) at †12:10 P. M., (4) at †2:45 P. M. Leaves Jersey City, P. R. R. Station, (1) at †9:47 A. M., (2) at †11:30 A. M., (3) at †12:50 P. M., (4) at †3:25 P. M. Time tables at principal hotels and offices. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express.

A. H. SMITH, Gen'l Superintendent. C. E. LAMBERT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.
Liberty Street and South Ferry (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)

EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN, AND MAUCH CHUNK—*4:00 (7:15 Easton only), 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:40, 5:00 (5:45 Easton only), P. M. Sundays, *4:25 A. M., 1:00, 5:30 P. M.

WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—*4:00, 9:10 A. M., 5:00 P. M. Sundays, *4:25 A. M., 1:00 P. M.

LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—*4:00, 9:40 A. M., 1:30, 4:30 (3:40, 5:00 Lakewood and Lakehurst only), P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M.

ATLANTIC CITY—†9:40 A. M., †3:40 P. M.

VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—†*4:00 A. M., †1:30 P. M.

LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT AND SEASHORE POINTS—*4:00, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 2:45, 3:55, 4:45, 5:30, 6:30 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove, 9:15 A. M., 4:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—(READING TERMINAL) †*4:25, †7:00, †8:00, *9:00, †10:00, †11:00 A. M., †12:00, *1:00, †1:30, †2:00, †3:00, *4:00, *5:00, †6:00, †7:30, †9:00 P. M., *12:15 mdt.

24TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS—*4:25, †8:00, *9:00, *11:45 A. M., *1:00, †*5:40, *8:00, *7:00, †9:30 P. M., *12:15 mdt.

READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—‖*4:00, x4:25, †8:00, ‖*9:10, (10:00, 11:00 A. M., Reading only), ‖1:00, ‖*1:30, †3:00 P. M. Reading, Pottsville and Harrisburg only, †4:00, †5:00 P. M.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE—From ft. Rector St., Pier 8. Seabright, Monmouth Beach and Asbury Park, Pt. Pleasant, 10:00 A. M., 1:00, 3:45, 5:00 P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M., 1:00, 5:00 P. M. aFrom Liberty Street only. *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. ‡Parlor cars only. ‖Via Tamaqua. xSaturdays.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Av., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., B'klyn; 390 B'way, W'msburg. N. Y. Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.,
PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY. and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.

Leave South Ferry.		Liberty St. Ferry.	
Balto.-Washington..	† 8:25AM	† 8:30AM	Buffet
Balto.-Washington..	*10:25AM	*10:30AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington..	*11:25AM	*11:40AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington..	*12:55PM	* 1:00PM	Diner
"Royal Limited"	* 3:35PM	* 3:40PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington..	* 4:55PM	* 5:00PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington..	* 6:55PM	* 7:00PM	Buffet
Balto.-Washington..	12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleepers

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Ave., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Leave New York City, South Ferry, Liberty St.

Chicago, Pittsburg....	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	
Chicago, Columbus..	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
Pittsburg, Cleve......	*3:35pm.	*3:40pm.	Limited
"Pittsburg Limited"	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet
Cincinnati, St. Louis.	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper.
Cincinnati, St. Louis.	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Norfolk	†12:55pm.	†1:00pm.	Diner.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: 167, 261, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 25 Union Square W., 391 Grand Street, N. Y.; 343 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

LEHIGH VALLEY.

Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. R. R. *Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes: [illegible]

	Lv. N. Y.	Ar. N. Y.
Mauch Chunk Local	†7:10 AM	†10:10 AM
Buffalo Express	*7:55 AM	*10:10 AM
BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS	*10:25 AM	*10:30 AM
Mauch Chunk and Hazleton Local	†12:40 PM	†10:50 PM
Wilkes-Barre & Scranton Express	†3:55 PM	†4:10 PM
Easton Local	†5:10 PM	†5:10 PM
Chicago & Toronto Vestibule Exp.	*6:45 PM	*6:40 PM
THE BUFFALO TRAIN	*7:55 PM	*8:05 PM

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 113, 261, 355, 429, 1354 and 1460 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 245 Columbus Ave., N. Y.; 860 Fulton St., 4 Court St., 390 Broadway, and Ft. Fulton St., Brooklyn. N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN RY

Lvs. Franklin St. Lvs. W. 42d St.

†8:15 A. M....... Way Train .... 8:30 A. M.
7:45 A. M. Day Express to Oswego. 8:00 A. M.
9:05 A. M.......Liberty Express...... 9:15 A. M.
*11:40 A. M. Liberty Special (begins June 27)...12:00 Noon
12:00 Noon...Express to Norwich....12:15 P. M.
*12:45 P. M...Saturdays to Rockland, (begins June 20th)... 1:00 P. M.
3:00 P. M...Ellenville and Kingston... 3:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.......Express to Rockland.... 3:45 P. M.
†5:50 P. M.......Western Express....... 6:05 P. M.
*Saturdays only. †Daily.
Parlor Car seats at 425 Broadway only.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks weak.

Money easy, 2@2½ per cent.

Yesterday's market dissipated some of the optimism based upon last week's improvement in prices, but without throwing much light upon its character. It will be remembered that there were contending theories of last week's rise. It was thought to reflect alternatively either genuine buying based upon intrinsic values and which was left free to develop itself by the bankers' certificate of character to the conditions of the market or artificial buying to check the momentum of a decline which threatened to pass beyond restraint. Yesterday's weakness, accordingly, may be construed either as a relapse toward the conditions of the earlier part of last week or to exhaustion of the real buying based upon the bankers' certificate. It was said jestingly that perhaps the market was broken by Lord Rothschild's selling the 500 shares whose purchase he announced last week, and there was revived a more or less authentic anecdote about his having shrewdly profited by marketing a block of "Americans" upon the boom created by the announcement of his purchase. More serious was the idea that the Shipbuilding Trust revelations was the disclosure of the real skeleton in the market's closet. The effect of the scandal would have been less if the names connected with it had been others. Nobody would have been surprised at such financing by some reorganizers; but the entire disregard of relation between real and paper values, in connection with misleading suggestions to influence purchases by innocent third parties, throws added suspicion upon other properties which have passed through a similar process under like auspices.

The pressure of the mass of other undigested securities assuredly is not lessened by this revelation of the manner of their manufacture, quite regardless of the merits of the dispute regarding where the fault lies. In vain is the snare spread in sight of the bird, and it is fortunate for the enterprises already floated that this one did not sooner collapse. Whence follows an inference more or less disturbing to those who have absorbed securities under suspicion of being in a like category.

The other news of the day was of no very decided character. Sterling strengthened a little, but not to the gold export point. Cereals were a little higher, but presumably rather upon the prospect of increased foreign demand than from prospects of reduced domestic yield. Corn's condition is more doubtful than wheat's, but wheat was the stronger, and wheat is both the more important export and the one more affected by increased foreign demand. Philadelphia sent word that subscriptions to Pennsylvania's new stock were being largely made by present owners, and that French money was being received in surprising amounts for the same purpose. The strike situation again assumed prominence by the assembling of the miners' convention, by the uneasiness among the Pennsylvania employes, and the aggressiveness of local building employers. Cotton excitedly advanced to a new high level, suggestive of the depth to which it may fall upon the reaction. For May exports decreased and imports increased, with the result that the excess of exports, although left at the comfortable total of $21,572,908, fell below any May since 1897.

None of these considerations are very important, but together they seem to dispense with need for other explanation of the market's weakness, from the time that London sent over lower opening prices until the close at about the day's minimum. The average fall was less than 2, but there were exceptions above it among both railways and industrials. Amalgamated was the conspicuously weak industrial, and Atchison was prominent among railways for both activity and weakness. St. Paul and the Eries, New York Central and Pennsylvania, the coalers, and the Gould stocks were all about equally represented in the general crumbling of prices, none suffering very exceptionally, and no class being exempt from the reaction. Comfort must be sought chiefly in the dullness of the market, the bears showing less aggressiveness, considering how much the tendency favored them. In the bond market the weakness of Wabash Bs was as noticeable as anything.

Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Am. Ice pf.	⅝	N. Y. Air Brake	2½
Am. Sugar pf.	½	Norf. & West. pf.	⅝
Balt. & Ohio pf.	⅞		

Stocks Declined.

Amal. Copper	3⅛	Mo., K. & T.	2
Am. Car & Fdy.	1	Mo., K. & T. pf.	2⅛
Am. Cotton Oil	⅝	Missouri Pacific	2⅝
Am. Locomotive	1	National Lead	⅝
Am. Locom. pf.	⅝	Nat. R. R. of M. pf.	1½
Am. Smelting	1	N. Y. Central	1
Am. Sugar	1⅝	N. Y., C. & St. L.	1
Am. Tel. & Tel.	5	N. Y., Ont. & W.	1⅛
Anaconda Copper	2⅝	Norf. & West.	2⅛
At., T. & S. F.	2⅞	North American	2⅛
At., T. & S. F. pf.	1½	Penn. R. R.	1⅝
Balt. & Ohio	2⅛	People's Gas	1⅝
B'klyn R. T.	1⅞	Pere Marquette	2
Canadian Pacific	2	Pressed S. Car	1⅛
Ches. & Ohio	1⅞	Pressed S. C. pf.	1
Chi. & Alton	⅝	Ry. Steel Sp.	2⅛
Chi. Gt. West.	¾	Ry. St. Sp. pf.	2
Chi. G. W. pf. B.	1⅛	Reading	2⅝
Chi., M. & St. P.	1⅞	Reading 2d pf.	1½
Chi. & N. W.	1⅝	Rep. Steel	1
Chi. Term. Tr.	½	Rep. Steel pf.	1⅝
Chi. Term. Tr. pf.	½	Rock Island	1⅞
C., C., C. & St. L.	2⅝	Rock Island pf.	1⅝
Col. Fuel & I.	2⅛	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	1⅝
Col. Southern	1	St. L., S. W.	1⅛
Col. So. 1st pf.	1	St. L. S. W. pf.	2⅛
Col. So. 2d pf.	1	Sloss-Sheffield	4
Consol. Gas	3⅛	Southern Pacific	1⅝
Del. & Hudson	2⅜	Southern Railway	1⅝
Den. & R. G.	½	Southern Ry. pf.	⅝
Detroit Southern	⅝	Tenn. Coal & I.	2⅝
Det. Union Ry.	1⅝	Texas & Pacific	1⅜
Dul., S. S. & A.	⅝	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	1⅜
Erie	1⅝	Twin City	1
Erie 1st pf.	2⅛	Union Pacific	2⅝
Erie 2d pf.	1⅝	Un. Pac. pf.	1
Evans. & T. H.	1	Un. Ry. Inv. pf.	⅞
General Electric	2⅛	U. S. Leather pf.	⅞
Hocking Valley	1½	U. S. Realty	2⅛
Illinois Central	1	U. S. Realty pf.	1⅛
Int. Paper	⅝	U. S. Rubber	⅝
Int. Paper pf.	1⅝	U. S. Steel	1
Kan. & Mich.	1⅛	U. S. Steel pf.	⅞
Kan. City So.	1⅛	Va.-Car. Chem.	1
Lake Erie & W.	2	Wabash	2⅛
Louis. & Nash.	2⅛	Wabash pf.	2⅛
Manhattan	2	Westinghouse	2
Met. Securities	3⅛	Wheel. & L. E.	2
Met. Street Ry.	1⅝	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	1⅝
Mexican Central	⅝	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	½
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	2⅜	Wis. Central	⅝
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	4½	Wis. Central pf.	1⅝

Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

Cent. Pac. 4s	1	Peo. & East. 1st	1
L. & N., P. & At. 6s	1	Rio G. West. 4s	1⅛
N. Y. Cent. deb. 5s, reg.	1⅝	So. Pac. 4s	1
		Tol., St. L. & W. 4s	2

Bonds Declined.

Chi., R. I. & P. 4s, reg.	4	Peo. & East. inc.	1⅛
Chi., R. I. & P. col. 4s	1	St. L. S. W. con. 4s	2
Dist. Sec. Corp. 5s	1	Tol., St. L. & W. 3½s	1⅝
Green B. deb. B	1	Wabash deb. B	3
		West. Un. col. tr. 5s	2

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
June 15	382,316
To date this year	76,671,654
Corresponding date last year	83,034,242

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

June 15	$2,288,000
To date this year	$344,380,350
Corresponding date last year	$458,638,100

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

St. Louis & San Francisco Railway first preferred and Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad common and preferred stock trust certificates.
Torrington Company.
United Traction & Electric Company, Jersey City.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company—On preferred stock.
Southwestern Railroad of Georgia.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

American Cotton Company.
Central & South American Telegraph Company.
Mexican Telegraph Company.

FEATURES OF THE MARKET.

Yesterday's market was a disappointment to those bulls who had looked if not for higher prices at least not for the weakness which showed at the outset of the market session and became more pronounced as the day wore on. There had been expectation in many quarters—and it was based on the outspoken declarations of banking interests themselves—that the leading bankers in the Street would support the market should it incline to weakness. As a matter of fact such support was extended, but it was not of an aggressive kind, the buying orders being put in on a scale down. That is to say, bankers were content to buy stocks cheaply and as offered, but made no effort to bid up prices. Naturally, enthusiastic bulls did not take kindly to such kind of support, but the bankers themselves seemed to be satisfied; nor, at the close of the day, were they concerned because of the market's decline.

There was cumulative evidence that the bulk of the selling during the day was by the bear party who have been operating, off and on, for the past six months, and who, because of their great success heretofore, are decidedly courageous. Yesterday, nevertheless, their operations were not so aggressive as in the old days, nor, for that matter—and this despite the declines—were they so successful. That is, while they managed to depress prices easily enough they were unable to shake out any long stock to speak of. This was strikingly apparent in the late trading, when, with quotations at the lowest, stocks came out, not in big lots as on the former bear days, but in driblets. In the last half hour, in fact, the trading was largely in hundred-share lots. Which raises the interesting question as to what will happen should the shorts under present conditions undertake to cover their outstanding contracts. With the floating supply of stocks as limited as now, a sharp up-turn would, it is declared, undoubtedly result.

There are indications that for the moment neither the bears nor the bulls are disposed to pursue too far any temporary advantage they may have—the bears, because of a recognition of the fact that prices are down abnormally low; the bulls, for the reason that the belief is that this is a good waiting time, pending a clearer outlook in respect to the growing crops. Hence it is that while bankers believe the tendency will be upward, they are, notwithstanding, not prepared to encourage a big bull speculation at this time. All that seems to be in sight for the moment, it is declared, is a traders' market which on one day will, in the vernacular, "look sick," and on the next appear actually buoyant. Confidence, however, has been restored, and, with continued good buying on reactions such as now appears, there is little likelihood of any such pronounced weakness as was shown last week.

Many interests in Wall Street are pointing out that while in the last four years prices of nearly all commodities have advanced, wages have been raised, and the net earnings of practically every railroad in the country shown a substantial increase, nevertheless the stockholders of these railroads, or the great majority of them, have not received any increase in dividend. The point is now being raised in many quarters that such an increase could be made before the end of the year, and that the surplus net earnings beyond dividends are sufficient not only to justify an increase of dividends of 1 per cent., but to insure the maintenance of the increased dividends even in hard times. Pennsylvania, earning 18, can afford, it is declared, to pay from 7 to 8 per cent. Missouri Pacific, earning 15, could pay 6 or 7 per cent. Union Pacific, earning 12, could pay 5 per cent. Baltimore and Ohio, earning 10, could pay 5 per cent. Atchison, which is paying 4 per cent. and earning 10, could be advanced to a 5 per cent. basis. St. Paul common can afford to pay 8 per cent. Southern Pacific is expected to finish its extraordinary expenditures during this year, and could be placed upon a 4 per cent. dividend basis early in 1904. Such at least is the argument heard in many parts of the financial district. How effective it will be remains to be seen.

Of particular stocks yesterday there is very little to be said, because they all declined alike, heaviness being general. In Amalgamated Copper, St. Paul, Atchison, Reading, and Baltimore and Ohio the declines were not unexpected, for the reason that before the market opening the tip had gone around that these were to be the special objects of the bear attack. The selling of Pennsylvania was influenced by the strike talk; the coalers generally were depressed because of the uncertainty of the developments at the mineworkers' convention; the Westerners were the principal sellers of the Grangers on the talk of crop damage and of reduced earnings because of the floods.

Every important banking interest in the Street was a buyer of stocks on the decline yesterday, and did not hesitate to say so, reiterating that at present prices stocks are intrinsically cheap. Close market observers declared that it looked very much, as it did on recent low days, as if the bears were throwing their stocks into an open bag held ready by the larger interests to receive them.

London was credited with selling 20,000 shares of stock on this market and buying nothing, but there is reason to believe that, as was the case last week, much of this selling actually originated from this side and was intended to affect foreign sentiment unfavorably.

The talk on the Street yesterday was that Illinois Central at its next dividend meeting will declare either an increased or a scrip dividend, and that beginning early in 1904 Missouri Pacific may increase its dividend.

The Gates crowd are talking bearishly on the market. In some quarters it is believed they are covering short stocks.

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 24¼d per ounce and in New York at 52½c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 41½@42.

On the Consolidated Exchange 200 shares of Best and Belcher sold at 1.80@1.85, 400 Chollar at .29, 1,000 Comstock at .07½, 5,500 Comstock bonds at .06@.07½, 100 Elkton at .44, 20 Hale and Norcross at .68, 500 Isabella at .17@.17½, 500 Justice at .13, and 100 Potosi at .39.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

Capital stock of the Kinloch Telephone Company of St. Louis increased from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 for betterments and improvements of the system.

American Telephone & Telegraph Company to issue $21,000,000 of new stock at par on the basis of one share of new stock for every five held.

Plans for the new terminals for the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern in Cincinnati to have been completed and approved by the officials of the company, and that work will be started at once.

According to Rochester advices the stockholders of the Rochester Optical and Camera Company have under consideration the sale of their company to the Eastman Kodak Company.

Duluth dispatches stating that the United States Steel Corporation has leased the Cascade Mine in the Messaba for $125,000.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 2@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. The majority of the day's loans was made at 2 per cent.

Time money rates, 4 per cent. for sixty days, 4½ per cent. for ninety days, 4¾@5 per cent. for four to five months, 5½ per cent. for six months, and 5¼@6 per cent. for seven and eight months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5@5½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6 per cent. for others.

New York Clearing House exchanges were $123,909,125; balances, $6,171,880; United States Sub-Treasury debit balance, $456,791.

Money on call in London, 2@2¼ per cent.; short bills, 2 13-16 per cent.; three months' bills, 2¾@2 15-16 per cent.

Foreign exchange was quiet. Nominal rates were $4.85½ for sixty days and $4.88½ for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.84¾; demand, $4.8755@$4.8760; cables, $4.88@$4.88¼. Commercial bills were $4.83⅝.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18¾ less 1-16 and 5.16¼; reichsmarks, 94⅛@94 15-16 and 95 7-16@95¼; guilders, 4 0and 40 3-16@40¼.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par @5c premium. Chicago—20c premium. New Orleans—Commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-10 premium. San Francisco—Sight, par; telegraphic, 7½c. St. Louis—50c premium.

THE LONDON MARKET.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 16.—The Times, in its City article to-day, says call money was very abundant yesterday. Fixtures were in fair demand. The discount market was inactive, with an easy tendency.

Bullion brokers reported that the Austrian demand for bar gold had caused a rise of ¼d. in the price, to 77s. 9¼d. No operations in gold were reported at the Bank of England yesterday.

The Stock Exchange was very quiet, and the tone was mostly dull, chiefly owing to the relapse in American rails. Consols fell 3-16, to 91⅛ for cash and 91¼ for the account. Transvaal loan fell ⅛. Home rails reacted, closing at the lowest points of the day.

American rails reflected Wall Street's cessation of buying, closing all round at the lowest points touched in the course of the day. South American bonds were weak.

The general mining market was quiet and weak. South Africans were quiet, dull, and irregular.

Bar silver fell ⅛d. per ounce, to 24 3-16d. spot and 24d. forward, closing dull.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, June 15.—Money was fairly plentiful in the market to-day, and there was a better demand, in view of the preparations for the payment of the installment of £3,000,000 on the Transvaal loan to-morrow. Discounts were steady. There is a growing disposition to expect a reduction of the Bank of England's rate of discount next Thursday.

Business on the Stock Exchange was quiet, the bad weather prevailing helping to dampen the enthusiasm of operators. There was a pretty general reaction on profit-taking. Consols were fractionally easier, and home rails were apathetic. Americans opened dull at ¼@¾ below parity. Union Pacific was the most depressed, on realizations, and closed flat. Grand Trunk was easier. Argentine rails were dull on rumors of difficulties in the provinces. Kafirs were lower.

Closing prices: Consols for money, 91 1-16; Consols for account, 91 3-16; Anaconda, 4½; Atchison, 70; Atchison preferred, 97; Baltimore and Ohio, 87¼; Canadian Pacific, 126¼; Chesapeake and Ohio, 39¼; Chicago Great Western, 19⅝; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 155¾; DeBeers, 21¼; Denver and Rio Grande, 29¼; Denver and Rio Grande preferred, 87; Erie, 32⅛; Erie, 1st preferred, 67¾; Erie, 2d preferred, 56; Illinois Central, 138; Louisville and Nashville, 113½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 22; New York Central, 131; Norfolk and Western, 64¾; Norfolk and Western preferred, 91; Ontario and Western, 25¼; Pennsylvania, 64¾; Rand Mines, 10; Reading, 74½; Reading, 1st preferred, 42; Reading, 2d preferred, 33½; Southern Railway, 74¾; Southern Railway preferred, 91; Southern Pacific, 50⅝; Union Pacific, 88; Union Pacific preferred, 91; United States Steel, 31¼; United States Steel preferred, 82¾; Wabash, 25; Wabash preferred, 44¼.

Bar silver, steady, 24 3-16d per ounce.

Money, 2@2¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¾@15-16 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¾@2 5-16 per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Madrid, 36.50; Lisbon, 23.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, June 15.—Prices on the Bourse to-day opened firm, but later French rentes weakened, which affected the rest of the market, with the exception of Turkish securities.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f 20c. for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 16c for checks.

BERLIN, June 15.—Business on the Boerse to-day was inactive and quotations were nominal.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 42¼ pfennigs for checks. Discount rates—Short bills, 2¼ per cent.; three months' bills, 3¼ per cent.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The tone of the Street has changed from its almost excessive bullish attitude. Without being arrantly pessimistic, several influential brokers are again conservatively on the bearish side of the market. The argument used in the main is that technically the market is in a weaker position now than it was before there was such a scurry to cover short accounts. On the Exchange to-day little attention was paid to the lower price range in New York. Here and there improvement was noticed. There was a rally of South Side Elevated to par once more, and a fractional gain in Swift's. As a whole the list was dull and uninteresting.

New York exchange to-day was quoted at 20 cents premium. Time and call loans, 4½@6 per cent.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
350	American Can	5¾	5⅝	5¾
200	American Can pf.	43¾	43¾	43¾
50	Am. Shipbuilding	57¾	57¾	57¾
135	Diamond Match	132	132	132
65	Metropolitan Elev. com.	23	23	23
15	Metropolitan Elev. pf.	68	67½	68
40	Mil. & Chi. Brewing pf.	28½	28½	28½
310	Nat. Biscuit common	40¾	40¼	40½
235	Nat. Biscuit pf.	101¼	101	101
100	Carbon common	24½	24¼	24⅛
150	Swift & Co.	110¼	110	110
10	Northwest. Elev. common	21	21	21
80	South Side Elevated	100	100	100
15	Street's Stable Car pf.	86	86	86
125	United Boxboard pf.	21½	20¾	21⅛
16	West Chicago	62	62	62

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—There was little disposition to trade in this market to-day. There was a general movement among commission house traders to get rid of the stocks bought last Thursday and Friday. Prices held fairly well under offerings from this source, and recessions did not go below fractional limits for most of the stocks dealt in. The Arbitrage stocks were all down, New York being a seller of Reading, Pennsylvania, Erie, and the Steels. Pennsylvania Steel preferred was off 1; American Railways, ½; Cambria Steel, ⅝; Consolidated Lake Superior preferred, ⅝; Lehigh Valley, 1; Pennsylvania Railroad, ½; Reading, 1 1-16; United Gas, ⅞.

Total sales, 28,445 shares and $63,000 bonds.

Payments for Pennsylvania Railroad's new stock aggregated $2,550,000 to-day, of which $2,280,000 was for full paid stock. The Speyer loan of $5,250,000 to the Consolidated Lake Superior Company, it is understood, has been extended from July 1 next.

Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Rys. common	45	45	45
500	Atchison	67¾	67¾	67¾
50	Bell Telephone	73	73	73
319	Cambria Steel	23¼	23	23
475	Con. Lake Superior	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛
860	Con. Lake Superior pf.	26	25	25
18	Cons. Trac. of N. J.	67½	67⅛	67⅛
1,315	Elec. Co. of America	8⅝	8½	8½
60	Elec. Storage Battery	67	66	66
1,000	Erie	32⅜	31¾	31¾
4	Hunt. & B. T. pf.	55	55	55
865	Lehigh Valley	40⅝	40¼	40⅛
50	Marsden Co.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
50	National Asphalt Co.	⅞	1-16	1-16
2,111	Penna. R. R.	63	62 1-16	62¼
4,550	Penna. R. R. warrants	2⅛	1⅞	1 13-16
10	Penna. Steel pf.	89	89	89
250	Phila. Traction	96½	96¼	96¼
770	Phila. Electric	6⅝	6⅛	6 3-16
412	Phila. Co.	42	41½	42
32	Phila. Co. pf.	47½	47½	47½
100	Phila. Rapid Transit	12⅝	12⅛	12½
11,587	Reading	24	23⅛	23 3-16
25	Reading 1st pf.	41½	41½	41½
500	Susquehanna Steel	1 5-16	1¼	1¼
1,351	United Gas Imp. Co.	89⅜	88⅞	88⅞
102	United Gas Imp. allots	38¾	38	38⅛
1,315	Union Traction	45	44⅞	45
1,716	United States Steel	31⅛	30¾	30⅞
47	United States Steel pf.	81	80¾	81
100	Wabash pf.	42⅜	42⅜	42⅜
20	Warwick Steel	5	5	5

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 15.—The money market remains dull and without material change in rates. It is expected that dullness will rule until after July 1. The preparation of the July disbursements and the payment of the first installment on the new Pennsylvania stock will tend to check activity in money. Call loans, 3¼@4½ per cent.; time loans on collateral, 4¾@5 per cent.; time loans on mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent.; Clearing House loans, 4 per cent.; New York funds, par @ 5 cents premium. Clearings, $18,477,584; balances, $1,261,140. The foreign exchange market is somewhat firmer. Sterling rates have been advanced ¼ cent all around.

The stock market was heavy and dull. American Telephone opened at 151¾—up ¼—and then rapidly declined to below 145, when the company's decision to issue $21,000,000 new stock was announced. Telephone rights sold on the curb, first at 5¾ and later at 5¼ to 6. The weakness in Amalgamated carried down the local list of coppers. Copper Range and Osceola each lost 2 points. Dominion Coal was irregular, opening at 88—off 1¾—then advancing to 90, and then receding to 88. Dominion Iron was dull.

Complete transactions were as follows:

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,250	Atchison	69	67	67
5	Atchison pf.	95¾	95¾	95¾
10	Boston Elevated	145	145	145
7	*Boston & Albany	251	250	250
28	*Boston & Maine	170	170	170
4	*C. J. R. & S. Y.	146	146	146
3	*C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	117	117	117
2	*Conc. & Mont., Class 4	194	193	193
4	Conn. & Passumpsic pf.	168	168	168
2	*Connecticut River	280	280	280
34	*Fitchburg pf.	137	137	137
480	Massachusetts Electric	28	27	27
202	*Mass. Electric pf.	84½	83	84
60	†Pennsylvania	63⅝	62⅝	62⅝
10	Rutland pf.	65	65	65
540	Union Pacific	81⅝	80⅝	80⅝
22	West End	90	90	90
115	West End pf.	110	110	110

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6,479	American	151⅝	144⅝	144⅝
1	New England	130	130	130
90	Western	14	14	14
17	Western pf.	94	93	93

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
225	Am. Ag. Chemical	17½	17½	17½
25	Am. Pneu. Service	5	4½	5
311	*American Sugar	120	119	119
59	*American Sugar pf.	119¾	119¾	119¾
140	American Woolen pf.	75	75	75
300	Dominion Iron & Steel	13½	12⅝	13
10	†Edison	245	245	245
558	Edison rights	4½	4	4½
515	Massachusetts Gas	42⅝	41¾	41⅞
266	Massachusetts Gas pf.	82	81½	81½
37	*Mergenthaler	181½	181½	181½
100	United States Steel	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝
20	Pullman	211	210½	211
5	Reece Buttonhole	9	9	9
10	Seattle Electric pf.	97½	97½	97½
10	Swift & Co.	110	110	110
501	United Fruit	104½	103½	104
30	United Shoe Machine	50	50	50
30	United Shoe Mach. pf.	29	29	29
325	*United States Steel	30¾	30½	30½
165	United States Steel pf.	81	80⅝	81

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
195	Adventure	5¾	5⅝	5⅝
200	Allouez	4½	4½	4½
3,529	Amalgamated	57	55⅞	55⅞
55	Anaconda	21½	21½	21½
545	Atlantic	10⅝	10	10
75	Bingham	27¼	26⅞	27¼
1	*Calumet & Hecla	470	470	470
270	Centennial	20⅛	19½	19½
810	Cons. Mercur	1 5-16	1¼	1¼
4,487	Copper Range	54½	51⅝	52
171	*Daly West	44	44	44
1,290	Dominion Coal	90	88	88
240	Elm River	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
10	Franklin	9	9	9
1,835	Granby	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
340	Guanajuato	1⅝	1½	1½
350	Isle Royale	8	8	8
25	Mass.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
170	Michigan	8	7⅝	7⅝
205	Mohawk	43	42	42
100	Montreal & Boston	1½	1½	1½
842	Old Colony	1⅛	1	1
265	Old Dominion	13	12½	12⅞
825	Osceola	55	53	54
125	Parrot	21	21	21
50	†Phoenix	4¼	4¼	4¼
22	Quincy	100	100	100
150	Rhode Island	2	2	2
150	Santa Fe	1¾	1⅝	1⅝
60	Shannon	11½	11¼	11¼
50	Tamarack	130	130	130
25	Trimountain	90	90	90
805	Trinity	6½	6	6
85	U. S. Coal & Oil	12⅛	11½	11½
2,395	United States	22¼	20⅝	21
850	Utah	30⅞	30	30
60	Victoria	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
365	Winona	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
71	Wolverine	67	66½	66½
50	Wyandotte	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛

British Columbia, 3½ bid, 4½ asked. *Ex dividend. †Ex rights. ‡Assessment paid.

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 15.—The weekly statement of the associated National banks of Boston follows:

	June 13.	Week's Changes.	
Loans	$187,517,000	Dec.	$2,483,000
Circulation	6,566,000	Inc.	46,000
Deposits	141,225,000	Dec.	2,367,000
Due banks	57,002,000	Dec.	4,194,000
United States deposits	6,308,000	Inc.	2,000
Due from agents	27,611,000	Dec.	2,558,000
Exchanges	13,241,000	Dec.	1,510,000
Due from others	17,277,000	Dec.	432,000
Five per cent. fund	331,000	Inc.	1,000
Legals	7,021,000	Inc.	491,000
Specie	15,182,000	Dec.	140,000
Reserve excess	2,332,145	Inc.	646,000
New York excess	7,780,145	Dec.	2,263,000

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 15.—The market held its own to-day without gathering anything new. There was a fractional improvement in Cotton Duck first 5s, the meaning of which was puzzling. Seaboard lapsed into its semi-quiescent state, with, however, the pressure which recently drove it downward relieved. United Railways varied, though there seemed to be a prevalence of good talk as to the company's future. Cotton Duck incomes suffered a sharp break due to various unfounded bearish rumors as to what is intended under the new plan.

Money on call was at 5@5½ per cent.

Complete transactions for the day, amounting to 451 shares of stock and $30,000 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
301	Seaboard Ry. com.	22	21¾	22
75	Seaboard Ry. pf.	37½	37⅜	37⅜
75	B. & O. com.	86	85⅞	86

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Seaboard Ry. 10-yr. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
1,000	Seaboard Ry. 4s	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
1,000	Carolina Central 4s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
4,000	United Rys. & Elec. in.	64⅝	64⅜	64⅜
7,000	United Rys. & Elec. 4s	92⅝	92½	92½
7,000	Cotton Duck 5s	68	68	68
4,000	Cotton Duck incomes	18½	18⅛	18½
1,000	G. B. S. Brewing inc.	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
4,000	At. Coast L. 4s, (new)	93	92⅞	92⅞

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, June 15.—Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Brewing pf.	43	43	43
1,725	Crucible Steel	15⅝	15	15
154	Crucible Steel pf.	83	82½	82½
825	Fireproofing	24⅝	24¾	24⅝
818	M. L. & H.	40	39	39
132	Ohio Fuel Supply	43	43	43
50	Philadelphia Company	42	42	42
400	Pittsburg Coal	27	27	27
224	Pittsburg Coal pf.	86⅝	86¼	86⅝
110	Pittsburg Plate Glass	133	133	133
250	River Coal	10¼	10¼	10¼
55	River Coal pf.	40	40	40
1,242	United States Steel	30⅞	30⅝	30⅝
215	United States Steel pf.	81⅛	80⅞	80⅞
1,445	West Electric 2d	96⅝	96	96
30	American Trust	640	635	635
13	Colonial Trust	535	535	535
55	Equitable Trust	185	185	185
30	Federal National Bank	166	166	166
28	Fidelity Title & Trust	500	500	500
25	*Home Trust	143	143	143
15	Iron City Trust	156¼	156	156¼
35	Real Estate Trust	300	290	290
10	Traders & Merch. Bank	73	73	73
$1,000	M. L. & P. 5s	100	100	100

*New high mark.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Transactions in the outside market yesterday were light, but prices did not reflect to any considerable extent the weakness of the Stock Exchange market. The check met by the upward movement which was begun last Thursday deterred further buying by those interested in outside stocks, but except in a few issues the market became dull without becoming weak. Northern Securities, as well as other prominent stocks, showed totals that were far below the average of last week, and nowhere was there sufficient activity to attract attention.

Northern Securities showed a total of only 2,100 shares, and its fluctuations were confined to less than 1 point. After the violent decline which occurred in Northern Securities at this time last week, followed later by the sharp advance of Thursday, it seemed yesterday to be left almost entirely alone. Traders made some effort to operate in the stock, but the absence of both buying and selling orders made their efforts somewhat thankless ones. The closing sale showed a net loss of three-quarters of a point.

Empire Steel preferred was offered down to 49, and the common at 13, without sales. A meeting of the Board of Directors of the company is scheduled for to-day, and it is presumed that at this meeting action will be taken in regard to the semi-annual dividend on the preferred stock.

Greene Consolidated was dull, with the rest of the market, and in the absence of activity the price of the stock dropped off considerably. It sold down to 21, a decline of 1¾ points from the high figure of Saturday, but it recovered sufficiently before the close to reduce this loss to about 1 point.

The principal transactions reported in the outside market yesterday, with the high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am. Banknote ex div.	55½	55½	55½
510	American Can	5¾	5⅝	5⅝
700	American Can pf.	44⅛	43⅝	43⅝
200	British Columbia Cop.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
200	Compressed Air	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Electric Lead Reduc.	1	1	1
20	Electric Vehicle	9⅝	9	9⅝
500	Fuel Oil Power	26	25⅝	26
100	Gold Hill Copper	½	½	½
620	Greene Cons. Copper	21⅞	*20¾	21⅞
300	Hackensack Meadows	14	13½	14
100	Havana Tobacco	37	37	37
50	Internat. Silver pf.	40	40	40
300	Light, Fuel & Power	34¼	34⅛	34¼
600	Manhattan Transit	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
300	Mex. Nat. 2d pf. w. i.	28	28	28
1,800	Mont. & Boston Cop.	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
500	New York Transp.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
2,100	Northern Securities	89¾	89⅜	89⅜
247	New Orleans Ry. pf.	42	42	42
50	R. Bak. Pow. pf. cash.	101½	101½	101½
600	St. Louis Transit	24⅞	23⅞	24⅞
100	Seaboard Air Line	22	22	22
50	Seaboard Air Line pf.	38	38	38
6	Standard Oil	650	649	649
100	Storage Power cash	⅞	⅞	⅞
100	Tennessee Copper	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
200	Union Copper	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
85	Un. Typewriter 1st pf.	115	114	114
300	United Copper	18¼	18	18¼
50	Unit. Rys. of St. L. pf.	72½	72½	72½
50	U. S. Light & Heat	8	8	8
650	White Knob Copper	*15¼	14⅝	15

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	†B'klyn R. T. new 4s	83	83	83
1,000	†Central Foundry 6s	62	62	62
20,000	Erie conv. 4s	87	87	87
5,000	†H'sack Meadows 4½s	85½	85½	85½
4,200	†International Salt 5s	41	41	41
9,000	Lack Steel 5s, 50% pd.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
2,000	Lack Steel 5s, full pd.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
5,000	†Standard Milling 5s	72	72	72

*Less than 100 shares. †Sell flat.

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks in which no transactions in full lots were reported compare as follows with the closing prices of Saturday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	June 15. Bid.	Asked.	June 13. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Banknote, ex div.	54½	55½	55	56½
American Chicle	112	118	112	118
American Chicle pf.	80	81	80	81
American De Forest	5	7	5	7
American Diesel Engine	15	17	15	17
American Elevated	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Amer. Malt. 6s	..	97	..	97
Amer. Sparklets pf.	..	5	..	5
American Typefounders	32½	35	32½	35
Amer. Typefounders pf.	94	96	94	96
Amer. Writing Paper	3⅝	4⅛	3⅝	4½
Am. Writing Paper pf.	15	18	15	18
Am. Writing Paper 5s	72	74	72½	74
Bamberger De Lamar	9⅞	10⅛	9⅞	10½
Borden's Cond. Milk	115	118	115	118
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	107	109	106	109
British Columbia Copper	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
California Copper	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Camden Land	¼	½	¼	½
Casein Co. of America	..	10	..	10
Casein Co. of Amer. pf.	..	55	..	55
Central Fireworks	20½	25	20½	25
Central Fireworks pf.	65	67	65	67
Central Foundry	3⅛	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝
Central Foundry pf.	13	15	13	15
Central Foundry 6s	60	65	60	65
Compressed Air	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
Con. Refrigerating	3½	4½	3½	4½
Con. Rubber Tire	¾	1½	¾	1½
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	5	7½	5	7½
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	7	10	7	10
Detroit & Mackinac	33	..	33	..
Detroit & Mackinac pf.	85	..	85	..
Dominion Securities	5	20	5	20
E. W. Bliss	140	160	140	160
E. W. Bliss pf.	140	160	140	160
Electric Boat	20	25	15	25
Electric Boat pf.	35	41	35	41
Electric Lead Reduction	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Electric Lead Reduc. pf.	2½	3	2½	3
Electric Vehicle	7	9	7	9
Electric Vehicle pf.	13	15	13½	15
Electro-Pneumatic	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Empire Steel	..	13	..	13
Empire Steel pf.	..	49	..	51
Erie conv. 4s, w. i.	86¾	87½	87	88
Gold Hill Copper	⅜	⅝	5-16	⅝
Gugg'h'm Ex. 50% paid	108	112	108	112
Guggenheim Exploration	110	120	110	120
Hackensack Meadows	13½	14	12	14
Hall Signal	85	97	89	97
Havana Tobacco	36	38½	36	38
Havana Tobacco pf.	50	60	50	60
Houston Oil	..	7	..	7
Houston Oil pf.	35	50	35	50
International Elevator	..	90	..	90
Interu. Rap. Tr.	101	103	101	103
Inter. Mer. Marine	8	8½	7⅝	8½
Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	28	30	30½	31½
Int. Mer. Marine 4½s	97½	100	97½	100
International Salt	10	10½	11	13
International Salt 5s	40	43	40	43
Internat. Silver 1st 6s	98½	100½	98½	100½
Internat. Silver deb. 6s	..	92½	..	92½
Inter. Silver	..	8½	..	8½
Inter. Silver pf.	35	45	..	42
Kitchener Mining	⅛	½	⅛	½
Lackaw. Steel 60% paid	..	85⅝	..	85⅝
Lackaw. Steel full paid	..	90	..	90
Lackaw. St. 5s, 50% paid	97	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
Lackaw. St. 5s, full paid	97⅛	97⅝	97⅛	98
Lanston Monotype	9⅝	10	9⅝	10
Maine Steamship	18	23	18	23
Maine Steamship 5s	75	78	75	78
Marconi Wireless of Can.	..	5	..	5
Mex. Nat. 2d pf., w. i.	26¾	27½	28	28½
Mex. Nat. C. $17 pd. otf.	6	7	6	7
Mont. & Boston Copper	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
New Eng. Trans.	¼	½	¼	½
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	40	45	40	45
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf.	70	75	70	75
N. Y. Phonograph	2½	..	2½	..
N. Y. Trans.	6	7	5⅞	6⅛
North Am. L. & Pulp	6½	10	6½	10
Otis Elevator	35⅝	38	36⅛	37½
Otis Elevator pf.	95	96	95	96
Pacific Pack. & Nav.	¾	1⅛	¾	1⅛
Pacific Pack. & Nav. pf.	3	5	2	5
Peoria, Dec. & Evansv.	½	⅝	½	⅝
Royal B. P. pf., ex div.	99	101	100	101
Safety Car Heating	174	178	174	178
Seaboard Air Line	22	22¾	22¼	22¾
Seaboard Air Line pf.	37	38	37⅝	38½
Seminole Mining	¼	1	¼	1
Simpson-Crawford	27	32	27	32
Simpson-Crawford 6s	80	85	80	85
Standard Coupler	30	32½	30	32½
Standard Coupler pf.	125	135	125	135
Standard Milling	5	6	5	6
Standard Milling pf.	22	24½	22	24½
Standard Milling 5s	71	73	70	74
Storage Power	⅜	¾	⅜	¾
Tonopah Mining	7⅝	8	7⅝	8
Trenton Potteries	14	18	14	18
Trenton Potteries pf.	84	90	84	90
Trenton Potteries deb.	67	72	67	72
Union Copper	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Union Typewriter	108	110	107	112
Union Typewriter 1st pf.	113	115	114	115
Union Typewriter 2d pf.	114	117	114	117
United Box Board	3	3½	3	3½
United Box Board pf.	20	22	20	22
United Copper	17	19	17	19
U. S. Cotton Duck	3	5	3	5
U. S. Rubber col. ref. 5s	96½	98½	96½	98½
Universal Tobacco	1½	2½	1½	2½
Universal Tobacco pf.	4	6	4	6
Virginia & Southwestern	25	31	25	31
White Knob Copper	14⅝	15	14⅝	15
White Knob Cop. con. 6s	110	..	110	..

Street Railways.

	June 15. Bid.	Asked.	June 13. Bid.	Asked.
Broadway & 7th Av.	245	247	245	247
Broadway & 7th Av. 1st	99½	100½	99½	100½
Broadway & 7th Av. 2d	105	107	105	107
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	110	114	110	114
Broadway Surface 2d	99½	101	99½	101
Brooklyn, B. & W. E. 5s	100	104	100	104
Brooklyn City Railroad	226	228	226	228
Brook. R. T. new 4s	83	83	83	83
Central Park, N. & E. R.	210	220	210	220
Con. Traction of N. J.	67	68	67½	68
Con. Traction 5s	104	105	104½	105½
Eighth Av. Railroad	400	415	400	415
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st	107	110	107	110
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 2d	98	101	98	101
Grand Rapids St. Ry.	50	55	50	55
Grand Rapids St. Ry. pf.	91	95	91	95
Jersey City, H. & P.	17	19	17	19
Jersey City, H. & P. 4s	74	75½	74	75½
Nassau Electric 4s	82	82¾	81½	82½
New Orleans Rys.	12	13½	13	14
New Orleans Rys. pf.	42½	43	43	45
New Orleans Rys. 4½s	84½	85	84	85
Ninth Avenue R. R.	190	210	190	210
North Jersey St. Ry.	22	24	22	24
North Jersey St. Ry. 4s	77	79	77	79
St. Louis Transit	24	25	23½	25
St. Louis Tr. 5% notes	95	98	95	98
Second Av. R. R. consols	113	115	113	115
Sixth Avenue R. R.	175	185	175	185
Steinway R. R. Co. 1st 6s	114	116	114	116

	June 15. Bid.	Asked.	June 13. Bid.	Asked.
Syracuse Rapid Transit	27	31	27	31
Syracuse Rapid Tr. pf.	75	78	75	78
Union Railway 1st 5s	114	117	114	117
United Rys. of St. L. pf.	72½	..	71	..
United Traction, Prov.	100	103	100	103
United Traction bonds	110¾	112½	110½	112½
Wash. Ry. & Electric	9	11	9¼	10½
Wash. Ry. & Elec. pf.	38	40	39½	41
Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4s	75	76	75½	76

Gas Companies.

	June 15. Bid.	Asked.	June 13. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Lt. & Tr.	77	80	78	80
Amer. Lt. & Tr. pf.	96	97½	94	97
Bay State Gas	3-16	¼	⅛	¼
Buffalo Gas	6⅛	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝
Cent. Union Gas gtd. 5s	105½	106½	105½	106½
Con. Gas of N. J. 5s	87	90	87	90
Consum. Gas (J. C.) bds.	100	102	100	102
Denver Gas	22½	24	22½	24
Denver Gas 5s	75	78	75	78
Denver Gas 6s	82½	88	82½	88
Indianapolis Gas	60	70	60	70
Indianapolis Gas 6s	102½	105	102½	105
Mutual Gas	290	315	290	315
New Amsterdam Gas 5s	107	108	107	108
N.Y.&E.R.Gas Co. 1st 5s	110	112	110	112
N.Y.&E.R.Gas Co.Con.5s	108	111	108	111
Northern Union Gas 5s	104	107	104	107
Ohio & Indiana Gas	8	12	8	12
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	92	96	92	96
St. Paul Gas 5s	80	85	80	85
Standard Gas, N. Y.	131	..	131	..
Standard Gas, N. Y., pf.	152½	..	152½	..
Standard Gas 1st 5s	115	117	115	118
Syracuse Gas 1st 5s	95	98	95	98

Ferry Companies.

	June 15. Bid.	Asked.	June 13. Bid.	Asked.
Brooklyn Ferry	4	6	4	6
East River Ferry	80	85	80	85
East River Ferry 5s	90	95	90	95
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	107	110	107	110
N. Y. & Hob. con. 5s	104	106	103	106
Union Ferry	30	38	35	38
Union Ferry 5s	90	92	90	92

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$226,699,561
Gold	105,360,862
Silver	25,607,322
United States notes	8,760,233
Treasury notes of 1890	89,126
National banknotes	12,673,270
Total receipts this day	2,259,155
Total receipts this month	25,506,919
Total receipts this year	536,040,391
Total expenditures this day	1,530,000
Total expenditures this month	19,080,090
Total expenditures this year	490,686,852
Deposits in National banks	154,557,261
National banknotes received to-day for redemption	864,913
Government receipts:	
Internal revenue	1,039,482
Customs	768,809
Miscellaneous	452,863

The condition of the Treasury, Divisions of Issue and Redemption, at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000

TRUST FUNDS—DIVISION OF REDEMPTION.

Gold coin	$411,556,869
Silver dollars	462,390,000
Silver dollars of 1890	2,143,431
Silver bullion of 1890	17,462,569
Total	$893,552,869

DIVISION OF ISSUE.

Gold certificates outstanding	$411,556,869
Silver certificates outstanding	462,390,000
Treasury notes outstanding	19,606,000
Total	$893,552,869

GENERAL FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$72,104,412
Gold certificates	33,256,450
Silver coin and bullion	19,172,927
Silver certificates	6,434,395
United States notes	8,760,233
Other assets	23,642,329
Total in Treasury	$163,370,746
Deposits in National banks	154,557,261
Total	$317,928,010
Current liabilities	91,258,449
Available cash balance	$226,669,561

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and Saturday were as follows:

	Monday.	Saturday.
Alta	.05	.04
Alpha Con.	.01	.01
Andes	.13	.13
Belcher	.45	.45
Best & Belcher	2.40	1.75
Bullion	.05	.05
Caledonia	1.20	1.20
Challenge Con.	.45	.44
Chollar	.25	.25
Confidence	1.35	1.35
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.50	1.50
Con. Imperial	.05	.05
Crown Point	.20	.20
Gould & Curry	.43	.41
Hale & Norcross	.68	.60
Julia	.02	.02
Justice	.14	.14
Kentucky Con.	.05	.05
Lady Washington Con.	.05	.05
Mexican	1.20	1.15
Occidental Con.	.50	.50
Ophir	1.70	1.65
Overman	.40	.40
Potosi	.34	.32
Savage	.20	.20
Seg. Belcher	.09	.10
Sierra Nevada	.75	.69
Syndicate	.05	.05
St. Louis	.12	.12
Union Con.	.85	.80
Utah Con.	.20	.20
Yellow Jacket	.50	.50
Silver bars	52½	52¾
Mexican dollars	40½@41	40½@41
Drafts, sight	Par	Par
Telegraph	.02½	.02½

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, June 15.—Gardner & Co. report closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and Saturday as follows:

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Acacia	8	8¾	8	8½
American Con.	2¾	3	2¾	3
Anaconda	12½	15	12½	16
Blue Bell	5	6	5	6
C. K. & N.	20	20¾	19½	20¾
C. C. Con.	4	4½	4	4½
C. C. & M.	1	1	1	1
Coriolanus	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Dante	2	2½	2	2½
Dr. Jackpot	7	7½	7	7½
Elkton	40¾	41½	40¼	41½
El Paso	60	62	60½	61½
Findlay	13½	14	13½	13¾
Gold Dollar Con.	5	5¾	5	5½
Golden Cycle	71	71½	70	72
Golden Fleece	5	12	5	12
Gold Bond	2	3	2	3
Gold Sovereign	4	4½	4	4½
Gould	3	3½	3	3½
Gold Exploration	2	2½	2	2½
Isabella	15⅝	16¼	15	16
Jackpot	8	9	7	10
Keystone	4⅝	5	4⅝	5
Last Dollar	50	60	50	60
Lexington	3½	4	3½	3¾
Little Puck	2½	3	2½	3
Little Bessie	3	4	3	4
Mary Cashen	2	2½	2	2½
Mollie Gibson	5¼	6	5¾	6⅛
Moon Anchor	7½	8	7	8
New Haven	2½	3	2½	3
Old Gold	6½	7	6	7½
Pharmacist	3⅝	4¼	3½	4¼
Pinnacle	3⅝	4¼	3⅝	4¼
Portland	128	130	128	135
Rose Maud	1⅝	2	1⅝	2
Rose Nicol	3½	3½	3½	3½
Sunset Eclipse	2½	3	2½	3
Vindicator	87½	90	85	92
Work	5½	5¾	5¼	6

NOTES OF INSURANCE INTERESTS.

J. T. Wayland has been appointed Kansas City agent of the Glens Falls Insurance Company.

S. S. Post has been appointed Michigan special agent of the Phoenix Assurance Company of London.

Obold, Milton & Reinecke have been appointed Louisville agents of the Traders' Insurance Company of Chicago.

The Texas State Association of Local Fire Insurance Agents has voted to request all fire insurance companies to appoint but one agent in any town of the State, and to discontinue all dual agencies existing, whenever the opportunity offers to do so, and agree not to appoint any more agencies in the future. It was decided to appoint a permanent committee of five to supervise this question and to watch the action of the companies. The association also passed a resolution favoring an increase of compensation to agents "because of the increased cost of living, which has been recognized by other large corporations, who have increased the wages of their employes, and also because the cost of properly conducting an agency has increased."

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 15.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

Pictorial Review Company, New York, newspapers, magazines, and books; capital, $600,000. Directors—R. R. Appleton, W. P. Ahrelt, and C. W. Nelson, New York.

Second Construction Company, Brooklyn, real estate; capital, $500,000. Directors—P. R. Purdy, J. H. White, and G. E. Hall, Brooklyn.

Holland Security Company, New York, to loan money on mortgages; capital, $6,000. Directors—S. S. Menken and Alfred Roelker, Jr., New York; R. C. Rathbone 2d, East Orange, N. J.

Borough Cut Stone Company, New York; capital, $15,000. Directors—Milton Mayer, J. E. Donnelly, and O. M. Sternfeld, New York.

Incorporated in Delaware.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 15.—The Elliott Fisher Company of Cleveland, Ohio, was chartered at Dover to-day to deal in typewriters and numbering and counting machines; capital, $10,000.

The Real Estate Improvement Company of Baltimore filed a certificate showing that its name has been changed to The Consolidated Apartment House Company.

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Monday, June 15, 1903.

Am Hide & L 6s	
1,000	[illegible]
Atch, Top & Santa Fe gen 4s	
21,000	99⅝
Adjustment 4s	
5,000	89
Stamped	
3,000	89⅝
5,000	89½
Atlan Coast L 4s	
12,000	92⅝
Balt & Ohio gold 4s	
5,000	101⅝
5,000	101⅝
10,000	102
5,000	101⅝
5,000	101½
5,000	101⅝
5,000	101⅝
Cent of Ga con 5s	
1,000	105
Cent Pac gtd 4s	
1,000	86
Cent Pac gtd 3½s	
5,000	84⅝
Ches & O con 5s	
5,000	114⅝
Ches & O gen 4½s	
10,000	104
10,000	104⅝
Chi & Alton R R 3s	
3,000	81⅝
Chi, Bur & Q 4s, joint bonds	
15,000	92
20,000	92⅝
2,000	93
2,000	93⅝
Chi & Erie 1st 5s	
5,000	119
Chi & N'w'n gen 3½s	
5,000	100⅝
Chi & N'w'n deb 5s, 1909	
1,000	105
Chi, R I & Pac 6s, registered	
5,000	123⅝
Chi, R I & P gen 4s	
4,000	105⅝
Chi, R I & P R R 4s	
21,000	80⅝
2,000	80⅝
5,000	80⅝
30,000	80⅝
5,000	80
1,000	80⅝
11,000	80⅝
10,000	80⅝
Chi & Rock Island 5s, when issued	
10,000	86
68,000	86⅝
Chi Term Tran 4s	
1,000	88
C, C, C & St L gen 4s	
11,000	97⅝
2,000	97⅝
3,000	97⅝
Col & South 1st 4s	
1,000	87⅝
Consol Tobacco 4s	
1,000	60⅝
5,000	60⅝
10,000	60⅝
50,000	60
4,000	60⅝
10,000	60⅝
90,000	60
Denver & Rio Gr con 4s	
5,000	99
15,000	98⅝
1,000	99
Dist Sec Cor 5s	
10,000	68⅝
10,000	68
Erie 1st gen 4s	
1,000	84⅝
11,000	85
Green Bay & West deb ctfs B	
1,000	14⅝
1,000	14
5,000	13⅝
Hocking Val 4½s	
1,000	107⅝
Kan City South 3s	
3,000	68⅝
L S & M S 3½ 3s	
1,000	101
Lex Av & P F 1st	
10,000	118⅝
Louisv & N 5s	
1,000	112
2,000	111⅝
7,000	112
Lo & N gen 6s	
10,000	115
Lo & N unified 4s	
2,000	101⅝
Lo & N, Pens & Atl 6s	
1,000	112⅝
Met Elev 1st 6s	
1,000	111⅝
Mex Cent con 4s	
5,000	76⅝
Mex Cent 1st inc	
2,000	23⅝
Mex Cent 2d inc	
5,000	15⅝
10,000	15⅝
Minn & St L 1st & refunding 4s	
46,000	100
Mo, K & T 1st 4s	
5,000	97⅝
Mo, K & T 2d 4s	
4,000	81⅝
5,000	81
1,000	81⅝
10,000	81
Mo Pac trust 5s	
5,000	103⅝
Mo Pac 1st col 5s	
5,000	104
Nat R R of Mex 1st con 4s	
20,000	77
N Y Cent & Hud River deb 5s, 1934, regis	
2,000	101⅝
L S col 3½s	
10,000	89⅝
10,000	89⅝
N Y, C & St L 4s	
14,000	103
N Y, O & W ref 4s	
1,000	100⅝
Nat R R of Mex prior lien 4½s	
4,000	[illegible]
Nor & W con 4s	
5,000	[illegible]
15,000	[illegible]
6,000	[illegible]
Norf & W Pocah C & C 4s	
5,000	[illegible]
North Pac 4s	
1,000	[illegible]
6,000	[illegible]
North Pac gen 3s	
6,000	[illegible]
Oregon Short L 1st con 5s	
1,000	[illegible]
1,000	[illegible]
Oregon S L 1st 6s	
1,000	[illegible]
9,000	[illegible]
Oregon S L 4s & participating	
1,000	[illegible]
4,000	[illegible]
1,000	[illegible]
11,000	[illegible]
10,000	[illegible]
Penn conv 3½s	
25,000	[illegible]
20,000	[illegible]
Peoria & E 1st 4s	
6,000	[illegible]
Peoria & E inc 4s	
2,000	[illegible]
Reading gen 4s	
10,000	[illegible]
1,000	[illegible]
4,000	[illegible]
10,000	[illegible]
Reading, Jers Cent col 4s	
5,000	[illegible]
Rio Gr West 1st	
1,000	[illegible]
2,000	[illegible]
St L, I M & South unify & ref 4s	
6,000	[illegible]
St L & San F R R gen 5s	
1,000	[illegible]
St L & San F R R refunding 4s	
6,000	[illegible]
St L S'w'n con 4s	
4,000	77½
San A & A P 4s	
5,000	78½
5,000	78
Seaboard A L Ry gold 4s	
5,000	[illegible]
South Pac 4s	
3,000	[illegible]
Standard R & T 6s	
1,000	[illegible]
Standard R & T inc	
5,000	[illegible]
Third Av con 4s	
3,000	[illegible]
Tol, St L & West prior lien 3½s	
5,000	[illegible]
Tol, St L & W 4s	
1,000	[illegible]
Union Pac 1st 4s	
29,000	[illegible]
Union Pac conv 4s	
15,000	[illegible]
[illegible entries]	[illegible]
United Railroads of San Fran 4s	
3,000	79⅝
10,000	79⅝
10,000	79⅝
U S Steel Corp s f 5s	
[illegible entries]	[illegible]
Wabash 1st 5s	
3,000	114⅝
10,000	114⅝
10,000	114⅝
Wabash 2d 5s	
1,000	106
Wabash deb B	
[illegible entries]	[illegible]
West Shore 4s	
1,000	110⅝
Registered	
5,000	107
W U Tel col tr 5s	
1,000	106
Wis Cent gen 4s	
5,000	90⅝
7,000	90⅝
1,000	90⅝
2,000	90⅝
1,000	90
Total sales	$2,288,000

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	105½	106½
2s, c., 1930	106	107
3s, r., 1918	107½	108½
3s, c., 1918	107½	108½
3s, 1918, sm.	106½	..
4s, r., 1907	110	111
4s, c., 1907	111	112
4s, r., 1925	135	136
4s, c., 1925	135	136
5s, r., 1904	102½	103½
5s, c., 1904	102½	103½
D. C. 3-65s	121	..
Adams Exp.	221	234
Alb. & Sus. ex div.	223	..
Alle. & W.	148	..
Allis-Chalm.	12⅝	14
Allis-C. pf.	80	84
Am. B. Sug.	22	25
A. B. S. pf.	79	82½
Am. Bic.	½	..
Am. Bic. pf.	½	1
Am. Coal.	225	250
A. C. O. pf.	90	92
Am. D. Tel.	27	30
Am. Exp.	189	196
Am. G. Tw.	10	..
A. H. & L. pf.	25½	26¼
Am. Lin. Co.	10⅝	12
A. L. Co. pf.	32	36
Am. M. Co.	3⅝	4¼
A. M. Co. pf.	17	19
A. S. & R. pf.	96½	96⅝
Am. Snuff	90	130
Am. Sn. pf.	90	92½
Am. St. Fds.	11	15
A. S. F. pf.	55	60
A. Tob. pf.	140	146
A. W. Co.	10	11
Ann A. pf.	61	68
A. M. 1st pf.	90	100
Atl. C. L.	110	125
B. & L. pf.	108	..
B. Un. Gas	210	215
B. R. & P.	138	147½
B. R. & P. pf.	148	158
Butterick Co.	46	50
C. R. R. of N. J.	165	170
C. B. & Q.	175	200
C. & E. I. pf.	120	140
C. G. W. pf. A.	75	77½
C. G. W. d.	85	90
C. M. & St. P. pf.	170	176
C., St. P., M. & Om.	130	135
C., St. P., M. & O. pf.	175	190
C. Un. Trac.	4⅛	6
C. U. T. pf.	30	35
C. C. C. & St. L. pf.	110	115
C. L. & W.	75	82
C. L. & W. pf.	75	82
Cleve. & P.	185	190
C. & H. C. & Iron	15	18
Com. Cable	144	165
Consol. C.	80	95
D. L. & W.	251	254
D. & R. W.	5	..
D. & R. W. pf.	10	..
D. M. & Ft. D.	41	46¾
Det. So. pf.	23	24¾
Dia. Match	130	134
Dist. Sec.	27	28
D. S. S. & A. pf.	16⅝	17½
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
Ft. W. & D. City	80	81
Gen. Ch. Co.	62	70
G. C. Co. pf.	100	102
Gt. Nor. pf.	180	190
Hock. V. pf.	92	94
Homestake	50	68
Ill. C. l. l.	101	..
Int. S. P.	40	41½
L. S. & P. pf.	75	80

	Bid.	Asked.
Joliet & Chi.	165	..
K. C. So. pf.	42	45½
K. & D. M. pf.	48	56
Lacl. Gas	90	..
L. Gas pf.	92½	..
L. E. & W. pf.	108	113
Long Island	60	65
Man. Beach	9	12
Md. C. pf.	100	125
M. W. & St. Chi.	33	36½
M. W. S. St. Chi. pf.	65	70
M. & St. L.	75	82
N. C. & St. L.	103	107
Nat. Bis. pf.	100½	104
Nat. Enam. ex div.	20½	21½
Nat. Lead pf.	88⅝	89
N. Cent. C.	47	50
N. Y. B. & M. B. pf.	98	110
N. Y. & N. H. ex div.	192	197
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	106	112
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	75	80
N. Y. D. Co.	20	25
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	62½	66½
N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	180	..
Ont. Mining	5	8½
P. C. 1st pf.	93	102
P. C. 2d pf.	59	65
Pac. Mail	27½	28½
Peo. & E.	25	30
Peo. & E. pf.	78	80
P., C. C. & St. L.	68	72
P., C. C. & St. L. pf.	98	103
P., Ft. W. & C.	180	..
P., Ft. W. & C. sp. ex div.	130	..
Quicksilver	1	2
Quicksilv. pf.	5⅝	6½
R. R. Sec. Ill. C. stock ctfs.	88	91
R. & S. 4s	1	1
R. W. & O.	130	137
R. G. M. Co.	36⅝	38½
R. G. M. Co. pf.	72	76
St. J. & G. I.	9	12
St. J. & G. I. 1st pf.	38	45
St. J. & G. I. 2d pf.	16	20
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	170	180
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	100	120
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	74	76
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	80	90
T. P. L. Tr.	22	32
Third Av.	114	118
T. & P. L. & W.	17	18½
T. & P. L. & W. pf.	28½	30
T. C. R. T. pf.	145	160
United Fr.	103	104
U. S. Exp.	108	116
U. S. R. & R. pf.	80½	81
U. S. R. & R. pf.	40	42
U. S. Ship-building	5	8
U. S. Ship-building pf.	2	8
Va.-C. C. Co. pf.	120	125
Va. I. C. & C.	30	33
W.-F. Exp.	190	225
Westinghouse 1st pf.	175	185

Bonds Exchanged for Consols.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The amount of the 3 and 4 per cent. bonds so far received at the Treasury Department for exchange into 2 per cent. consols is $72,304,350.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Monday, June 15, 1903.

Closing Bid.	Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
53¾	53⅞	47,210	*Amalgamated Cop. Co.	56	56⅜	53⅜	53⅞	—3⅛
35½	35¾	1,800	Am. Car & F. Co.	36	36	35⅛	35½	—1
89	90	10	Am. Car & F. Co. pf.	89	89	89	89	[illegible]
35½	36½	200	Am. Cotton Oil	36	36	35½	35½	[illegible]
5½	6	200	Am. Hide & Leather	5½	5½	5½	5½	[illegible]
7½	7¾	600	*Am. Ice Co.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	[illegible]
30	30¾	300	*Am. Ice Co. pf.	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	[illegible]
22	22¼	1,000	*Am. Locomo. Co.	22½	22½	22	22	—1
89	91	300	*Am. Locomo. Co. pf.	90	90	89½	89½	—½
45½	46	1,640	*Am. S. & R. Co.	46⅞	46⅞	45½	45½	—1
118¾	119	4,800	*Am. Sugar Ref. Co.	120	120	118¾	119	—1½
118½	120	200	*Am. Sugar Ref. Co. pf.	119	119¼	119	119¼	[illegible]
76	82	60	Am. Tel. & Cable Co.	80	80	77	77	[illegible]
143	146	154	Am. Tel. & Tel. Co.	145	145	145	145	—3
72	77	10	*Am. Woolen Co. pf.	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼	[illegible]
87	88	500	*Anaconda Cop. M. Co.	88	88	87½	87½	—4½
31	34	10	Ann Arbor	31½	31½	31½	31½	[illegible]
[illegible]	65⅝	86,833	Atch., Top. & S. F.	65⅞	66⅜	65⅛	65⅝	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	2,450	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	94⅜	94½	93⅜	93⅝	[illegible]
84⅝	84¾	65,910	Baltimore & Ohio	86¾	86⅝	84⅝	84¾	[illegible]
91	93	120	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	93	93	93	93	[illegible]
56⅛	56⅜	7,400	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	58	58	56⅛	56⅜	—1½
7¾	8	200	Brunswick City	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	[illegible]
65	66½	100	Canada Southern	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	[illegible]
122	122¼	14,425	Canadian Pacific	123	123¼	121½	122	—3
37	37½	1,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	38	38	36¾	36⅞	—1⅛
[illegible]	[illegible]	300	Chicago & Alton	26⅜	26⅜	26⅛	26⅛	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	200	Chicago & Alton pf.	68⅞	68⅞	68⅞	68⅞	[illegible]
18⅛	18¼	6,710	Chicago Great Western	19⅛	19⅛	18	18⅛	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf. B	33	33	33	33	[illegible]
150⅛	150⅜	24,975	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	152	152⅞	150⅜	150⅜	[illegible]
170½	171	600	Chicago & Northw.	171¼	171½	171	171	[illegible]
[illegible]	15	100	Chicago Term. Trans.	13½	13½	13½	13½	[illegible]
[illegible]	24	720	Chi. Term. Trans. pf.	24⅞	24⅞	24¼	24¼	[illegible]
85	86	200	C., C., C. & St. L.	87⅛	87⅛	85⅞	85⅞	[illegible]
66	66½	4,900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	65	67	64⅝	67	[illegible]
18	18½	1,250	Colorado & Southern	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	[illegible]
58½	59	300	Col. & Southern 1st pf.	59	59	59	59	[illegible]
27½	28½	600	Col. & Southern 2d pf.	28¼	28¼	27¾	27¾	[illegible]
193	193½	1,300	Consolidated Gas	196	196	193¼	193¼	[illegible]
113	114	150	*Con. Tobacco Co. pf.	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	[illegible]
29½	30½	422	Corn Products Co.	30	30	29⅞	29⅞	[illegible]
79½	80	79	Corn Products Co. pf.	81	81	81	81	[illegible]
172	172	600	Delaware & Hudson	170	170	170	170	[illegible]
28¼	29	600	Denver & R. G.	29	29	28⅝	28⅝	[illegible]
84	85	130	Denver & R. G. pf.	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜	[illegible]
13⅛	13½	200	Detroit Southern	13½	13½	13½	13½	[illegible]
75½	75¾	700	Detroit United Ry.	75⅝	75¾	75⅝	75⅝	[illegible]
11½	12½	300	*Dul., S. S. & At.	12	12	12	12	[illegible]
31¼	31⅜	45,850	Erie	32⅝	32¾	31⅛	31⅜	[illegible]
64½	65	1,465	Erie 1st pf.	66⅝	66⅝	64⅝	64⅝	[illegible]
54¼	54½	1,770	Erie 2d pf.	54⅞	55¼	54⅜	54⅜	—1
60	61	100	Evans. & T. H.	61	61	61	61	[illegible]
177	179	100	General Electric	178	178	178	178	[illegible]
98½	100	400	Hocking Valley	99⅛	99⅛	97⅝	98⅞	[illegible]
132⅝	132⅞	3,656	Illinois Central	133⅞	133⅞	132½	132⅞	—2
14½	15½	100	Internat. Paper	15	15	15	15	[illegible]
67	68	115	Internat. Paper pf.	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼	[illegible]
40½	40¾	100	*Internat. Power Co.	41½	41½	41½	41½	[illegible]
27	28	20	Iowa Central	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	[illegible]
47	48	100	Iowa Central pf.	48	48	48	48	[illegible]
35¼	38	200	Kanawha & Michigan	35	35	35	35	+1½
75⅛	76½	200	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf., x d	76⅛	76⅛	75⅞	75⅞	+1¼
23	24	100	Kansas City South.	24	24	24	24	[illegible]
23	35	300	Keokuk & D. M.	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	[illegible]
30	33	210	Lake Erie & Western	31	31	31	31	—2
108⅞	109¼	4,850	Louisville & Nashville	110⅞	110⅞	109	109	—2½
136⅜	136½	2,045	Manhattan Elevated	137	137	136⅜	136⅜	[illegible]
85	88	100	*Met. Sec., 2d in. pd.	86	86	86	86	[illegible]
125½	126	1,100	*Met. Street Railway	125½	126⅝	125½	126	[illegible]
22⅛	22⅜	800	Mexican Central	23	23	22⅝	22⅝	[illegible]
115	120	100	Michigan Central	125	125	125	125	[illegible]
57½	58	2,120	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	60	60	58	58	—3½
122	126	300	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	126	126	123	123	—4½
20⅜	22	2,800	Mo., Kan. & Texas	22¼	22¼	20¾	20¾	[illegible]
47½	48½	1,950	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	50	50	48	48	[illegible]
102⅝	102⅞	43,750	Missouri Pacific	103½	103½	102⅛	102⅜	[illegible]
40⅛	40½	300	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	40½	40½	40½	40½	[illegible]
16	17½	120	*Nat. Lead Co.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	[illegible]
88	92	100	Nat. Enameling pf., x d	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	[illegible]
21	21½	100	Nat. R. R. of Mexico	21	21	21	21	[illegible]
41¼	42	300	Nat. R. R. of Mex. pf.	42⅝	42⅝	42	42	—1½
157	160	100	*New York Air Brake	159	159	159	159	+2½
127	128	5,225	New York Central	128	128⅛	127¼	127¼	—1
28	30	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	29	29	29	29	—1
24¼	24½	4,930	N. Y., Ont. & West.	25⅞	25⅞	24⅝	24⅝	[illegible]
62½	62⅝	7,486	Norfolk & Western	65⅛	64⅝	62⅞	62⅞	[illegible]
88	90	100	Norfolk & Western pf.	89	89	89	89	[illegible]
85½	86	975	North American	88	88	85	85½	[illegible]
52	55	20	Pacific Coast	55½	55½	55½	55½	[illegible]
124½	124⅝	24,724	Pennsylvania	125½	125⅝	124½	124½	—1½
1⅛	1⅜	15,761	Pennsylvania rts.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	[illegible]
96⅝	96⅞	2,925	People's Gas, Chicago	97⅜	97⅜	96⅞	96⅞	[illegible]
85	86	200	Pere Marquette	85	85	85	85	[illegible]
54	54½	300	Pressed Steel Car	54⅞	54⅞	54	54	[illegible]
87½	88	300	Pressed Steel Car pf.	87⅜	87⅜	87⅛	87⅛	—1
208	212	15	Pullman Company	210	210	210	210	[illegible]
28	28½	800	*Ry. Steel Spring	29	29	27⅞	27⅞	—2½
82	83½	100	Ry. Steel Spring pf.	82	82	82	82	[illegible]
46⅞	46⅞	40,020	Reading	48	48	46⅞	46⅞	—2½
80½	83	66	Reading 1st pf.	82	82¼	82	82¼	[illegible]
65	66	100	Reading 2d pf.	65	65	65	65	—2
14½	14¾	1,025	*Rep. Iron & Steel	15½	15½	14½	14¾	—1
74½	75	200	*Rep. I. & S. pf., ex d.	74⅝	74⅝	74	74	[illegible]
33⅝	33⅞	25,740	Rock Island Co.	34⅜	34¾	33⅝	33⅞	—1¼
70	70½	300	Rock Island Co. pf.	71⅞	71⅞	71	71	—1½
70	71½	300	St. L. & S. F., J. P. M. & Co. ctfs.	71	71½	71	71	[illegible]
61½	61¾	1,125	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	63	63	61¼	61¾	—1½
16½	17½	910	St. L. Southw.	18	18	17	17	—1½
37½	38	400	St. L. Southw. pf.	38⅛	39	37⅞	37⅞	[illegible]
40	41½	1,650	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co.	43	43	40	40⅞	[illegible]
48⅛	48¼	12,925	Southern Pacific	49⅛	49¼	48⅛	48⅛	—1½
23⅞	24	10,200	Southern Railway, ext.	24⅝	24⅝	23⅞	23⅞	—1½
87	88	600	South. Ry. pf., ext.	88⅜	88⅜	87⅞	87⅞	[illegible]
90	93	150	So. Ry., M. & O. st. cts.	90	90	90	90	[illegible]
4	4½	100	Standard R. & T.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+1½
51½	51¾	2,850	Tennessee Coal & Iron	53	53	51⅛	51⅞	[illegible]
28⅞	29	3,100	Texas & Pacific	29⅝	29⅝	28⅞	28⅞	[illegible]
23	23½	335	Tol., St. L. & West.	24	24	23⅝	23⅝	[illegible]
39	40	200	Tol., St. L. & West. pf.	41	41	39⅝	39⅝	[illegible]
94½	94⅝	1,300	Twin City R. T.	95⅛	95⅜	94	94	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	*Union Bag & P. Co.	9	9	9	9	[illegible]
79¾	79⅞	63,500	Union Pacific	81⅝	81⅝	79⅞	79⅞	—2⅛
87½	88	960	Union Pacific pf.	87⅛	87⅛	87	87	—1
13⅛	16½	200	United Rys. Invest.	15	15½	15	15½	[illegible]
48½	49	200	United Rys. Invest. pf.	49⅝	49⅝	48⅛	48⅛	[illegible]
9	9¼	1,820	*U. S. Leather	9¼	9⅜	9	9	[illegible]
86¾	87½	1,050	*U. S. Leather pf.	88	88	87	87	[illegible]
15¼	15½	3,000	U. S. Realty & Con.	16¾	17¼	15¾	15¾	[illegible]
61½	62	300	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	63	63	62	62	[illegible]
12½	13½	300	U. S. Rubber	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	[illegible]
49	50½	743	U. S. Rubber pf.	50⅝	50⅝	50	50	[illegible]
30	30⅛	14,440	U. S. Steel	30⅛	30⅜	30	30	[illegible]
80½	80⅝	5,155	U. S. Steel pf.	80⅝	81	80⅝	80⅝	[illegible]
55	55½	500	Va.-Caro. Chemical	55⅜	55⅜	55⅜	55⅜	[illegible]
23¼	23½	2,660	Wabash	24⅝	24⅝	23⅜	23⅜	[illegible]
42	42⅛	7,225	Wabash pf.	43⅝	43⅝	42	42	[illegible]
84½	86	270	Western Union Tel.	85	85	84⅞	84⅞	[illegible]
175	196	100	Westinghouse E. & M.	190	190	190	190	[illegible]
20½	20¾	650	Wheeling & Lake Erie	22	22	20¾	20¾	[illegible]
55	56	200	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	55	55⅜	55	55⅜	[illegible]
32½	33	300	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	33⅞	33⅞	33	33	[illegible]
20⅛	20½	675	Wisconsin Central	21	21	20⅛	20⅛	—1½
41½	42	1,020	Wisconsin Central pf.	43	43	41½	41½	—1½
Sales		663,416	*Unlisted. †From last previous sale.					

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS.

Monday, June 15, 1903.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
14,340	Amal. Copper	56¼	56¼	54	54
60	Am. Car & Fdy.	35¾	35¾	35	35½
50	Am. Ice	7¾	7¾	7½	7¾
[illegible]	Am. Locomotive	22	22½	22	22½
20	Am. Smelting	46⅞	46⅞	46⅝	46⅝
2,120	Am. Sugar	120½	120½	118¾	119
21,960	A., T. & S. F.	66	66½	65⅛	65¾
10	A., T. & S. F. pf.	93¾	93¾	93⅝	93⅝
10,740	Balt. & Ohio	86⅜	86⅜	84⅝	85
1,760	Brook. Rap. Tr.	57⅝	57⅝	56½	56½
1,220	Can. Pacific	123⅜	123⅜	122	122⅜
490	Ches. & Ohio	37⅞	38	37⅛	37⅛
490	Chi. Gt. West.	19	19	18⅛	18⅛
13,100	C., M. & St. P.	151⅞	152⅞	150⅛	150⅜
50	Col. Fuel & I.	65⅞	65⅞	65	65⅞
50	Col. Southern	19	19	18⅞	18⅞
4,070	Erie	32⅜	32⅜	31⅜	31⅜
220	Ill. Central	133⅞	133⅞	133	133
510	Louis. & Nash.	110¼	110⅛	109⅛	109⅛
190	Manhattan	136⅞	136⅞	136⅜	136⅜
50	Met. Street	125⅞	126⅛	125⅞	126
20	Mex. Central	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
650	Mo., K. & T.	22½	22½	20¾	20¾
110	Mo., K. & T. pf.	49⅞	49⅞	48½	48½
30,130	Mo. Pacific	103½	104	102⅛	102⅜
270	N. Y. Central	128¼	128⅛	127⅜	127⅜
740	N. Y., O. & W.	25⅞	25⅞	24⅝	24⅝
240	Norf. & West.	64⅝	64⅝	62⅞	62⅞
2,640	Pennsylvania	125⅞	125⅞	124⅝	124⅝
20	Penn. rights	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
220	People's Gas	97⅜	97⅜	96⅞	96⅞
6,600	Reading	47⅞	48	46⅞	46⅞
70	Rep. Steel	15⅛	15⅛	14⅞	14⅞
2,180	Rock Island	34⅜	34⅞	33⅝	33⅞
1,970	South. Pacific	49⅛	49⅜	48⅛	48⅛
470	Southern Ry.	24⅝	24⅝	23⅞	23⅞
4,700	Tenn. Coal & I.	53	53	51⅛	51⅞
[illegible]	Texas Pacific	29⅜	29⅝	28⅞	28⅞
37,300	Union Pacific	81⅝	82	79⅞	79⅞
400	U. S. Leather	9⅜	9⅜	9	9
[illegible]	U. S. Steel pf.	87⅝	87⅝	87⅛	87⅛
60	U. S. Rubber	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
7,680	U. S. Steel	30⅛	30⅜	30	30⅛
560	U. S. Steel pf.	80⅞	81	80⅝	80⅞
150	Wabash	24½	24½	23⅞	23⅞
350	Wabash pf.	43⅝	43⅝	42⅛	42⅛
51,430					

BONDS.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Hock. Val. 4½s	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼
5,000	Mex. Cent. 4s	77	77	77	77
10,000	Third Av. 4s	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼
4,000	U. Pac. conv. 4s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅜	95⅜
$15,000					

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1903.	1902.	1901.
ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—			
Mileage	309	309	309
4th week May	$94,903	$78,321	......
Month	250,491	210,900	174,495
From July 1	2,500,230	2,252,099	2,022,658
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—			
Mileage	1,845	1,845	1,680
1st week June	131,800	129,000	110,820
From July 1	8,040,302	7,330,827	6,654,495
CHATTANOOGA SOUTHERN—			
Mileage	105	105	105
1st week June	2,168	2,107	1,694
From July 1	126,580	101,890	87,241
CIN., NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—			
Mileage	336	336	336
4th week May	204,654	126,084	......
Month	510,328	547,287	459,506
From July 1	6,503,808	6,140,804	4,905,017
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—			
Mileage	180	180	180
1st week June	10,502	11,602	9,282
From July 1	516,644	534,103	507,495
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO, including Chicago & Eastern Illinois—			
Mileage	4,961	4,118	2,871
1st week June	516,100	472,806	314,183
From July 1	28,305,691	25,380,966	17,281,590
TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT—			
1st week June	83,081	71,230	60,678
From Jan. 1	1,846,014	1,618,095	1,390,162

COPPER RANGE RAILROAD for April—	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Gross earnings	37,014	22,424	14,590
Op. expenses	20,811	13,180	7,631
Net earnings	16,203	10,284	5,919
Surplus	10,338	4,938	5,400
Gross, 10 months	314,046	158,469	155,577
Op. expenses	189,085	103,993	85,092
Net earnings	124,960	54,473	70,487
Surplus	83,310	2,907	80,403

PITTSBURG, SHAWMUT & NORTHERN for the quarter ended March 31—			
Gross earnings	168,153	147,203	20,950
Expenses	111,394	94,721	16,673
Net earnings	56,759	52,482	4,277
Total inc.	124,074	82,599	41,475
Surplus	48,907	*26,679	75,586

*Deficit.

Drop in Stock Exchange Seats.

It was reported yesterday that W. H. Susdorff had bought a seat on the Stock Exchange for $70,000. This is the second transfer at this price made within the last week, and represents a drop of $11,000 from the last previous sale. Mr. Susdorff sold his seat on the Exchange about six months ago at the top price. It was said yesterday that a few days ago three memberships were offered at $70,000, and that there is now a standing bid of $67,000.

Silver for Philippine Coinage.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The Director of the mint to-day purchased 90,000 ounces of silver for the account of Philippine coinage at an average of 53.08 cents an ounce, to be delivered in San Francisco.

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Wheat, No. 2 mixed	.85
Corn, No. 2 mixed	.56¼
Oats, No. 2 mixed	.41¼
Flour, Minnesota patents	$4.50
Cotton, middling	12.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.05¼
Sugar, granulated	4.65
Molasses, O. K., prime	.40
Beef, family	11.00
Beef, hams	20.25
Tallow, prime	.05
Pork, mess	18.50
Hogs, dressed, 160-lb.	.06¼
Lard, prime	9.15
Iron, Northern, No. 1 foundry	20.50
Butter, Western creamery	.23

CHICAGO, June 15.—No. 2 Spring wheat, 77@78c; No. 3, 74@77c; No. 2 red, 75¼@77¼c; No. 2 corn, 48¼@48½c; No. 2 yellow, 48½@49c; No. 2 oats, 35¼c; No. 2 white, 37½@38c; No. 2 rye, 51c; good feeding barley, 45@48½c; fair to choice malting, 50@55c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.07; No. 1 Northwestern, $1.10; prime timothy seed, $3.50; mess pork, per bbl, $16.87½@$17; lard, per 100 lb, $8.75@$8.80; short ribs sides (loose), $9.10@$9.25; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $8.12½@$8.25; short clear sides (boxed), $9.50@$9.75; whisky, basis of high wines, $1.30; clover, contract grade, $11.50@$11.75.

COTTON.—It was another sensational day in the cotton market, and speculation was fully as active as at any time during the recent excitement, sales for the session being estimated at not less than 1,000,000 bales. New high records for all months were made at the very start of trading, under a spectacular advance at Liverpool, which market at 12:30 was net 15½@23½ points higher, with private cables indicating that the speculative position there was very similar to that existing here and in New Orleans, the big bulls being apparently in full control, and talk of a corner in the early Autumn options increasing. July sold up to 12.30 on the local call, while September reached 11.35, October 10.45, and December 10.38. July was very soon forced down to 11.17, August to 11.24, September to 11.12, and January to 10.10. Then there was a period of comparative quiet, during which prices fluctuated rather aimlessly. But in the last hour there was another rush to covering, and strong New Orleans support, with reports of a break in the levee at Vicksburg, which again sent values soaring, the late months being especially strong and surpassing all previous high records for the season. September sold at 11.37, October at 10.58, November at 10.45, and February at 10.30. The list was finally steady at within 2@4 points of the best on the late months and net 14@33 points higher on all save the June and July options, which were net unchanged. Port receipts for the day were 2,477 bales, against 4,070 bales last year. Weather conditions were regarded as generally favorable, except that in certain portions of the belt temperatures were rather lower than desirable.

Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	12.20	12.20	12.20	12.17@12.20
July	12.25	12.33	12.17	12.25@12.26
August	12.00	12.00	11.65	11.96@11.97
September	11.20	11.37	11.12	11.35@11.36
October	10.40	10.58	10.31	10.55@10.57
November	10.30	10.45	10.26	10.41@10.42
December	10.30	10.31	10.11	10.29@10.31
January	10.19	10.30	10.11	10.29@10.30
February	10.20	10.30	10.18	..@..

LIVERPOOL, June 15.—Spot cotton quiet; sales, 4,000 bales; speculation and export, 400; American, 3,000; receipts, 2,000; American, 2,000; mid-upland, 7.12d. Futures opened wild, 8@16 points advance; closed weak and feverish, net 5½@6 points higher on near months and 14@15½ points higher on late months. June 6.74; June-July, 6.66; July-August, 6.63; August-September, 6.51; September-October, 6.11; October-November, 5.72; November-December, 5.56; December-January, 5.54; January-February, 5.53; February-March, 5.53. Manchester yarns quiet and firm. Cloths, the higher price asked checks business.

BREADSTUFFS.—WHEAT—Bull influences in wheat were both plentiful and effective yesterday, causing an advance of about a cent a bushel in the New York market over the curb closing of Saturday. The most important feature perhaps was a strong advance abroad and private cables telling of excessive rains through England and France, besides disappointing conditions also in Russia. Supplementing this news was a bullish report from Australia regarding the yield there, and a general advance in bids from the other side, although not up to strength here, which prevented anything more than few loads being worked, all of it at outports. There was decided strength at Duluth, and a considerable advance also in St. Louis as well as in all other Western markets. While the weather was generally regarded as being very favorable, St. Louis managed to send out a number of bullish crop reports, which had a part in the general buoyancy of the markets. At noon shorts were further alarmed by the appearance of visible supply figures showing a decrease of 2,707,000 bushels, and reducing total stocks to 20,000,000 bushels, or 3,600,000 bushels less than at this time a year ago. Other bullish statistics included decreases of 2,480,000 bushels in the amount on passage, of 2,000,000 bushels in world's shipments, of 156,700 bushels in the local stock, and of 66,000 bushels in the contract supply at New York. Spring wheat receipts were large, but the small arrivals at Winter wheat points brought the Western total somewhat below that of last year on the corresponding day. English markets closed ¼@⅜d net higher, and Paris was up 10 to 20 points. Cash wheat, free on board, afloat, basis, was as follows: No. 1 Northern, Duluth, and No. 1 hard, Manitoba, both 89½c, to arrive; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 88½c, and No. 1 Northern, Chicago, 88c, to arrive; No. 2 red, New York, 86c, nominal.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 15.—Wheat—Cash, 80¾c; July, 79¾c; September, 73¾@71¾c; on track, No. 1 hard, 81¾c; No. 1 Northern, 81¼c; No. 2 Northern, 79¾c; No. 3 Northern, 77@78c.

ST. LOUIS, June 15.—Wheat—July, 75¾c; September, 73¾c; No. 2 hard, nominal. Corn—July, 45¾c; September, 47⅛@47¼c. Oats—July, 35⅛c; September, 33¾c.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 15.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 85c; No. 2 Northern, 83¼c; July, 76¼c. Rye—No. 1, 53¼c. Barley—No. 2, 57@57½c; sample, 40@53c. Corn—July, 48¼c asked.

DULUTH, Minn., June 15.—Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 82c; No. 1 Northern, 80½c; No. 2 Northern, 79c; July, 80¾c; September, 73¾c; December, 71¼c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Spring patents, $4.40@$4.60; Winter straights, $3.65@$3.75; Winter patents, $3.75@$4.10; Spring clears, $3.35@$3.55; extra No. 1 Winter, $3.00@$3.10; extra No. 2 Winter, $2.80@$2.90; red dog, $2.30@$2.50, to arrive. Rye Flour—Fair to good, $2.85@$3.25; choice to fancy, $3.30@$3.50. Cornmeal—Kiln dried, $3.00@$3.10, as to brand. Bag meal—Fine white and yellow, $1.40@$1.45; coarse, $1.05@$1.10. Feed—Spring bran, spot, $20; sacks to arrive, 200 lbs., $10.10; Spring bran, middling, $19.25@$22, in 200-lb sacks; city feed, $20.00. Linseed oil cake, $27.00; hominy chop, $20.50 bulk, $21.50 sacks, to arrive. Oil meal, $26.50.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	81⅜	82 7-16	81⅜	82⅜
September	77 13-16	78⅝	77⅝	78⅝
December	78⅛	78⅝	78⅛	78⅝
Corn—				
July	56¾	56¾	56⅜	56⅜
September	54⅜	54⅜	54⅜	54⅜
December	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜

CHICAGO PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	75¾	76	75¼	75¾
September	72⅝	73⅜	72⅝	73⅜
December	72⅝	73⅛	72⅜	73⅛
Corn—				
July	46⅝	46⅞	46 3-16	46⅝
September	47⅝	48	47⅜	47⅞
December	46⅝	46¾	46⅛	46⅜
Oats—				
July	35⅜	35⅜	35⅛	35⅜
September	32⅜	32⅝	32⅛	32⅝
December	33⅛	33⅜	33	33⅜
Lard—				
July	$8.77½	$8.85	$8.75	$8.80
September	8.90	8.95	8.85	8.95
Ribs—				
July	9.27½	9.32½	9.27½	9.32½
September	9.22½	9.27½	9.22½	9.27½
Pork—				
July	17.00	17.00	16.97½	17.00
September	16.80	16.85	16.77½	16.85

PROVISIONS.—PORK—Mess, $18.50@$18.75; family, $18.25@$18.50; short clear, $18@$19.50. BEEF—Mess, $8.50@$9.50; family, $10.50@$11.50; packet, $9.50@$10; extra India mess, $16@$17. BEEF HAMS—$19.50@$21. DRESSED HOGS—Bacons, 8c; 180 lb, 6⅝c; 160 lb, 6⅝c; 140 lb, 6⅝c; pigs, 6⅝@6¾c. CUTMEATS—Pickled bellies, smoking, 10¼c; 10 lb, 9⅜@9½c; 12 lb, 9c; 14 lb, 9¼c; pickled shoulders, 8@8⅛c; pickled hams, 11⅜@11¾c. LARD—$9.15; city lard, $8@8¼c; refined lard, South America, $9.85; Continent, $9.35; Brazil, kegs, $11; compound, 7⅛@8c. STEARINE—Oleo, 7⅜@8c; city lard stearine, 10@10¼c.

COFFEE.—The market for coffee yesterday was quiet. After a steady opening at unchanged prices it turned somewhat easier for a time, apparently under liquidation, losing a partial 5 points. Then it steadied and was finally quiet and steady net unchanged to 5 points lower. Sales were reported of 5,750 bags. The spot market was quiet with quotations on the basis of 5¼c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	......	......	......	3.50@3.55
July	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.60@3.65
August	......	......	......	3.70@3.75
September	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85@3.90
October	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.90@3.95
November	4.05	4.05	4.00	4.00@4.05

METALS.—Spot tin advanced £2 12s 6d in London, to £129 17s 6d, and futures gained £1 12s 6d, closing at £126 15s. Locally prices were higher, and the market closed firm at $28.75@$29. COPPER—Copper closed 15s higher, at £58 15s for spot in London, while futures there were unchanged at £57 5s. In New York copper was dull and nominally unchanged, at $14.50@$14.75 for lake and electrolytic, and at $14 for casting. LEAD—Lead was quiet and unchanged here at $4.37½, but advanced 1s 3d in London, where spot closed at £11 6s 3d. SPELTER—Spelter advanced 2s 6d in London, to £20 12s 6d, but here it was quiet and nominal at $6.25. IRON—Iron closed at 53s in Glasgow, and at 46s 3d in Middlesborough. Locally iron was quiet and unchanged. No. 1 foundry Northern is quoted at $20@$21; No. 2 foundry Northern at $19@$19.50; No. 1 foundry Southern and No. 1 Southern soft at $19.50@$20. Warrants are nominal.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits of turpentine, oil and machine barrels, 49@49½c. TAR—Pine barrels, $2.40; oil barrels, $4.40@$4.45. RESIN—Common to good strained, $2.05@$2.10; E, $2.20@$2.25; F, $2.30@$2.35; G, $2.35@$2.40; H, $2.60; I, $2.80; K, $3.40; M, $3.60@$3.70; N, $3.70@$3.80; W G, $3.90@$3.90; W W, $4.10@$4.20.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 15.—Turpentine, 46c; receipts, 497 casks; sales, 370 casks; exports, 510 casks. Resin—Receipts, 766 bbls; sales, 170 bbls; exports, 5,280 bbls. A, B, C, $1.65; D, $1.70; E, $1.75; F, $1.80; G, $1.85; H, $2.25; I, $2.60; K, $2.85; M, $2.95; N, $3; WG, $3.10; WW, $3.30.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 15.—Spirits of turpentine, 46c; receipts, 65 casks. Resin, $1.75; receipts, 168 bbls. Crude turpentine, $1.75, $3, and $3.25; receipts, 93 casks. Tar, $1.65; receipts, 5 bbls.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 15.—Turpentine, 45¼c. Resin—A, B, C, $1.60; D, $1.65; E, $1.70; F, $1.80; G, $1.85; H, $2.20; I, $2.75; K, $2.80; M, $2.90; N, $2.95; WG, $3.05; WW, $3.25.

LIVE STOCK.—Steers active but 10c lower; bulls and cows are steady to 15c off; about all sold; steers, $5@$5.57½; bulls, $2.85@$4.50; cows, $1.50@$4.10; dressed beef in good demand and selling mainly at 7@8¼c per lb; veals fair to 25c higher; buttermilks 25@50c lower; veals, $5@$7; extra, $7.15@$7.50; culls, $4@$4.50; buttermilks, $2.90@$3.25; dressed calves firm; city-dressed veals, 8c per lb; country-dressed, 6@9½c; sheep steady; lambs active but 10@25c lower than Saturday; sheep, $3@$5.25; lambs, [illegible] $7.55; one car, $7.60; yearlings, $4.50@$5; dressed mutton firm at 7@11c per lb; dressed lambs selling at 10@13½c; hogs higher. State and Pennsylvania hogs, $6.60; country-dressed hogs steady at 6¼@8c per lb.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

F. H. LOVELL & CO.

Notice is hereby given that the Limited Partnership lately subsisting between JAMES H. CALLENDER and F. HALLETT LOVELL, Jr., General Partners, and FRANK H. LOVELL, Special Partner, with offices at 96 William Street, was dissolved on the 1st day of June, 1903, by mutual consent. The said JAMES H. CALLENDER is authorized, as Liquidating Partner, to settle all accounts of the firm. The assets of the firm have been taken over, and its business will be continued, by the corporation of F. H. LOVELL & COMPANY, with offices at the same address.

Dated June 16, 1903.

F. H. LOVELL,
JAS. H. CALLENDER,
J. HALLETT LOVELL, Jr.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT EDWARD S. LONG has ceased to be a partner in the firm of BENKARD & CO., and that his interest therein has ceased from and after this date.

New York, June 15th, 1903.

BENKARD & CO.
J. PHILIP BENKARD,
HARRY H. BENKARD.

THE FIRM OF GILBERT, LEWIS & GILMORE is dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. EDWARD L. GILBERT retiring from the firm; a new copartnership has been formed under the name of LEWIS & GILMORE, which will continue the old business at the same address.

JAS. F. LEWIS and ROBT. GILMORE, Jr.

FINANCIAL.

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FINANCIAL.

REORGANIZATION
OF
NATIONAL ASPHALT COMPANY
AND
ASPHALT COMPANY OF AMERICA.

To the Holders of Certificates of Deposit of Collateral Gold Certificates and Capital Stock of the National Asphalt Company:

Holders of Certificates of Deposit issued under and in accordance with the Plan of Reorganization of the National Asphalt Company and the Asphalt Company of America, dated July 18, 1902, by

The Equitable Trust Company, Philadelphia, Pa.,
OR
Guaranty Trust Company of New York, New York, N. Y.,

are hereby notified that the time for exchanging said CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT for INTERIM CERTIFICATES representing Common Stock Trust Certificates of the GENERAL ASPHALT COMPANY has been extended to July 1, 1903, inclusive. As heretofore stated, the INTERIM CERTIFICATES representing the Common Stock Trust Certificates of the GENERAL ASPHALT COMPANY to be issued in exchange for Certificates of Deposit will be subject to the payment of $4.00 for each share of Common Stock of the GENERAL ASPHALT COMPANY, par $100 per share.

Dated Philadelphia, June 12, 1903.

WILLIAM F. HARRITY, Chairman,
RICHARD H. RUSHTON,
ARTHUR W. SEWALL,
Committee.
JOHN V. LOUGHNEY, Secretary,
Bets Building, Philadelphia, Pa.
DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, of Counsel.

Nassau Trust Company,
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ANDREW T. SULLIVAN, President.
WILLIAM DICK, JOHN TRUSLOW, Vice-Presidents.
HARRY F. BURNS, Secretary.
FRANCIS WEEKES, Asst. Secty.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
WARRANTS
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
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PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals, suitably indorsed on envelope, for boiler plant and conduit piping, heating and ventilating infirmary, reception, kitchen, and chronic buildings, with connecting corridors, at the Rochester State Hospital, Rochester, New York, may be sent by mail or delivered in person up to 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, the 1st day of July, 1903, to the State Commission in Lunacy at the Capitol, Albany, New York, when the bids will be opened and read publicly. Drawings and specifications may be consulted and blank forms of proposal obtained at the hospital, Rochester, New York, or by application to G. L. Heins, State Architect, in the Capitol at Albany, N. Y.

Contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible and reliable bidders unless the bids exceed the amount of funds available therefor, in which case the right to reject all bids is reserved. E. H. HOWARD, Superintendent.

PROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE STORES.—Office Purchasing Commissary, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City, N. Y., June [illegible], 1903.—Sealed proposals for furnishing and delivering subsistence stores in this city for the month of July, 1903, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. on June 18, 1903. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores opened June 18, 1903," addressed to Major D. L. BRAINARD, Commissary, U. S. A.

FINANCIAL.

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BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
2 shs. Westinghouse Electric & Manuf'g Co. Pref'd.
6 shs. Westinghouse Electric & Manuf'g Co. Assented.
120 shs. Molecular Telephone Co. of N. Y.
11 shs. Dirigo Roofing Co., Standish, Me.
2 shs. Wesconstogo Spring & Park Co., No. Yarmouth, Me.
10 shs. Odorless Gas Stove of West Virginia.
250 shs. Dorothy Gold Mining Co., Montana.
500 shs. Yuscaran Mining Co., N. Y.
Assignment of Patent Rights of Joseph F. Fogg.
10 shs. Sanitary Boat Co.
500 shs. Copper King of Arizona.
25 shs. United Verde & Union Copper Mining Co.
All right, title, and interest in and to 1 share New York National Building & Loan Association.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
10 shs. People's Trust Co. of B'klyn.
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5 shs. Windsor Trust Co.
48 shs. Brooklyn Warehouse & Storage Co.
5 shs. Bowling Green Trust Co.
200 shs. Germania Fire Ins. Co.
50 shs. Peacock Copper Co.
330 shs. De Forest Wireless Telegraph Co.
100 shs. Long Island R. R.
$5,000 Oregon Short Line R. R. Income A Mtg. 5 per cent. Bds., 1946.
100 shs. Gray National Telautograph Co.
2,500 shs. American De Forest Wireless Telegraph Co.
50 shs. Hanover National Bank.
15 shs. Hildreth Varnish Co. common.
100 shs. United Verde Copper Co.
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25 shs. Guardian Trust Co.
$1,000 Durland Co. 2d Mtge. 5 per cent. Bd., 1925.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MILWAUKEE,

June 9, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans	$12,463,473.65
U. S. bonds	700,000.00
Premium on U. S. bonds	42,000.00
Investment securities	704,129.38
Real estate	84,425.47
Furniture and fixtures	15,000.00
Cash and due from banks	4,467,082.29
Total	$18,579,111.85

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$1,500,000.00
Surplus	500,000.00
Undivided profits	426,500.54
Circulation	350,000.00
Deposits	13,804,611.31
Total	$18,579,111.85

OFFICERS.
F. G. BIGELOW, President.
WM. BIGELOW, Vice President.
FRANK J. KIPP, Cashier.
T. E. CAMP, Asst. Cashier.
H. G. GOLL, Asst. Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

"PRACTICAL WALL STREET"
Our pamphlet. Explains manipulation. Free.
HALLETT & WYCKOFF, 10 Wall St., New York.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York, at the close of business June 9th, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$19,240,128.26
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		11,392.22
United States bonds to secure circulation		2,000,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,370,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		184,125.00
Stocks, securities, &c.		237,536.73
Banking house (189 and 191 Broadway)		550,000.00
Other real estate owned		1,004,220.51
Due from National banks		1,384,275.20
Due from State banks and bankers		530,909.00
Checks and other cash items	$79,226.17	
Exchanges for Clearing House	1,757,107.69	
Notes of other National banks	10,429.00	
Specie	3,614,669.65	
Legal-tender notes	1,085,000.00	
Redemption fund with United States Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	102,500.00	
Due from U. S. Treasurer other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	24,842.00	
		6,734,074.54
Total		$32,747,151.17

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$3,000,000.00
Surplus fund		3,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		1,469,578.89
National banknotes outstanding		2,051,497.50
Dividends unpaid		1,225.50
Due to other National banks	$5,498,239.16	
Due to State banks and bankers	1,419,746.85	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	1,019,128.61	
Individual deposits subject to check	11,960,250.66	
Certificates of deposit	1,076,422.93	
Certified checks	309,508.93	
Cashier's checks outstanding	21,380.42	
United States deposits	1,870,000.00	
		24,120,848.57
United States bond account		125,000.00
Total		$32,747,151.17

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, JAMES V. LOTT, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JAMES V. LOTT, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of June, 1903. F. A. K. BRYAN, Notary Public, N. Y. Co.
Correct—Attest:
E. T. JEFFERY,
W. J. CURTIS,
FRED'K B. SCHENCK, } Directors.

BUFFALO BANKS.

THE MARINE NATIONAL BANK OF BUFFALO,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
June 9, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Time loans	$8,291,355.84
Call loans	4,418,987.85
Cash on hand and with banks	3,811,404.57
U. S. Government and other bonds	2,227,029.89
Banking house and lot	250,000.00
	$16,999,277.15

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$200,000.00
Surplus and profits	1,634,540.08
Circulation	199,300.00
Deposits	14,965,437.07
	$16,999,277.15

OFFICERS.
STEPHEN M. CLEMENT, President.
JOHN J. ALBRIGHT, Vice President.
JOHN H. LASCELLES, Cashier.
HENRY J. AUER, Assistant Cashier.
CLIFFORD HUBBELL, Assistant Cashier.

CHICAGO BANKS.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO, June 9, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$18,710,314.07
Overdrafts	248.08
Real estate	108,567.61
United States bonds at par	500,000.00
Other bonds and stocks	1,158,175.36
Due from United States Treasurer	25,000.00
Cash and due from other banks	12,623,750.80
Total	$33,126,055.87

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$2,000,000.00
Surplus fund	1,000,000.00
Undivided profits	593,872.37
National bank notes outstanding	500,000.00
Deposits	29,032,183.50
Total	$33,126,055.87

OFFICERS.
JAMES H. ECKELS, President.
JOHN C. McKEON, Vice President.
DAVID VERNON, Second Vice President.
JOSEPH T. TALBERT, Cashier.
N. R. LOSCH, Assistant Cashier.
H. C. VERNON, Assistant Cashier.
G. B. SMITH, Assistant Cashier.
H. E. SMITH, Auditor.

PENNSYLVANIA BANKS.

THE FOURTH STREET NATIONAL BANK OF PHILADELPHIA,
June 9, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$22,964,395.21
Due from banks	3,833,058.68
Exchanges for Clearing House	2,432,967.69
Cash and reserve	16,728,177.05
	$46,043,537.11

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$3,000,000.00
Surplus and net profits	4,408,698.19
Circulation	2,004,300.00
City bond account	600,000.00
Deposits	36,020,438.92
	$46,043,537.11

R. H. RUSHTON, President.
FRANCIS L. POTTS, Vice President.
B. M. FAIRES, Second Vice President.
E. F. SHANBACKER, Cashier.
W. K. McLEAR, Assistant Cashier.
FRANK G. ROGERS, Mgr. For. Ex.

MARKET STREET NATIONAL BANK,
PHILADELPHIA.
June 9, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and investments	$5,136,811.84
Due from banks	774,819.27
Exchange for Clearing House	217,708.71
Cash and reserve	1,305,952.88
	$7,434,292.70

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and profits net	600,142.94
Circulation	50,000.00
Deposits	5,784,149.76
	$7,434,292.70

W. P. SINNETT, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

Oregon Short Line Railroad Company Consolidated Mortgage 5% Bonds.
Utah and Northern Railway Company First Mortgage 7% Bonds.
Utah and Northern Railway Company Consolidated Mortgage 5% Bonds.

Coupons due July 1st, 1903, from the above-mentioned bonds will be paid at maturity upon presentation at the office of the Treasurer of the Oregon Short Line Railroad Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Packages of coupons may be left for verification on and after Friday, June 26, 1903.

OREGON SHORT LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.
FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES LEATHER CO.
Notice to holders of beneficial certificates for preferred stock of the United States Leather Company, issued under agreement respecting deposit of preferred stock, dated New York, May 26th, 1903.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that for the purpose of the distribution of the quarterly dividend, as provided in said agreement, when received from the United States Leather Company, the registration books of the Morton Trust Company for Beneficial Certificates for Preferred shares of the United States Leather Company will be closed at 3 P. M. on June 20th, 1903, and will be reopened at 10 A. M. on July 2d, 1903.

Dated New York, June 16th, 1903.
MORTON TRUST COMPANY,
By H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

THE CHICAGO & ALTON RAILWAY CO.
First Lien Mortgage 3½% Bonds.

Coupons No. 8, due July 1, 1903, from the above-mentioned bonds will be paid at maturity upon presentation at the office of the Treasurer of the Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Packages of coupons may be left for verification on and after Friday, June 26, 1903.

The books for the registration and transfer of the above-mentioned bonds will be closed at 3 P. M. on Monday, June 22, 1903, and will be reopened at 10 A. M. on July 2, 1903.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NO. 30.
SAFETY CAR HEATING & LIGHTING COMPANY,
No. 160 Broadway.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2% and an extra dividend of 1% on the outstanding capital stock of the company, payable July 1st to all stockholders of record on June 15th at 12 o'clock noon. Transfer books of the company will close June 15th at 12 o'clock noon and reopen July 1st.

C. H. WARDWELL, Secy. and Treas.
June 10, 1903.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.
First Mortgage 4 Per Cent. Bonds.

Coupons No. 13, due July 1, 1903, from the above-mentioned bonds will be paid at maturity upon presentation at the office of the Treasurer of the Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Packages of coupons may be left for verification on and after Friday, June 26, 1903.

The books for the registration and transfer of the above-mentioned bonds will be closed at 3 P. M. on Monday, June 22, 1903, and will be reopened at 10 A. M., July 2, 1903.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.

THE HALL SIGNAL COMPANY
FOURTEENTH QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.
COMMON STOCK.
New York, June 11, 1903.

A quarterly Dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. (1½%) upon the Common Stock of this Company has been declared payable July 1st, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 23d, 1903.

The Transfer Books will close on June 23d and reopen July 2d.

R. M. WALLER, Secretary.

UNITED SHOE MACHINERY COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. (37½ cents per share) on the Preferred Stock and Two Per Cent. (50 cents per share) on the Common Stock of this company has been declared, payable July 15th, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1903.

The transfer books of the Preferred and Common Stock will be closed at 12 o'clock noon June 30, 1903, and opened at 10 o'clock A. M. June 28th, 1903.

GEORGE W. BROWN, Treasurer.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the Treasurer, New York, June 9, 1903.

A dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY will be paid by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, lessee, (under the provisions of the contract between the two companies,) at this office on the 1st day of July next to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 15th inst.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

Jersey City, N. J., June 15th, 1903.
Office of
THE SOUTHERN COTTON OIL CO.

The Board of Directors of The Southern Cotton Oil Co. have this date declared a dividend of FOUR (4%) PER CENT., TWO ($2.00) DOLLARS PER SHARE, on the capital stock of the Company, payable to the stockholders of record of this date.

Checks for dividends will be mailed.

ALAN H. HARRIS, Treasurer.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE ST. LOUIS Division First Mortgage 4 Per Cent. registered bonds and Memphis Division First Mortgage 4 Per Cent. registered bonds of the Southern Railway Company will close at the office of the Company, 80 Broadway, New York, Friday, June 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon due July 1, 1903, and will open July 2, 1903, at 10 A. M.

R. D. LANKFORD, Secretary.
Washington, D. C., June 13, 1903.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE FIRST CONsolidated Mortgage 5 Per Cent. registered bonds of the Southern Railway Company will close at the office of the company, 80 Broadway, New York, Friday, June 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon, due July 1, 1903, and will open July 2, 1903, at 10 A. M.

R. D. LANKFORD, Secretary.
Washington, D. C., June 13, 1903.

TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE HOCKING VALley Railway Company First Consolidated 4½ Per Cent. Registered Bonds will close at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., New York, Wednesday, June 17, 1903, at 3 o'clock P. M., preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon due July 1st, 1903, and will reopen July 2d, 1903, at 10 A. M.

WM. N. COTT, Treasurer.
Columbus, Ohio, June 13, 1903.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE GENERAL Mortgage 4 Per Cent. Registered Bonds of the Reading Co. and the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co. will close at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., N. Y., Wednesday, June 17, 1903, at 3 o'clock, preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon, due July 1, 1903, and will reopen July 2, 1903, at 10 A. M.

W. R. TAYLOR, Secretary.
Philadelphia, June 13, 1903.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
Jersey City, N. J., June 11, 1903.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid to the registered holders on the 1st day of July, 1903. Transfer books will be closed on the 16th inst., and will be reopened July 2, 1903.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

PITTSBURG, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY, STEUBENVILLE & INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY.—Extended Five Per Cent. Loan.

Interest due July 1st, 1903, on the bonds of this Loan will be paid at The National City Bank of New York. Transfer books close June 20th, 1903.

T. H. B. McKNIGHT, Treasurer.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY FOUR AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. LOAN.—Interest due July 1st, 1903, on bonds of this Loan will be paid at The National City Bank of New York. Transfer books close June 20th, 1903.

T. H. B. McKNIGHT, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Holders of the "Twenty Year Five Per Cent. Collateral and Mortgage Bonds" of UNITED STATES SHIPBUILDING COMPANY:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an election for Directors of the BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY will be held at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of that Company on the 19th day of June, 1903, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Company, No. 421 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and that the holders of a majority in amount of the above-described bonds of the United States Shipbuilding Company are entitled to nominate three (3) of such Directors. You are, accordingly, requested to forward to the undersigned Trustee the names of three persons whom you wish to serve as Directors of the Bethlehem Steel Company for the ensuing fiscal year.

NEW YORK SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
46 Wall Street, New York City.

SPANISH-AMERICAN LIGHT & POWER CO. CONSOLIDATED.

The Stockholders' meeting for election of Directors, advertised to be held at the office of the Company, 100 Broadway, New York, on May 14th, 1903, was duly adjourned to meet at the same place at 12 o'clock noon, June 30th, 1903. A. J. VOORHEES, Secretary.

New York, May 15, 1903.

CENTRAL FOUNDRY COMPANY.
119 Nassau St., New York, June 15th, 1903.

The Transfer Books of this Company will close at the office of Baring, Magoun & Co., 15 Wall St., for the purpose of the Annual Meeting on June 23d, and will re-open on July 24th.

WINTHROP L. ROGERS, Secretary.

A meeting of stockholders of Tyson Company will be held at the Gilsey House, New York City, at 2 P. M. Wednesday, July 1st, 1903, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and such other business as may come before it.

S. Y. BASCOM, Secretary.

LOST AND FOUND.

Lost or Stolen—Bankbook No. 363,804 of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; payment stopped. Please return book to No. 61 Chambers St.

Lost.—Lady's silver purse, containing sum of money, in neighborhood of 59th St. and Central Park; reward. Miss Gertrude McDaniel, studio, 408 Van Dyck Building, 8th Av., city.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

New Loft Building on West Twentieth Street—Yesterday's Dealing by Brokers and at Auction.

The Whitehall Realty Company has bought through De Selding Brothers 120 West Twentieth Street, a lot 25 by 92, upon which a seven-story store and loft building will be erected.

Isaac B. Wakeman has sold to an investor, for about $125,000, the new seven-story stone-front building 23 and 25 Lispenard Street, on plot 50 by 100.

Arthur G. Muhlker, as broker, has sold to Louis Lese the northwest corner of One Hundred and Fifteenth Street and Park Avenue, together with 77 and 79 East One Hundred and Fifteenth Street.

Horace S. Ely & Co. have sold for Dr. William W. Van Valzah the four-story dwelling 3 East Forty-third Street, 20 by 100.5. The buyers are Henry Phipps and William S. Hawk, one of the proprietors of the Hotel Manhattan, who have acquired from time to time during the last two years the adjoining houses from 5 to 15 East Forty-third Street, and who now control a frontage of 140 feet.

L. J. Phillips & Co. have sold to the present tenant the three-story dwelling 436 West One Hundred and Sixty-second Street, 29.6 by 98.

J. Scott has resold for L. Levy the southwest corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, a five-story double flat, on plot 55.1 by 91.1 by 45.11 by 82.2; also, for I. Lebowitz, 154 West One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, a five-story double flat, on lot 27 by 100.11.

It is reported that Max Orbach has sold the five-story double flat 429 East Eighty-first Street, 25 by 102.2.

Henry Stewart has sold 1,297 Amsterdam Avenue, adjoining the southeast corner of One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, a five-story flat with stores, on lot 25 by 100.

Folsom Brothers have sold for Lowenfeld & Prager to Dr. A. Stella the five-story English basement dwelling 214 East Sixteenth Street, on lot 20 by 103.3.

Duff & Brown have sold for Richard Kalynack 638 West One Hundred and Eighty-fifth Street, a three-story dwelling, 16 by 50 by 100, for $10,500. The same firm has leased for Carrie L. Palmer 452 West One Hundred and Forty-second Street to a Mrs. Doelger; also, for Fannie B. Natress to Dr. Takamine, 612 West One Hundred and Forty-second Street.

A. Friedberg and George F. Stricker have sold for Ferdinand Steiger to Mrs. Carrie Jerdan the four-story double flat 1,460 Brook Avenue, 25 by 75 by 100.

Frederick M. Wilson reports the sale of 606 East One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Street, a five-story brick double flat, on lot 25 by 100.

Richard Dickson has sold for John C. Heintz and Jacob Siegel to Anna C. and Thomas C. Stephens a plot, 50 by 25, extending in a northerly direction from a point 55 feet west of Washington Avenue and 50 feet north of One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Street.

As the result of the recent foreclosure sale of the former home of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club, at the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, the property was conveyed yesterday to Ernest Iselin, for a consideration of $410,000.

The Grand Theatre, at the southeast corner of Grand and Chrystie Streets, has been transferred by the Grand Theatre Company to Rebecca Jacobs, for an expressed consideration of $50,000 over all liens.

P. E. Donovan has leased a suite of studios at 9 West Forty-second Street to Miss Ethel Wright for Joseph P. McHugh & Co., and to R. Benvenuti a floor at 11 West Forty-second Street for James Slater.

Lewis H. May, manager of the branch office of the Lovejoy & Noyes Company at Arverne, reports the sale of the new cottage at the corner of Jessica Avenue and the Boulevard for the estate of Florian Rohe to S. Nelson Irwin, M. D., for about $11,000.

Among those who sailed Saturday on the Zeeland for Antwerp was Alfred E. Marling of the firm of Horace S. Ely & Co. Mr. Marling expects to remain abroad about six weeks.

Abram Hyatt & Co. have sold to Mrs. Monmouth B. Wilson of Chicago the country seat of the late George D. Arthur, at Scarborough-on-the-Hudson. The property consists of about twenty-one acres, with over 800 feet of water front, together with a residence, stables, and cottage. The property was held at $60,000. The same brokers have sold to James Speyer for Walter L. Pierce his country seat at Scarborough, situated on the Briarcliff Road, consisting of residence, stables, greenhouses, and twenty-one acres; also, to T. M. Stewart for Andrew Rohr, a country place at Ossining—thirty-five acres, residence, and outbuildings.

G. Brettell & Son have sold for Samuel Jackson 320 East One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, a five-story brownstone double flat, on lot 25 by 100.

Gordon Levy & Co. have bought, through S. Pearlman, from Cohen & Goldstein, the six-story fire-proof building 107 Thompson Street. Levy & Co. have sold the six-story tenement 25 Pike Street and the five-story tenement 266 Spring Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway, resulted as follows:

By Brokers' Realty and Mortgage Company.
323 West Sixtieth Street, south side, 475 feet west of Tenth Avenue, 25 by 100.5, four-story brick tenement; foreclosure sale; to Ellen Hickey and others....... $8,000

By James L. Wells.
Bathgate Avenue, west side, 210.5 feet north of One Hundred and Seventy-ninth Street, 61.2 by 65 and irregular, two and three story frame dwellings; executors' sale; to Carrie Trexler............ 6,510

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 161 Broadway:

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, William B. Donihee, Jr., referee, Morningside Avenue, northwest corner of One Hundred and Seventeenth Street, 100.11 by 120, vacant. Due on judgment, $24,682; subject to another mortgage for $60,000.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, Eugene C. Gilroy, referee, 66 East One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, south side, 170 feet west of Park Avenue, 20 by 100.11, five-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, $2,142; subject to another mortgage for $15,000.

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., foreclosure sale, George H. Hart, referee, 181 East Eighty-fourth Street, north side, 41.3 feet west of Lexington Avenue, 25.11 by 102.2 and irregular, five-story brick tenement, with store. Due on judgment, $3,396.

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., foreclosure sale, Charles A. Molloy, referee, 224 East One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, south side, 86 feet east of Eagle Avenue, 27 by 110, five-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, $17,310.

By the Brokers' Realty and Mortgage Company, foreclosure sale, Champe S. Andrews, referee, 1,361 and 1,363 Fifth Avenue, northeast corner of One Hundred and Fourteenth Street, 50.11 by 120 and irregular, five-story stone-front flats, with stores. Due on judgment, $92,150.

By Richard V. Harnett & Co., foreclosure sale, Joseph D. Edelson, referee, 17 Livingston Place, southeast corner of Seventeenth Street, 58 by 120, seven-story brick apartment house. Due on judgment, $8,564; subject to another mortgage for $160,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

White Plains Avenue, north of Eleventh Street, for a two-story frame store and office, 30 by 61; W. H. Keating of Twelfth Street and White Plains Avenue, owner; Michael Garvin of 3,307 Third Avenue, architect; cost, $2,500.

Alterations.

No. 180 Norfolk Street, to a five-story brick tenement; Weil & Mayer of 35 Nassau Street, owners; G. A. O'Rourke of 35 Nassau Street, architect; cost, $3,500.

No. 27 Avenue A, to a four-story brick building, with store and studio; D. Froelich of 262 West Thirty-sixth Street, owner; M. B. Merritt of 35 West Thirty-first Street, architect; cost, $2,000.

Nos. 21 and 23 Maiden Lane, to eight-story brick stores and offices; F. K. & W. H. Hays, premises, owner; J. J. F. Gavigan of 1,123 Broadway, architect; cost, $500.

No. 24 John Street, to a five-story brick store and offices; A. S. Glover, premises, owner; J. J. F. Gavigan, architect; cost, $1,500.

Nos. 141 to 145 East Thirty-first Street, to a five-story brick factory; H. Steeger, premises, owner; J. P. Walker of 979 Third Avenue, architect; cost, $2,500.

Fifth Avenue and Fortieth Street, southeast corner, to a three-story brick and stone dwelling; F. W. Vanderbilt of 459 Fifth Avenue, owner; C. C. Haight of 452 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $3,500.

Nos. 15 and 17 Lewis Street, to two five-story brick tenements, with stores; S. Levenson of 314 Seventh Street, owner; Ebeling & Meyer of 194 Bowery, architects; cost, $1,000.

Union Avenue, north of One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Street, to two dwellings; Helene Brindburger, owner; W. C. Dickerson of One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street and Third Avenue, architect; cost, $400.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Monday, June 15.

BAILEY AV, s e corner of King's Bridge Road, runs s 199.5x n 80x n 115.7 to King's Bridge R w 10.5x21.9; John O. Baker to Abram M. Fanning............ 1

BROADWAY, 454, e s, 25x100; John H. Browning to James A. Campbell, (mtg $160,000)................. 1

DELANCEY ST, 98, s s, 25x87.6; Anna Finck, individually and as executrix, to William H. Siegman, (mtg $12,000)....... 28,000

DELANCEY ST, 98, s s, 25x87.6; Christopher H. Finck to William H. Siegman, quit claim, Co. G............ 1

ELIZABETH ST, 90, e s, 25x100; William H. Barnard to Michele Voccoli....... 1

GRAND ST, s e corner of Chrystie St, 100.2x100x100.2x100.5; the Grand Theatre Company to Rebecca Jacobs, all liens.... 50,000

HOUSTON ST, 185, n s, 25x86.6x25x86; Leopold Leyserohn to Louise Westpfal, mtg $8,000............ 100

HUDSON ST, e s, 21.7 ft n of Broome St, 21x89; also Bowery Lane, 15, e s, 25x100; 8th Av, s w corner of 134th St, 25x75; Spring St, 169, n s, 23.4x100x23.6x100; Louise Livingston to Loyal L. Smith.... 100

HUGHES AV, e s, 150 ft s of 187th St, 25x87.6; Filomena and Joseph Tesoro to Tony Ciampoli............ 1

INTERIOR LOT, 90 ft w of Avenue D and 88 ft s of 4th St, 22x10; Frank Wright and another, heirs, to Israel Lippmann, quitclaim............ 400

INTERIOR LOT, 90 ft w of Avenue D and 86 ft s of 4th St, 22x10; Robert H. Gardiner, trustee, to Israel Lippmann.... 125

KEMBLE ST, (2d Av,) n s, 150 ft e of Keppler Av, 40x100; Charles F. Swallow to Jane F. Swallow............ 1

LEXINGTON AV, s s, 20.5 ft n of 70th St, 20x75.6; William M. Woods to the [illegible]... 1

[illegible]... 1

MADISON AV, s e corner of 45th St, runs e 125x s 100.5x irregular; Louis B. Hasbrouck, referee, to Ernest Iselin........ 410,000

MADISON AV, 1,704, w s, 25x75; Moses L. Leffler to Michael Woolf, (mtg $17,000).. 1

MAIDEN LANE, 65, n w corner of William St, 21x38x20.8x40.2; William F. Dornbusch to George A. Stanton and another, (mtg $12,000)............ 90,000

MAPES AV, e s, 389 ft n of 177th St, 50x150; Andrew L. Gardiner to the Lochinvar Realty Company............ 5,000

ORCHARD ST, 198 and 200, s e s, 37.10x100.7; Samuel Wacht to Philip Posener and another, (mtg $48,250)............ 1

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 394, e s, 18x125; Margaret E. Robertson and another to Libbie S. Fritze, mtg $12,500............ 1

SPRING ST, 280, s s, 18x87.6; John F. Kolhebeck, individually and as executor, to the City of New York........ 12,500

TINTON AV, 1,006, s s corner of 165th St, 100x25; Nellie Cunningham to Friedrich Vollmar, mtg $22,000............ 100

WEST END AV, s e corner of 105th St, 20.9x90; Robert S. Streep to Annie D. Weeks, (mtg $40,000)............ 1

2D AV, s w corner of 97th St, 25.11x75; George W. Clausen to Max Epstein, (mtg $18,000)............ 100

2D AV, 910, e s, 25x100; Jonas Weil and another to Mark Rosenthal, (mtg $17,500)............ 1

3D AV, e s, 50.11 ft n of 124th St, 25x100; Theresa Baumann to Adolph Finkenberg, (mtg $30,000)............ 100

3D AV, w s, 126.2 ft s of 162d St, 25x95.9x25x98.3; James A. Campbell to J. Hall Browning, (mtg $19,000)............ 1

4TH ST, 62 East, 25x103.9; Victor Eckstein to George Ehret, all liens............ 1

5TH AV, s w corner of 112th St, 25.11x100; William Schuster to John Kafka, (mtg $35,000)............ 1

6TH AV, w s, 50.5 ft s of 47th St, 25x100; Cornelia R. Nash to Jesse C. Woolhull............ 100

6TH ST, 611 East, 25x90.10; Louis Block to Moses M. Valentine, (mtg $8,000)...... 100

7TH AV, n e corner of 120th St, 17.11x77; John M. Cahill to Robert J. Rosenthal, mtg $17,000............ 1

7TH AV, w s, 36.2 ft n of 124th St, 17.9x65; William Lang to Alois Becker........ 1

9TH ST, 37 West, 17x92.3; Walter C. Hubbard and others to Henry W. Bridges 100

13TH ST, s s, 220 ft w of Avenue B, 25x103.3; Frederick Delemuth to Irving Bachrach, (mtg $4,500)............ 1

17TH ST, n s, 314 ft w of 1st Av, 19x100x irregular; Bernard Freund and others to Louis and Julius Maier............ 19,500

18TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 9d Av, 42.4x92; Abraham Cohn to William Arenfeld, mtg $66,000............ 1

20TH AV, s s, w ½ of Lot 579, map of Wakefield; John E. Shannon to Charles J. Chapman............ 1

20TH AV, s s, e ½ of Lot 579, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Charles J. Chapman to John E. Shannon............ 1

20TH ST, 120 West, 25x92; John Clements to Whitehall Realty Company, (mtg $10,000)............ 1

29TH ST, 145 East, 19.11x98.9x19.7x98.9; Hamilton Odell, referee, to Mary and Ellen Walstead............ 14,500

38TH ST, 207 ft east of 10th Av, 49x98.9; Joseph Smith to Lena Smith and others. 1

47TH ST, s s, 60 ft w of 1st Av, 20x84.11; Max Cohen and others to William Guddat and another, (mtg $7,000)............ 1

53D ST, 8 East, 25x100.5; Seymour L. G. Cromwell to Agnes Cromwell, (mtg $60,000)............ 100

55TH ST, s s, 211 ft e of Madison Av, 19x100.5; Harry E. Fisk to A. G. Agnew, (mtg $40,000)............ 100

56TH ST, 108 West, 20x100.5; Frederick Potter and another, trustee, to Adrian Iselin, Jr., E. and S., Co. G............ 37,500

64TH ST, 125 East, 20x100.5; Archibald S. White to Joseph W. Steen, (mtg $22,500)............ 100

70TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Central Park West, 20x100.5; Thomas W. Pomery to Louis Long............ 100

71ST ST, s s, 232.6 ft w of 3d Av, 20x100.5; Katharina Elias to Joseph H. Choate, Jr. 100

76TH ST, 10 East, 21.11x102.2; Michael Coleman to Alfred Schiffer, Co. G...... 1

76TH ST, n s, 171.8 ft e of 3d Av, 16.8x102.2; Annie Goldflam to Arthur Weinrib, mtg $8,300............ 1

77TH ST, 414 East, 25x102.2; Sedonia Bauer to George H. Beck, (mtg $17,000). 1

78TH ST, 239 East, 18.10x102.2; Nathan Mayer to Annie C. Komers, (mtg —)...... 1

79TH ST, 105 West, 16.4x102.2; George H. Schuman to Sophie Herman, (mtg —,) all liens............ 1

81ST ST, s s, 156.6 ft e of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Henry Lowry to Conrad Wessmann (mtg $11,000)............ 1

81ST ST, n s, 175 ft w of 3d Av, 24.6x102.2; George F. Picken and another to William Wolf, (mtg $22,000)............ 1

82D ST, 349 East, 16.8x102.2; Henry Van Holland to Sara Tannenbaum............ 1

83D ST, n s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Ida Krines to Louis Huebner, (mtg $12,000)............ 100

84TH ST, 124 West, 25x102.2; Jane L. Creed to Max Marx, (mtg $21,000)........ 1

87TH ST, 142 West, 20x100.8; A. W. Putnam-Cramer to Abraham L. Gutman, (mtg $25,000)............ 1

89TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.8; Brevoort Real Estate Company to Cornelia S. Robinson, (mtg $17,500)...... 100

89TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.8; Nelson D. Stilwell to Brevoort Real Estate Company, (mtg $17,500)..... 100

93D ST, n s, 175 ft w of West End Av, 62.6x100.8; 93d St, n s, 237.6 ft w of West End Av, 62.6x100.8; Henry Corn to Rosella Corn, (mtg $126,000)............ 1

95TH ST, 161 and 163 East, 50x100.8; Isaac Sakolski to Joseph Liebling, (mtg $42,000)............ 100

95TH ST, 161 and 163 East, 50x100.8; Joseph Liebling to Mark Blumenthal, (mtg $42,000)............ 100

96TH ST, s s, 80 ft w of Park Av, 50x100.11; Henrietta Bennett to Frederick Lese, (mtg $39,000)............ 100

98TH ST, 59 West, 25x100.11; Max Marx to Margaret B. Cassidy, (mtg $20,000)...... 100

98TH ST, 165 West, 27x98x irregular; Frances G. Keller to William Arenfeld, (mtg $25,000)............ 100

98TH ST, 169 West, 27.6x129.6x irregular; Frances G. Keller to William Arenfeld, (mtg $25,000)............ 100

103D ST, s s, 167 ft e of Riverside Drive, 16.6x100.11; Charles E. Gross to Franklin Pierce, (mtg $16,000)............ 1

104TH ST, 231 East, 16.8x100.10; Florence E. Briggs to Eva Brettheimer........ 100

104TH ST, s s, 548.3 ft w of 5th Av, 16.9x99.11; Julia E. Liggan to Norman S. Epps, (mtg $5,500)............ 1

105TH ST, 146 West, 25x100.11; Frances C. Cohn to Annie Feinberg, (mtg $17,000)............ 100

105TH ST, 145 West, 25x100.11; Jennie Sterns to Annie Feinberg, (mtg $17,000) 100

107TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of Central Park West, 100x100.11; Albert Cavanagh to Robert M. Silverman, (mtg $50,000)..... 100

111TH ST, 18 East, 27x100.11; Minnie Bender to Max Cohen and another, (mtg $—)............ 1

114TH ST, s s, 255 ft e of 4th Av, 25x100.11; Edward Guntermann to Salomon Scholem, (mtg $12,000)............ 24,750

117TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11; Theresa Alexander to Harris Beaver and another, (mtg $22,000)...... 100

118TH ST, 320 East, 25x100.11; Samuel Jackson to Jacob Chaimowitz and another, (mtg $13,000)............ 1

119TH ST, 13 and 15 East, 50x100.11; Peter Erbs, Jr., to Lizzie F. Brady, (mtg $42,000)............ 1

121ST ST, s s, 155.6 ft w of 8th Av, 37x100.11; Margaret Kearney to Asher Davis, (mtg $18,000)............ 1

124TH ST, s s, 180.6 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11; 124th St, s s, 180.6 ft e of 3d Av, 44.5x100.11; Max Emge to Max Lubetkin, (mtg $56,632)............ 100

124TH ST, 210 and 212 East, 44.5x100.11; Hannah S. Cole to Max Emge, quitclaim............ 1

126TH ST, 231 East, 25x99.11; Charlotte Gottheimer to Myer Kohn and wife, (mtg $16,500)............ 100

129TH ST, 304 West, 25x99.11; John W. Hearen to Carrie Rosenzweig, (mtg $13,000)............ 1

135TH ST, 548 East, 15x100; Henry A. F. Petersen to Charles Ramsey, mtg $2,750. 100

136TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of Lincoln Av, 100x100; William B. Lord to Julius Braun, (mtg $40,000)............ 100

142D ST, n s, 250 ft w of College Av, 6.7x74.6; John C. Ivers and another to Christina Simms, quit claim........ 100

148TH ST, n s, 550 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 25x106.6; Clinton R. Harris to Ferdinand Cerillo, (mtg $1,800)........ 8,500

149TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 25x100; Elizabeth Bader to Anna E. Busher............ 100

182D ST, 666, s w corner of Park Av, 15.6x76.4x15.6x74.11; Max Marx to Jane L. Creed, (mtg $6,500)............ 1

Recorded Leases.

MULBERRY ST, 194; A. D. Paoli to Antonio Martano de Filippo, 3 10-12 years.. $420

VANDAM ST, 47, n w corner of Varick St; William Thompson to Thomas F. Ryder, 5 years............ $1,100 to 1,200

WILLIS AV, 380; Henry Kroeger to Leonhard Thaurer, 5 years............ 420

1ST AV, 391, n w corner of 30th St; May L. Murray to Adolph A. Edlich, 5 years. 1,140

2D AV, 2,421; Joseph R. Simon to Leo Muller, 5 years............ 600

BROADWAY, s w corner of 108th St, 25x100; Charles W. Crane to Louise Livingston, (mtg $180,000)............ 1

BROADWAY, w s, at n s of land conveyed by Putnam to Delancy, 25x100, 24th Ward; George B. Greer to Janet Greer............ 1

BROOME ST, 266, n s, 25x100; Frederick H. Nadler to Benjamin Faden, (mtg $33,000)............ 100

BURNSIDE AV, s w s, 456.2 ft [illegible] Anthony Av, runs s w 100x n s [illegible] Burnside Av x n w 74; the Lochinvar Realty Company to Andrew L. Gardiner, (mtg $2,000)............ 100

CHARLTON ST, 10, s s, 22x86; Janet Muller to Austin Leake............ 100

CHARLTON ST, s s, 88 ft w of Macdougal St, 22x86; Leon E. Muller to Austin Leake............ 100

COLUMBUS AV, w s, 75.1 ft n of 106th St, 25.1x100; Sophie Bluth to Louis Lowenfels, (mtg $18,000)............ 1

CONVENT AV, n w corner of 144th St, 24.11x94.8; Harry M. Austin to Robert H. and Clara C. Disbrow, (mtg $30,000)............ Exchange

3D AV, 621, n e corner of 40th St; I. B. Tyle to F. J. Brady, 4 11-12 years.... 1,800

8TH AV, 2,363; John Parr to H. C. Rosenzweig, 5 years............ $1,125 to 1,280

23TH ST, 112; Henrietta Obst to Arthur Guillon, 4 years............ $1,200 to 1,500

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent., unless otherwise specified.

ALEXANDER, Joseph M., to Jenetta Gunther; 8th Av, 3,128, 2 years, 6 per cent............ $8,000

ASH, Mark, to Israel L. Prager; 108d St, s s, 125 ft e of Riverside Drive, due Oct. 15, 1903............ 6,800

BACHRACH, Irving, to American Mortgage Company; 13th St, 324 East, 1 year 18,000

BACHRACH, Irving, to American Mortgage Company; 13th St, 324 East, prior mtg $18,000, 1 year, 6 per cent...... 2,000

BINDER, Jacob, and others to Pincus Lowenfeld and another; 1st Av, 19 and 20, 1 year, 6 per cent............ 20,000

BLOCK, Louis, to Cora Stern; 6th St, n s, 128 ft e of Avenue B, 3 years, 6 per cent............ 8,000

BLUMENTHAL, Mark, to Joseph Liebling; 95th St, 161 and 163 East, two mtgs, prior mtg $42,000, 3 years, 6 per cent., each............ 2,000

BRAUN, Julius, to William B. Lord; 136th St, n s, 150 ft e of Lincoln Av, 4 mtgs, prior mtgs $10,000 each, due April 1, 1905, each............ 4,000

BRETTHEIMER, Eva, to Title Insurance Company; 104th St, n s, 216.8 ft w of 2d Av, 3 years............ 5,000

BRIDGES, Henry W., to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 9th St, 37 West, 2 years, 4½ per cent............ 15,000

BUSHER, Anna E., to Dollar Savings Bank; 149th St, n s, 250 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 1 year............ 10,000

CHAPMAN, Charles J., to Wilhelmina Reinhardt; 20th St, s s, west ½ Lot 579 map of Wakefield, due June 1, 1906, 6 per cent............ 800

CHOATE, Joseph H., Jr., to St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, City of New York; 71st St, s s, 232.6 ft w of 3d Av, 2 years, 4 per cent............ 15,000

DAVIS, Asher, to Rebecca S. Jacobus; 121st St, 304 West, 3 years, 6 per cent... 2,000

DAVIS, Theresa A., to Stephen M. Wright; 129th St, 211 West, 3 years...... 10,000

DVORSKY, John, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 71st St, s s, 218 ft e of 1st Av, 1 year, 4 per cent............ 8,000

EPSTEIN, Max, to George W. Clausen; 2d Av, s w corner of 97th St, installments, 6 per cent............ 2,000

EPPS, Norman S., to Herbert R. King; 104th St, s s, 548.3 ft w of 5th Av, prior mtg $5,500; due Sept. 15, 1907, 6 per cent............ 2,400

FANNING, Abram M., to John O. Baker; Bailey Av, s e corner of King's Bridge Road, (near,) prior mtg $1,200, 1 year. 400

FANNING, Abram M., to John O. Baker; Bailey Av, s e corner of King's Bridge Road, (near,) 3 years............ 1,200

FANNING, Abram M., to John O. Baker; Bailey Av, e s, 100.5 ft s of King's Bridge Road, prior mtg $800, 1 year..... 470

FANNING, Abram M., to John O. Baker; Bailey Av, e s, 100.5 ft s of King's Bridge Road, 3 years............ 800

FEINBERG, Annie, to Frances C. Cohn; 105th St, 145 West, due June 1, 1906.... 3,000

FEINBERG, Annie, to Frances C. Cohn; 105th St, 146 West, prior mtg $17,000, due June 1, 1906............ 3,000

FLANAGAN, William, to American Surety Company of New York; Wadsworth Av, s e corner of 176th St; also Lot 262, map of Undercliff Terrace; also 3d Av, n e corner of Wendover Av, secures performance............ —

FOWLER, Julia G., to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Water St, 53, 1 year, 4 per cent............ 10,000

GUTMAN, Abraham L., to Georgiana C. Stone; 87th St, 142 West, 5 years, 4 per cent............ 18,000

HILLYARD, Josephine A., to Harriet T. Provost; Gold St, 62 and 64, ½ part, 3 years, 6 per cent............ 500

HUNT, Peter J., to Joseph F. Steer; Ogden Av, 1,233, n w corner of 168th St, prior mtg —, due Sept. 1, 1904, 6 per cent............ 500

HURWITZ, Meyer, to Gustav Scholer; 18th St, n s, 300 ft w of Avenue A, leasehold, demand, 6 per cent............ 2,500

JUST, Max, to Henry C. Raynor; Grand Av, n w corner of 182d St, 3 years.... 5,000

KAFKA, John, to William Schuster; 5th Av, s w corner of 112th St, 2 years.... 4,000

KENNY, George J., and another to Ann Kenny; 27th St, 316 and 318 East, prior mtg $14,000, 5 years, 6 per cent....... 6,000

LEAKE, Austin, to Leon E. Muller; Charlton St, s s, 88 ft w of Macdougal St, 3 years, 4½ per cent............ 11,500

LEAKE, Austin, to Janet Muller; Charlton St, s s, 105 ft w of Macdougal St, 3 years, 4½ per cent............ 10,500

LIEBERKIND, Leon A., to Max Steuer and another; 112th St, s s, 100 ft e of Lenox Av, 1 year, 6 per cent...... 10,000

LINDER, Robert, to Laura M. Cooper; Hughes Av, w s, 44.4 ft s of Oak Tree Place, 5 years............ 2,500

LONG, Louis, to Thomas W. Pomeroy; 70th St, n s, 100 ft w of Central Park West, 5 years, 4 per cent...... 33,000

LORD, William B., to John J. Astor and others, executors; 136th St, n s, 150 ft e of Lincoln Av, 3 mtgs, due April 1, 1906, 4 per cent., each............ 10,000

LORD, William B., to John J. Astor and others, executors; 136th St, n s, 225 ft e of Lincoln Av, due April 1, 1906, 4 per cent............ 10,000

LOWENFELS, Louis, to Sophie Bluth; Columbus Av, w s, 75.1 ft n of 106th St, due July 1, 1906, 6 per cent...... 3,000

MAIER, Louis, and another to Bernhard Freund and others, executors and trustees; 7th St, n s, 374 ft w of 1st Av, 3 years, 4½ per cent............ 14,500

MILLER, Gustav C., to Auguste Mentz, executor and trustee; 30th St, s s, 170 ft w of 1st Av, 3 years, 4½ per cent..... 6,000

O'CONNELL, Ellen, to M. Adelaide Willis and another, administrators; Hall Place, w s, 124.10 ft s of 167th St, due June 1, 1906, 6 per cent............ 2,800

PROCHAZKA, Katherina, to John J. Schmitt; 12th St, n s, 300 ft e of 5th Av, 1 year, 6 per cent............ 5,000

RAMSEY, Charles, to Henry A. F. Petersen and another; 135th St, 348 East, 1 year, 6 per cent............ 1,750

REISS, Louis, to Louis Sahm; Lexington Av, n w corner of 73d St, interest and time due as per bond............ 5,000

ROBINSON, Cornelia S., to the City Mortgage Company; 89th St, s s, 150 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 1 year, 6 per cent...... 42,500

ROBINSON, Cornelia S., to Brevoort Real Estate Company; 89th St, s s, 150 ft e of Amsterdam Av, prior mtg $42,500, due June 10, 1904, 6 per cent............ 10,800

ROSENTHAL, Mark, to Jonas Weil and another; 2d Av, 910, prior mtg $17,500, installments, 6 per cent............ 9,000

SCHIFFER, Alfred, to Michael Coleman; 76th St, s s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 1 year, 4 per cent., gold............ 50,000

SCHOLEM, Salomon, to Edward Guntermann; 114th St, s s, 255 ft e of 4th Av, 5 years, 4½ per cent............ 8,000

SCHORER, Frank A., to Frederick W. Stieglitz and another; 18th St, s w s, Lot 111, map of land of heirs of Henry Spingler, and gore adjoining at rear of said lot, leasehold, installments...... 1,125

SIEGMAN, William H., to Anna Finck, executrix; Delancey St, 98, prior mtg $12,000, 2 years............ 8,000

SILVERMAN, Robert M., to State Realty and Mortgage Company; 107th St, s s, 225 ft w of Central Park West, two mtgs, due June 10, 1904, 6 per cent., each............ 70,000

SILVERMAN, Robert M., to State Realty and Mortgage Company; 107th St, s s, 225 ft w of Central Park West, prior mtgs $140,000, due June 10, 1904, 6 per cent............ 18,000

SMITH, Julia E., to Stephen M. Wright; 129th St, 209 West, 5 years...... 10,000

STERN, Joseph W., to Theresa Hirsh; 64th St, 123 East, 5 years, 6 per cent.... 5,000

TANNENBAUM, Sara, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 83d St, 349 East, 3 years............ 4,500

THE CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF Lourdes to the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 143d St, s s, 80 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 1 year, 4 per cent...... 100,000

THE GERMAN EVANGELICAL LUTHeran Church of St. Matthew to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Broome St, n e corner of Elizabeth St, 1 year, 4 per cent............ 50,000

THE LOCHINVAR REALTY COMPANY to Manhattan Mortgage Company; Mapes Av, e s, 389 ft n of 177th St, 1 year..... 2,000

VOCCOLI, Michele, to American Mortgage Company; Elizabeth St, 90, 1 year...... 15,000

VOCCOLI, Michele, to American Mortgage Company; Elizabeth St, 90, prior mtg $15,000, 1 year, 6 per cent...... 8,500

VOSS, Alice M., to James Kyle and another; Lexington Av, 336, due July 1, 1904............ 7,500

WARD, Caroline S., and another to Ezra R. Champion; 8th St, or St. Mark's Place, n s, 261.6 ft e of 1st Av, 1-8 part, subject to all liens, 2 months, 6 per cent., note............ 1,000

WEIL, Ray, to Sydney Wolfsohn; 172d St, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 1 month, 6 per cent............ 849

WELSTEAD, Mary, and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 29th St, 145 East, 3 years, 4½ per cent...... 9,500

WOLF, William, to George F. Picken and another; 81st St, n s, 175 ft w of 3d Av, 3 years, 4½ per cent............ 5,000

WOLFF, Julia, to Carrie Gottgetreu; 133d St, s s, 150 ft n w of 8th Av, 3 years, 4½ per cent............ 6,000

WOOLF, Michael, to Moses L. Leffler; Madison Av, w s, 26.10 ft s of 113th St, prior mtg $17,000, 3 years, 6 per cent...... 2,750

WOODHULL, Jesse C., to Cornelia R. Nash and another; 6th Av, w s, 50.5 ft s of 47th St, 3 years, 4 per cent...... 180,000

ZINCKE, Mary A., widow, to the New York Savings Bank; 84th St, n s, 221.8 ft w of 2d Av, due June 1, 1906, 4½ per cent............ 6,500

Assignments of Mortgages.

BARNARD, Henry H., to Almira Lawrence............ $1

BARNEY, Charles T., to Knickerbocker Trust Company............ 40,000

BARNIBA, Annie, executrix, to Annie Barnies............ 1,000

BEADLESTON, Alfred N., and another, executors and trustees, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company............ 60,000

COLLINS, George W., to Thomas P. How[illegible]............ 1

[illegible]............ 1

[illegible]............ 11,500

[illegible] Edward A. [illegible], trustee............ 6,000

[illegible] and another, executors, to [illegible] Savings Institution............ 14,000

[illegible]............ 1

LAWYERS' MORTGAGE INSURANCE Company to Blanche M. Gibbons, as general guardian............ 9,500

MINSKY, Louis, to Samuel Spielberg.... 4,000

SCHUSTER, George, to Carl Franck...... 1,024

STEWART, James M., to Susman Weill... 4,000

SYME, Mary J., to Jennie C. Powers..... 2,557

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Company to Bowery Savings Bank...... 66,000

TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY to the German Savings Bank............ 1

WEILER, Peter R., executor, to Gertrude O'Brien, executrix............ 1

WEILER, Peter R., executor, to Gertrude O'Brien, executrix, 6 assignments.... 1

WOLFSOHN, Sydney, to Isaac Simons.... 1

YOUNG, Mary D., individually and as executrix, to Frances L. Glover...... 11,000

Mechanics' Liens.

GARDEN ST and Prospect Av, n e corner, 20x106x20x100; John Marcena against Mrs. Sarah Myers or Meyers, owner and contractor............ 425

3D AV, 3,600 and 3,602; George Knopf against Mary A. Nolan, owner and contractor............ 80

6TH AV, 737 to 742; Candee & Smith against John W. de Peyster, owner; Rocco Lucchini & Co., contractors...... 97

46TH ST, 209 to 213 West; Clay Elevator and Machine Company against Frank Tilford, owner; Robert J. Mahoney, contractor............ 302

77TH ST, 208 West; Clay Elevator and Machine Company against Randolph Guggenheimer, owner; Jacob Schneider, contractor............ 238

108TH ST, 15 East; Adolph Klein against Charles and Anna Sandhop, owners and contractors............ 79

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS, CHAP. UNDER LAWS OF 1900. 28

KING AV, e s, 150 ft s of Beach St, 25x132 to Long Island Sound; the Railroad Co-operative Building and Loan Association loans to Agnes G. Isbell...... 900

7TH ST, 606 and 608 East; Adolf Mandel loans to Max Kershenbluth............ 17,000

89TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x —; City Mortgage Company loans to Cornelia S. Robinson............ 42,500

Satisfied Mechanic's Lien.

BROADWAY, 156; Pierson & Goodrich against Campbell Realty Corporation, May 29, 1903, by bond............ $111

Lis Pendens.

BROADWAY and 133d St, s e corner, 25x—; John J. White against the Church of the Annunciation at Manhattanville, in the City and County of New York, (specific performance;) attorney, J. E. Connelly.

EAGLE AV, e s, 222.7 ft s of Westchester Av, 25x100; John Townshend against Kate F. Allen and another, trustee, and another, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Townshend.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,665 to 1,669; Charles Strauss against Henry S. Shirley and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. Strauss.

WAVERLEY PLACE and University Place, n w corner, 27.8x168.5x27.9x168.11; Clarence A. Blanchard and another against Delia A. Blanchard, individually and as executrix, and another, (action to determine validity of will;) attorneys, Hazelton & Hazelton.

11TH AV and 31st St, n e corner, 25.1x100; Central Trust Company of New York against Marion E. D. Van Dyke and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Steele & Otis.

112TH ST, 310 West; Frances E. Bates against Adele Mills and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, T. L. Bailey.

136TH ST, s s, 326.8 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11; the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States against John H. Meyer and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Alexander & Colby.

Sites for Presbyterian Churches.

At the June meeting of the New York Presbytery, held in the vestry of the First Presbyterian Church yesterday, a committee was appointed, consisting of the Rev. Drs. Wyler, Booth, Richards, and Alexander, and Elders Rowland, Burdick, and Jesup to arrange with the members of the North Presbyterian Church a new location for the church. Christ Church was granted a right to go on with the project for a new church on Thirty-sixth Street, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

New York City.

HYMAN GATTLE.—Deputy Sheriff Cronin has received a writ of replevin against Franklin Nevius as assignee of Hyman Gattle, wholesale dealer in jewelry and diamonds at 65 Nassau Street, who made an assignment on Friday, in favor of Schickerling Brothers & Co., for $3,274 worth of diamond rings and diamond mountings obtained from them by Mr. Gattle on June 6.

ENTERPRISE GAS STOVE.—The Enterprise Gas Stove Manufacturing Company of 9 to 13 Desbrosses Street made an assignment yesterday to Edward F. Curley. The business was started in 1892 by the firm of Luther & Lederhos, who were succeeded by the above company, which was incorporated on March 20, 1901, with a capital stock of $30,000. It made an assignment on July 3, 1902, with liabilities $52,000 and actual assets $16,427. A settlement was made with the creditors at 35 cents on the dollar, the last payment on which of 5 per cent. falls due on July 1 next. The officers of the company are Charles Lederhos, President; Charles E. Frey, Assistant Treasurer, and Edward F. Curley, Secretary.

NUTSHELL PUBLISHING COMPANY.—Deputy Sheriff Govan has received two executions for $3,354 against the Nutshell Publishing Company, publishers of books at 78 Fifth Avenue, one for $3,126 in favor of William A. Moll for money expended for advertising, and the other for $228 on a judgment in favor of the Charles D. Sibley Company, which has been assigned to Edward Miller. The Sheriff made a levy on the office furniture, books, &c. The summons was served on Thomas Fleming, the Vice President; William B. Ellis, the President and Treasurer, and practical owner of the business, came into considerable notoriety in April last, when he was sent to a sanitarium to test his sanity. The company was incorporated on Feb. 25, 1901, with a capital stock of $5,000.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

MAX RAUCHER.—Judge Holt of the United States District Court has appointed Frederick A. Hoyt, Jr., receiver for the assets of Max Raucher, wholesale dealer in poultry at Washington Market, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Staurday.

LAZARUS STRAUS.—Judge Holt of the United States District Court has confirmed the composition of Lazarus Straus, dealer in men's furnishings and hats at 107 Eighth Avenue and 56 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, with his creditors at 30 cents on the dollar. His liabilities were $22,757 and assets $12,752.

GEORGE H. SCHNEIDER.—George H. Schneider, formerly of the firm of Schneider & Veltung, manufacturers of parlor furniture at 1,459 Third Avenue, which was dissolved in November last, and of the Veltung Cushion Harness Company of 719 East One Hundred and Seventy-third Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,609 and no assets.

FLAME PROOF COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Flame Proof Company, manufacturer of ironing wax, at 31 Jay Street, show liabilities $28,764 and assets $2,128, consisting of stock $1,227, office furniture, &c., $325, accounts $494, and notes $82. The largest creditors are Arthur Swartzenbach, the Treasurer, $19,729, and the Lee Lath Company of Philadelphia, $3,150.

HENRY F. BELLMER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Henry F. Bellmer, liquor dealer, at Sixth Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street, by A. A. Wolf & Co., creditors, for $719. It was alleged that he is insolvent, and on June 8 gave a chattel mortgage on the fixtures to A. Fink & Son to secure an antecedent indebtedness and to prefer them. Judge Holt of the United States District Court appointed Francis H. Griffin receiver of the assets. The stock and fixtures are estimated at $1,500. The chattel mortgage was for $1,650. Mr. Bellmer has been in business since 1886.

Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Discharges in bankruptcy were granted yesterday by Judge Holt in the United States District Court to the following:

John S. H. Petit, Pelham, petition filed Aug. 8, 1902; liabilities, $6,764.

Henry Strachle, Catskill, N. Y., petition filed April 27, 1903; liabilities, $6,425.

John C. Rogers, hotel keeper, Monroe, N. Y., petition filed April 11, 1903; liabilities, $1,709.

John Brandt, clerk, 70 East One Hundred and Twentieth Street, petition filed April 15, 1903; liabilities, $17,956.

Martha Bernard, 38 Hamilton Terrace, petition filed April 27, 1903; liabilities, $2,711.

Maurice Jacobs, salesman, 119 Bleecker Street, petition filed April 6, 1903; liabilities, $14,205.

Edward A. Denchand, clerk, 300 West Ninety-second Street, petition filed March 4, 1903; liabilities, $2,889.

Henrietta Wurzburg, Mount Vernon, petition filed Jan. 12, 1903; liabilities, $4,567.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

ALBINI, Herbert—S. Schreier	$50
BRAME, Herman—T. F. Christie	66
BARTHELMES, Caroline—H. C. Green	71
BAUER, Andrew—K. Hock	51
BROWN, Frances R.—J. E. Matheson Company	48
CLEVELAND, De Lancey—L. A. Cushman and another	41
COONEY, Peter J.—J. F. Heimcke and another	2,850
C. J. FIELD COMPANY—A. T. Bowen, costs	122
DUHME, J. Charles—L. E. Duke	1,850
DE PLASSE, Dr. Louis—H. L. Toplitz	154
DURAND-RUEL, Paul—J. L. Wells and another, Commissioners, costs	76
DURAND-RUEL, Joseph—J. L. Wells and another, Commissioners, costs	76
DURAND-RUEL, George—J. L. Wells and another, Commissioners, costs	76
ECONOMY, Peter, and James Soter—L. Barth	341
FARBER, Henry J., William P. Drewry, and William C. Farber—W. I. Walter and another, costs	190
FRANKFORD, Mary—American Pneumatic Carpet Cleaning Company	43
FLOURET, Emile L.—F. Pagotti	250
FORD, Thomas P.—J. A. Walsh	104
GREEN, John H.—J. Elias	55
GARTEN, Anton—C. A. Rosenwasser	47
GREYE, Helen L.—M. W. S. Kinney	314
HENDERSON, Herbert G.—Interurban Street Railway Company	25
HICKEY, Thomas J.—A. Haberman	60
HOLLAND, Charles A.—W. F. Berkowitz	427
HEISTEIN, Jacob—Swift & Co.	77
HARMAN, John C.—Meade Transfer Company, costs	25
EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—O. McKenna	2,817
STANDARD WATER METER COMpany—R. G. Monroe, Commissioner, costs	30
ILES, Alfred B.—The Chelsea	554
JUDSON, Cyrus F.—G. B. Salisbury and another	20,188
JUDSON, Cyrus F.—J. C. Rosenthal	531
KOCH, Gustav—W. & J. Sloane	154
LEWIS, St. John—R. Campbell	104
LEFFLER, Annie—J. Livingston, President, costs	98
LATHAM, Gray—G. F. Stockham	147
MURLEY, Lawrence—J. I. Housman	1,030
MULRY, Lawrence V.—C. W. Dunlop	2,431
MURRAY, James D.—William Knabe & Co.	36
MORRIS, Helen L.—H. Brilliant	72
MANWARING, George A. and James E. Lytle—C. C. Payne	5,309
MAYER, Kobie—L. Beutner	531
METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—W. McKinley	5,530
MAYS, Julia—Official Hotel Red Book and Directory Company	72
MOMSEN, Rudolph—City of New York, costs	86
MOORE, Nettie H.—Continental National Bank, costs	120
MOORE, Nettie H.—Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York, costs	65
NEUSTADT, Joseph—B. Brile and another	318
NEVILLE, John H.—A. Anderson	25
McMANUS, Charles B.—C. Bacigalupo	79
O'MEARA, Maurice, Jr.—F. Darlington	105
O'CONNOR, Stephen—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs	38
PLUMER, Bernard—H. B. Claflin Company	340
RYDER, Frank B.—R. Waldo	65
ROTHSCHILD, Harry—E. R. L. Gould, Chamberlain, costs	28
SUNSHINE, Isadore—Pittsburg Plate Glass Company	520
SOMMA, Salvator—J. S. Silk and another	126
STRONG, Nathaniel C.—E. Fromme	214
TORREY, David M.—L. J. Terry, costs	118
THE CITY OF NEW YORK—G. C. St. John, executor, &c., costs	130
THE LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMpany—G. Gulistrand, by guardian	150
THIELE, Gustav—W. L. Morrissey	258
VOORHEES, Jacob L.—L. A. Cushman and another	41
WELTFISCH, Jacob L., and Benjamin Steinberg—State Bank	129
WINGERT, Evert J.—F. Schumacher and another	73
WOLF, Emanuel H.—A. Nouval	294
WOLF, Herman—A. Nouval	309

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

ROSEN, A. D., & Co., Detroit, Mich.; A. D. Rosen, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Gutman, Nathan, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; L. N. Gutman, cloaks, suits, and ribbons; Herald Square Hotel.

Nusbaum & Livingstone, Albany, N. Y.; S. H. Livingstone, millinery, 721 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.

Mandell Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; Miss R. Merebaum, leather goods and jewelry, 450 Broome Street; Holland House.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; N. Kaufman, ladies' and infants' wear and corsets, 648 Broadway; Holland House.

Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; A. Snellenberg, dry goods; Hoffman House.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; J. H. Stoner, notions, 2 Walker Street; Hotel Albany.

Beall-Livingstone Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; Miss L. B. Livingstone, millinery, 60 Lispenard Street; Hotel Albert.

Coons, J. S., & Co., Wilkesbarre, Penn.; M. F. Cooners, millinery; Victoria Hotel.

Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; W. G. Eckman, linens and domestics; 377 Broadway; St. Denis Hotel.

Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; J. S. Boxen, hosiery, underwear, and gloves; 467 Broadway; Hotel Albert.

Braman, C. L., Company, Terre Haute, Ind.; C. L. Braman, notions and furnishing goods; Hotel Albert.

Sutton, R. M., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; W. P. Robinson, furnishing goods and notions; R. C. Robinson, fancy goods; Albemarle Hotel.

Delaplain Dry Goods Company, Wheeling, West Va.; H. Quarrier, dress goods; 95 Franklin Street; Albemarle Hotel.

Smith, H. L., Jackson, Mich.; dry goods; St. Denis Hotel.

Hirsch Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; M. Hirsch, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Beifeld, J., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. Beifeld, cloaks; Herald Square Hotel.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; H. Hood, carpets; 57 White Street.

Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; W. H. Hager, furnishing goods, muslin underwear, and corsets; 377 Broadway; St. Denis Hotel.

Bradford, Hulse & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; D. F. Hulse, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Baumgardner, L. S., & Co., Toledo, Ohio; E. W. Baumgardner, hosiery and underwear; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Siegrist & Fraley, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. Milkulski, domestics and linens; 366 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.

Strauss, H., & Sons Company, Louisville, Ky.; H. Strauss, dry goods; 362 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Mayer-Scheuer-Offner Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. Mayer, woolens; Hoffman House.

Schlesinger & Mayer, Chicago, Ill.; B. Mayer, cloaks and suits; 377 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Weil Brothers & Wile, Buffalo, N. Y.; H. Wile, woolens; Hoffman House.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. I. Mills, ribbons and knit underwear; Miss M. J. Connor, cloaks and suits, 104 Worth Street.

Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; Miss Knowles, millinery, 57 White Street.

Levy, L., & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; L. Levy, clothing; Hotel Imperial.

Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; I. Solomon, notions and leather goods; C. F. Wright, linens, 621 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.

Sorlen, H. J., Liberty, N. Y.; P. M. Benson, furnishing goods; M. A. Smith, dry goods; Hotel Marlborough.

Lissner, S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; S. Lissner, piece goods; Hotel Vendome.

Mac Innes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; G. W. Aubuchon, dry goods, 57 White Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; A. J. Ferguson, trimmings; D. J. Owler, fancy goods, 2 Walker Street; Herald Square Hotel.

AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—Ex-Gov. Frank Brown, Maryland; Capt. E. N. Willard, Richmond; Dr. A. L. Clark, Paris; E. Rollins Morse, Boston.

CAMBRIDGE—T. C. Charpentier, French Consul General at Porto Rico; Prince P. A. Radziwill, Monterey, Mexico.

ALBEMARLE—Col. Henry C. May, Washington.

MANHATTAN—Gen. George D. Ruggles, Washington; Capt. G. M. Nutt, Bermuda.

SAVOY—Judge M. L. Stover, Amsterdam, N. Y.

FIFTH AVENUE—E. B. Aldrich, Providence; ex-Senator Frank Hiscock, Syracuse; Col. K. Lean, Bermuda; Judge Alfred Hand, Scranton.

GILSEY—President Woodrow Wilson, Princeton University.

HOFFMAN—Walter G. Coleman, Washington; Edward Mason, Boston.

EVERETT—Lieut. H. E. Denison, Royal Navy, H. M. S. Indefatigable.

MAJESTIC—J. K. Burnham, Kansas City; George M. McKnight, Elmira; N. C. Fassett, Elmira; L. M. Gates, Pittsburg.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A.—6TH AV., NEAR 42D ST.
25.6x100, FOUR-STORY.
BARGAIN! FULL COMMISSION.
JOHN P. KIRWAN,
1,505 Broadway, cor. 44th St.

Lots with Building Loan.
Choice plot, more than 100-foot front, near 104th St. station; ready for improvement; liberal terms.
Richtmeyer & Irving, 2,649 Broadway, Near 101st St.

Settling Well-Known Estate!
Consisting of choice and well-paying corners, dwellings, business, apartments, tenements, and unimproved properties. Bargains positively assured. Easiest terms. Brokers recognized. "Executors," Box 142 Times.

A1.—St. Nicholas Av., single flat, near 118th St.; equity, $10,000, and $2,000 cash; to exchange for improved city property. Bellamy, Owner, 3d Av. and 61st St.

Home seekers and investors—Bargains in all kinds of realty, for sale or exchange, by Cloyd L. Boykin, office 118 West 134th St.

Desirable tenements, all sections, showing 8 to 20 per cent. net investment. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Double tenement, 48th St., near 2d; 25x100; price, $17,500; rents, $2,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

5th St. Near 2d Av. — 6-story, stores, 4 fam. on floor; fine investment; rent $4,624; pr. $45,500. E. M. MICHAELS, 206 Broadway.

Amsterdam Av. corner, near 104th St.—$15,000 cash; mtg. $30,000. Lewis B. Crane, 137 Broadway.

Bargain—35th St., east of 8th Av., 4-story dwelling, well rented, $13,750. Van Sant, 156 Broadway.

Bargain.—Double tenement, 39th, near 2d Av., 25x98; $16,500; rents, $2,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

18th St., near 1st.—Two double tenements, 50x92; $27,000; rents, $3,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

$6,750—Near 7th Av., above 14th St., brick dwelling; owner anxious to sell. Van Sant, 156 Broadway.

Morton St., Near Bleecker St. — 5-story imp. tenement, 16 families, fine order, all rented; price, $30,000. E. M. Michaelis, 206 B'way.

15th St., Near 8th Av. — Elegant double flat, fine condition, 25x103; price, $24,500; rent, $2,584. E. M. Michaelis, 206 B'way.

9th Av., Near 50th St. — 5-story store property, 4 families on floor, fine condition; price, $35,000. E. M. Michaelis, 206 B'way.

Residences vicinity Washington Square and Gramercy Park and other sections, $21,000 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

A1.—3d Av. corner, near 104th St.; pays 9%; price, $28,000 to quick buyer; easy terms. Bellamy, Owner, 3d Av. and 61st St.

$1,980 cash buys 5-story double tenement, 55th St. West; rents $1,900; mortgage $14,500. Hoeckl, 650 9th Av.

434 West 57th St., sale or to let; price, $12,500. John J. Hoeckl.

Washington Heights.

A RARE BARGAIN.
152d St., near Edgecombe Avenue; restricted block; high elevation; modern dwelling in superb condition; owner must sell, and will sacrifice for less than cost; accommodating terms to quick purchaser. Particulars and permit from Bert G. Paulhaber & Co., 7 East 42d St.

Bronx.

If you are looking for a home in the Bronx examine the Johnson houses; houses for 1, 2, and 3 families; of brick and stone; take 3d Av. "L" to 149th St., transfer to Westchester Av. trolley, ride to 156th St., and walk east to the Johnson houses. Write for descriptive booklet. George F. Johnson & Sons, owners and builders, P. O. address East 156th St., Bronx Borough, New York.

BENJ. H. IRVING,
494 BERGEN AVE., COR. 147TH ST.
BRONX PROPERTIES, EXCHANGING, APPRAISING, MORTGAGES SECURED.

$5 monthly, $425 up; Bronx lots, near 3d Av. L station. Shatskin, 748 East 171st St.

3d Ave. flats, with stores, at bargain prices; snaps in lots. Edward Polak, 4,030 3d Ave.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JAMES L. WELLS, Auctioneer.
TRUSTEE'S SALE
ESTATE OF JASON ROGERS, DECEASED.
At 161 Broadway, N. Y., Real Estate Salesroom,
WEDNESDAY, JULY 8TH, NOON,
the following desirable properties:
HOTEL EMPIRE,
finely situated on
BROADWAY, COLUMBUS AV., 63D ST., NEW YORK CITY.
A modern seven-story building and plot, about 5½ city lots.
SUMMER COTTAGE AND PLOT,
NOYAC, NEAR SAG HARBOR, L. I.
BUILDING LOTS.
CORONA, Queens, New York City; YONKERS PARK, Westchester County, N. Y.; MAMARONECK, Westchester County, N. Y.; also all right, title, and interest of the Trustee in and to vacant lots at CALDWELL, Lake George, N. Y.; TOMS RIVER, Ocean County, N. J.
Maps and particulars at auctioneer's office, 141 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Grantwood-on-Hudson
Opposite Grant's Tomb.
Have You Seen Grantwood?
If Not, Now Is the Time to Do So.
Grantwood adjoins a beautiful public park, commanding magnificent panoramic views of the Hudson, Manhattan Island, and Long Island Sound. Climate of the Catskills. Elevation 270 feet above the River, on the crest of the Palisades. Health, rest, and pleasure are combined in a Grantwood home.
LOTS $700 TO $1,800.
HOUSES BUILT TO SUIT PURCHASERS.
Write or call for descriptive booklet; also free tickets via Franklin or 42d Street Ferry and North Hudson Company's Trolley, or 130th Street Ferry and Hudson River Trolley.
Columbia Inv. & Real Estate Co.,
St. James Bldg., Broadway and 26th St.
'Phone 1847 Madison.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN.
You should see the beautiful cottage, 9 rooms and bath, finished in the very best manner, located in residential suburb of Brooklyn, which I am offering at $3,200, on terms to suit. Address C. A. ELDREDGE, 21 East 14th St., New York City.

Beautiful home at bargain price, 10-room Queen Anne, on large plot; 26 minutes to Park Row; Brooklyn's prettiest suburb; near elevated station and school; hardwood trim, porcelain bath, sanitary plumbing, furnace; nicely decorated; large reception hall; absolutely modern, brand new; worth $6,000; yours at $5,250; $350 down, $40 monthly. Walter Smith, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

$2,950—LAST CHANCE—$2,950.
Cozy detached 7-room dwelling, near Park and Boulevard, every improvement, excellent condition, easy terms. John V. Olmewald, 186 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

641 Halsey St.—Three-story brick flat free, clear; rented $480 year; price $4,800. Rapelye, Elmhurst.

Brooklyn property sold for cash or exchanged; immediate results. W. J. Lynch, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

LONG ISLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

SOUTHAMPTON
AND SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.
Furnished Cottages to Rent. List on application.
J. METCALFE THOMAS,
19 LIBERTY STREET, N. Y.

Men employed in factories, &c., who want to own a lot on Long Island near Greater New York can hear of an opportunity greatly to their advantage. Address Lots, Box 112 Times.

$160 season, furnished house, ten rooms, open fireplace; splendid location on bay, near the ocean; fine neighborhood. Box 67 Good Ground, Long Island.

FOR SALE—30-ACRE FARM; CHEAP; GOOD buildings; plenty fruit and shade; fine location; near depot. W. S. HAWKINS, Brookhaven, L. I.

American-born Citizens, Attention!—Prove your nationality and secure eight lots free. Gardiner, Bellport, L. I.

100 acres, Long Island, forty miles out, nine buildings, $4,000, worth $8,000. Stewart, 562 State St., Brooklyn.

Patchogue.—Furnished cottage to rent for season; 8 rooms; all modern improvements; $250. G., Box 162 Times Office.

For Sale—Cheap, 25 acres South Bay shore front; price, $2,700; come, see it. W. S. Hawkins, Brookhaven, L. I.

Wading River, 200 acres, house, ¾ mile frontage on Sound, $12,000. Jones, 129 Montague St., Brooklyn.

For rent, furnished, 14-room cottage at Easthampton, near club and ocean. G. Richards, 150 Broadway.

A part doctor's cottage, ocean front, furnished, $100; red house, 32d St., near Sea Gate, Coney Island.

For Sale.—Now is the time to buy farm lands, $40 per acre. Address George Herrmann, Centre Moriches, L. I.

Five-room cottage, $100 to Nov. 1st; West End Beach, Coney Island; take Coney Island car.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—NEW YORK STATE.

Catskill Mountains.—Delightful Summer residence for sale, 2,500 elevation; cottage, nine rooms and bath; completely furnished; large piazzas, garden, fruit trees; tennis court; fine forest trees; near clubhouse and good livery; photo. Apply G. Wanders, 342 East 9th St.

For Rent—Country house, fully furnished, on Quaker Hill, N. Y., near Mizzen Top Hotel; fruit and shade trees, garden, spring water, high ground; reasonable. F. Kirby, Hotel Seabright, Atlantic City, N. J.

Monticello.—All real estate, hotels, and furnished cottages. Write to Geo. F. George, Monticello, N. Y.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y.—Furnished cottages at prices to suit every one. G. H. Olmsted, Town Hall, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Highly productive farm of 80 acres, 15 of woods, the rest tillable and pasture; large apple orchard and other fruit; never-failing water supply by spring and wells; house of 8 rooms; large barn and other buildings; all in good repair; price, $2,000, half down, balance on terms to suit. A. J. Tharp, Bedford Station, N. Y.

Choicest real estate in Westchester County. Ernest E. Carpenter, 2 Grand St., White Plains.

Five lots near millionaires' "Ardsley Club," Dobbs Ferry; near depot; trolley passes. Bods, 306 East 89th St.

Mamaroneck.

MAMARONECK LOTS, $100
On Line of New Portchester Railway.
$1.00 WEEKLY—NO ASSESSMENTS.
Near Station; on trolley; water, gas, electric light; fishing, bathing, sailing. WARRANTY REALTY CO., 115 Broadway.

NEW ENGLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Furnished Cottage to Let at York Harbor, Me.—Cottage has six good chambers, bath, living room, den, dining room, kitchen, and laundry; good view of water and country; large grounds about house. Address The J. Perley Putnam Co., York Village, Maine.

Cool, breezy Wychmere, (Cape Cod;) seashore cottages, first-class, rented fully furnished; all conveniences; bathrooms; excellent water, cold, hot; delightful climate, rarely 88 degrees; long season; forests; fine bathing. Cape, South Harwich, Mass.

Wilton, Conn.—Country places and farms; 90 minutes out; prices $475 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Wilton, Conn.—Attractive furnished houses, with stable; rent season, $150 and up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Furnished houses to lease for the Summer. Sanborn & Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—QUEENS BOROUGH.

Several first-class two-story brick dwellings for sale on Debevoise Av., near Washington Av., Astoria, L. I.; East 94th Street Ferry, Dutch Kills cars; low price; easy terms. E. W. Bleckwenn & Son, 202 Lockwood St., Astoria, L. I.

Bargain.—Sixteen lots, free and clear, Jackson Av., Long Island City, adjoining tunnel entrance. Rapelye, Elmhurst.

NEW JERSEY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

EAST ORANGE!
NEW YORK'S PRETTIEST SUBURB.
LOTS $175 TO $350.
ALL IMPROVEMENTS — SEWER, GAS, WATER; NEAR DEPOT AND TROLLEY; HIGH GROUND; BEST LOCATION.
EASY PAYMENTS.
Agent on the ground every Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday afternoon.
For full particulars write or call.
REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT CO.
OF NEW JERSEY,
203 Broadway, N. Y., Room 406.

LOW-MOOR, (SEABRIGHT, N. J.)
For Rent for the Summer—The Cornell cottage, situated fronting on the ocean in the choicest part of the entire coast. The dwelling is fully and handsomely furnished; it contains 11 sleeping rooms, 4 bathrooms; is lighted with electricity, and is ready for immediate occupancy; large stable, &c.
D. B. KEELER, JR., 9 Pine St., N. Y.

Montclair.—In beautiful Marlboro Park, near "Park Street" (Erie) Station, school, &c.; only house left of twenty; rent, $780; bargain $8,000; easy terms; latest improvements, steam, gas, electricity, &c.; refined surroundings; other houses building; illustrated booklet free. Montclair Realty Co.

At the Oranges.—Any one looking for a desirable residence at bargain prices write me your wants; have had placed in my hands several properties that must be sold. J. G. Trudell Moore, opposite Brick Church Station, and 203 Broadway (afternoons).

A COTTAGE, connected with COUNTRY CLUB INN, Deal Beach, is hotel comfort with house privacy and conveniences. Season, $500 to $600. We have others, $700 to $3,500. Near ocean. Atlantic Coast Realty Company, Deal, N. J.

Bargains.—Two new houses; seven rooms and all modern improvements each; half hour out; two railroads; near depot; large plot; restricted neighborhood; plenty shade. Carl Hallberg, Office near depot, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

AVON BY THE SEA, NEW JERSEY.
Furnished cottages for rent; all kinds and prices. Write for list and map. C. D. SNYDER.

To close estate will sell 5 acres, fine soil, with river front, for $40, (only $8 per acre;) part timber; terms, $2 down, balance $1 weekly. Trustee, Box 78 Times Office.

To Let, Furnished, at Montclair, N. J., several attractive cottages for the season at $35 to $75 per month. Clarence B. Tubbs, opp. Lackawanna Station, Montclair.

Elberon, N. J.—Cottage, furnished, 20 rooms and stables, &c.; low rent; one of nine rooms, $500. D. W. Willgess, Red Bank, N. J.

Ridgefield.—Fine corner plot of 12 lots, near stations and trolley. Address A. Tognatti, 300 Summit Av., West Hoboken.

Montclair Real Estate—All kinds, sale or rent. C. B. Tubbs, opp. Lackawanna Station, or 5 Beekman St., N. Y.

Valuable estate near Ridgewood, Jersey; finest spot Erie main line; cheap. Bode, 306 East 89th St.

Montclair, N. J.—Large home, near depot; fine location; furnished, for Summer; $75 per month. Box G 190 Times Office.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

BROADWAY ARCADE.
New building, Broadway, 65th St.; stores, offices, floors, transfer point all car lines, "L" station; inducements.

Office to rent near Produce Exchange; outside, light corner building, partly furnished, $12.00 month. D 166 Times.

Entire 5-story building, 73 Bowery, near Canal, 25x100; store and basement separate. Wm. F. Nisbet, 36 New St., or your broker.

Stores, lofts, buildings, offices; exceptionally fine list, this and other desirable localities. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Attractive offices and skylight studios, 151 East 34th St.; elevator, heat; $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

BULKHEAD, WITH 19 LOTS.
Also, corner lots East 30th; also, large lofts on South St. Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

Three very light, attractive, connecting offices, 105 East 17th St.; rent, $30. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

CHARLES H. EASTON & CO.
FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS.
TEL. 6420—38. 116 WEST 42D STREET.

Factory loft, 50x75; light, heat, power, elevator; new modern building, 523 West 34th St.

12th St., 630-632 East.—Lofts from $15 to $30. Blumenthal, 123 West 111th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

MILTONA
28 and 30 West 131st St.
Newly completed Apartment House.
5 AND 6 ROOMS AND BATH.
Telephone, Electric Lights, Elevator Service.
LIVERIED HALL ATTENDANTS.
RENTS $35 TO $45.

THE ANTOINETTES,
43 TO 53 EAST 59TH ST.
NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE.
One block from Savoy and Netherland Hotels.
Suites, 6 to 8 rooms; 2 baths.
Modern and up to date in all their appointments.
RENTS $1,200 TO $1,500.
Owner on premises.
HERTER REALTY CO.

HARLEM'S CHOICEST location; exceedingly handsome parlor and third floor apartments, facing beautiful Morningside Park; surroundings delightful, appealing to refined persons; owner residing on premises; incomparable at $30 to $32. 342 Manhattan Av.

LOUELLA, 159 WEST 45TH ST.
adjoining Longacre Square; apartment of 7 rooms, bath, and all improvements; elevator, telephone, and electric lights; $75.00 monthly. Janitor or Leonard Morgan, 1,541 Broadway.

243 West 135th St.
8 large rooms and bath; 4th floor; $46.

BEAUTIFUL STREET; fine house; four-room apartments; genteel persons only; $18-$20. 136 West 90th St.

Five-room elevator apartment; best city location; all modern improvements; reasonable. Cathedral Heights, 509 West 112th St.

Furnished and unfurnished flats and apartments; best locations; rents $50 and up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Bachelor apartment, 11 West 28th St.; 3 rooms and bath; southern exposure; open plumbing; valet; rent, $50. Wm. Henry Folsom, 24 E. 23d St.

10 West 28th St.—Apartments of 4 large rooms and bath, $40 month; very desirable; central location.

Broadway, Corner 66th St., Opposite Hotel Marie Antoinette.—Seven-rooms and bath, improvements, $55 to $65.

39th St., 108 East.—Attractive apartments at Hatfield House, furnished and unfurnished.

Brooklyn.

Grand Av., 639, Near Prospect Pl.—Elegant flats, 6 rooms and bath; rent, $17 to $19; immediate possession; one month free. Janitor on premises.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Lexington Av., 965.—Fine 4-story and basement brownstone dwelling, recently renovated, $1,200 to good tenant. Bellamy, 3d Av. and 61st St.

Houses, unfurnished and furnished, desirable locations; rents, $750 to $5,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Brooklyn.

To Let—At Bay Ridge, 86th St., near 3d Av., Brooklyn, a handsome modern house, with extension, in perfect order, containing 14 large rooms and two bathrooms; a high ceiling; well lighted; concreted cellar; plumbing perfect; all drainage connected with new sewers in street; stable and carriage house; accommodation for man. Apply to A. Montgomery, 59 East 9th St., New York City.

HOUSES AND FLATS WANTED.

Wanted to Rent—House, nine or ten rooms, with improvements; Tremont or Fordham; must be near L or Harlem station. Address G. E., Box 124 Times.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—MISCELLANEOUS.

COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY

[illegible] Owners, send us details of your property. Phillips & Wells, 33E Tribune Building, N.Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

COLORED TENEMENTS WANTED.

Colored man makes specialty managing colored tenements; references; bond. PHILIP A. PAYTON, JR., Agent, Broker, 67 W. 134th St.; [illegible] Harlem Branch, 115 Nassau St., [illegible]

Wanted—Tenements, east side, below 23d, showing good investment; cash customers. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Wanted to take charge of your property; city or country; for sale, rent, or exchange. Lighton, 1,383 Broadway.

Wanted—Property for sale or exchange, city or country. Clement E. Smith, 720-726 Tremont Av.

Wanted, tenement; also private house in Harlem for cash purchasers; must be cheap. T. E. Hayman Co., 215-217 West 125th St.

Owners!—If you have anything to sell or rent list with Lloyd L. Boykin, 115 West 134th St.; colored tenements a specialty.

State your wants; city or country exchanging a specialty. Lighton, 1,383 Broadway.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EDNA DAVID, plaintiff, against MABEL DAVID and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by L. J. Phillips & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street, distant eighty-seven feet and two inches easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street with the easterly side of Broadway, formerly the Boulevard, and which said point is also distant three hundred and eight feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Amsterdam Avenue, formerly Tenth Avenue, with the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street, running thence southerly and parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, formerly Tenth Avenue, partly through a party wall, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line and parallel with Seventy-eighth Street sixteen feet; thence northerly parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, formerly Tenth Avenue, partly through a party wall, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street, and thence westerly along the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street sixteen feet to the point or place of beginning.

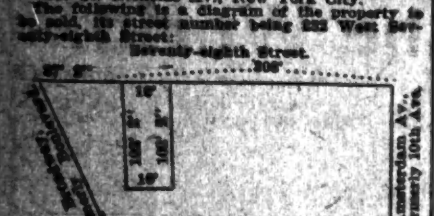
Dated New York, May 27, 1903.

REGINALD H. WILLIAMS, Referee.

HARRY PERCY DAVID, Attorney for Plaintiff, 430 St. Nicholas Av., New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, its street number being 233 West Seventy-eighth Street:

Seventy-eighth Street.



The above-described property will be sold free and clear from all incumbrances, except restrictions in any deeds affecting the premises. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens upon said property which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or which are to be paid by the referee, is the sum of $216.00. my29-2aw3w-Th&Tu&je18

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—FRANCIS J. HASSELMEYER, plaintiff, against EDWIN H. HAINES and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 22nd day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 16th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, distant one hundred and ninety (190) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue with the south side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, and running thence southerly on a line parallel with Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue one hundred feet eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line of the block twenty (20) feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue, and part of the way through a party wall one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street; thence westerly along the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street twenty (20) feet to the point or place of beginning, said premises being now known by the street number 69 East 116th Street, be said several dimensions more or less.

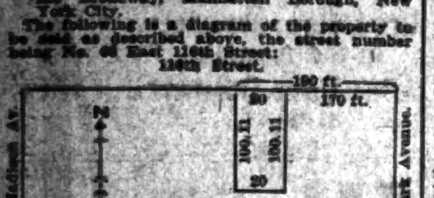
Dated New York, May 25th, 1903.

EUGENE C. GILROY, Referee.

HENRY W. SCHUTT, Attorney for Plaintiff, 229 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being No. 69 East 116th Street:

116th Street.



115th Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $1,941.18 with interest thereon from May 21, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $201.57 with interest from May 22nd, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, water rents, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $323.54 and interest.

The premises will be sold subject to a prior mortgage for $15,000 with interest thereon from February 28, 1903, at the rate of five per cent. per annum.

Dated New York, May 25th, 1903.

EUGENE C. GILROY, Referee.

my26-2aw3wMaTh&je16

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ANNA R. SPRING et al against PHILIP L. WILSON et al.

In pursuance of a judgment of partition and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 19th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in the said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows: All that certain lot of land situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows:

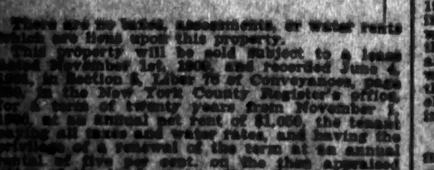
Beginning at the southwest corner of Second Avenue and 54th Street; running thence southerly along the westerly side of Second Avenue twenty-five (25) feet five (5) inches; thence westerly and parallel with 54th Street one hundred (100) feet; thence northerly and parallel with Second Avenue twenty-five (25) feet five (5) inches, to 54th Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of 54th Street one hundred (100) feet, to the point of beginning.—Dated New York, May 26, 1903.

RICHARD M. HENRY, Referee.

FRANK BARKER, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 45 Wall Street, New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above:

54th St.



There are no taxes, assessments, or water rents which are liens upon this property.

This property will be sold subject to a lease dated November 1st, 1893, and recorded June 4, 1894, in Section 5, Liber 76 of Conveyances, page 330, in the New York County Register's office, for a term of twenty years from November 1, 1893, at an annual net rent of $1,000, the tenant paying all taxes and water rates, and having the privilege of a renewal of the term at an annual rental of five per cent. on the then appraised value of the land, or to sell to the then owner of the land the building at sixty per cent. of its appraised value.—Dated New York, May 26, 1903.

RICHARD M. HENRY, Referee.

my28-2aw3wTu&F&je16

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HARRISON, MARY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY HARRISON, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, No. 126 East 61st Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the fifteenth day of July next.—Dated New York, the twenty-ninth day of December, 1902. ELIZA CROZIER PIKE, Administratrix, with the will annexed. JOSEPH H. MAHAN, Attorney for Administratrix with the will annexed, No. 15 Chambers St., Manhattan, New York City. d30-1aw6mTu

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, ULSTER COUNTY.—FRANKLIN TRUST COMPANY, plaintiff, against NEW PALTZ & POUGHKEEPSIE TRACTION COMPANY and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an order of foreclosure and sale herein, bearing date the 21st day of March, 1903, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Ulster on the 23d day of March, 1903, the undersigned, Referee in such judgment named, will on the

27th day of June, 1903,

sell at public auction at the Office of the New Paltz and Poughkeepsie Traction Company, in the Village of New Paltz and County of Ulster, State of New York, at one o'clock P. M., of that day, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and is described as follows:

All that tract or parcel of land situate in the town of Lloyd, in the County of Ulster, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning on the north side of the New Paltz Turnpike Road, at a small white ash tree and runs as the needle pointed May, 1883, first along the north side of said turnpike north seventy-one degrees and thirty minutes west three hundred and fifty feet to a stone; thence north forty-six east one hundred and eighty-one feet to a stone set in the ground; thence south fifty-seven degrees and thirty minutes east two hundred and seventy-seven feet to a stone set in the ground; thence south nineteen degrees west one hundred feet to the place of beginning, containing one acre of land.

And also all that certain tract or parcel of land situate in said County of Ulster, described as follows, viz.: A strip of land at least ten feet wide, running the entire distance of the lands and premises of the said party of the first part and known as the New Paltz Turnpike, beginning at Poughkeepsie Ferry at Highland, N. Y., at the most easterly line thereof to the Wallkill River at New Paltz, N. Y., the most westerly line of the same, for the purpose of building and maintaining thereon, and for that purpose only, an electric railway, and being the same premises conveyed to the New Paltz and Wallkill Railroad Company by Ferdinand McKeige, by deed bearing date the 20th day of April, 1897, and subject to the same conditions and restrictions contained therein to which reference is hereby made.

Together with the road constructed, properties, rights, privileges, franchises, cars, buildings, rails, ties, poles, machinery, motors, dynamos, tools, and grants of every kind, and all the property and appurtenances, real and personal, which were of the New Paltz and Wallkill Valley Railroad Company of every kind and description; and also all the estate, title, and interest, property, possession, claim, and demand whatsoever, as well in law as in equity of the New Paltz and Wallkill Valley Railroad Company and its successors, in and to the same, and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances. Being the same premises and properties conveyed to the said Mortgagor, (meaning the New Paltz and Poughkeepsie Traction Company) by John W. Searing, Referee, by deed dated January, 1900, and recorded or intended to be recorded simultaneously herewith, (meaning the mortgage of January 17, 1900) at the office of the Clerk of the County of Ulster, in the said State of New York.

Together with all the property and appurtenances, real and personal, of the said Mortgagor (meaning the New Paltz and Poughkeepsie Traction Company) of every kind and description, acquired and to be acquired, in possession or in expectancy, and also all the estate, title, and interest, property, possession, claim, and demand whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, of the said Mortgagor, (meaning the New Paltz and Poughkeepsie Traction Company,) and its successors in and to the aforesaid and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances and its corporate franchises.

The above property being offered for sale as an entirety and in one lot or parcel, no bid for the mortgaged premises, property, rights, and interests offered for sale less than Twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars, will be accepted. No bid will be received from any person offering to bid for the mortgaged premises, property, rights, and interests who shall not first deposit with the Referee, as a pledge that he will make good his bid, in a case of its acceptance, the sum of Five thousand ($5,000) dollars in cash, or by certified check on some National Bank or Trust Company of the State of New York, made or endorsed payable to the Order of said Referee. Immediately upon the receipt of the highest bid for said mortgaged premises, property, rights, and interests, the said highest bidder shall forthwith deposit with the undersigned as Referee, as security that he will make good his bid, in case of its acceptance, the sum of Fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars in cash or by certified check on some National Bank or Trust Company of the City of New York, made or endorsed payable to the order of the said Referee, or Thirty thousand ($30,000) dollars par value of the bonds secured by the mortgage dated January 17, 1900, executed by the New Paltz and Poughkeepsie Traction Company to the Franklin Trust Company as Trustee. Any cash which may have been previously deposited by the successful bidder as a pledge that he will make good his bid, shall be received on account of the amount so required on the acceptance of his bid. All deposits received from the successful bidder shall be retained by the undersigned Referee and be applied by him on account of the purchase price of the mortgaged premises. Deposits received from any unsuccessful bidder will be returned to him. In addition to the deposit of cash or bonds, the purchaser may be required to make such further payment in cash on account of the purchase price as the Court by its order may require. Upon the failure of a purchaser or his successors or assigns to comply with the conditions of this sale or any order of the Court, in respect to the payment of the purchase price, the Court reserves the right to take and re-sell the said premises, property, rights, and interests in said judgment directed to be sold; and all sums paid by such purchaser, his successors, or assigns shall be forfeited, as a penalty for such failure, but in case said sale shall not be affirmed by the Court, any deposits or payments made by the purchaser, his successors, or assigns, on account of such sale, shall be returned to him.

Any further amounts to be paid upon the purchase price of the property, not directed to be paid in cash, may be paid in cash or in bonds and coupons belonging thereto, secured by the mortgage set forth in the complaint. Such bonds and coupons will be received at the sum which the holder thereof as such would be entitled to receive thereupon from and out of the proceeds resulting from the sale of the mortgaged property, premises, rights, and interests, if the entire purchase price was paid in cash, and after making all payments therefrom which are directed in and by said judgment or hereafter directed by the Court.

The purchaser shall not be required to assume or adopt any contract or agreement of the defendant New Paltz and Poughkeepsie Traction Company, but shall have the right to elect whether or not to assume or adopt the same within six months after the confirmation of the said sale.

For a further and more particular description of the premises and property so to be sold and the conditions of the said sale, reference is hereby made to the complaint, to said decree of Foreclosure and sale and to the original mortgage foreclosed on file in the office of the Clerk of the County of Ulster.—Dated May 4th, 1903.

EMANUEL METZGER, Referee, Kingston, Ulster County, N. Y.

JOHN HILL MORGAN, Attorney for the Plaintiff, 166 Montague Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City.

my13-1aw6wTu

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—FRANCES LEE PRATT, plaintiff, against CHARLES OGDEN, individually and as executor of and trustee under the last will and testament of James W. Ogden, deceased, and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 20th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the sixteenth day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the Borough of the Bronx, in the Twenty-third Ward of the City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side or line of One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, (formerly Clifton Street,) distant easterly ninety-eight (98) feet from the easterly side or line of Eagle Avenue, (formerly Avenue A;) running thence easterly and along the southerly side or line of said One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, twenty-seven (27) feet; running thence southerly and parallel with the easterly side or line of said Eagle Avenue, one hundred and ten (110) feet; running thence westerly and parallel with the southerly side or line of said One Hundred and Sixty-first Street twenty-seven (27) feet; running thence northerly and parallel with the easterly side or line of said Eagle Avenue, and part of the way through a certain party wall one hundred and ten (110) feet to the southerly side or line of said One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, the point and place of beginning.

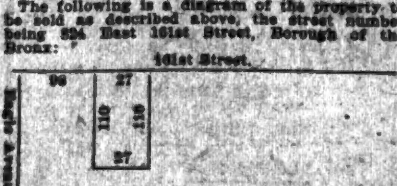
Dated New York, May 23d, 1903.

CHARLES A. MOLLOY, Referee.

FRANCIS JORDAN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 15 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 524 East 161st Street, Borough of the Bronx:

161st Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is sixteen thousand, eight hundred and seventy-three 53-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the twenty-fifth day of April, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to four hundred and thirty-six 13-100 dollars with interest from May 20th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is eleven hundred and seventy 20-100 dollars and interest.

Dated New York, May 23d, 1903.

CHARLES A. MOLLOY, Referee.

my26-2aw3wMaTh&june16

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—NORMAN SACHS, ARTHUR SACHS and JACK A. KONDELL, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Norman Sachs, Arthur Sachs, and Jack A. Kondell, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated June 8th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Judges of the United States District Court, in the United Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 29th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, June 15th, 1903.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MARY E. CLARK, plaintiff, against ELIZABETH LOUGHRAN and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 6th day of June, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in the said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Number 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the first day of July, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by Philip A. Smyth, auctioneer, the real property and premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

PARCEL NUMBER ONE:

All that lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Sixteenth Ward of the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Twenty-fourth Street, distant three hundred and seventy-eight feet and four inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Twenty-fourth Street with the westerly side of Seventh Avenue; thence southerly parallel with Seventh Avenue and partly through a party wall, ninety-eight feet and nine inches; thence westerly parallel with Twenty-fourth Street twenty-six feet and eight inches; thence northerly and through a certain other party wall and again parallel with Seventh Avenue, ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the southerly side of Twenty-fourth Street; and thence easterly along the same, twenty-six feet and eight inches to the point or place of beginning.

PARCEL NUMBER TWO:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Bronx, City of New York, and State of New York, being the lots known and designated by the Numbers Thirteen, Fourteen, Fifteen, and Sixteen on a map entitled "Map in partition of lands situate in the Town and County of Westchester, State of New York, belonging to the heirs of Capt. Cornell Ferris, deceased, attached to the judgment in partition action between Benjamin Ferris, plaintiff, and Charles Ferris and others, defendants," made by Robert L. Waters, City Surveyor, dated May 12th, 1864, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of Westchester. Said lots Numbers Thirteen, Fourteen, Fifteen, and Sixteen, taken together, are bounded and described from said map as follows:

Beginning at a point in the southwesterly line of the Road to Dock where the division line between lots Numbers Twelve and Thirteen on the said map touches said line of said road, and running thence northwestwardly, westwardly, and southwestwardly along said road to Harlem, as laid down on said map, one hundred and seventeen and thirty-six one-hundredths feet to lot Number Seventeen on said map; thence running southeastwardly along said lot Number Seventeen, one hundred feet, to lot Number 58 on said map; thence northeastwardly along said lot Number 58, eight and twenty-five one-hundredths feet; thence southeastwardly and along the rear of said lot Number 58, four and thirty-five one-hundredths feet to lot Number 12 on said map; and thence northeastwardly along said lot Number 12, one hundred and sixty-six one-hundredths feet to the point or place of beginning.

The First Parcel to be sold subject to mortgages aggregating $20,000, with interest, and the second to a mortgage of $3,000, with interest.

Both the said parcels to be sold free and clear of other liens and of the rights and interests therein of all parties to this action.

JOHN J. DELANY, Referee.

WARREN LESLIE, Atty. for Plaintiff, 206 Broadway, N. Y. City.

HERMAN FOX, Atty. for Deft., 335 Broadway, N. Y. City.

H. K. CODDINGTON, Atty. for Deft. and for Guardian ad litem, 206 Broadway, N. Y. City.

J. R. BOWEN, Atty. for Defts., 280 Broadway, N. Y. City.

JOHN B. HARRISON, Atty. for Defts., 237 Broadway, N. Y. City.

JOHN B. HARRISON, Guardian ad litem, 237 Broadway, N. Y. City.

ARTHUR M. SILBER, Guardian ad litem, 12 Broadway, N. Y. City.

ABBOTT & COYNE, Attys. for Guardian ad litem, 29 Broadway, N. Y. City.

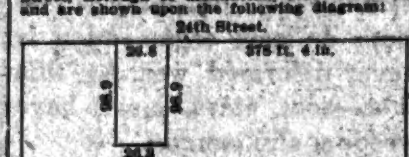
A. S. GILBERT, Atty. for Deft., 38 Park Row, N. Y. City.

CHARLES W. DAYTON, Atty. for Deft., 27 William Street, N. Y. City.

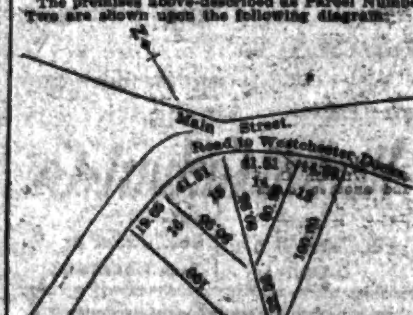
ROSENDALE & DODD, Atty. for Deft., 59 Broadway, N. Y. City.

The premises above-described as Parcel Number One are known as Number 223 West 24th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and are shown upon the following diagram:

24th Street.



The premises above-described as Parcel Number Two are shown upon the following diagram:



Dated June 9, 1903.

JOHN J. DELANY, Referee.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—MARY COSTIGAN, plaintiff, against JOHN J. TOBIN and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, bearing date the 26th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 24th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the real property and premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

Parcel One: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, and known and distinguished on a map on file in the office of the Register in and for the City and County of New York, entitled "Map of sixty-four lots of ground, the property of Gabriel H. Carroll, being part of the farm of Samuel L. Norton, deceased," by the number fifty-five, (55,) being bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Thirty-seventh Street, distant one hundred and ninety-nine feet eleven and one-half inches easterly from the southeasterly corner of Eighth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, running thence southerly and parallel with the Eighth Avenue ninety-eight feet and nine inches; thence easterly and parallel with Thirty-seventh Street twenty-five feet and one-half of an inch; thence northerly and again parallel with Eighth Avenue ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the said southerly side of Thirty-seventh Street, and thence westerly along said southerly side of Thirty-seventh Street twenty-five feet and one-fourth of an inch to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less and as now in possession.

Parcel Two: All that certain piece or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twentieth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Thirty-second Street at a point opposite the centre of a party wall, distant two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet six (6) inches easterly from the intersection of the northerly side of Thirty-second Street and the easterly side of Ninth Avenue; thence running northerly and parallel to said Ninth Avenue and for a part of the distance through the centre of a party wall ninety-eight (98) feet nine (9) inches to the centre line of the block between Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets; thence easterly along said centre line twenty-four (24) feet; thence southerly and again parallel with Ninth Avenue and for a part of the distance through the centre of a party wall ninety-eight (98) feet nine (9) inches to the said northerly side of Thirty-second Street at a point opposite the centre of a party wall erected on said premises, and thence westerly along the northerly side of Thirty-second Street twenty-four (24) feet to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less and as now in possession, the easterly and westerly walls of said house erected on the premises being party walls.

Parcel Three: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City and County of New York, on the northerly side of Thirty-second Street, between the Ninth and Tenth Avenues, and known by the street number Four Hundred and Nine (409) (old number 351) West Thirty-second Street, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Thirty-second Street distant one hundred feet westerly from the northwesterly corner of Ninth Avenue and Thirty-second Street; running thence northerly and parallel with Ninth Avenue ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the centre line of the block between Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets; thence westerly along said centre line of the block twenty-one feet eight inches; thence southerly parallel with Ninth Avenue, and for a part of the distance through the centre of a party wall erected on said premises ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the said northerly side of Thirty-second Street at a point opposite the centre of the party wall erected on said premises, and thence easterly along said northerly side of Thirty-second Street twenty-one feet nine and one-half inches to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less and as now in possession, the westerly wall of the house erected on said premises being a party wall.

Parcel Four: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twentieth Ward of the City of New York, on the northerly side of Thirty-second Street, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Thirty-second Street opposite the centre of a party wall erected on said premises distant one hundred and twenty-one feet nine and one-half inches westerly from the northwesterly corner of the Ninth Avenue and Thirty-second Street; running thence northerly parallel with Ninth Avenue and for a part of the distance through the centre of a party wall ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along said centre line of the block twenty-one feet three inches; thence southerly parallel with Ninth Avenue and for a part of the distance through the centre of a party wall ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the said northerly side of Thirty-second Street at a point opposite the centre of the party wall erected on said premises, and thence easterly along said northerly side of Thirty-second Street twenty-one feet three inches to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less, and as now in possession, the easterly and westerly walls of the house erected on said premises being party walls.

Parcel Five: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twentieth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Thirty-second Street, opposite the centre of a party wall erected on said premises distant one hundred and forty-three feet and one-half of an inch westerly from the northwesterly corner of the Ninth Avenue and Thirty-second Street; running thence northerly parallel with Ninth Avenue and for a part of the distance through the centre of a party wall ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the centre line of the block between Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets; thence westerly along said centre line of the block twenty-one feet one inch; thence southerly parallel with Ninth Avenue and for a part of the distance through the centre of a party wall ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the said northerly side of Thirty-second Street, at a point opposite the centre of the party wall erected on said premises; thence easterly along said northerly side of Thirty-second Street twenty-one feet two inches to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less, and as now in possession, the easterly and westerly walls of the house erected on said premises being party walls.

Parcel Six: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twentieth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Thirty-second Street, opposite the centre of a party wall erected on said premises, distant one hundred and sixty-four feet two and one-half inches westerly from the northwesterly corner of the Ninth Avenue and Thirty-second Street; running thence northerly parallel with Ninth Avenue, and for a part of the distance through the centre of a party wall, ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the centre line of the block between Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets; thence westerly along said centre line of the block twenty-two feet; thence southerly parallel with Ninth Avenue, ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the said northerly side of Thirty-second Street; and thence easterly along said northerly side of Thirty-second Street twenty-two feet to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less and as now in possession, the westerly wall of the house erected on said premises being a party wall, subject, however, to any right which may be possessed by the owner of the premises next westerly adjoining the premises herein described to maintain beams in the westerly wall of the house erected on said premises herein described.

Parcel Seven: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twentieth Ward of the City of New York, and on a map entitled "Map of Fifty-four Lots to be sold at auction by Halliday and Muller," filed in the Register's office of said city," is known as Number fourteen, (14,) and is bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the northerly line of Thirty-second Street distant two hundred and seven feet and six inches westerly from the intersection of said northerly line of Thirty-second Street with the westerly line of the Ninth Avenue, running thence northerly and parallel with the Ninth Avenue, and for a part of the distance through the centre of a party wall, ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the middle or half distance line of the block formed by Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets; thence westerly along said half distance line twenty-one feet five inches; thence southerly, parallel with the Ninth Avenue, and for a part of the distance through the centre of two certain party walls erected on the westerly line of said premises, ninety-eight feet and nine inches to the said northerly line of Thirty-second Street, and thence easterly along said northerly line of Thirty-second Street twenty-one feet five inches to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less, and as now in possession, the westerly wall of the house erected upon the front portion of said premises being a party wall, and the easterly and westerly walls of the house erected on the rear portion of said premises being both party walls.

All of the foregoing parcels and premises are to be sold free and clear of all liens and of the rights and interests therein of all parties to this action, including the inchoate rights of dower of the defendants Sarah Tobin and Ellen Tobin.

Dated New York, June 24, 1903.

WARREN LESLIE, Referee.

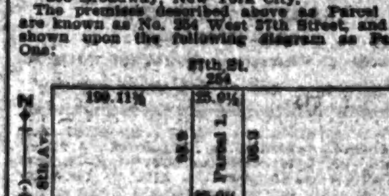
JOHN J. DELANY, Attorney for Plaintiff, 27 William Street, New York City.

FREDERICK ST. JOHN, Attorney for Defendants, 27 William Street, New York City.

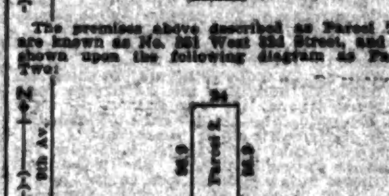
JOHN F. O'BRIEN, Esq., Guardian ad litem, 206 Broadway, New York City.

The premises described above as Parcel One are known as No. 264 West 37th Street, and are shown upon the following diagram as Parcel One:

37th St.



The premises above described as Parcel Two are known as No. 361 West 32d Street, and are shown upon the following diagram as Parcel Two:



32d St.

The last five above described parcels of property are known respectively as Numbers 409, 411, 413, 415, and 419 West 32d Street, and are shown upon the following diagram as Parcels Three, Four, Five, Six, and Seven, all of said parcels to be sold separately:

32d St.

Dated New York, June 24, 1903.

WARREN LESLIE, Referee.

je6-2aw3wTu&F&je24

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—SUSAN A. R. MOSES, Plaintiff, against ALBERT H. HATCH and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 8th day of June, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the first day of July, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Fifth Ward of the City of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the westerly side or line of Greenwich Street, distant northerly from the northwesterly corner of Beach and Greenwich Streets seventy-three (73) feet and one (1) inch, and running thence northerly along said westerly side or line of Greenwich Street twenty-seven (27) feet to the southeasterly corner of a lot formerly owned by Aaron Moses, now owned by said Albert H. Hatch; thence westerly at a right angle with Greenwich Street one hundred feet; thence southerly at a right angle and parallel with Greenwich Street twenty-seven feet; thence easterly at a right angle one hundred feet to the point or place of beginning, and known as Number four hundred, formerly three hundred and eighty-six, Greenwich Street.

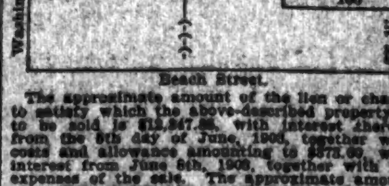
Dated New York, June 8th, 1903.

FRANK COCHRANE, Referee.

SMITH & BOWMAN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 400 Greenwich Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York:

Hubert Street.



Beach Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $12,847.66, with interest thereon from the 5th day of June, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $372.20, with interest from June 8th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $621.51 and interest. The property is to be sold subject to a mortgage held by the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, on which there is due $20,000, principal, bearing interest at 4 per cent. from January 1, 1903, which is a lien prior and superior to the aforesaid judgment.

Dated New York, June 8th, 1903.

FRANK COCHRANE, Referee.

je9-2aw3wTu&F&je30dy1

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—OTTO ROTHSCHILD and BENJAMIN BLUMENTHAL, both individually, and as members of the firm of BLUMENTHAL & CO. and the said firm, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Otto Rothschild, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 15, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Postoffice Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 29, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, June 15, 1903.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WISSNER

SPECIAL OFFERINGS AT THE PIANO WAREROOMS, 25 EAST 14TH ST.

UPRIGHT, used by artist	$175
UPRIGHT, taken in trade	95
25 Newark Av., Jersey City.	
UPRIGHT, great bargain; celebrated	90
UPRIGHT, slightly used	185
556 Broad St., Newark.	
UPRIGHT, was $475, now	190
UPRIGHT, old, but good	50
536 Fulton St., Brooklyn.	
UPRIGHT, concert used	200
UPRIGHT, discontinued	235

PEASE PIANOS.

128 WEST 42D ST., NEAR B'WAY.

The ideal piano for the vocalist. Big values offered in our SPRING SALE of used pianos. Prices 1-3 to ½ off. Write for sale list and special payment plan. Renting. Exchanging.

STURZ PIANOS.

Sold on easy terms direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS AT 142 LINCOLN AVE. 134th Street, Block East of 3rd Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS.

A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free. HATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO.

EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1045—38th. 1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St.

UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 21 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 487 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

New Pianos to Rent.—Rent applied if you purchase. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

FOR SALE.

WHY NOT Buy a Good Trunk?

Crouch & Fitzgerald

161 BROADWAY (Below Cortlandt St.).
688 BROADWAY (Below 4th St.).
723 SIXTH AVE. (Below 42d St.).

"PAINT-KUM-OFF."

The Wonderful Paint Remover. Sample quart, 50 cents. Manufactured solely by P-K-O Mfg. Co., 10 East 14th St., New York. Specially adapted for yachts.

GENERAL **TYPEWRITER** EXCHANGE. LATEST MODELS Rented and Sold. Cash or installments. 239 B'WAY. Tel. 1673 Cort.

SAFES.—New and second-hand of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged, and repaired. J. M. MOSSMAN, 72 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1420 John.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES.

A-One Typewriter Exchange, 248 B'way, N. Y., 1 flight up; 486 Fulton St., B'klyn.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.

All Makes. F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. Tel. 5940 Frank.

Typewriters—Pittsburg Visible, Remingtons, Smiths, Blickensderfers, Williams, Hammonds, Franklins; sold, rented, exchanged, repaired. Gorman, 79 Nassau.

Typewriter Headquarters, 332 Broadway.—Call up 3190 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Typewriters rented, $3 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel. 3066 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 305 Broadway.

LOANS.

CASH

IN ANY AMOUNT

advanced without unnecessary delay or formality on satisfactory security of any character.

Accounts, Notes, Chattels, Salaries, Legacies, Incomes, Judgments, Contracts, &c.

Business Confidential. Lowest Possible Rates.

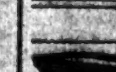
John Mulholland.

FIVE OFFICES IN GREATER NEW YORK:
25 PARK ROW,
5 & 7 EAST 42D ST., } NEW YORK.
125TH ST. & PARK AV.,
44 COURT ST., } BROOKLYN.
54 BROADWAY,
APPLY MOST CONVENIENT OFFICE.

MONEY Loaned to people in any kind of business. 150 NASSAU ST. OFFICE 729.

SALARIES Liberal Advances on Salary, Without Endorsement. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 704.

BILLIARDS.



Billiard and Pool Tables, solidly made; high-grade goods. Lightning, accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1850. 105 East 9th St.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the Application for a Voluntary Dissolution of the EXPORT LUMBER COMPANY, a Domestic Corporation.—Notice of Appointment of Receiver.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the Supreme Court, State of New York, in the County of New York, the receiver of all the property, assets, and effects of Export Lumber Company, the corporation above named, and that he has this day duly qualified as such receiver, and does hereby require that:

First—All persons indebted to said corporation render an account to the undersigned at his office, in the Whitehall Building, Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, of all debts and sums of money owing by them, respectively, to such receiver, and to pay the same to him on or before the 1st day of August, 1903.

Second—All persons having in their possession any property or effects of such corporation, deliver the same to the said receiver on or before the said 1st day of August, 1903.

Third—All the creditors of such corporation deliver to the said receiver their respective accounts and demands on or before the said 1st day of August, 1903.

Fourth—All persons holding any open or subsisting contract of such corporation present the same in writing and in detail to such receiver at his office as aforesaid on or before the said 1st day of August, 1903.—Dated Whitehall Building, Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., June 10th, 1903.

WATERMAN A. TAFT, Receiver.

DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Attorneys for Receiver, 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

FISHER, BASIL JOHN.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Isabella Fisher, Lilian Brenda Fisher Browning, Olivia Maud Fisher, Elsie May Fisher, William Randolph Grover Fisher, and Millicent Rosa Fisher, the widow, heirs, and next of kin of BASIL JOHN FISHER, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Theodore F. Kluttz of Salisbury, North Carolina, has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Basil John Fisher, late of the County of New York, deceased, therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 30th day of June, one thousand nine hundred and three, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

[L. S.] Witness, Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 5th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

INGRAM, ROOT & MASSEY, Attorneys for Executor. my12-1aw7wTu

CRAFT, MARY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY CRAFT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business at the office of Frederic de P. Foster, No. 18 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the tenth day of October next.—Dated New York, the first day of April, 1903.

SAMUEL MOORE CRAFT, Executor.

FREDERIC DE P. FOSTER, Attorney for Executor, 18 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. ap7-1aw6mTu

BOARDERS WANTED.

17th St., 116 East.—Large square room; private bath; also two hall rooms; nicely furnished; excellent table.

21st St., 17-19-21 West, Near 5th Av.—Neatly furnished large and small rooms; well appointed house; accommodations for transients; references; telephone.

22d St., 30 East.—Large and small desirable rooms, with board; table board; references.

34th, 115, 117, 119 East. THE NAYLOR.

Double and single rooms; southern exposure; also two rooms suite, with private bath; parlor dining room; telephone; Southerners and army people accommodated.

125th St., 242 West.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms to rent with or without board.

Brooklyn.

Suburbs, Brooklyn.—Cool corner room, detached house; large porch; modern conveniences; convenient Manhattan; gentlemen or couple; terms, $6 each. 5,911 15th Av., Brooklyn.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

18th St., 11 West.—Beautiful rooms, front, back; all conveniences; special rates to Summer guests; transients.

21st St., 48 West.—Large and small handsomely furnished rooms in well-appointed house.

22nd, 408 West.—Newly furnished rooms; also rear parlor; reference.

30th St., 7 East.—Hall and medium size rooms to let; gentlemen only; reference.

23d St., 334 West.—Two beautiful connecting rooms; also other rooms; strictly first-class house; gentlemen only.

43d St., 4 East.—Large and small rooms to gentlemen only; Summer prices; references required.

49th St., 131 West.—Nicely furnished rooms, separate or together; all conveniences; moderate rates.

53d St., 206 West.—Desirable medium-size room in cool corner apartment; Summer rate. Whitty.

A lady living in luxurious home West Seventies, near 72d St. Station, will rent one or two beautifully furnished rooms, bath adjoining, to gentlemen. Address D Box 111 Times.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites call on Earle A. Kaake, 1,181 B'way.

Gramercy Park, 23.—Gentlemen only; 2 fully furnished large front hall rooms; bath same floor; breakfast.

Handsomely furnished front room, running water; also hall room; Summer rates. 234 West 120th St.

Madison Av., 74.—Rooms, single, en suite, private baths; breakfasts optional; transients accommodated; Summer rates.

Madison Av., 343, near 44th.—Bachelor accommodations; cool rooms; suite, singly; gentlemen; telephone; references; porcelain baths.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Lake View Hotel, Highland Falls, Orange Co., N. Y.—Facing the lake; large, airy rooms; excellent table; large outing parties furnished with dinner; fishing and pleasure boats. $2 per day, $8 and $10 weekly. Henry C. Brunner, owner and prop.

Lake View Farm.—Gentleman's place, for select families; one hour out, West Shore Railroad; boating, bathing, fishing, driving; new house; improvements; excellent table. Valley Cottage, Rockland Co., N. Y.

20 CLINTON PLACE, NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

A few newly furnished and decorated rooms with first-class board; hotel service; stable accommodation.

Ludlow-on-Hudson.—30 minutes New York Central or Putnam; private American family; excellent table; airy rooms; shady veranda; gentlemen only. B. Times, Harlem.

Ives Place, Catskills.—Quiet, beautiful, well shaded, neat, roomy, bath, toilet; near station; village farm; excellent table. Address C. W. Ives, Hobart, N. Y.

Walker Valley House, Shawangunk Mountains.—Pleasantly situated; $6 and $6; children $3 and $4 weekly. Mrs. E. E. Morrow, Walker Valley, Ulster Co., N. Y.

THE KNOLL, WOODBURNE, SULL. C., N. Y. Capacity, 60. Every modern improvement. No undesirable persons accommodated. For booklet address J. A. MUNSON, Prop.

Edgewood, Loch Sheldrake, Sullivan County, N. Y.—Large new farm house; light, airy rooms; broad, shady piazzas; piano. For terms address W. R. Stodart.

OLD HOMESTEAD, MILERTON, DUTCHESS Co., N. Y. Among the Berkshire Hills. OPEN NOW. Write for Booklet. Mrs. S. E. BRONSON, Proprietress.

At New Rochelle—42 Pelham Road, near Centre Av.; fine rooms; an acre of ground; beautifully located, directly on the water; boating, bathing, fishing.

Catskills.—Hulse's Mountain Retreat; picturesque; high elevation; generous accommodations; dairy; $6. Hulse, 319 Times.

Boarders Wanted.—$5 weekly, children according to age; there are boating and fishing near by. Hess Farm, Valley Cottage, Rockland Co., New York.

Boarders wanted for Summer months; good table, good shade, good bathing; reference given if needed. Mrs. J. St. Box 51, Keansburg, N. J.

"Nestwood," Woodbury Falls, Orange Co., N. Y.—Large rooms and piazzas; beautiful lawns; excellent table, &c. D. J. Sargeant.

Villa Bellevue.—Accommodations for few first-class people; golf and tennis. Mrs. D. C. Lampert, Stamford, Delaware Co., New York.

Mountain View House, Highland Mills, N. Y.—Large rooms; bath; excellent table; beautiful location. Mrs. John W. Ford.

Good board and rooms, 5¾ miles from 155th St. via Putnam R. R. or trolley. S. L. PARKER, Lincoln Park, Yonkers, N. Y.

Sullivan County.—Excellent table; toilet, bath; near churches, Post Office, depot; reasonable. J. Sheridan, Roscoe, N. Y.

Upper Montclair, N. J.—Few guests desired in handsome private house; fine grounds; golf, tennis; references. Box 42.

FLORAL HILL HOUSE, Highland Mills, N. Y.—Airy rooms; bath; excellent table; large lawns, &c. Mrs. G. A. Merritt.

Physician can accommodate few boarders; no children; terms, $7 to $8. Box 8, West Hurley, N. Y.

Good board in a pleasant country home, with modern conveniences. Address Box 72, Williamsburg, Mass.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

Board, middle-aged couple; central Jersey preferred; fifty dollars month; commuting distance. Full particulars D 167 Times.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 3,975.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES CLAREY, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of James Clarey, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1903, the said James Clarey was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of P. K. Pendleton, referee in bankruptcy, No. 25 Broad Street, Room 1,544, New York City, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

P. K. PENDLETON, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, June 16, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—DAVID I. DOREMUS, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that DAVID I. DOREMUS, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 30, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 29, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, June 15, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—ISAAC N. ELKIN, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac N. Elkin, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 6th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Judges of the United States District Court in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 29th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, June 15th, 1903.

NO. 3930.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID MARX, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of DAVID MARX, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of June, A. D. 1903, the said DAVID MARX was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1903, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

June 15th, 1903.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

HESSE, CATHARINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CATHARINE HESSE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Henry E. Frankenberg, his attorney, No. 10 Wall Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 21st day of December, next.

Dated, New York, the 15th day of June, 1903.

JOHN JOSEPH HESSE, Administrator.

HENRY E. FRANKENBERG, Atty. for Administrator, 10 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. je16-1aw6mTu

INSTRUCTION.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping. Enter any day or evening. No vacations—Circulars. No better school at any price. MILLER SCHOOL, 1133-1135 Broadway, Cor. 26th St.

Coaching for College.—A. Everett Stone, (Yale,) 316 W. 56th St. During vacation six students are entertained in his country home in the Berkshires.

If you want to become a newspaper or magazine writer address P. O. Box 1,652, city.

STORAGE.

Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 400-402 East 138th St.—Clean storage; reasonable rates; vans for moving; packing, shipping; estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned, 3c. yard up. Telephone, 557—Melrose.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES TAKEN CARE OF AND STORED FOR THE SEASON; MODERATE COST. J. F. REINHARDT, 17 WEST 28TH ST., HICKS BUILDING. TELEPHONE, 356 MADISON SQUARE.

J. & J. W. WILLIAMS, CARPET CLEANING, 353 W. 54th St. Tel. 542 Columbus. Est. 1875.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 2 Maiden Lane.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Inventions Patented and Sold.

Send for free booklet. PATENT DEVELOPMENT CO. OF AMERICA, 130 Broadway, N. Y.

Wanted—Chicago agency and the West for some good, low-priced article of merit. H. Davis, 163 State St., Chicago, Ill.

AUCTION SALES.

Mortgage Sale.—Frank E. Gore, auctioneer, sells this day, June 16, 1903, 9 A. M., at 394 Washington St., Borough of Manhattan, by virtue of mortgage of William Noble to Consumers Brewing Company, lot of saloon fixtures and chattels; Holm & Smith, Attys. for Mortgagee, 61 Park Row, New York City.

DOGS AND BIRDS.

Dogs, cats, and pet animals boarded; plenty of grass and shade; animals called for and returned. Pinewood Kennels, Morris Heights, New York.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 207 8th Av.

PATENTS.

Patents promptly procured. Advice and book free. Edgar Tate & Co., Registered Patent Solicitors, 245 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Wanted.—Competent laundress; excellent place; good wages; also kitchenmaid; city references required. Call Tuesday and Wednesday. Wild, 38 West 33d St.

Wanted—Two first-class women cooks; $40 per month each. 54 East 59th St.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Painter of china or similar work of delicate character. Call after 9 A. M. Prometheus Electric Co., 30 Cortlandt St.

Salesmen.—Energetic, hustling men to sell industrial stock for corporation; pays dividends monthly; big money to parties showing ability. Room 508, 123 Liberty St.

Wanted—A bright, energetic man, of good appearance, about 30 years of age, by a bond investment house; previous experience in above business not essential, but applicant must possess salesmanship qualifications; married man preferred. Address, with full statement of experience, naming salary expected, to "Bond House," Box 181 Times.

Wanted—Lubricating oil salesman; must be experienced and command some trade; liberal salary to right party. Wholesale Oils, Station W, Brooklyn.

Agents.

A NEW POLICY just out by The Mutual Life of N. Y. Easy seller, good commission. Agents are invited to call for literature and terms at Home Office, Room 108, 30 Liberty St.

PROFESSIONAL SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Young lady, (21,) just graduated from Heffley Institute with honors, desires position as stenographer and typewriter; salary, $8. H. Rose, 408 Vanderbilt Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

CHAMBERMAIDS.

Chambermaid, &c.—A lady going to Europe wishes to find situation for capable, very obliging young girl to assist with chamberwork, parlor work, or in country; disengaged June 24. 25 West 10th St.

COOKS.

Cook.—Scotch Protestant woman as cook; no objection to do washing small family; city or country; best city reference. 319 East 52d St., third floor.

DRESSMAKERS.

Children's Dressmaker.—First-class work guaranteed; at home or out. Bodine, 101 West 93d.

Dressmaker.—A thorough, good dressmaker takes work home or by day; skirts, waists; also alterations, remodeling, repairing, children's clothes. Mrs. Huth, 150 West 101st St.

Dressmaker—Wants engagement out by day; stylish work. Mrs. Holmes, 330 West 20th St.

HOUSEKEEPERS.

Housekeeper or Nurse.—By an intelligant and refined widow as housekeeper or nurse; thoroughly competent; executive ability. J. G. Edwards, 37 East 10th St.

LADY'S MAIDS.

Maid and Seamstress.—By a Frenchwoman, stylish fitter, as maid and seamstress; first-class references exchanged. M. Dealy, 135 Lexington Av. Telephone, 2163—Madison Square.

NURSES.

Nurse.—A competent girl, well recommended, wants to take care of child of about three years or older; willing to go to country. Petsold, 707 Elp St., West Hoboken, N. J.

Nurse.—Protestant; infant's nurse; competent to take entire charge; first-class references; wages $40 per month. 26 East 49th St.

CARETAKERS.

Caretakers.—By a young married couple, to take care of private house; highest references. Box Q, 1,030 Times, Harlem Branch.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

BOOKKEEPERS.

Accountant (expert) will open, close, balance, or keep books by day or night; estate accounts made up in proper form for lawyers or others; moderate charges. Accountant, Room 608, 170 Nassau St.

Bookkeeper, cashier, business man of executive ability, experienced in financial matters, office management, &c., desires responsible position. T. W. Reynolds, 949 St. Nicholas Av.

COACHMEN.

Coachman.—By thoroughly first-class man; very best city references; disengaged through family going abroad. T. W., Private Stable, 946 Amsterdam Av.

VALETS.

Valet.—Japanese youth, experienced, as valet or steward on yacht. Kono, 136 High St., Brooklyn.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Electrician.—By a young man as helper. D. A. Scott, 1,983 2d Av.

Young man, 24 years, wishes position in country; willing to do anything. Industrious, D Box 118 Times.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HEERWAGEN, EDWARD C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDWARD C. HEERWAGEN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Robert R. Deyo, No. 115 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of September, 1903.—Dated New York, the 24th day of February, 1903. CHARLES F. SAUERDORF, WILLIAM KOTHE, Executors. ROBERT R. DEYO, Attorney for Executors, 115 Broadway, N. Y. City, (Manhattan.) fe17-1aw6mTu

PATTERSON, MAGDALENA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MAGDALENA PATTERSON, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 416 West 16th Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of August, next.—Dated New York, the 10th day of February, 1903. LOUIS GRUNEWALD, HENRY GRUNEWALD, executors. fe17-1aw6mTu

STUART, HENRY W., ALSO KNOWN AS STUART ROBSON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY W. STUART, also known as STUART ROBSON, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Leon Laski, her attorney, Nos. 19-21 Park Row, Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 25th day of November next.—Dated New York, the 25th day of May, 1903. MAY DOUGHERTY STUART, Administratrix. LEON LASKI, Attorney for Administratrix, 19-21 Park Row, Manhattan, City of New York. my26-1aw6mTu

WORMSER SUIT TO STOP METROPOLITAN LEASE

Traction Officials on the Stand at the Trial's Opening.

Constructive Fraud Charged—Manager Root Testifies That Guaranteed Rental Was Preferred to Deferred Dividends.

When the suit of Isidor Wormser, Jr., to prevent the carrying out of the lease of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company to the Interurban Street Railway Company came up for trial in Special Term, Part IV., yesterday, Albert L. Stickney, attorney for Mr. Wormser, in his preliminary statement to Justice Scott, declared in part:

"We expect to prove that these gentlemen who manipulated and forced through this scheme were to receive large pecuniary benefits from its completion, and that the circumstances under which they were to receive these large pecuniary benefits were such as to make their actions a constructive fraud on the minority stockholders."

It is the allegation of Mr. Wormser in his complaint that the execution of the lease and the operation of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company by the Interurban Company would rob the Metropolitan stockholders of earnings which should be theirs and divert them to the stockholders in the Interurban. The suit is to enjoin the Metropolitan and Interurban Companies from carrying out the lease and to compel surrender and return of the property and assets delivered to the Interurban Company under that lease and arrangement by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company.

ATTACKS INTERURBAN LEASE.

It is Mr. Wormser's contention that the receipts and earnings of the Metropolitan will increase to much more than 7 per cent. with the growth of population and the development of the service, and that this additional amount should go to the stockholders in the Metropolitan, whereas it will go, under the lease arrangement, to the stockholders of the Interurban. The funds to be raised by the lease plan, Mr. Wormser contends, could be easily acquired by the sale of securities.

The Interurban Company, the complaint says, was incorporated with a capital of $500,000, and incorporated to take over the North Mount Vernon Railway Company, "a domestic street surface railroad company, holding an insignificant amount of lines of railroad in the County of Westchester, with an equipment of small value." This property was subject to a mortgage of $18,000, which was foreclosed, and the property sold for a small amount and acquired by the Interurban Company.

The entire property of the Interurban Company is averred to be of little value and to offer no security to the Metropolitan stockholders for the payment of the rental specified in the agreement, and the Interurban Company is declared by Mr. Wormser to be merely a "dummy," through whom "the vast properties of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company and the interests of its stockholders are to be passed over into the control of the Metropolitan Securities Company without any other substantial security for the payment of the so-called guaranteed rental than is afforded by the control of the property of the Metropolitan Street Railway itself."

Mr. Wormser says the features of the scheme were the leasing by the Metropolitan to the Interurban of all its vast property and interests for 999 years, the Interurban agreeing to pay to the Metropolitan Company or its stockholders by way of rental a sum equivalent to 7 per cent. of the capital stock of the Metropolitan. The Metropolitan Securities Company was formed, he alleges, with a capital of $30,000,000, which has acquired all the outstanding capital stock and is to be the owner of any further stock or securities which the Interurban may issue or own or obtain.

The stockholders of the Metropolitan, he says, are offered the privilege of subscribing to the stock of the Metropolitan Securities Company to the extent of 45 per cent. of their holdings of stock, which would aggregate $23,400,000; and the balance of the stock, $6,600,000, and any stock not taken up, has been allotted to the banking firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for underwriting the scheme.

The answer of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company says that the plaintiff and his agents and assignees duly subscribed to the shares of stock of the Metropolitan Securities Company under the privilege offered, and received and retained the shares in that manner acquired, and thereby ratified and approved the lease, and are now estopped from contesting the validity and binding effect of the lease. It is further claimed that the present suit is identical with an action brought by Harry and Walter Content to set aside the lease and plan under which the transfer of the Metropolitan and Interurban properties were made, and that relief in the Wormser case can be obtained under the Content suit. The Interurban in its answer sets up the same facts.

The defense of the two companies is in the hands of ex-Supreme Court Justice Charles L. Brown, W. D. Guthrie of the firm of Guthrie, Cravath & Henderson, and Edward Lauterbach of the firm of Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson. Besides Mr. Stickney, the firm of Anderson, Pendleton & Anderson represents the plaintiff.

Henry A. Robinson, General Attorney for the Metropolitan Road since 1893, who was the first witness called by Mr. Stickney, was asked to tell about his position and his holdings. He said he first learned of the proposed lease of the Metropolitan to the Interurban in February, 1902.

"I had talked with Mr. Warren, the Secretary of the company," said Mr. Robinson, "several months previously, as to the finances of the company, and he told me there was to be some new plan to raise capital for additional improvements. I presume the matter was settled by the Executive Committee, consisting of Mr. Elkins, Mr. Widener, Mr. Dolan, and Mr. Vreeland. Mr. Warren's attention was principally given to the construction debt, as he called it, and the interest which was accumulating upon it."

"Did you discuss any scheme?"

"Oh, yes. We discussed the question as to whether there might be another issue of capital stock."

Mr. Robinson then told of conversations he had with Judge Brown and Lawyer Cravath, and of his finally learning of the scheme of the lease to the Interurban. He said that about 405,000 shares of stock were voted by the stockholders in favor of ratifying the lease, leaving only 16 per cent. against it. Notice of the terms of the lease had been sent to all of the stockholders.

Oren Root, Jr., the next witness, described himself as General Manager of the Metropolitan system, and said he was also a Director holding 100 shares of stock. Replying to questions by Mr. Stickney, Mr. Root said that he was satisfied before he voted for the lease that it was for the best interest of the company, and that the men behind the Interurban scheme were fully responsible.

"Any other facts?" asked the attorney.

"Well, there were many other considerations," replied Mr. Root, "such as the unfavorable decision of the franchise tax law, the possible effect of the construction of the rapid transit tunnels upon the earnings of the company, the increased cost of the materials of construction, which were all factors that might come to affect the earnings of the road adversely. The very strongest consideration was the fact that the Metropolitan Company, in order to insure its ability to properly conduct its business and to meet the competition of the elevated road and the subway, should secure sufficient funds to construct several miles of horse car tracks; should also have some means to fund the floating debt, and also over $11,000,000 so as to enable the company to keep its floating debt from becoming an operating charge, which must have been the case if stocks or bonds had been issued without guarantee on the financial condition of the company when the matter was taken up."

ABILITY TO PAY DIVIDENDS.

"Now, Mr. Root," interrupted Justice Scott, "let me understand this. The Metropolitan Railroad had not been able to pay 7 per cent. dividends; the Metropolitan Securities Company took nothing but the securities and property of the Metropolitan system and guaranteed 7 per cent. How did they propose to do it? The Securities Company also was to advance some $22,000,000."

"We believed the personnel behind the Securities Company guarantee that the 7 per cent. would be paid; that the money needed for the development of the Metropolitan system would be raised without cost to the stockholders of the Metropolitan Road. We were looking at the matter from the stockholders' interest point of view."

"Still I don't see," persisted Justice Scott, "how the Securities Company could pay the dividend if the railroad company could not."

Mr. Root said that the Securities Company was to benefit eventually, but that it would take time. The question, he said, was whether the Metropolitan Railroad would go without dividends for several years or let them be paid by another company well enough off to await the deferred earnings of the company.

E. Clifford Morehead, auditor of the Interurban Street Railway Company, next placed on the stand, said that about eighteen months ago he was made a Director of the Metropolitan Company, with which he had been employed for six years as Secretary and Treasurer. When he was notified of his being placed on the board he acquired 100 shares of stock.

"May I ask," said Lawyer Stickney, "did you pay for them yourself?"

"No, Sir," replied Mr. Morehead.

"Who did, may I ask?"

"I don't know," was the reply.

Mr. Morehead went over the considerations which lead to the transfer, giving the reasons as they had been given before.

Q.—Has any part of the $22,000,000 been paid by the Interurban Company to the Metropolitan Company? A.—Yes, Sir, $18,548,000.

Q.—In cash? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—What disposition has been made of that amount? A.—Eleven millions were used to pay off the floating indebtedness; the balance was used for construction.

Joseph P. Cotton, Jr., and Forsythe Wicks, employes in the law office of Guthrie, Cravath & Henderson, told how they served on the boards and acted entirely as directed by their employers, who represented the underwriters, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., at the time of the transfer.

President H. H. Vreeland was in court, but counsel for the plaintiff were not prepared to question him, they said, and the case was adjourned until this morning at 10:30 o'clock, when Mr. Vreeland will go on the stand.

APPRAISER'S STORES INQUIRY.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Armstrong Says Investigation Is Simply in Regular Order.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Armstrong called at the office of the Appraiser of the Port late yesterday afternoon and was in conference with Appraiser George W. Whitehead for about an hour. He also had a talk with the three Special Agents of the Treasury who have for some days past been conducting an investigation into the affairs of the Appraiser's office. These Special Agents are: Caleb W. West of San Francisco; Burton Parker, Detroit, and Ralph W. Clayton, Washington. John R. Garrison, recently appointed Chief of the Customs Division at Washington, was at the Appraiser's office at the same time. Assistant Secretary Armstrong said yesterday:

"There is no special significance in my visit. I have been at the Custom House, the Sub-Treasury, and Ellis Island to-day, as well as the Appraiser's office, and I have, of course, found matters of interest at each place, but nothing outside of the usual routine. The report that has been published, that there is something unusual about this investigation by the Special Agents, is an error. It is certainly a good thing to have the affairs of any large establishment like this investigated quite frequently, and the present investigation is simply in the regular order. Similar investigations are held from time to time at other important ports.

"As a matter of fact, I think that the customs business at this port is in good shape. Importers are getting their goods within two days, and the new checking off system, which shows just who has charge of a particular parcel at any hour, enables us to fix the responsibility for any undue delay perfectly."

NEW SCANDINAVIAN LINER HERE.

The United States Makes Her First Voyage in Twelve Days.

The steamship United States, the latest addition to the fleet of the Scandinavian-American Line, arrived here on her maiden voyage from Copenhagen and Christiania yesterday. She is the third liner that has been added to the service within a year, the others being the King Oscar II. and the Hellig Olav, sister ships.

The new liner is fitted up in modern style, especial attention having been devoted to the beautifying of the saloon and second-cabin accommodations. The steerage passengers have also been given comfortable and well-ventilated quarters.

The United States was built at Glasgow by Alexander Stevens & Sons, and registers 6,030 tons net and 10,095 tons gross. She is 512 feet long, 58¼ feet wide, and 36¼ feet deep. Her engines develop 8,600 horse power, and she is expected to attain a speed of 16½ knots. She left Copenhagen June 3, and therefore made the westward passage in twelve days.

Found Guilty After Four Years.

Harvey S. Armstrong of Mount Vernon, was convicted of grand larceny in the second degree before Justice Davis, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday and was remanded for sentence. Armstrong, who was one time President of the Armstrong-Bolton Co., dealers in plumbing supplies and heating apparatus, was accused of misappropriating $600. He was indicted four years ago.

LEGAL NOTES.

HUSBAND'S RIGHT TO WIFE'S SOCIETY.—The case of Edward Jones against Laura E. Jones is an action by a husband against a wife to set aside deeds made by him to her. Mr. Jones bases his right to relief on the ground that he gave the instruments to Mrs. Jones on her promise, while they were living apart, to return and live with him the rest of his life. She did not do so and never intended to, so he alleged. Justice Spencer of the Fulton County Special Term of the Supreme Court, in overruling a demurrer and holding that the complaint states a good cause of action, says: "The defendant has attempted by this transaction to make merchandise of her marital relations. According to the fundamental principles of that relation, it is the right of the husband to fix, and his duty to maintain, the matrimonial domicile; and it is the right of the wife to be supported by her husband therein, and her duty to give to her husband the benefit of her society, and to render such service in the care of the home as shall be in keeping with their station in life; and any agreement which attempts to alter these rights and duties, or to rest them upon any other foundation, is illegal and void. The encouragement of marriage has always been a matter of deep public concern, and it has come to be the universal rule that all contracts in restraint thereof, or for the procurement or facilitating of divorce, are against public policy. An exception, however, exists where the parties have separated, and the husband has made provision by deed for the separate support of the wife. In those cases contracts to convey property have been upheld, where the same were fair and equitable. But I do not think the conveyances here are within that exception. They were not made for the wife's support, and the only consideration therefor is the agreement on the part of the wife to cohabit with the husband—a duty which she assumed by virtue of her marriage. The law will not uphold, nor the courts tolerate, such agreements."

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LIABILITY OF A MEMBER OF AN UNINCORPORATED CLUB.—The June number of The Columbia Law Review contains an interesting note on the liability of a member of an unincorporated club. The Review shows by a citation of cases that the nature of a member's interest, the character of a club, and the common acceptation of a member's obligation by the world at large, all tend to negative any liability beyond that for the stated dues and assessments provided for by the rules of the club. It is clear, says The Review, that a member of a club does not, by the act of joining, constitute the Trustee or the committee of the club his agents for the purpose of contracting debts. A case is cited to show that if the dues are not sufficient to meet the expenses of the club it is the duty of the Trustee to call on the members for further subscriptions; there can be no liability against a member to an outsider if the expenses have exceeded the revenues. An action was brought by one Flemyng, a wine merchant, against Hector, a member of the defunct Westminster Reform Club. The defendant had never dealt with the plaintiff, but it was in evidence that he had frequently been heard to call for Flemyng's wine. It was held, after full consideration by the whole court, that there was no agency either by prior authorization or subsequent ratification, that the fact of membership carried with it no idea of principal and agent, and that if the plaintiff relied on such agency he must prove it as he would any other fact. The interest of a member in the property of the club seems to be at most an inchoate right to a proportionate share of the assets on dissolution, and even this he loses when he ceases to be a member.

Tuesday, June 16, 1903.

The Ten-Dollar-Sale

is a Silent Sale. It Does Things. Its influence was plainly noticeable yesterday. All day long visitors from out of town predominated in the throng.

A Sensation? Yes!

Among the new arrivals are some

Genuine Irish Homespun Summer Suits (Coats & Trousers)

Single and Double-Breasted Sacks. See them. We leave the rest to YOU.

The Men's Store.

Direct Entrance, 18th Street, near 5th Ave.

We Give "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps.

NEGRO SHOT TWO IN CRIMINAL COURT HOUSE

Superintendent McFarlane Killed by Alleged Policy Operator.

His Deputy in the Goddard Society Is Wounded—Assailant Indicted for Murder Within an Hour.

Charles S. McFarlane, Superintendent of Capt. F. Norton Goddard's Anti-Policy Society, was shot and killed yesterday in the Criminal Courts Building by William Spencer, alias William Rogers, a negro said to be a policy operator, whose arrest McFarlane had caused. Mr. McFarlane was to appear as the principal witness at the trial, which was on the calendar of the day.

With the weapon still in his hand, the negro was arrested after a short resistance, just as he was about to begin a dash for liberty in the confusion which followed the shooting. Within an hour after this took place he had been indicted, and at his subsequent arraignment before Recorder Goff District Attorney Jerome announced that he would move the negro's case for trial next Monday.

In all Spencer fired four shots. One entered the left temple of McFarlane, another penetrated his heart. A third bullet went wild, while a fourth took effect in the left arm of Philip E. Bray, Deputy Superintendent of the Anti-Policy Society, inflicting a flesh wound.

The General Sessions corridor, where the shooting took place, was filled with the usual crowd at the time. As the shots reverberated through the building men and women rushed wildly, some toward the scene of the tragedy, others to escape dreaded injury. It was only through the prompt action of the numerous court attendants and policemen in the building that a panic was averted.

Spencer, on whose person was found a summons issued for William Rogers, has been out on bail since his arrest on May 11. Yesterday he was to have been placed on trial before Judge Cowing. He arrived in the building at 10:30 o'clock, and, entering an elevator, ascended to the second floor.

TOOK SEVERAL NEGROES UP.

Walter J. Fay, who runs the elevator Spencer used, declares there were two other negroes with him at the time, and that on his next trip he took up a fourth negro. All alighted on the second floor, but neither of the other negroes could be found after the shooting. When Spencer left the elevator he went up to Policeman Stinson McIvor of the West Twentieth Street Station, who was standing in the corridor.

"They won't put this nigger away for playing policy to-day," Spencer said, according to McIvor, in the course of a conversation.

It was about ten minutes later that Mr. McFarlane, accompanied by Bray, arrived. They used an elevator on the west side of the building. In the elevator they met George Simpson of the law firm of Levy & Unger. Spencer was waiting almost directly in front of this elevator.

"I see you are here, Spencer," said Mr. McFarlane to the negro.

"Yes, and I see you here, too," replied the negro with a scowl.

At this Mr. McFarlane started to walk away from Spencer, and as he did so uttered an exclamation that caused Mr. Simpson and Mr. Bray to turn round. When McFarlane came up to them, and he and Bray started for the door of the courtroom, Simpson, whose head was turned so that he faced the negro, uttered a cry which caused McFarlane to turn. He saw Spencer pointing a revolver at him, and an instant later the first shot rang out. The bullet entered the left temple of McFarlane and he fell to the floor, drawing Simpson with him. As he fell the negro fired two shots in rapid succession. One bullet went wild; the other struck Bray in the left arm. As the latter fell to the floor in a faint the negro took a step forward, and, bending over McFarlane's prostrate form, took deliberate aim and fired another bullet into his heart.

In the various courts the sessions for the day had just begun. Spectators and witnesses arose from their seats and scrambled to the door, despite the vigorous rapping for order by the Judges and the court officers. It was not until the doors of all the courtrooms had been ordered closed by the presiding Judges that a semblance of order was restored. Many women witnesses were so much affected by the tragedy that they had to be excused for the day.

In the midst of this confusion Spencer started on a run for the nearest stairway leading to the floor below. But even had he succeeded in gaining the ground floor he would not have been able to escape, for Sergt. Walsh of the court squad, as soon as he heard the shots, ordered all the doors of the building closed and posted officers at each entrance. Detective Tunney of the Oak Street Station seized the negro by the sleeve, but Spencer with a violent wrench got out of the grip, breaking all the nails of the detective's right hand.

Spencer had reached the top of the stairway when Roundsman Bernhard Kelleher of the Hamilton Avenue Station sprang upon him. Spencer struggled vainly. Detective Sergeant McNaught, County Detective Reardon, who was McFarlane's predecessor with the Anti-Policy Society, and Detective Sergeant Daly of Capt. McClusky's staff, then ran up. McNaught seized the negro, Reardon wrenched the revolver out of his hand, and Daly searched his pockets for additional weapons.

IDENTIFIED HIS ASSAILANT.

While this was going on the dead form of McFarlane lay in the corridor. After a wait of thirty-five minutes a Coroner gave permission for its removal. One of the officers rang up an ambulance, and Dr. Marshall from the Hudson Street Hospital responded. After the physician revived Deputy Superintendent Bray, Spencer was taken before him to be identified.

"Is this the man who shot you?" asked Detective McNaught.

"Yes, this is the man," said Bray weakly, "take him away and kill him." Bray was then taken to the hospital, while Spencer was taken to Police Headquarters.

"I'm no chicken-hearted nigger," he said to Inspector McClusky. "I thought I might as well go for something as for nothing. He has been hounding me, as he has been hounding others. He did not have me right this time, though. I don't care if this lands me in the electric chair to-morrow."

Spencer was then taken back to the Criminal Courts Building. The indictment had been found against him in the meantime, and he was taken before Recorder Goff at the very moment when the Grand Jury filed into court to make its daily report. It was with curiosity the grand jurors regarded the man they had so recently indicted for a capital offense. Spencer had no counsel, and was not allowed to plead, but he will be arraigned for that purpose to-morrow, counsel having been assigned to him by the Recorder. He was then remanded to the Tombs.

Spencer at the time of his arrest is said to have been the runner for small policy shops in the district about Seventh Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street. He has been in the policy business for several years, since he was convicted of burglary by Recorder Smyth. It was in a raid on a policy shop of which he was the proprietor, in West Twenty-eighth Street, that an attempt was made to shoot Frank Moss on the night of June 8, 1901. Mr. Moss headed the raiders, and the bullet grazed his shoulder.

The inquest on Mr. McFarlane's body has been set down for to-day before Coroner Goldenkranz.

While the body was at the Coroner's office John Schmidt, Mr. McFarlane's father-in-law, identified it. He later went to McFarlane's home, where his widow and two-year-old daughter were expecting him home for luncheon. Mr. Schmidt broke the news to his daughter, who fell in a faint.

District Attorney Jerome was not in the building when the shooting took place. He was deeply affected when upon his arrival a little later he learned of what had happened, and warmly commended the murdered man as an upright and efficient officer. Capt. Goddard was out of the city.

Mr. McFarlane had been with the Anti-Policy Society for two years. He was a native of Tyrone, Penn. Before he became identified with the work of the society he was a deputy with ex-Superintendnt McCullagh, and prior to that an Inspector for the Metropolitan Street Railway Company.

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STOLEN SILKS TRACED FAR.

Two Men Arrested on a Charge of Receiving the Goods.

Jacob Cohen, thirty-four years old, and Emanuel Walk, thirty-two years old, proprietors of a dry goods store at 180 Chrystie Street, were arrested yesterday charged with having received $2,000 worth of silks stolen from the house of Harris, Cohen & Co. of 165 Spring Street on the morning of June 10.

After the robbery was discovered Detectives Duggan and Kinsler learned that an express wagon had delivered two cases at the Savannah Line pier of the Ocean Steamship Company that morning, to be shipped to Warrington, Ga. He was told that one of the boxes had been broken on the pier and a cooper had patched it up. The cooper said the box contained silks.

Detective Carey was sent to Savannah to intercept the goods, taking with him a person familiar with the stolen silks. Meanwhile the cooper who repaired one of the cases had identified Walk as the man who had the work done. Detective Carey telegraphed yesterday that the boxes had been examined and that all of the stolen silks had been recovered. Walk and his partner were then arrested. Detective Duggan says that the bill of lading for the goods shipped South was found in their store.

CANFIELD MOTION ARGUED.

His Lawyer Asks That He Be Tried in Another County.

Richard A. Canfield, through ex-Justice Fursman, yesterday asked Justice Giegerich in the Supreme Court for a change of venue to some other county in the State, for his trial on a charge of keeping a gambling house. The Justice reserved his decision.

Mr. Fursman declared that District Attorney Jerome had inflamed the public mind against Canfield by referring to him in newspaper interviews as a "felon" and a "fugitive from justice," and that the District Attorney had let stories go forth that Canfield was in a conspiracy to assassinate him.

"There has been no 'trade' from the District Attorney against Canfield since March 1," declared Assistant District Attorney Gray, "and any prejudice which may have obtained against Canfield is now dissipated."

Park Grass to be Given Away.

There are tons of fresh grass in Central Park that can be had for the asking. After stuffing all the animals in the Menagerie so that they are ready to burst, the Park Department finds that it still has an over supply. The grass is piled up on the lawns all over the park and anybody who applies at the Arsenal can get a supply.

SUIT OF HORGAN & SLATTERY.

They Demand $22,500 for Plans of Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory.

Before Justice Fitzgerald and a jury, in the Supreme Court yesterday, began the trial of a suit brought by Horgan & Slattery, architects, to recover from the city $22,500 for preparing the plans for the new armory for the Sixty-ninth Regiment.

The services of Horgan & Slattery were dispensed with by Mayor Low and the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and the city denies it is liable for any such amount.

The only witness yesterday was Col. Edward Duffy of the Sixty-ninth. He answered only a few unimportant questions.

Higher Than the Famous Jungfrau.

Don't compare Switzerland and Colorado. It's unfair—to Switzerland. Switzerland has nine peaks more than 14,000 feet high. Colorado has forty-two—all higher than the famous Jungfrau. In addition it has 900 lakes and more than sixty rivers.

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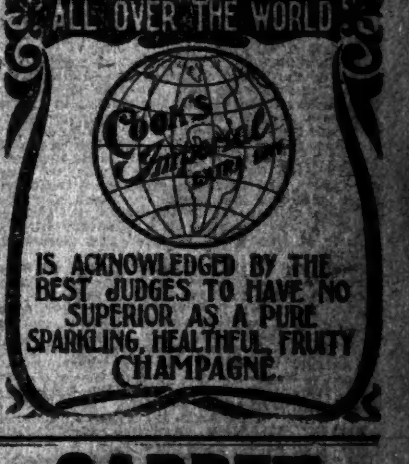

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